

DANGER FROM COMBINATIONS.

Their Primary Object is to Control Trade and Commerce in Ordinary Articles.

SO ESTABLISHING MONOPOLY.

So Says the Report Made to the American Bar Association, which Suggests Certain Remedies.

Hot Springs, Va., Aug. 27.—At the morning session of the American Bar association the annual address was delivered by Baron D. Colt of Rhode Island, United States judge for the First circuit. Judge Colt's subject was "The Reasonableness of the Law."

Walter S. Logan of New York made a verbal report from the committee on national bankruptcy law and then discussed the trust question. He said it would have to be settled by the lawyers; if they did not, the emagages would. If combinations continue, competition would cease, and commercial jurisprudence will eventually be entirely changed. The committee, he said, had reached the unanimous decision that modern industrial combinations should be stayed.

Charles F. Manderson of Nebraska said the report was calculated to read the association as a whole. He asked that the report be read, there was opposition to the motion and considerable confusion ensued.

The convention, however, agreed to hear the report at once.

REPORT ON TRUSTS.

On this subject of trusts the report says this is the important question now before the American bar. It says combinations are rapidly driving out of business the small dealers and the small producers. These two classes heretofore have furnished the largest number of petitioners in bankruptcy courts, but now industrial combinations of gigantic magnitude, too large for a bankruptcy court to manage and too rich to need ever to be called before it, have been substituted. The report adds:

"The modern combination's primary object is to control trade and commerce in plain articles of production and substitute a more or less perfect monopoly in place of a more or less free competition. It changes entirely the basic principles of commercial relations between man and man, and if they are to continue to grow and develop in the future as in the past, will render necessary most important changes in the principles of our commercial laws. Combination as an economic force is fast coming to take the place of competition. The producers are combining, transportation companies are combining, tradesmen are combining, workmen as well as employers are combining, everything seems to be coming into some form of combination, and everybody seems to be a combiner. The competition that still remains is fast disappearing. Workmen are refusing to compete for jobs. Labor unions are enlarging the sphere of their activity and extending their operations."

"The union of the employers is still stronger and more far-reaching than the union of the workmen. We are now having combinations of combinations. The United States Steel corporation is a combination of a dozen theretofore competing producers, who themselves were combinations of still other producers, and these in turn are combinations of still others. To trace them back to their beginnings is like discovering all the multitude of sources that go to make up the volume of the swollen Mississippi. The property which the Amalgamated Copper company now controls was once perhaps a thousand mining claims, each one very likely owned in common by half a dozen miners. The department store trust has combined the businesses of hundreds of merchants, some portions of which they acquired by purchase and others in some other way. It is estimated that the Standard Oil company has taken, by contract or by force, the business of 10,000 corporations and merchants in all parts of the Union. The few present great railroad lines of the country have been made up by the combination of hundreds of smaller lines, some extensions of one another and others completing lines."

"The ambition of the shipping trust, perhaps the most perfect of the great American combines, has been to control all the ships that sail the ocean. A hundred years ago there were hardly two ships owned by the same individual or corporation, and even 20 years ago there was scarcely a shipowner, individual or corporation that owned a half dozen ships. No one knows but that within the next ten years a great number of the ships of the world will be owned by one man or one corporation who will combine into one organization all the industries of the land so that the workman who works for wages can find but one possible employer and the purchaser of wares can find but one possible seller. The steps toward the formation of one universal industrial corporation which shall absorb all other corporations and assume to itself all the industries of the land have already been more than half taken. It is not so far from now to that end as we had to go to reach the present industrial conditions."

"A monopoly is economically desirable; that is, for the monopolist. The United States Steel corporation can produce, no matter what it sells, for its goods cheaper than the elements out of which the combination is composed ever produced them. The Standard Oil company is economically holy, for it pays 40 per cent dividends. The sugar trust is economically correct for whereas the individual sugar refiners lost money on small capitalization, the sugar trust pays big dividends on a large capitalization. The railroad combinations are economically impracticable, for they pay, if Mr. Morgan's shipping trust and Mr. Schwab's shipbuilding trust are failures, they are exceptions to the rule. We cannot therefore, rely on natural forces, on the laws of supply and demand or on economic considerations to limit the growth of modern combinations. If they are undesirable, if the people of the American nation would be better off without them or with limitations on them, they must put these limitations on by the action of their legislatures, their congress and their courts. The American bar must act, and the American bar association must take the lead. If the Northern Securities company had been allowed to go on, the next thing to follow it would naturally have been a United States Securities company, which would hold the majority of the stock of every railroad where the American flag flies."

REMEDIES PROPOSED.

The report proposed the following remedies: "First—We can tax them to death; or if that is too radical, we can tax them until their growth and enlargement is impeded. There are constitutional provisions requiring direct taxes to be uniform, and in view of these provisions it is probably impossible to discriminate in the matter of direct taxation against combinations."

"There is, however, a franchise tax imposed by most of the states upon corporations at the time of their incorporation, and annually thereafter. This franchise tax is in almost all states in some way graded so as to tax the small corporation at a higher rate than the large one. The first \$1,000,000 pays a higher rate than subsequent millions, in our judgment, the graduation should be continued, but it should be a grading instead of a tax on the value of the corporation. The first \$100,000 free and the first \$1,000,000 taxed at the rate with each succeeding million. The United States Steel corporation has a capitalization of over \$1,000,000,000. How long would it take the state of Pennsylvania to pay the rate with each succeeding million? The graduation might be slow and easy enough to please the most conservative and yet result in a taxation of 10 per cent upon the last \$100,000,000. How long would the United States Steel corporation continue under that system of taxation?"

"Second—We can compel them to render better and cheaper service. If the combination of the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern railways is a great enough public disaster to have the attention which it has attracted it could be prevented much easier than by the Sherman anti-trust laws by a single United States statute which required any corporation engaged in interstate commerce to reduce its rates of service to the lowest rates of any other combination where competition is prevented where competition is prevented where competition is prevented."

DIED OF STARVATION.

Edith White Perishes in the Klondike for Want of Food.

Chicago, Aug. 28.—A dispatch to the Inter-Ocean from Minneapolis, Minn., says: Edith White, former wife of John A. White, general agent of the Haverling division of the International Harvester company, died of starvation in the Klondike country and her body probably has been devoured by wild beasts.

Such is the information contained in a dispatch from Seattle, which gives the details of the finding of the unfortunate woman's body, containing a history of her life from the time she left her former home in Mankato until she died of exposure and lack of food in the heart of the trackless Copper River country.

Mrs. White was a graduate of the dental school of the state university and was practicing dentistry in Dawson City two years ago.

She wrote her relatives here, saying she was going into the interior and probably would not be heard from for some time.

In a letter written from Central Alaska, July 23, 1903, William Shafer, a petty officer in the employ of the government signal corps tells of finding letters and a diary tending to show that Mrs. White perished from cold and hunger, while trying to make her way back to their beginnings in the interior of the Copper River country.

Tarnish vanishes at a touch

GORHAM

SILVER POLISH

Cleans as well as polishes
Produces a lasting polish

All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

able to discriminate in the matter of direct taxation against combinations.

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"Third—If necessary, the state itself can enter the industrial field as a producer and restore the force of competition by its former supremacy by becoming itself a competitor of the great trusts."

Great applause followed the reading of the report. The report is signed by all the members of the committee, consisting of Walter S. Logan, Henry Budd, Gardner, Lathrop, George Whitlock and John Morris, Jr.

At the night session a resolution was adopted directing the report to be committed with instructions to the committee to report remedies for illegal combinations which threaten commercial intercourse, to the committee to report remedies for illegal combinations which threaten commercial intercourse, to the committee to report remedies for illegal combinations which threaten commercial intercourse."

DIVIDENDS FOR SEPTEMBER.

Will Be Smaller Than for Any Previous Month This Year.

New York, Aug. 28.—Everything indicates that the total industrial dividends disbursements in September will be smaller than for any previous month this year, the declarations thus far announced amounting to only \$15,457,571. This compares with \$17,500,000 in August and \$31,235,409 in March, the high water mark for the year.

In 1902 the September disbursements aggregated \$18,942,950. The total for the present month will be later increased by dividends not yet declared, but which, it is nearly certain, will be paid.

On the other hand, a number of companies which helped to swell last year's September total this year disappear from the list.

A Discovery in Sofia.

Vienna, Aug. 28.—It is reported from Sofia that the police have discovered a tunnel leading under the Konak of Prince Ferdinand. It is 30 yards long, and it is believed, was constructed with the intention of blowing up the palace.

You should know this TEA well, it has been drunk by your mother's mother, your father's father.

THE CHOICEST LADY TEA

IMPORTED BY W. J. BRADY & COMPANY

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

HALF POUND

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CHURCH OF THE CZAR

Something of Its Richness, Its Many Adherents and Its Pilgrimages.

MOSCOW IS ITS JERUSALEM.

How it Differs from the Church of Rome and Whence it Emanated.

Special Correspondence.

Moscow, Aug. 10.—The pilgrimage of the czar and his court to the distant province of Tamboff to assist in the canonization of the hermit Prakhoff Moshnin has gone almost unnoticed by the outside world, whose eyes have been focused on Rome and the new pope, but as the manifestation of the spirit of a great church it is scarcely less remarkable than the coronation of Pius X. The czar is the pope of the Greek Catholic church, which nearly 200 years ago broke away from the church of Rome and established itself in Constantinople.

While popes have continued to reign in Rome, Constantinople has passed into the hands of the Mohammedans and the capital of the Greek church has been removed to the far north, where only savages and wild beasts existed in the days of the church's foundation. But though the Greek church has not the history of the church of Rome, the czar through his synod directs the spiritual affairs of 8,000,000 persons in Moscow, the Jerusalem of Russia, has more pilgrims than Mecca, more shrines than Rome and more worshippers than the holy cities of India. Its church buildings are among the most magnificent in the world. The Church of Our Savior in Moscow cost \$10,000,000. Its great dome, gilded with real gold, alone cost more than the London tower, and in its interior are marbles, precious stones and paintings worth 700 million dollars.

While the czar governs his spiritual kingdom as his religious kingdom from St. Petersburg, Moscow is really the spiritual capital of Russia. In the very heart of the city, surrounded by a wall a little over a mile in length, lies the Kremlin, the Russian holy of holies. In it are old palaces, and churches filled with the most precious possessions. In one of them is a picture of the Virgin arrayed in a robe covered with diamonds, called the Theban Mother, which is carried through the streets in a golden chariot at the times of great religious celebrations and which has been the source of vast revenue to the church. Many other shrines of especial holiness have Mohammedan which are the objects of particular veneration, so the hundreds of thousands of pilgrims who yearly throng to Moscow with their offerings.

The pilgrims are largely peasants who travel in gangs of five or four, their baggage upon their backs, and their shoes tied about their necks. You may see them at almost any time walking through the streets, crossing themselves before the church and occasionally stopping to mutter their prayers. At the shrines they are admitted one at a time to look upon the Madonna, which has a policeman on each side, after which they drop their money into the contribution box and pass quietly out into the open air.

There are other famous shrines in the country of which the shrine of St. Sava at Kiev there are hundreds of thousands of visitors a year. The recent pilgrimage to the monastery of Saroff was one of the greatest of late years. Besides the czar's entourage there were 6,000 bishops and lesser clergy at the canonization ceremonies, to say nothing of the horde of peasants. Saroff is 40 miles from the nearest railroad station, which proves the devoutness of the pilgrims.

The chief differences between the Greek and the Roman Catholic churches are the Greek church denies the supremacy of the pope, that it allows all its members to read and study the Scriptures in their native tongue and that it permits its priests to marry. If a Greek priest's wife dies, however, he cannot marry again, but is expected to complete his life in a monastery. There are no clerics of clergy, the blacks and the whites, the monks and the nuns, and the white priests. The bishops are also always chosen from the monks, who enjoy a greater social prestige than the other clergy. The monks spend their lives in fasting and prayer. The priesthood is recruited from sons of priests, and they usually marry priests' daughters.

The present head of the holy synod, to which the czar leaves practically everything pertaining to church government, is M. Pobodanoff, who has been for 26 years one of the leaders of religious and intellectual life in Russia. He is a man of great ability the son of a professor of Russian literature in the University of Moscow. He claims to be liberal and to allow liberty of conscience throughout Russia, but this is frequently denied, and the holiness is charged with fanaticism.

Brooks' Periodic Comet.

Geneva, N. Y., Aug. 28.—The Brooks' periodic comet has been observed in the constellation Capricornus with slow motion westward. It was discovered at Hobart college in 1898 and was found to be moving in an orbit with a period of seven years. The comet was seen again in 1896 and now makes another visit, being found exactly in its predicted place. It is attended by four small companion comets.

ORDERS FOR FATHER CUSHING

Falconic Sends Him to Trappist Monastery at Gethsemane, Ky.

Denver, Aug. 28.—The announcement is made by Bishop Matz of the Catholic church of Colorado that Father Cushing, who has earned much notoriety by his fight upon the bishop during the past 12 years, has been ordered by Archbishop Falconic, the apostolic delegate, to go to the Trappist monastery at Gethsemane, Ky., where he will be practically prisoner for the balance of his life. Bishop Matz will pay all of his expenses. Father Cushing is between 40 and 50 years old and is broken down in health.

Youngest Bank President.

New York, Aug. 28.—Carl Rudolph Schultz, 27 years old, has been elected president of the Equitable National bank. He is the youngest president of a national bank in New York, and the youngest but one in the United States. Schultz was graduated from Yale at 21. His wife was Miss Shields of Canton, O., niece of Judge Wm. H. Day.

FACED HIS DIVORCED WIFE.

Herbert R. Shaffer Took Carbolic Acid and Died.

Chicago, Aug. 28.—Facing his divorced wife, who had married again two days after the decree was entered two weeks ago, Herbert R. Shaffer last night lifted a vial of carbolic acid to his lips and said: "It is your fault, Minnie. Goodbye."

Shaffer tossed the acid down his throat, then staggered toward his former wife, at the same time threatening her life. The woman ran screaming

Acute

Chest Pains From "Tobacco Heart."

Valvular Heart Disease Threatened.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Cured Me.

The effect of excessive smoking shown by such symptoms as heart pains, heartburn, smothering spells, shortness of breath, fainting and palpitation, is most serious. If you have any of these symptoms you should at once begin the use of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure which enriches the blood, regulates the heart's action and improves the circulation.

I am a local newspaper man and have been a cigarette smoker since my boyhood. A little over a year ago I first noticed symptoms of heart trouble, palpitation and acute pains and a peculiar, I might say, indescribable feeling across my chest. Local physicians said I had "tobacco heart," I quit smoking for a while and took regular doses of digitalis and belladonna with some relief but the same old symptoms were still there. A friend of mine here recently died of what the doctor said was valvular disease of the heart. Knowing that his symptoms were similar to mine I felt that my time too was limited, although I am still a young man, in my thirty-ninth year. In Skillman & Stone's drug store here Dr. Miles' Heart Cure was recommended. I began taking it and I can positively state that its effect is marvelous. I have just finished my third bottle and feel like a 'kid' and believe I am cured. This letter is the spontaneous utterance of one who wishes to thank you for the benefit received. Wm. C. GRAY, Seattle, Wash., formerly of Spokane, Wash.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free booklet on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

from the roof, calling to her husband to come to her rescue.

Before Shaffer had taken a dozen steps he fell. Ten minutes later he was dead.

The suicide took place at a house where the former Mrs. Shaffer and her present husband, Thomas Healy, are boarding.

SIBERIAN PICKLED BEEF.

First Consignment from There Reaches Berlin.

Berlin, Aug. 27.—Three tons of pickled beef have arrived in Berlin from Siberia, being the first consignment from the German butchers who went there some time ago to establish a slaughtering house to supply the German trade. The meat is said to average in cost a fraction less than five cents a pound.

POPULISTS OF IOWA.

Hold a Convention and Nominate a Ticket.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 27.—The Populist state convention tonight nominated the following ticket: Governor—L. H. Weller, Nashua, Lieutenant Governor—S. T. Harvey, Des Moines. Judge of the Supreme Court—J. A. Leavelle, Ottumwa. Railroad Commissioner—Walter McCall, Davis City. Superintendent of Public Instruction—Bills Burt, Stuart.

The platform says:

"We endorse the Omaha platform of 1892."

"We favor the adoption of the initiative and referendum in all elections of state and national character."

"We demand that the right to elect, both as to who shall be public officials and what shall be the public policy in government, shall be reserved both to the people, and that all forms or systems invasive of this right shall be repealed."

TROUBLE FOR THE SHAH.

Mohammedan Church Proposes to Drive Out Other Churches.

Berlin, Aug. 27.—The Christian Orient, a German illustrated paper, published in Berlin, prints correspondence from Teheran alleging that the leaders of the Persian Mohammedan church have served notice on the shah that unless he purges the country of foreign religious and commercial influences, especially British and Russian, the church will precipitate a revolution. The shah's leaders also demand that the shah restore the religious and economic conditions which prevailed in Persia a century ago. The correspondent says the anti-foreign movement is directed against the Germans, because the natives are convinced that Germany has no political intentions and they consider Turko-German friendship to be a forerunner of good feeling toward Germany throughout the Mohammedan world.

ERUPTION OF VESUVIUS.

Stream of Lava Has Diminished in Velocity.

Rome, Aug. 27.—The eruption of Mount Vesuvius is slowly decreasing. The stream of lava has diminished in velocity, having widened to about 100 feet. Several fissures near the crater are enlarging, some toward Naples being 35 feet wide. The government has ordered the telegraph officers in the villages around Mount Vesuvius to be kept open all night so as to be ready to send out alarms if necessary.

DID HE KILL A SHEEP?

Ralph Pulitzer Will Have to Answer to That Charge.

Helena, Aug. 27.—Ralph Pulitzer, son of the proprietor of the New York World, passed through Helena today, en route for Choteau, where he will have his preliminary examination on the charge of killing a mountain sheep out of season, which, under the Montana law, is a felony. While here Pulitzer registered at a leading hotel under an assumed name, and to newspaper men denied his identity.

EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS IN FOOT-BALL.

The New York Central's Empire State Express is recognized as the swiftest and safest train operated by America's greatest railroad, and considered the very best means to cover the ground in the time required. It is for this reason that the Harvard University football team named their best and surest play of the season of 1902 the "Empire State Express," for they believed it to be the most reliable play throughout the season and it met Yale's "20th Century Limited" play, which was just as swift, safe and sure, but had longer endurance and was "killed" only by the size of the field. The names of the rival teams very correctly describe the difference in the famous trains, the "Empire State" running only from New York to Buffalo, while the "20th Century Limited" makes the 800 mile between New York and Chicago in twenty hours every day of the year. Great is the New York Central and great are the trains it operates—safe and swift. From the Brooklyn Standard-Union.

IF THERE IS WAR IN THE BALKANS

Neither the Turk Nor His Allies Will Get the Prizes Though They Are Victorious.

COMMENT ON MACGELSEN CASE

English Papers Say United States will Not be Hampered by Traditions That Kill Action.

London, Aug. 28.—In the absence of news regarding the murder of United States Vice-Consul Magelssen at Beirut, Syria, except that emanating from Washington, few papers comment on the incident, but all publish editorials dwelling on the growing danger of the Macedonian problem.

"The Daily Telegraph" says: "If there is war in the Balkans, the prizes will not fall to the Turk or his allies, even though victory should incline to their side. It is thoroughly characteristic of eastern politics that the moment Turkey is doing penance for the murder of the Russian consul at Monastir some irresponsible fanatic should assassinate an American consul and while yet another angry power knocking at the gate of Yildiz kiosk. This time we know what will happen. The United States is not hampered by traditions in dealing with Turkey and will not be reduced to powerless inaction by consideration of Austrian or Russian susceptibilities."

"The Daily Chronicle" thinks it improbable that the deed was a mere coincidence and says it seems to point to a widespread revival of anti-Christian feeling throughout the Ottoman empire which may assume forms which the European powers cannot ignore.

A Critical Eye.
A Fastidious Taste, and
A Good Judgment of Bread
Never has a fault to find with.

Husler's Flour

100 lbs. of Contentment in every sack.

The Greatest Tonic in the World

Quina Laroche

A Ferruginous Tonic

A combination of the best Cinchona, Rich Wine and Iron as a specific remedy for Malarial Fevers, Colds, Anemia and Slow Convalescence.

W. F. QUINA & CO., 26-30, Williams St., N. Y.

AN AD. IN THE DESERET NEWS COSTS VERY LITTLE AND ENTITLES YOU TO A RIGHT GOOD SHARE OF THE TRADE OF THIS PROSPEROUS CITY.

IN THIS INSTANCE PERMIT US TO SUGGEST THAT NOW IS THE TIME TO MAKE THE ENDEAVOR.

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JOSEPH E. TAYLOR, PIONEER UNDERTAKER

Of Utah. Open day and night. Factory and warehouse No. 254 E. First South, 16 blocks east of Temple.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of Mother's Friend before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. Mother's Friend overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

UNIVERSITY OF UTAH

The University of Utah includes the School of Arts and Sciences, the State School of Mines, and the State Normal School.

SCHOOL OF ARTS AND SCIENCES.

The School of Arts and Sciences offers courses in:
1. General Science.
2. Liberal Arts.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

The Normal School offers:
1. A four-year Normal course.
2. Advanced Normal courses.
3. Courses in Kindergarten Training.

STATE SCHOOL OF MINES.

The School of Mines offers courses in:
1. Mining Engineering.
2. Electrical Engineering.
3. Civil Engineering.
4. Mechanical Engineering.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL.

A preparatory school is maintained which gives preparation for the courses in General Science, Liberal Arts, Engineering, Law, Medicine, and Business.

The shops and chemical, physical, electrical, mechanical, assaying, and metallurgical laboratories are unsurpassed in the completeness of their equipment.

The proximity of great mines, reduction works of various