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# THE SALT LAKE TRIBUNE

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

TUESDAY, MAY 8, 1906. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

"Idleness is the holiday of fools," and the prudent worker may abolish "fool's holidays" from his calendar by looking for work in "the want ad. way."

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR.

## MAY ASK BROWN TO STEP DOWN.

Reported That Juvenile Court Commission Will Make Request This Week.

## PUBLIC INDIGNATION GROWS.

Feeling is That Altogether Too Many Serious Blunders Have Been Made by Official.

Mayor Thompson, Chief Sheets and Superintendent Christensen to Act on Matter.

It is stated, in fact confidently expected, that Judge Willis Brown of the juvenile court will be asked for his resignation at a meeting of the commission to be held this week. Already there is much public discussion as to who his successor will be, and no little concern as to his selection.

The juvenile court commission consists of Mayor Thompson, Supt. of Schools Christensen and Chief of Police Sheets. These three officials held a meeting yesterday and received a letter from Judge Brown, defending and explaining his outrageous conduct in attempting to direct a personal examination of a young girl whose misfortune it was to appear in his court as a defendant less than a week ago.

The letter, it is claimed, was not read, as other business demanded the attention of the board. Accompanying it was a communication from a visiting minister, named Shaw, who, it is understood, commends it, not condones Judge Brown's action on the day in question.

The commission does not meet regularly—only when it is business to transact, and then at the call of the chairman, who is the mayor of the city. These officials would not express themselves publicly today when approached, or at least the two of them who were seen. It is stated that all three hold views on the matter almost as strong as the opinion entertained by the community at large. Meanwhile public sentiment grows apace, and should not the commission request Brown's resignation, it is highly probable that it will be requested to do so. Brown doesn't propose at this stage of himself to take the initiative himself. However, the indications are that he will be glad to change his mind before the case is concluded. For the public is in no mood to listen to a justification of his outrageous and shocking deeds.

The universal belief is that Brown has made too many blunders already. Many men and women say if it were only his first or second offending of personal and public propriety his conduct might be overlooked, but as it is not, they hold that he should have the good sense to get out before he is "fired" out, as the prospects of his remaining are not at all bright. It is argued that even if he should continue to judge of the juvenile court, not only would his usefulness be gone, but it is declared that his presence on the bench will endanger the existence of the law itself, and that the next Legislature, in order to get rid of him, will pass a statute books, a procedure which the public would regret to see. So altogether it looks very much like Brown will leave the city's service for the city's good.

## CONDEMNED BY WOMEN.

"American" Club Passes Resolution Protesting Against Outrage.

A meeting of the Women's American club was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Lee Chamberlain, vice president of the club, at which resolutions were adopted protesting against the action of the judge of the juvenile court in ordering an examination by a physician, of a 16-year-old girl named Emily Knox. The resolution was drawn up by Mrs. E. M. Patterson, Mrs. M. Wheeling, Mrs. Lee Chamberlain, Mrs. Jennie Holcomb and Mrs. William Chatterton. Coming from the mothers of the child, the protest will have considerable weight and will cause some people to do some thinking.

The resolution follows in full: Resolved, That we, the members of the Women's American club, in meeting assembled, while in perfect sympathy with the work of the juvenile court, otherwise do hereby protest against the humiliating method used in the case of Emily Knox. Therefore, be it Resolved, That we petition your honor, that when in the future similar cases be brought to your notice, the case may be referred to women who may have authority under your jurisdiction.

MRS. E. M. PATTERSON, MRS. M. WHEELING, MRS. LEE CHAMBERLAIN, MRS. JENNIE HOLCOMB, MRS. WM. CHATTERTON, Committee.

## FRENCH ELECTIONS.

Result is to Emphasize Policy of Separation of Church and State.

Paris, May 8.—The results of the election were chiefly important in confirming the policy which the government has thus far pursued, particularly on the question of separation of church and state. The group of the Left, supporting the government, are strongly increased, while the opposition groups are uniformly decreased. The Nationalists, being almost exterminated. The government is so much increased that they are no longer dependent upon the Socialists. Out of 581 constituencies the government has carried 262 and the opposition 169. In 262 constituencies there will be reballoting. The results in colonial districts have not yet been received. The semi-official Temps this evening sums up the situation as follows: "The clear meaning of the election is that the country does not want to return to the old regime of church and

## PEOPLE OF PHILIPPINES SEND SYMPATHY.

Manila, May 8.—Gov.-Gen. Ide has cabled Secy. of War Taft as follows: "All the people of the Philippines, irrespective of nationality, are profoundly moved by the terrible disaster which has befallen San Francisco and its inhabitants."

"In the name of all I extend the most profound sympathy to the sufferers and request that you make known this fact to the people of San Francisco."

"I will forward in a few days a draft for funds contributed by officials, citizens and organizations without respect to nationality. I do not see such a contribution as we would wish to make, but is an evidence of the deep sympathy we feel. Our only regret is that the poverty of the people prevents us from sending greater amounts. Even the contribution from the Philippines is the movement."

## CHICAGO UNIVERSITY CLUB.

Will Build New Clubhouse Costing Nearly a Million.

Chicago, May 8.—At a dinner marked by extraordinary enthusiasm the members of the University club last night formally authorized the building of a new club house, and before leaving the table subscribed a total of \$18,450 for that purpose. The new home of the club will be built at the northeast corner of Michigan avenue and Monroe street.

The money for the undertaking was subscribed by the 175 members at the dinner, one-third of the total membership in amounts varying from \$50.00 down to \$10.00. The subscriptions are for stock in the auxiliary company which will carry out the venture and will pay five per cent on the investment. It is the plan to erect an \$800,000 building, which in design and equipment will be the finest club house in the west.

The membership of the club will be increased from 175 to 200 active members within the next two years. The club will have a lease on the property for 198 years, running from May 1, 1908, on which date the construction of the building will begin. This occasion, covering the street railway situation in the city, was the annual dinner of the club. The subscriptions were opened with an announcement of five for \$50.00 each and after that the rivalry of the members was in evidence as each among the members.

## SAN FRANCISCO STREET RAILWAY SITUATION.

New York, May 8.—The following message from President Calhoun of the United Railroads of San Francisco, covering the street railway situation in that city was received in New York yesterday: "One hundred cars in operation yesterday; gross receipts \$6,374.20. Water cut off at North Beach power station last night. Two hundred cars in operation today including line to San Mateo. All electric lines except some of those in burned district will be in operation tomorrow. In addition street cars running on the street. The street is equipped with the overhead trolley since the fire and is now in full operation. We will start several additional electric lines in the burned district as soon as dangerous walls are removed. We will then give thorough electric service to all parts of the city. Normal conditions are being promptly restored and the city will be rapidly rebuilt."

## SUICIDE BY DROWNING.

Man Claiming to be a San Franciscan Jumps Into East River.

New York, May 8.—An unidentified man jumped from a ferry boat into the East river last night and was drowned. Frederick Waterloo, a deckhand, had been talking to the man just before he jumped. He told Waterloo that he had lost his home in the San Francisco earthquake and was practically a ruined man. He was about 60 years old and had sandy hair and a mustache. He wore a frock coat, silk hat, gray gloves and low shoes.

## PROGRESS OF THE HARRIMAN SPECIAL.

Cleveland, May 8.—A special train carrying E. H. Harriman across the continent from Toledo to New York, arrived here over the Lake Shore road this morning at 7:35 after a very fast run from Chicago. The train was scheduled to make the trip across the continent in 71 hours and 27 minutes. It left Oakland at 7:20 p. m. Saturday, arriving in Chicago at 1:08 a. m. this morning, one hour ahead of schedule. On the Union Pacific the highest speed of speed was 50 miles an hour.

At 1:25 a. m. the special left Chicago over the Lake Shore. The run to Cleveland was made in six hours, 12 minutes. Between Toledo and Cleveland 15 minutes were made up, the train coming over the division, a distance of 108 miles in 1 hour and 55 minutes.

The Lake Shore officials say no attempt is being made to lower the record, although the train is running faster than the Lake Shore Twentieth Century limited.

During the brief stop made here, "San Francisco" will reach a point far beyond that which it occupied before the earthquake and fire. It will be rebuilt at once."

## EARTHQUAKE RECORD.

Twenty-four Shocks Recorded at Lick Observatory Since April 18.

San Jose, Cal., May 8.—According to advices received from the Lick observatory there have been 24 earthquake shocks recorded on the seismograph at that institution since the morning of April 18. Most of these tremors have been exceedingly light and have made but a slight mark on the plate.

During the first half hour after the big quake there were eight distinct shocks recorded. On the next day there was a slight tremor, sometime between 10 and 11 o'clock. No more were recorded until the 25th when one was felt at 3:18. On the 26th a 2.0 one was recorded at 11:00 a. m. On the 27th at 4:00. On May 2 was one at 4:51. On the 4th at 5:25. On the 5th at 10:30 and on the 6th at 2:21 a. m. The big one was recorded at 12 minutes and 12 seconds after 5 o'clock.

## KALEIDOSCOPIC RUSSIAN CHANGES.

Unexpected Draft of Fundamental Law is Officially Promulgated.

## PERMANENT BASIS OF STATE.

Many Minor Changes Have Been Made, But the Essential Features Remain.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—Another of the kaleidoscopic changes in the political situation to which Russia is becoming accustomed late last night, when, long accustomed to occur late last night, when, with little unexpectedness, the draft of the fundamental law, which was supposed to have perished with the White regime, was officially promulgated and made the permanent basis of the Russian state, unalterable except on the initiative of Emperor Nicholas of his successors.

Though the draft of the fundamental law has undergone considerable editing and numerous changes have been made in it, in essence it remains identical with the project telegraphed to the Associated Press on April 24, which evoked a storm of anger and condemnation by the dominant Liberal party. Published at the present instant, when the people had been led to believe that the unpopular draft had been dropped and when the dismissal of the cabinet was accepted as an indication of the desire on the part of the government to join hands with the national parliament, the news will arouse still greater indignation and threaten to undo all the work of Prof. Milyukoff and the other Constitutional Democratic leaders in the cause of moderation.

The only modification in the "constitution," as published, which most members within the next two years. The club will have a lease on the property for 198 years, running from May 1, 1908, on which date the construction of the building will begin. This occasion, covering the street railway situation in the city, was the annual dinner of the club. The subscriptions were opened with an announcement of five for \$50.00 each and after that the rivalry of the members was in evidence as each among the members.

## STATISTICS OF MEXICAN IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Mexico City, May 8.—The treasury department publishes statistics of imports and exports for the first half of the fiscal year. The imports in standard Mexican currency amounted to \$56,756,214, showing a net decrease of \$1,756,214 over the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year. But exports amounted to \$131,864,507, showing a net increase over the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year of \$37,635,284, an increase of nearly 40 per cent. The local branch of the Bank of Montreal opened for business yesterday. Manager Stewart having arrived from Canada. It is estimated that the Canadian investment here is now close to \$50,000,000.

Three hundred Chinese laborers who landed as Salina Cruz, the Pacific terminus of the Tehuantepec railway, left here yesterday over the Mexican central railway for Chihuahua, where they will go to work on the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient railway. This road will bring in several thousand Chinese laborers, being unable to obtain enough native labor.

Vice President H. R. Nickerson of the Mexican Central railroad has arrived on a visit of inspection. A sensational trial involving persons of great wealth and high social standing will begin in public this week. Antonio Cuatrecasas and his nephew, Francisco Rangel Cuatrecasas, are accused of the murder of Guatima, Stein, an adopted capitalist of Oaxaca City and formerly German consul there. Stein at the time of his death had an important mining deal pending with George Fred Williams and other American people which was subsequently perfected.

## A HORRIBLE MURDER.

Pasha Fixes Teeth on Bey's Throat and Throttled Him to Death.

Constantinople, May 8.—Nedjmi Edin Bey, procurator general of the vilayet of Trifoli, North Africa, has been murdered in a highly sensational manner by Ali Shamy, a Kurd former military governor of Scutari. According to the reports received here Ali Shamy, who is a Kurd chieftain, and who recently was exiled to Tripoli, on the charge of being concerned in the murder of the Redvan Pasha, at Constantinople, was undergoing an examination when he suddenly rushed upon the procurator general, fixed his teeth in his throat and held him there until his victim was throttled to death.

## TO DISTRIBUTE RELIEF SUPPLIES.

Oakland, Cal., May 8.—Maj. J. B. Erwin, Ninth cavalry, U. S. A., will take charge of the distribution of relief supplies in this city today. Estimates indicate that there are 40,000 persons in this city who are dependent upon relief supplies for necessary food. The general food supply is limited but under the strict supervision of the army it is said enough can be procured to meet immediate demands.

## 2,200 CARLOADS OF RELIEF SUPPLIES FOR FRISCO.

San Francisco, May 8.—The total amount of goods sent to this city by railroad up to and including May 1 amounts to 2,200 carloads, according to Dr. Edward T. Devine, head of the Red Cross office. This represents a large amount of supplies that he said yesterday, "but nothing like the amount we will have to have."

## DID C. L. SPIER COMMIT SUICIDE?

Police Officials Who Have Investigated the Case Believe That He Did.

## INSURED LIFE LAST MONTH.

The Policies Were Payable Regardless of the Cause of Death.

New York, May 8.—Police officials who have been investigating the mysterious death of Charles L. Spier, confidential agent of H. H. Rogers, who was found dead in his home in State Island yesterday, said today that the evidence indicated that Spier had committed suicide. Mrs. Spier left his bed chamber to go to the dining room in search of burglars and that she heard shots. Except that the things in the dining room in which the body was found were disarranged, the police say there was nothing about the house to indicate the presence of a burglar. One door was found unlocked, but without signs of having been opened and an active bull dog which accompanied Mr. Spier to the dining room, took no part in the reported duel with a burglar. If the police are correct, the police have ascertained that one month before his death, Mr. Spier had insured his life for \$37,000, and had been obliged to discount a note for \$3,375 to pay the premium on one of the policies when it became payable last Saturday. The policies were payable regardless of the cause of death, and the beneficiary had been changed from Mrs. Spier to a trustee of his estate.

The police have discovered also that a judgment in bankruptcy for \$50,870 had been outstanding against Mr. Spier and other since February last. These judgments were entered after the Yeman Transmuting Typewriter company, of which Mr. Spier was president, went into bankruptcy.

Conor Matthew Cahill said today that he is positive the wound which caused Mr. Spier's death could not have been inflicted by himself and that Mr. Spier was undoubtedly murdered. Dr. W. W. Patterson, Mr. Spier's family physician, who was one of the first to reach the Spier residence after the shooting, said today that he does not believe Mr. Spier committed suicide, but thinks he was killed in a fight with a burglar.

## COL. F. D. POWELL DEAD.

El Paso, Tex., May 8.—Col. Frank D. Powell, the famous Indian scout known as White Beaver, died yesterday on a train east-bound from Los Angeles. His body was taken from the train here and placed in a casket. He died of heart disease being found. Col. Powell had been in charge of Col. William F. Cody's interests at Cody, Wyo., for several years.

## SHARP RETURNS WITHOUT LEROY.

Man Wanted Here For Brass Stealing Made His Escape.

## FROM THE LAS VEGAS JAIL.

Three Prisoners Rushed Upon Guard, Beat Him Into Unconsciousness and Made Their Getaway.

Deputy Sheriff Joseph Sharp has returned from Las Vegas, Nev., bringing with him news of the escape from the jail in that place of Harry LeRoy, the man who is wanted here in connection with the brass stealing cases which have been instituted at the request of the several railroad companies of this city. Mr. Sharp arrived in Las Vegas a few days before LeRoy's escape, and hence was unable to bring the prisoner back with him, although he assisted the officers of that county in his hunt for the man.

A week ago Sunday LeRoy was arrested by Deputy Sheriff A. L. Murphy of Las Vegas upon the request of the Salt Lake county officials. The man was placed in the stocks with other prisoners, and Deputy Sheriff Sharp started after him with requisition papers. It seems that Deputy Sheriff Murphy had to leave town on Sunday night on business, and left the prisoners in the stocks in charge of a man who had been cooking for them.

On Monday night between 6 and 7 o'clock the cook entered the stockade to serve supper to the prisoners, when three of them rushed upon him and overpowered him. He was knocked to the cement floor and was beat into unconsciousness. The men then made good their escape. It was some time before the man revived sufficiently to give the alarm. When the information was received by Mrs. Murphy she at once hunted up the town constable and the latter started out in pursuit of the escaped prisoners.

When Deputy Sheriff Sharp stepped off the train Monday night he was informed of the escape. He at once joined in the search for the men. The officers received information that two men answering the description of the prisoners were seen heading towards Beatty. Mr. Sharp took up the trail and followed the men to within three miles of Beatty before he overtook them. He at once discovered that they were not the escaped prisoners at all, although they did answer very closely to their description. He then returned to Las Vegas and started on his return to this city.

Upon his arrival here he was given information by Sheriff Emery which led him to believe that LeRoy was in the city. A thorough search was made, but as yet the man has not been found, and it is now believed that he has left the state.

## MEDICAL COLLEGE FOR THIS STATE.

President Root of Association Says One May be Established.

## THE LOGICAL OUTGROWTH.

Material Well Worked up and Large Hospitals Well Filled With Patients, the Means.

The twelfth annual meeting of the Utah State Medical association convened this morning in the city council chamber, and will be in session this afternoon, tonight, tomorrow morning and afternoon. The session will be brought to a close by a banquet in honor of the visiting physicians to be given by the Salt Lake County Medical society at the Commercial club Wednesday evening. The wives of the members of the association will be entertained by Mrs. Dr. E. P. Root tomorrow afternoon from 5 to 6 o'clock at her home, 877 First street. At the conclusion of the session this morning the houses of medicine will be in session, and transacted considerable routine business. Physicians from various parts of the state and also from Denver and Portland were present.

## PRESIDENT ROOT'S ADDRESS.

The feature of the session this morning was the address of the president, Dr. E. P. Root. He said in part: "Among other things Dr. Root stated that in the early days the communities in the territory were small, consequently not very attractive to the quack. Later it has been made hard for them to get in on account of the law, consequently the general standard of the profession is probably as high as any state in the Union. He also said that the noteworthy fact that there are few petty strifes and jealousies among the profession in Utah. The younger members of the profession with their never failing enthusiasm and energy, are among the fraternity. He then went on to affirm that no city of the same size in the United States was better equipped with hospitals and up-to-date institutions than was Salt Lake. The training camps and villages also were endowed with creditable institutions."

## MEDICAL COLLEGE HERE.

"With the large hospitals well filled with patients, and the material well worked up, the logical outgrowth," he affirmed, "will be the establishment of a college. In fact there is already one in embryo at the State University. Continuing in said: 'While I believe we have in the United States already too many doctors, the number will not be materially increased by a few colleges, for the entrance standard is too high for the masses.'

After dwelling at length upon the training of a surgeon, and his relation to the law, he asserted that he firmly believed that the surgeon requires the training at least for a few years, of a general practice. 'The specialist who has no training in a general practice,' he declared, 'is liable to be narrow and unable to grasp the case as a whole. He is therefore in a sense an unsafe man.' He then went on to emphasize the necessity of the most free and close relations between the physician and the surgeon, for their interests were common. Many and needless operations are done on account of lack of correct diagnosis, or prognosis," he said.

Coming down to the subject of proposed medical legislation he said: "Attorney W. E. Wilson outlined a plan for the County society that seems to me would reach these conditions. It is in brief as follows: 'GOOD PLAN OUTLINED. 'Frame a law to bring within its scope all who are in a legal sense practicing medicine. Define medical unprofessional conduct and leave the care of these laws to the courts in the same manner as are enforced controlling attorneys. 'See 3. Revocation of certificates or licenses by the district court, procedure in the matter of said revocation. Power of five judges. Define the Record of revocation. Whenever any licensed practitioner of medicine and surgery in this state is guilty of unprofessional conduct, as the same is defined in the act, or is convicted of a crime, the certificate of such person shall be revoked or cancelled in the manner hereinafter provided by the district court of the county where the holder of the certificate or license practiced medicine. Proceedings for such revocation or cancellation shall be conducted in the manner provided by law for proceedings in civil cases, except as in this act provided. 'The board of medical examiners of the State of Utah' shall be plaintiff and the person charged, defendant. The complaint in said proceedings shall be in writing verified by the oath of one of the members of the board or by any person having knowledge of the facts, stating the facts constituting the unprofessional conduct and praying a decree of the court cancelling or revoking the certificate or license of the defendant, and an injunction perpetually restraining the defendant from practicing medicine or surgery in the state. When after trial, the defendant is found guilty as charged, or when upon his default, which may be entered as in other civil cases, provided the facts stated in the complaint constitute unprofessional conduct as defined in this act, then in either such case the court shall decree a cancellation or revocation of the certificate or license of the defendant, and may enjoin him from practicing medicine or surgery in this state. Upon the entry of such judgment and decree it shall be the duty of the secretary of such board of examiners to file a certified copy of said judgment and decree with the county recorder of the counties in which the defendant is licensed. The county recorder of the counties in which the defendant is licensed shall be the duty of the secretary of such board of examiners to file a certified copy of said judgment and decree with the county recorder of the counties in which the defendant is licensed. 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