

"LIBERAL" LIBERALISM.

The morality of "Liberalism" has lately received many illustrations. The case of Archbishop Apap is a very striking one. He is charged and the agreement entered into with him has been repudiated, simply because he does not vote the "Liberal" ticket nor endorse the "Liberal" scheme against the majority of our citizens. That is the kind of liberty which "Liberalism" promotes.

There have been several instances of the discharge of People's Party workers by "Liberal" employers, because they would not agree to vote the "Liberal" ticket. One case in point is of a workman on the building in process of erection by Ben Whitmore.

This man was asked, by the "boss" on the building, how he was going to vote at the Delegate election. "That's my business," he responded. Well, said the "boss," we don't give men work here unless they vote right. Are you going to vote for Goodwin? "That is my business," repeated the workman, "and I am not going to tell you any more than I choose." "Well, you can quit right now," was the "Liberal" decision. The workman replied in emphatic language, that he had no vote to trade and could do without any such dictation as that, and accepted his discharge with cheerfulness.

This is the building at which the Tribune said Ben Whitmore ordered all his workmen to quit and with presented before said C. C. Goodwin, the "Liberal" candidate, and his pilgrims, on their way to the train which did so much to secure his defeat.

There are specimens of "Liberal" liberalism which both Young Utah and old Utah should regard with curiosity if not with admiration. They are political oddities, in contrast to the perfect freedom included and practiced within the lines of the People's Party.

THE STOLEN COUNTY CLERKSHIP.

The election contest case, involving the possession of the office of clerk of Salt Lake County, decided yesterday in the Third District Court, presented some interesting features. It brought to light the most glaring "Liberal" frauds, by means of which the office had been stolen from Ferguson Ferguson and awarded to the incumbent—C. E. Allen.

It did not appear in evidence that the latter had any direct connection with the trickery and corruption by means of which the will of the popular majority was thwarted, yet in all matters of procedure, whether in finance or politics, the recorder is considered to be equally as culpable as the thief. As to the perpetration of the outrage there is question. This much was admitted by Judge Anderson yesterday, in rendering his decision. The position on that point taken by his Honor was justified by the evidence.

The evidence, as we recollect it, given at the trial, was in substance as follows:

A "Liberal" register allowed to remain on the register the names of thirteen persons who had not resided for a long period—some of them over six years—in Bingham previous to the election in August last. A "Liberal" judge at poll number three of that precinct permitted other persons unknown to him to personate the absentees and vote in their stead, notwithstanding that the said judge was personally acquainted with most if not all of the owners of the names. The failure of the noble thirteen were presently cast and counted for Allen, the contestant. Judge Anderson, as was his duty, threw out the thirteen votes of the election. It was shown beyond doubt that eleven of the number were fully qualified to vote. The "Liberal" judge of election refused to receive their ballots, because their names had been taken from the list, to rob them of their right, by registrar Cahoon. Judge Anderson acknowledged that the rights of the sixteen legal voters who would have cast their ballots for Ferguson, had been robbed of their right, that the will of the people had been thwarted and that Mr. Ferguson would have been elected by a majority of fourteen, but for the fraudulent conduct of Cahoon. His Honor held, however, that votes that had not been cast could not be counted by the courts in favor of the person who would have received the benefit of them had they been received and placed in the box.

Thus may it be seen that there does not appear to be any element of justice in it for the following reasons:

The popular will is thwarted and a usurper occupies the office to which the people did not fairly elect him. The people have no means of rectifying the wrong or obtaining redress. The man who would have obtained the office is deprived of it by fraud, and, according to Judge Anderson's theory, he cannot legally obtain possession of that of which he has been fraudulently deprived.

It is no comfort to the majority of the people and the question who has been fraudulently kept out of an office which the people intended him to fill, that the corrupt tricksters who were the tools in effecting the steal can be punished by civil and criminal procedure under the law. Even the consummate scoundrel could be placed where they properly belong by a legal process this would be no compensation to two of the three victims of the theft—the majority of the people and the candidate of the People's Party and Workingmen's ticket for the clerkship. Besides, owing to the plot of the conspirators who have sought to rob or ruin this fair Territory, parents of the fraudulent "Liberal" appointees of the Utah commission would amount to so much wasted effort. Trial by jury has no existence in Utah. The jury

has evidence of having been manipulated with a special purpose to protect "Liberal" political dishonesty. Therefore, according to Judge Anderson's theory, none of the three parties interested in the election were right to vote was stolen, the people, or the gentleman who was robbed of his right to office have any means of redress for the wrong separately and jointly, inflicted upon them by a set of political demagogues and ruffians.

In this morning's issue of the organ of moral and political corruption the following paragraph appears:

"County Clerk Allen's right hand and arm were sore last night from the contending he got. Frog didn't appear so unassuming after 10 a.m. as he was previously."

Now it has been proved in the courts that the clerkship was stolen from Mr. Allen by the frauds committed by tools of the "Liberal" party. There is no way to successfully refute that fact. The article fraudulently obtained has been delivered to the "Liberal" candidate, and he retains possession, using it to his own profit and emolument. His hand is shaken so justly in the indignation shown upon him by the rank members of his own party that his right hand and arm are sore.

Suppose a case: If Ben Tinker, the notorious horse-thief, had stolen a valuable animal, and delivered it to the possession of Mr. Allen, the latter knowing the process by which it was obtained in the first place, and he should keep it and use it for his own benefit, and receive the congratulations of various persons in consequence of his being able to retain it in what light would all the parties be regarded? Would the thief, the receiver and the congratulators be esteemed as respectable by a just public opinion? It appears to us that the difference between the real and hypothetical case is that in one instance it is an office and in the other a horse.

The will of the majority has been thwarted by fraud; such conduct is destructive of good government, and Judge Zane enunciated a truth when he declared on the bench, at the conclusion of the investigation of the "Liberal" frauds in the case of Young vs. Williams, that the man guilty of such trickery "is a traitor to his country." According to this theory there are many traitors in the "Liberal" party.

DID THE "LIBERALS" EXPECT TO WIN?

The verdict of the people of Utah has been rendered, and it is emphatically against the disfranchisement policy of the "Liberal" candidate and the Salt Lake Tribune. It cannot be truthfully argued that this is a purely "Mormon" verdict. The great majority ruled up for the People's Party is convincing evidence, not only that a number of "Liberal" refused to support their party nominees, but that many of them voted for his opponent. And seeing that the protests against disfranchisement were signed by numerous influential "Liberal" majority for Mr. Cahoon amounts to proof that what we have set forth in the popular verdict occurred in by both parties.

A few days ago the ex-"Liberal" candidate published the following, in editorial on the results of the election:

"The editors of the Mormon press try to carry the idea that the underlying thought of all was that, by means of the election of two years ago might be overcome in the late campaign, and that the Liberal Disfranchisement policy of the 'Liberal' candidate and the Salt Lake Tribune; here it has no possible force, because every one on that train knew that the campaign was one simply for principle, and that the candidates and voters would be asked and every Mormon would bring out."

Whether the campaign was one of principle or persons, the verdict amounts to the same thing. If it was one of principle, the people voted to the "righteous" and the disfranchisement for belief or for alleged union on religious grounds. If it was a conflict of persons, it shows how unpopular, even in his own party, is the individual who has become almost demoralized over an imaginary question of office, and who is the champion of the disfranchisement theory.

But it is true that nobody on that unfortunate train believed that the "Liberal" candidate would be elected. The paragraph we have clipped says so, and in view of the utterances of some of these "righteous" it is equal to calling them barbed wire. This is very unkind of C. C. Goodwin, after their exertions in his behalf. Let us see some things that they said.

At the Electric Light hall, October 20, E. E. Stanton spoke as per Tribune report.

"He said our next objective was the C. C. Goodwin, if the vote of the present meeting had sought to say about it; and that the evidence of Liberalism was apparent on every hand."

At Ogden, Mayor Kneel said:

"Ogden would do her duty and old Weber County would come whirling into line with a majority for victory and prosperity that would make everything wonder where they all came from. Weber County appreciated Judge Goodwin and his work for Utah."

Old Weberd wheel into a line with a majority, but it was for victory and prosperity as identical with the People's Party. The "Liberal" candidate spoke for himself at Ogden and in this reported in his own paper:

"In the course of his remarks Judge Goodwin said that if the people of Ogden would turn out en masse on election day and vote solid for him he would promise, if elected to Congress, to do all in his power to secure for them an appropriation sufficient to enable them to erect a large and commodious public structure and a very little one for Salt Lake."

At Parkville some certain hopes of success were indulged in, but the hilarious condition of the party may account for them. On the train bearing the pilgrims was the banner: "On to Victory," and another one: "For Congress, C. C. Goodwin of Salt Lake."

At the meeting in this city after the return, the Tribune reported:

"If the entire Liberal vote is polled tomorrow," said Judge Powers, "we will elect Judge Goodwin. The Goodwin pilgrims have just returned from a tour of the Territory. Everywhere the people have turned out to meet and everywhere the halls were crowded with people who turned out to hear the truths of the new dispensation. I wish to say that the Liberal

of Utah are solid for Judge Goodwin, and the platform upon which he stands call for the vote of every American in Utah. If Judge Goodwin is elected he will be a Washington Democrat, a Republican, but representing Utah."

At the meeting in the Electric Light Hall, November 3, the Tribune reports that Judge Powers, in the closing speech, said:

"If we go out of Salt Lake with 1700 majority, as expected, Judge Goodwin will be the next Delegate as sure as sun rises on the morrow."

In misreading and false dispatch given by Mr. Powers to several newspapers, as printed in the Tribune, it was stated by him:

"At every town were cordwainers and there was a general assembly of a largely increased Liberal vote. In August last the Liberal polled 12,000 votes in the Territory. The Liberal Committee believe that the Mormon polled their full strength, while the Liberal polled less than 10,000 votes. If Salt Lake and Ogden put their full Liberal vote Judge Goodwin will be elected. The majority of votes is such, that it seems impossible to conceive liberals that they have even a fighting chance. We are a fact that the majority of the entire Liberal vote will elect the Liberal candidate tri-umphantly."

The election of Mr. Goodwin was treated as "probable," his defeat only as "possible." These are but a very few of the utterances of his anguine supporters, but are sufficient to show that either they spoke falsely then or Mr. Goodwin speaks falsely now.

It is gratifying to know that only one county in Utah gave a majority to the "Liberal" candidate; and the condition of affairs and the vote that was manipulated at Park City accounts even for that.

Now the absurd, un-American and villainous plot to disfranchise the law-abiding majority of the Utah people is being dropped and buried out of sight, and the union that is most desirable should be encouraged, namely, a union of all classes and parties for the progress and prosperity of the greatest of the Territories and its march to the full freedom of republican institutions.

MORE ABOUT "THAT FEMALE DETECTIVE."

On Saturday last we published, under the head of "That Female Detective," part of an article from the Philadelphia Press. It was in the form of special correspondence from Salt Lake City, and purported mainly to be a description of an adventure of Miss Jennie Couther, a young woman who is credited with stuffing emigration agent O'Brien, of New York, with a tissue of glaring anti-"Mormon" falsehoods. The correspondent represented that Miss Couther was placed in great jeopardy in her arrival at American Fork, because of the anger of the "Mormon" people being aroused against her. The horrible "Mormons" were restrained from attacking her, however, by the fear of Governor Thomas calling upon the garnish of Fort Douglas to hunt them upon the inhabitants of the little village. The infamous falsifier who sent the name of misrepresentation to the Press was foolish enough to mention names—notably those of Dr. and Mrs. Brush, non-"Mormons," working in the same interest as that in which the truth-seeking Jennie was supposed to be operating. The Doctor comes to the front with the following, namely special defense, and refutation of the infamous slander referred to:

Editor Deseret News:

Yesterday a copy of the News was handed me and my attention was called to an article entitled "That Female Detective" in which was embodied a clipping from the Philadelphia Press from a Salt Lake correspondent, of which the following is a part:

"When the intercept school teacher arrived at the house where she formerly taught, she was met by Mrs. Brush, the Mormon woman very much excited and demanded that she take back the said school teacher and her belongings. Her husband, however, was not so easily deceived and she was permitted to remain. Her husband, however, was not so easily deceived and she was permitted to remain. Her husband, however, was not so easily deceived and she was permitted to remain."

Allow me to say that the above clipping has no foundation whatever. Neither I nor Mrs. Brush have seen Miss Couther since she came to Utah and she did not come to Utah until we have been established permanently since we came to Utah. We have not seen her for six months.

"When Miss Couther made the statement before O'Brien, she was not in Utah, and which was published in the Utah papers, several Mormon people spoke to me about it. I told them that Miss Couther was probably misrepresenting the newspaper, and that she was not in Utah, and that they could interview her if they so desired."

"When she arrived in Utah she was called upon by a reporter of the American Fork Independent, and she said that the statement as published by the Salt Lake papers as a whole was not as made before O'Brien in New York. In the American Fork Independent of October 20 you will find the above, as the interview was published in full."

"Now allow me to say that the author of the article may have been in Salt Lake, but the real author is a certain female of American Fork, a school pedagogue, who is seeking a position in the schools of Utah, and through every means is endeavoring to secure the position. We also a large amount of valuable time to Utah to save soul, and we thank God, our motto has been, 'Do unto others as you would have them do unto you,' and thus we treat the Utah people, as we wish to be treated and we get along very nicely."

H. L. BROWN, M.D.
FARMINGTON GROVE, UTAH.
November 12, 1908.

In response to our request for information in relation to the bogus female martyr, whose Press correspondent asserted had armed herself with a mammoth revolver, as protection against "Mormon" assaults, we have also received the following clear and succinct statement:

Editor Deseret News:

"I read the sensational story alleged to be from Miss Couther to an emigration agent of New York; also the article clipped from the Philadelphia Press, which appeared in yours of the 11th inst. regarding the alleged angry excitement of the Mormons as stated in the Salt Lake dispatch. I am somewhat acquainted with Miss Couther, also with Dr. and Mrs. Brush. As you want some facts in regard to the wonderful little 'brave woman,' I will say that she put up at my hotel for three months after coming from Salt Lake City. She had no revolver, and no mammoth gun, and no other arms, and she was a very quiet and unassuming woman. Dr. Brush and wife came here last winter, Mrs. Brush taking the place of

FURTHER DETAILS

Concerning the Loss of the British Torpedo Cruiser "Serpent."

THE WALL STREET MARKET TODAY.

Cleveland Pays His Respects to Thurman on His 77th Birthday.

RUMORS CONCERNING THE NORTH AMERICAN COMPANY.

A Fresh Dash: Four Shells Exchanged but no Blood Spilt.

THE LOSS OF THE "SERPENT."

The Vessel was Disabled and Perished While Making for the Harbor.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Additional details regarding the loss of the British torpedo cruiser "Serpent," have been received here from Gibraltar. The disaster occurred at 11 o'clock Monday night. A heavy storm prevailed, and the vessel was driven ashore. When the vessel struck, the keel was torn off and a great hole made in the bottom. She slipped off the rocks and lay on her side, and the crew were below when the vessel struck. She sank so quickly that the vessel was lost before the crew could reach her. The disaster was so sudden that the crew did not have time to get a boat into the water. The time between the striking and the sinking was so short that nearly all the crew were killed. The admiral who was on board, making a signal, the admiral will investigate the case. It is officially stated that the "Serpent" was disabled in the hurricane and it was necessary for her to repair the damage done to her by the storm. Her commanding officer then decided to put into Corunna or Vigo, and while attempting to make good on his intention, the loss of life amounted to 175. A dispatch from London says that the British government for the recovery of the vessel.

ALL NORTH OF STORIES.

The North American Reported in a Critical Condition.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—All sorts of rumors are going around in regard to the condition of the North American. It is reported that the assets have all been pledged and that the company is in a critical condition. The official statement of the company says that the company is solvent, that it is not in a critical condition, and that the assets are not pledged. The reports affecting the stock are that the company will have a little relief that it will be impossible to construct.

AUTHORIZED STATEMENT.

The following statement is authorized by the company: The reports are that the company is solvent, that it is not in a critical condition, and that the assets are not pledged. The reports affecting the stock are that the company will have a little relief that it will be impossible to construct.

THE OLD ROMAN.

Democrat Celebrating His Birthday in Grand Style.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 12.—Today marks the 77th anniversary of the birth of Allen G. Thurman and the Democrats of the city have made the occasion one to be remembered by the distinguished man. At the Armory in the evening a thousand guests, representing the respect to intelligence and leadership of the party, will be seated at a banquet given by the Democrats.

The city is in gala attire. From the summit of the capital are waving the stars and stripes, and across the principal streets are in front of thousands of dwellings are suspended flags and bunting, and the decorations are in full swing. From early in the morning every incoming train brought a contingent of prominent Democrats from abroad.

Ex-President Grover Cleveland came in on the early train, and he and his wife, with the daughter, the grandchild of the day from all quarters of the globe, in person, and by wire were met by the spontaneous expression of a grateful people, who were proud to welcome the great statesman, and the admiration of his party and the admiration of a nation.

"We hope, Judge," said Cleveland, "that you may get a good many years of usefulness to see the best fruits of your doctrine and your teachings." Thurman expressed his hearty appreciation of the compliment. At 11 o'clock a reception took place at the Governor's office, where President Cleveland and his wife, and the distinguished representatives of that party.

The reception given to Cleveland at the Capitol last night, the multitude passed in review before him and shook his hand.

An informal reception was subsequently tendered Cleveland by Governor Campbell, Congressman Springer, Daniel Tamm and Congressman Outhwaite. At the last of these receptions an address of welcome was given by John J. Latta, president of the Thurman club, and Joseph H. Outhwaite, legislator. The order of the day was "Our Country." by Allen G. Thurman; "Citizenship in America," by Grover Cleveland; "Democratic Party in relation to future public economy," by Hon. Thomas E. Watson; "The Secretary of the Interior," by Hon. R. A. Harrison; "American Statesman," Senator Arthur C. Benson; "Democracy of the future," by Hon. W. D. Hoar; "House of Representatives," by Hon. W. K. Wilson; "Democracy of the future," by Hon. W. D. Hoar; "State of Ohio," Governor Campbell. A number of extemporaneous addresses will be made.

IN WALL STREET.

The Stock Market and Its Fluctuations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The stock market opened excited and weak. The North American was 21 points lower, at 16 and on enormous sales declined to 15, they rallied, and again reacted to 12. The general list showed on the opening a decline of 1 to 2.

The market at 10:30 became comparatively quiet and the general list, after a fractional decline, showed a recovery. The lowest point touched by the North American was 7, but it now 11.

At noon money was tight at two per cent. A downward movement in the market was made progress in Villard later in the hour and the North American retired to 11, and the market was active, strong and steady at small fractions, better than at the opening.

At 11 a.m. a confident feeling was restored, the activity increased and the market was firm to strong. Prices advanced more rapidly, the gains over the lowest prices of the early designs came back. The North American, Northern Pacific preferred stock, being prominent in the upward movement. The market at 11 was active, strong and steady at small fractions, better than at the opening.

The London Bourse.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—At 11 p.m. the price of the market was firm, but became weaker. Compared with yesterday's closing there was a new show of advances of 1/16 for console and fractional advances for American securities.

The stocks closed better. New York took all the stock thrown on the market, causing a firm tendency.

THE NORTH RIVER BANK.

They Cannot Resume Business for Several Days.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The North River Bank did not open this morning. The cashiers left their offices, though the bank officials felt sure they could pull through all right, they could not resume business for several days. The bank examined that a statement of the bank's affairs would be ready at noon.

Reinstated.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Postmaster-General Wamaker has sent a letter to city postmaster Sherwood directing the reinstatement of Mrs. Margaret S. Watkins, delivery clerk at the post office last Thursday was temporarily suspended for telling Senator Quay that his father's mail went to the dead letter office who having explained that no discrepancy was meant.

FROM THE "POST."

The Low Prices of Stocks Attributed to a Bank Suspension.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The Post says: The early prices for stocks in both London and in this market were lower as an effect of the suspension of the North River Bank. The bank examined that a statement of the bank's affairs would be ready at noon.

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AMES DOES NOT KNOW.

BOSTON, Nov. 12.—Fred Ames says he knows nothing of the reported dissatisfaction among the Union Pacific stockholders. He has been asked to sign a statement, and does not believe Good ever said what was attributed to him.

A Broker's Remarks.

BROOKLINE FALLS, Nov. 12.—William Denny, a prominent broker on the mining exchange, yesterday said that the stock market was in a state of confusion. Financial losses, it is said, induced him to the act.

Harmless Duel.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—De Roule and Laguerre fought a duel this morning near Nemours. Four shots were exchanged, but no harm was done. The duellists have been summoned before the prosecutor.

AN INCREASING MALADY.

The Increasing Frequency of cases of Kidney Disease, of aggravated character, has led to a more serious concern among medical practitioners. No kidney ailment can be relieved in a day, safely be neglected, even for a day. The kidneys imperfectly discharge their functions, and fail to eliminate the waste matter, and set up the secretion of calcium matter, an hour's delay in treatment is fraught with the gravest peril. Temporary palliative medicine only begets the sufferer to false hope, while the disease condition of the organs is steadily growing more dangerous. The only safe way to cure is to get the kidneys into a normal condition in this curing thousands of the most severe cases of Kidney Disease. Dr. David Kennedy's Famous Kidney Pills have been restored perfect health to patients who had been given up by the physicians.

MARKETS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Nov. 12, 1908.

Bar Silver	100	100
Gold	100	100
U. S. Bonds	100	100
U. S. Savings	100	100
U. S. Treasury	100	100
U. S. Postal	100	100
U. S. Land	100	100
U. S. Marine	100	100
U. S. Navy	100	100
U. S. Army	100	100
U. S. Air	100	100
U. S. Coast	100	100
U. S. Signal	100	100
U. S. Ordnance	100	100
U. S. Quartermaster	100	100
U. S. Commissary	100	100
U. S. Engineer	100	100
U. S. Surgeon	100	100
U. S. Chaplain	100	100
U. S. Musician	100	100
U. S. Cook	100	100
U. S. Barber	100	100
U. S. Tailor	100	100
U. S. Shoemaker	100	100
U. S. Blacksmith	100	100
U. S. Carpenter	100	100
U. S. Painter	100	100
U. S. Bricklayer	100	100
U. S. Stonemason	100	100
U. S. Plumber	100	100
U. S. Electrician	100	100
U. S. Machinist	100	100
U. S. Blacksmith	100	100
U. S. Carpenter	100	100
U. S. Painter	100	100
U. S. Bricklayer	100	100
U. S. Stonemason	100	100
U. S. Plumber	100	100
U. S. Electrician	100	100
U. S. Machinist	100	100



There were three little housewives of Dee who all made up their minds to do more than they ever did before.

What they never did before was to put on their ovens quick-lee!

And their cooking was perfect after wards.

If you want the best, buy the Charter Oak.

With the Wire Gauge Oven Doors.

FOR SALE BY Z. C. M. I., Sole Agents in Salt Lake City.



SORENSEN & CARLQUIST, FURNITURE!

110 S. MAIN STREET.

MARGETTS BROS., (Dwyer's Old Stand), WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

DEALERS IN SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, TOYS & FANCY GOODS.

Drawing Instruments and Papers.

78 S. MAIN STREET, - SALT LAKE CITY.

The Most Complete Line of RUBBER BOOTS, ARTICS and RUBBERS.

For Ladies' Gents' and Children's Wear at Wholesale and Retail.

SCHOOL SHOES a Specialty.

DOUGLAS CELEBRATED SHOES.

DUNFORD'S Opp. Salt Lake Theatre.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO SAVE MONEY.

HAVING ENLARGED OUR KSHOE DEPARTMENT.

We intend to remodel the same and Renew Our Entire Stock. In order to make a Quick Sweep we offer \$100.00 worth of Ladies' Mince and Children's Desirable Shoes—Every Pair Warranted at a Discount of 25 per cent. of Our Regular Prices.

We Mention a Few Lots Only!

500 pairs Ladies' Genuine French Kid Button Shoes, containing turns, hand sewed, Watkinson in Opera and Common sense Styles, from \$4.75 to \$8.00 a pair. At a discount of 25 per cent.

400 pairs Ladies' Imperial Duglows, Vienna, Curcua Kid, Opera and Common sense Style Button Shoes, in French, Grecian and Castilian last, from \$4.00 to \$5.00. At a discount of 25 per cent.

400 pairs Ladies' American Kid, Grain Leather and Cloth Shoes, from \$2.00 to \$3.50 a pair. Discount 25 per cent.

300 pairs Ladies' French and Curcua Kid Button Shoes—Russian Opera Lasts, from \$2.50 to \$4.00 a pair. At a discount of 25 per cent.

300 pairs Ladies' and Mince's Opera Slippers, Oxford and Newport Lasts, in French Kid and Ostrich Leather, from \$1.50 to \$4.00 a pair. At a discount of 25 per cent.

In order to increase our sales, and make every lady aware of the Superior Quality and Fit in the Celebrated Makes of Misses, Edwin C. Burt & Co. of New York, and Messrs. Curtis & Wheeler, of Rochester, whom "Robt. Agnew" are, we offer their goods in fact all the balance of our Regular Makes of Ladies', Mince's and Infants' Shoes and Gents' and Boys' Gaiters at a discount of 10 per cent for the next 10 days.

In order to convince our patrons that our "Discount Sale" is genuine, every pair of Shoes sold will show on sales ticket our regular price; for instance

1 Pair Shoes, \$5.00

Discount 25 per cent. 1.25

Nett, - \$3.75

IT WILL PAY YOU TO BUY SHOES AT THIS SALE!

We are Offering a Lot of

KARPET - REMNANTS

Hanging from 1 yard to 20 ft. in length, Tapestry and Roly Brussels, at prices to close every remnant on hand.

OUR CLOAK DEPARTMENT

Is receiving Additional Novelties in Ladies' and Children's Cloaks, Ladies' Heavy-Made Dresses, Wrappers, Suits and Tailor's Waists and Skirts of Latest Designs, at Popular Prices.

Our Silk Sale having Proved Such a Success We Continue Same for ANOTHER WEEK.

Curtains and Portieres from Cheapest and Finest, at Prices to Please You.

Boys' and Children's Clothing, Overcoats, Waists, Hats and Caps, and Gents' Underwear, at Lowest Prices in this city.

We are Offering a Splendid Line of Flannel, Silk and Knit Hoods, in Latest Shapes, at prices ranging from 75c. to \$1.50.

Ladies' Saxony Wool Hosiery, with and without sleeves, from \$1.00 to \$1.75 each.

A Splendid Line of Black Chantilly and Galtipare Overdress Laces, Trimmings and Embroidered Evening Materials, Etc., in Newest Shades, at Less than New York Prices.

Come One, Come All! We are Never Undersold! Mail Orders Promptly Filled

ESTABLISHED 1864. One Price to All.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.

Z. C. M. I.

Is Showing Unquestionably the

LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK OF

DRESS - GOODS

IN THE CITY.

We Have All the LATEST STYLES and Designs!

No other Establishment is so well able to satisfy its patrons as we are, and we invite an inspection of Our Elegant Stocks. Notwithstanding the increase in the tariff, no advance has been made in our prices, all Our Goods having been purchased before the McKinley law went into effect, and we propose to give Our Patrons the benefit of our early Purchases.

OUR DRESS GOODS stock is full and complete, comprising the Latest Novelties and Newest Designs.

SILKS, Tint Shades, for evening wear. Colored Saris, from 50c. to \$1.00, all New Shades. We have the largest assortment in town of Black Silks, in Gros Grains, Peau de Soie, Satin Rhinames and Armures.

VELVETS, in Black and Colored, \$1.00 to \$1.75. A Superb Stock.

We are offering an elegant Silk Dress Velvet, in all colors, 24 inches wide, at \$1.75, worth \$2.50.

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