The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 100. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21, 1894, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVII.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

Governor Waite's Plan for Storming the City Hall.

REPORTS OF WIND SNOW AND RAIN.

The Funeral of Kossuth.—Gladstone Consults a Physician.—Fire in Chicago.—Pollard's Case.

DENVER, March 21.—The Times will say this afternoon that Governor Waite has formed a plan to storm the city hall on the night the decision of the supreme court is rendered in the matter of his police and fire commissioners, in case the decision is against him. He expects the loyalty of the militia and has caused State Game Warden Callicotte to swear in a thousand deputies, who will be furnished with state arms and make the assault. The Governor's opponents are fully appraised of these preparations and have made every preparation for defense.

Colquitt's Condition.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Senator Colquitt's condition is still critical.

Gladstone Sees an Oculist.

LONDON, March 21.—Gladstone this morning consulted an eminent oculist. It is understood he believes an operation may be performed without danger.

Colorado's Storm.

DENVER, Colo., March 21.—A snow storm visited Colorado last night and continues today, accompanied by a fight wind. The temperature has fallen 20 to 25 degrees throughout the west, but in this city it is not much below freezing. The storm is general throughout the state, Wyoming, northern Kansas and Nebraska, eastern Utah and a portion of New Mexico.

Democratic Victories.

Special Telegram to the NEWS.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., March 21.—The annual city election in Sheridan resulted in a victory for the Democratic candidates by majorities ranging from 144 to 76. R. F. Peckham was elected mayor; A. M. Hulbert, trustee for two years, and John Nelson and R. F. Sinall, one year; J. F. Hoop, assessor.

A Chicago Fire.

CHICAGO, March 21.—A fire in the south Evanston public school today caused a panic among the pupils and teachers. Those on the second floor were driven to the upper floors when they were rescued by the firemen after several had jumped from the fourth floor and were severely injured, four possibly fatally. In the panic children were knocked down and trampled on. One child was found unconscious on the third floor and may die. The building, valued at $50,000, was destroyed.

Andrew White Will Retire.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 21.—It is reported that Hon. Andrew D. White will retire from the Russian mission when it will be raised to an embassy, and Levi Z. Leiter, the Chicago millionaire, will be appointed.

ANOTHER STARTLER.

Justice Newson Versus Stations Evidence.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Following close on the jumping of his bail by Justice Brotherjudge, Justice Newson started his constituents by turning states evidence and appearing as witness for the prosecution in the criminal indictment against the Russian a charge of perjury! It is known that he has been endeavoring to undermine the power of Johnny McKane, and that there was friction between John and Sutherland. He was greatly disgusted when Sutherland failed to return and receive sentence. The action of Newson has caused consternation to the other indicted men in Gravesend, and they are expected to fall over each other in their efforts to secure immunity by offering to give evidence or pleading guilty.

Damage by Wind and Lightning.

OMAHA, March 21.—The entire western part of the state was covered by yesterday's storm. Heavy snow fell in the northern part. The rain came down in torrents in South Platte country, and considerable damage was done by wind and lightning. It is still snowing hard in the Black Hills and northwestern Nebraska, blowing east on a high gale from the west. The reports indicate that the cattle losses will be heavy.

Asking for Reconsideration.

Special Telegram to the NEWS.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 21.—Those who rested in the Silver Crown Mining district have forwarded to the secretary of the interior affidavits setting forth that a part of the lands selected by the state and board are mineral. The selection has been approved by the department. A reconsideration is asked. Governor Osborne, who is a member of the state land board has also asked the commissioner to suspend action in reference to issuing the patents until a hearing can be had. Those interested at Silver Crown were not aware that the state land board had selected lands in that district for state purposes until the notice of the approval of the general land office.

Young Women Drowned.

PATSCUARO, Mexico, March 21.—While a boat load of persons living at this place were crossing Patzcuaro lake the boat sprung a leak and six of the eighteen on board were drowned, all young women.

THE FUNERAL OF KOSSUTH.

The Body Will Be Buried in Hungarian Soil.

TURIN, March 21.—It has been decided that the remains of Louis Kossuth shall be buried in Hungary. The removal will not take place till the 10th of his wife and daughter have been exhumed from the cemetery at Turin, when they will be taken to Buda Pesth and given a public funeral.

A cast of Kossuth's face was taken today. Messages of condolence are coming from all parts of Europe and America.

MOURNING IN HUNGARY.

BUDA PESTH, March 21.—All the newspapers appear with black borders on account of Kossuth's death. Everywhere throughout the city mourning emblems appear. The city is filled with crape. The Diet will be assembled in special session to take appropriate action.

FOR A HIGHER RANK.

Four Men Undergoing Examination at Fort Logan.

DENVER, March 21.—At Fort Logan four young men are undergoing examination for the promotion to the rank of second lieutenant. They are Sergeant Robert S. Offley, Wilcox, Arizona; Corporal Frank J. Morrow, and Corporal Albert B. Sharpe of Fort Douglas, Salt Lake City; and Sergeant F. Kennedy, Fort Bayard, New Mexico. They are sons of commissioned officers and have spent nearly all their lives in the service.

Testing Racing Associations.

ALBANY, March 21.—The senate has passed, and it now goes to the governor, a bill providing for the taking of racing associations five per cent on their gross receipts.

A Liquor Bill Passed.

DES MOINES, Iowa, March 21.—The house by a vote of 55 to 45, passed the liquor bill, allowing cities under severe restrictions to communities where 65 per cent of the population sign a petition for it. The prohibitory law is not repealed and if the cities keep or fail to pay his tax quarterly in advance, it becomes operative against him.

THE BODY TOLD.

The Prosecution in the Breckinridge Scandal Rests Its Case.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Miss Pollard was on the stand for a time today in her case against Breckinridge, but nothing of special interest was brought out by the additional cross-examination. Then the prosecution solemnly announced the termination of its inquisition which had lasted over two days. Counsel for Miss Pollard was so well satisfied with the impression she had made, that they not only declined to ask her a single question to elicit further any point of her evidence, but announced that they rested the case there. This was done in spite of the fact that they had a number of additional witnesses and affidavits.

Miss Pollard at once left the courtroom, showing evidence of pallor in her countenance.

BRECKINRIDGE'S DEFENSE.

After counsel for defense had retired for consultation and returned, Colonel John Shelby, Lexington, Breckinridge's law partner, proceeded to outline the defense. He said: "I am authorized by the defendant to say and it will be corroborated by his solemn oath, that he did not seduce her; that it was never made known to him that she ever had any children by him until the filing of this suit in last August, nor did he ever, under any circumstance make any promise of marriage to her."

The defense did not intend to conceal whatever was wrong in the relations of the 18 to 21 if it was only to the truth that the defendant wanted to be judged. Continuing, counsel declared that Miss Pollard accosted defendant on a dark future he ever knew her and told him now her father admitted John C. Breckinridge and named her for him. Several weeks later he received a letter from her asking his advice as to her relations with Hoore, which he answered, giving her the law in the case. Later she asked him to come to the seminary, and followed it with another, to neither of which he responded.

Being in Cincinnati one day on other business, he went to see her and found her a woman of 20 or 21 as would be shown, not a mere school girl. She admitted illicit relations with Hoodes and asked him to take her to an entertainment in the evening, herself supplying a closed hack carriage. In the course of the ride illicit relations were established, not by seduction but in a way which occurs when the woman is not averse to such things. It was at her suggestion, not his, that they went to Sarah Cox's assignation house.

Was Advised to Stay Away.

NEW YORK, March 21.—The chamber of commerce committee will not go to Washington tomorrow to urge the President to veto the seigniorage bill. A telegram was received from Private Secretary Thurber advising the committee to stay away from Washington.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The text of the telegram sent by President Cleveland to the chamber of commerce committee, replying to the self-Boston that they were about to proceed to Washington to present a memorial against the signing of the seigniorage bill is as follows:

"George Wilson, Chamber of Commerce, New York:

"I will hear them if they come, but strongly advise against their coming.

"For the President,

"H. S. THURBER, Sec'y."

Miss Pollard Will Write a Book.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 21.—Miss Pollard's friends deny that she will kill Breckinridge if she lives the suit for breach of promise, but to say every day say she will write a book giving all the unfortunate events of her life and a graphic account of her intimacy and relations for ten years with Breckinridge.

The C. P. Conference at Omaha.

OMAHA, March 21.—No conferences were held between the Union Pacific employes and President Clark on the wage schedule this morning as a result of a suggestion by the latter that the various branches of labor prepare a schedule of what they wanted, believing that this was the quickest way to reach a decision. Accordingly the various branches went to work on the schedules. The conference completed this afternoon by each and every man employed in this afternoon. The telegraph is so to a who had already presented a schedule to Superintendent Kelty, commenced their session with him during the afternoon, without reaching a conclusion.

Irrigation Congress.

OMAHA, March 21.—Three hundred delegates representing Nebraska, Iowa, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming, Missouri and Montana, are present at the opening of the inter-state mountain irrigation congress. After Fairfax pleasantries it was decided to admit all residents of the arid region to the convention. Addresses in favor of irrigation were delivered by President Hume, Secretary Bristow, of Kansas, "Buffalo Bill" and others. Action by the congress in behalf of irrigation was urged by the speakers.

Harrison's Secretary.

OTTAWA, Ill., March 21.—The supreme court denied a mandamus in the case of Prendergast, the appointee of Mayor Harrison, of Chicago.

BOARD OF MILITARY CONTROL.

The First Session Took Place in the City Today.

The first meeting of the Military Board of Control for Utah was held at the Executive office this morning, beginning at 11 o'clock. Governor West, as commander-in-chief, presided and all the members of his staff were present, namely, Adjutant-General Geo. M. Dunyan, Inspector-General Erasmus W. Tullock, Judge Advocate-General A. B. Gaus (Provo), Commissary-General Thomas J. Stevens, Quartermaster-General D. C. Adams, Aides Nephi W. Clayton and Alex. Loch, and Surgeon-General Allen Fowler. The entire time up to the adjournment for luncheon was devoted to a general discussion of the question of the militia with a view to its organization, and an expressed determination to push forward the organization as speedily as possible. Measures tending to that end were freely discussed by the Governor and his staff.

A number of inquiries have been received from different parts of the Territory as to the law on the subject, and it is evident that a good deal of interest is being taken in the matter. Applications are also at hand from Ogden, Provo, Brigham City and other places.

Wants Employment.

E. J. Farnes writes from Bassett, Idaho, inquiring for a family going to Arizona or Mexico who wants a cook or a man who can make himself generally useful on such a trip, and says he would like an engagement of that kind, or he would be pleased to get a position as watchman or at something by which he could earn a livelihood, as he has been out of employment a long time. He is a man past middle age.

Sewer Construction Resumed.

The city today under the supervision of City Engineer Young commenced work on that part of the sewer which passes under the railroad tracks about a mile north of the Hot springs. The unfinished portion at this point which the city officials are anxious to have completed as quickly as possible, is 150 feet in length and will cost about $2,500.

AMUSEMENTS.

DR. UTTER'S LECTURE ON India at the Theater last evening was not as well supported as the doctor's popularity had led people to expect it would be. The lecture was very interesting, and the views exhibited admirable. There is a probability that Dr. Utter will repeat the subject on some Sunday evening in the near future.

LIEUT. WRIGHT'S LECTURE. The lecture by Lieut. Wright on Napoleon was delivered to a large and very attentive audience last evening in the Assembly hall and hall. It was given under the auspices of the Mutual Improvement Association of the ward. At the conclusion a vote of thanks was tendered the lecturer for his entertaining effort.

Charity to California Paupers.

Ten California paupers found lodgings at the city jail last night and on their departure this morning were given a warm breakfast, the first square meal some of them had been fortunate enough to obtain since leaving the state of Mississippi with the tramps. Scores of others are being fed at the soup house, and eligible cases aline.

Still at Work on It.

City Auditor Raymond stated today that the work only got half through with the $147,000 appropriation bill which was passed over the Mayor's veto at a recent meeting of the City Council. He has been engaged in tearing warrants which the holders have requested cut up into very small denominations and the task has been and is a laborious and difficult one. The amounts range from twenty-five cents to $12,000.

In the City on a Sad Mission.

The body of Mrs. *Dr. J. F.* Turner, an estimable and prominent lady who died at White Rock, Nevada, a few days ago, arrived in this city this morning in charge of the husband of the deceased and other members of the family. The day here is a brief one as was for the purpose of having the body embalmed, a process that was performed by Shewes & Son. Tonight the party will continue their journey eastward over the Rio Grand with the remains. Burial will be being taken to Bound, Penn., the former home of the deceased. The cause of death is given as pulmonitis.

THE COURTS TODAY.

Miscellaneous Business Before the Supreme Court Judges.

TWO MORE CASES WERE ARGUED.

Orders by Probate Judge Hale this Morning.—Clerk Dunbar Begins Business in Earnest.

The Territorial supreme court held another session today. All the judges were present. No opinions were handed down and the two cases argued were devoid of public interest.

WHITMORE GOES FURTHER.

In re George C. Whitmore, habeas corpus. An appeal was allowed to the Supreme Court of the United States, the court bond fixed at $2,000 and the appearance bond in the same sum.

WALTER COURT IN.

J. D. Walter, of Montana, was, on motion of District Attorney Judd, admitted to practice at the bar of this court.

THIS IS REFERRED.

The application of A. B. Gish for admission to the bar of this court was referred to the examining committee.

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE.

The examining committee reported favorably on the applications of Irvine A. Wilson and Alfred L. Roth and they were admitted to practice at attorneys.

APPEAL FROM THIRD DISTRICT.

The first case argued was that of the American Loan and Trust company, plaintiffs and respondents, vs. A. Fisher and Aaron Keyser, trading under the name of the A. Fisher Running Co., defendants and appellants. The case comes here on appeal from ex-Chief Justice Zane's court (where the jury, after a protracted investigation, disagreed) and is the additional suit against an order of the court overruling the motion for a new trial.

Dry & Street appeared for the appellants and Mr. Hoge for the plaintiffs argued the case on the part of the defendants.

The plaintiffs operate an art and lithographic establishment in Milwaukee, Wisconsin; the defendants are proprietors of a brewery in this city. The action was brought to recover a considerable sum upon contracts for work performed in designing, etching and lithographing, for the exclusive use of the defendants, certain labels, advertising cards, hangers, trademark, views, stationery, checks, etc.

AS TO SOME LAND.

The only other case argued today was one in which Aaron Kaufman and Herman Knudsen Kuse are plaintiffs and respondents, and Niels Oumonsen as defendant and appellant. Judge Zane presided in the former court and King & Hoole the latter. It is an appeal from the First district and the suit arises out of a dispute in regard to the possession of 141 acres of land in township 2 south of range 2 east, Salt Lake meridian. The court below found that the defendant Oumonsen had no right to the land in question and entered a decree quieting title in the plaintiff. To this order the defendant excepted.

TODAY'S PROBATE COURT.

Estate of Benjamin H. Pettit, deceased. Hearing on petition for letters of administration. Order made appointing Brower Pettit administrator on filing a bond of $100. Appraisers appointed.

Estate of Niels Anderson, deceased. Hearing on petition for probate of will. Order made admitting same to probate and appointing Cecilia Anderson executrix, without bonds. Appraisers appointed.

Estate and guardianship of Harold P. Jennings, a minor. Hearing on guardian's annual account, which was allowed.

Estate and guardianship of Harry L. Jennings, a minor. Hearing on guardian's account, and the same allowed.

HIS SHOULD OUT.

Clerk D. C. Dunbar of the Third district court has begun his single-handed war on office rent, in place of that of his predecessor, H. G. McMillan. Mr. Dunbar is now running the business appertaining to the official position of his all the case and docket of an experienced hand and making himself very popular with everybody.

An Unwitnessed Step.

Last evening Justice Blaser was called upon to settle a case in which Mrs. J. H. Vandersteg had been arrested on a charge of attempting to defraud her creditors. The complainant was J. H. Cooley, the keeper of a grocery store, to whom she had "charged" a bill. Mrs. Vandersteg was about to leave for the East to live with her friends, at the time of her arrest by a deputy sheriff, her husband intended to remain in the city meanwhile. It was pretty well up in a Spanish fashion that a certificate had been instituted against the Vandersteg for the debt, and that the wife having sold her furniture, she was arrested for the offense above stated. Mr. Vandersteg stated that if was he who contracted the debt and himself assumed the entire responsibility. Justice Blaser at once discharged the accused.

It is said that something more may yet be heard of the matter in the shape of a damage suit.

Alleged Blackmailing.

In Justice Lewis's court last evening an answer of an unusual kind was filed on behalf of the defendant in the suit of the American Commercial Collection Agency vs. E. G. Ewing, in which the plaintiff secured judgment for $15 said to be due as a membership fee. The document in question sets forth in substance, that plaintiff is engaged in unlawful and immoral business, that pretending to be a corporation it attempts to collect bills from persons whether they owe them or not, by threatening to publish any name given it in a black list, or a list of unsettled accounts, and to ruin the credits of such persons as refuse to pay that the said pretended association is in fact the plaintiff, is a conspiracy at certain periods of that Lake county, to wit: the president and officers thereof, and its attorney, to exact money under false pretenses, and to unlawfully pocket this paying debtor, that defendant signed the said subscription upon the false pretenses and representations that plaintiff had a method to collect debts and that it usually resorted to the courts, but that in truth and in fact plaintiff does not resort to the courts, never collected and never attempted to collect a debt for the defendant, although it has repeatedly so to do, and that the services were sent to plaintiff to collect it but to collect and no steps to collect the same, and the methods in use by the plaintiff are so absolutely dishonest as to the benefit of the officers or attorneys of the plaintiff, and that the practice of the use of corporation is illegal and dishonest, and that said corporation ought to be indicted.

THE JORDAN DAM.

It Is Not the Enemy the Utah County People Think It Is.

Editor Deseret News:

As spring is coming and we look for high water, I thought I would say a little on the subject. There has been a great deal said from time to time over the damming up of the Jordan River and the cause of flooding of the land on the shores of Utah lake. Now I would advise those having charge of the dam to take out some planks lower down in regard of them, and see if the water does not run fast enough. It is my opinion that it is too forcing water into a bottle through a funnel, and not letting it out through a wide fork end. That is the way I look at the Utah lake problem. There is no doubt coming in there so many streams that it is impossible for it to escape through the one outlet, the Jordan, and that is what makes the lake back up. Now if Salt Lake county will do what is right they will save lawsuits, as there are some men that use to get money if they can without working for it, and the high water makes a good excuse to get some from other people. I think it worth while to try my remedy at least, and prove which is right. I have watched it for over forty years and what I say I believe.

THOMAS WINTER.

From England.

The NEWS received a call today from Elder W. W. Williams, of the Twenty-first ward of this city, who has returned from a mission to Great Britain, on which he left home Jan. 25, 1892. The final fourteen months of his time was spent in Newcastle conference. The Newton conference was then the scene of his labors for nearly a year, until released. He has enjoyed excellent health, and was kindly treated by the people. While there were many interested in the Gospel in his ministerial field, and many believing, the majority do not care much for religious inquiry and are content to remain as they are. While on the way home, sixty miles east of Ogden, the train on which Elder Williams was traveling was derailed six and a half hours by a broken axle. The train was stopped, and a relief train at a station, and one of the crew walked that distance and telegraphed for help, which came from Evanston.

Ward Reunion.

Members of the Twenty-first ward will have an old-time sociable and reunion this evening in the ward meeting house. A fine program consisting of vocal and instrumental music, speeches, recitations, etc., has been arranged; on this occasion the newly-organized ward orchestra, under the leadership of Mr. Arthur Hoel, will make its first appearance. Several of the leading brethren have been invited and are expected to be present, and an enjoyable time is anticipated. The affair is under the auspices of the Y. M. I. A. of the ward, of which Moses Thatcher is president and Joseph Smith, counselor. An invitation has been extended to all the members of the ward, and especially to the aged ones.

"Scene" at the Unger Residence.

Several of Sheriff McQueen's deputies had quite an interesting time at the residence of Dr. Unger, on West Fourth South street, during the latter part of yesterday afternoon, while trying to levy an attachment on the household goods there, the same being in favor of Dr. J. A. Wyborn, who had a suit against Unger for $117.50. Dr. Unger had previously gone to California, and his wife and daughters had remained behind to look after the goods and chattels prior to joining him.

A portion of the effects within the domicile were covered up in bedding. It was when the deputies sought to levy that the "run" began. Threats were made by one of the ladies to shot the officers, and a scene ensued that lasted for a time. After a long wrangle Sheriff McQueen was communicated with and specially put in an appearance. He insisted upon getting the mortgage, and on obtaining this required one of his men to watch over the goods not finally set in to wind arrangements had been made for everything valuable to be moved, and the officers departed empty handed.

The sheriff's sale took place this morning.

THEY WERE VERY BAD BOYS.

Leon Wright and Tommie Decker Run Placard a Big Shad.

It transpired at the investigation into the case of Leon Wright alias Regan and Tommie Decker, in the police court this morning, that the youthful defendants were very bad boys, and that in addition to targeting Dean's second-hand store they have planned to rob the store of Robert Pattey, to the Continentals ward, and then steal the horses and buggy to use in burn clear on the night and quietly and quietly depart for pastures new. To W. B. Dougan is due the credit for exposing the young fellows. They were found in his barn with their stolen booty and were then lying in wait for their first break.

Home from New York.

C. H. Auerbach, the well-known merchant and business man, returned home from New York this morning over the Union Pacific. Mr. Auerbach has been absent from the city about two months.

AN ENGLISH REPUBLIC

Would Disrupt the Empire and Make the Nation Insignificant.

MR. FRYE MAINTAINS THAT A LIMITED MONARCHY IS ESSENTIAL TO BRITISH AUTHORITY AND PRESTIGE.

Editor Deseret News:

Being absent I did not see the reply of Democritus, published in your issue of the 11th to my letter of the 11th, in time for issue of the 20th. He lives from a mountain battery and no doubt thinks he has silenced my guns by my not replying before. The original Democritus, like the present, was a learned man—but only so and the latter are prominent for eccentricities. The former frequently confessed that "we know nothing, and even if there is anything to know," He lived nearly two years B. C. In later years, sometimes in the seventeenth century, another learned man of apparently similar eccentric propensities, made his appearance and published a work entitled, "Anatomy of Melancholy," styling himself Democritus Junior as a pseudonym.

In some points there is a remarkable resemblance in the Democritus family, especially if we permit a "sarcasm" on the "melancholy" founder and "reconstructed" published in the letter of the younger invader of the Democritus family. Prominently noticeable are the contradictions of the one gentleman in that portion of the grandson's letter where he refers to Napoleon as being "an statesman." Like his ancestor in the second degree he evidently "knows nothing if there is anything to be known about it." If he any school boy can correct him on that point, so that it is unnecessary for me to do so.

But let us follow his "eccentricities" in detail, for I am sure he will be able to show our friend to "anatomy" that he is on the wrong track. First, he says I "defend the present system of government in England." He says I "defend wrong on this point. I neither defended nor endorsed the system, but merely tried to show that in order to maintain her position as a great power, it was necessary for Britain to retain the constitution antiquated. This I still assert and he does not deny. Indeed, it is difficult for me to find a point that he does deny. He is evidently deficient in depth of logic or unnecessary for me to go to length by wandering away from the point at issue. In fact I can find scarce one thing that he denies, but rather strongly confirms my opinion.

I do not claim to approve of the Lords as part of the English system, only as they happen to form a portion of the constitution. It would be dangerous as an opening wedge in the constitution to remove them; but rather, if it is possible, trim them down to their functions so that they can not effectually obstruct proper legislation, and thus preserve the government intact in the fundamental features. It is unnecessary for me to go to length in my wanderings away from the point at issue. In fact I can find scarce one thing that he denies, but rather strongly confirms my opinion.

I do not claim to approve of the Lords as part of the English system, only as they happen to form a portion of the constitution. It would be dangerous as an opening wedge in the constitution to remove them; but rather, if it is possible, trim them down to their functions so that they can not effectually obstruct proper legislation, and thus preserve the government intact in the fundamental features. It is unnecessary for me to go to length in my wanderings away from the point at issue. In fact I can find scarce one thing that he denies, but rather strongly confirms my opinion.

If the subject was placed before the English masses in an intelligent manner and they were asked if they were willing to give up India, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, New Brunswick and other possessions, leaves Ireland and probably Scotland, to surrender her unrivaled commerce, her ocean supremacy, her prestige as one of the greatest powers of the world, and dwindle down to an insignificant island with a legacy of probably nearly all the existing national debts of the national debt for less than thirty millions of people to pay; and to be deprived of commerce and influence, in exchange for a republic, the Scots would nearly as liberal now as America—it is possible the people would vote for it, but they might see the logic.

As for anglomania and American incendiarism is concerned the gentleman as an "old English politician" must know that the English methods of government are far more liberal today than them, and that the American people had a perfect right to and remained instructive to the rest of the world.

I am strictly republican in my feelings and believe it is the final government for people who are particularly fitted for it, and I believe it will all in time, but I do not believe in the system is in measure turned into Russia so that we find it greatly altered. We have a good deal of Russian in our system, and are satisfied to this country, tender feelings are of a social character.

Notwithstanding all this the system is no fault, but unfortunately people are not quite as good as they should be. America can do with nothing else than republicanism, nor should any other, but all nations should, and will probably eventually, enjoy that form of government. But at this is drifting from my standpoint. I will merely add that Great Britain, to retain her ascendancy, must remain monarchical in form and her constitution continue antiquated—working out all anti-progressive features as fast as possible.

As there are the only points I advanced—and the gentleman does not refute them—a discriminating public must be the judge as to who is right on the subject.

Respectfully,

G. W. DAVIS.

ITEMS OF CITY NEWS

Double Construction of the Police and Fire Commission Law.

INJUNCTION PROCEEDINGS TALK.

The City Today Commenced Work on the Gravity Sewer Under the Supervision of the Engineer.

It appears that a double construction and interpretation of the newly passed police and fire commission law may cause a conflict between persons variously interested in the effects of the measure. When Chief Devine a few days ago commenced removing from the department men whom he thought were better suited for occupations of a private character, a well known attorney, retained by the discharged firemen, sought the office of the head of the department and informed him that under the new law he had no right to remove employes, and that if he did he would be held accountable therefor.

Devine, however, says he gives a different interpretation of the measure, which he has studied carefully. More than that, he gave the lawyer to understand that he expects to continue making changes until the department was so far reconstructed as to be satisfactory. Thus the attorney declared that he would promptly institute injunction proceedings. The step, however, has not yet been taken though it is claimed that the powers of the chief in this respect will be tested in the courts.

Last night two of the firemen whose services have recently been dispensed with reported for duty, it is claimed, under the impression to their attorney, C. H. Montague, who was summoned from the West side station, insisted on refusing to work and was informed by the chief that his place was made vacant and that his star was also wanted. Montague declared that he would not give up the emblem until he had received his salary and Devine threatened by informing Montague that he would not get his money until the star was forthcoming. And thus the matter stand today. Montague has got his star, but his place is filled by another man and his wages are in the hands of the chief. It is said the next step will be remains to be seen.

E. P. Mowers, who was placed on the retired list, also reported for duty last evening, taking with him witnesses to the fact that he had regularly offered his services but that they had been declined. It is said that there is another bit of this prosecution and that developments will be full of interest to the public.

TAILORING HOUSE CLOSED.

F. E. Wells Assigned Today, With Creditors Listed at $8,822.88.

F. E. Wells, carrying on the business of a tailor at 7 and 9 West First South street, near the clock corner, filed assignment papers with County Recorder Lippman this morning, John H. Farnes being named as assignee. The list of creditors is given as follows:

CLASS I.

E. Kim Brown, Salt Lake City	1 50
Total	1 50

CLASS II.

Chas. Nelson & Co., Chicago	21 30
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Mr. Connelly secured by mortgage on goods and furnishings of assignee	1000 00
J. H. Lester & Co., Chicago, secured by mortgage on goods and furnishings of assignee	900 00
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Total	2 362 30

CLASS III.

Chas. Nelson & Co., Chicago	21 30
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Mr. Connelly secured by mortgage on goods and furnishings of assignee	1000 00
J. H. Lester & Co., Chicago, secured by mortgage on goods and furnishings of assignee	900 00
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Total	3 362 30

CLASS IV.

Chas. Nelson & Co., Chicago	21 30
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Mr. Connelly secured by mortgage on goods and furnishings of assignee	1000 00
J. H. Lester & Co., Chicago, secured by mortgage on goods and furnishings of assignee	900 00
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Total	3 362 30

CLASS V.

Chas. Nelson & Co., Chicago	21 30
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Mr. Connelly secured by mortgage on goods and furnishings of assignee	1000 00
J. H. Lester & Co., Chicago, secured by mortgage on goods and furnishings of assignee	900 00
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Total	3 362 30

CLASS VI.

Chas. Nelson & Co., Chicago	21 30
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Mr. Connelly secured by mortgage on goods and furnishings of assignee	1000 00
J. H. Lester & Co., Chicago, secured by mortgage on goods and furnishings of assignee	900 00
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Jos. Dry, Salt Lake City, rent	25 00
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Hanchett Bond Co., New York	122 50
Total	3 362 30

No list of assets is furnished in the document.

St. Mark's Kindergarten.

The St. Mark's kindergarten school, of which Miss Helen H. Durant is principal, had exercises today commemorative of Easter, at the St. Mark's school building on east First South street. The program commenced with a march around the room, the little folks taking great pride in the step and movements, and acquitted themselves very creditably. Following this a ring song, succeeded by a prayer, in which all took part. Next upon the program was a mother song and a good morning song, both of which were nicely rendered. The program included a variety of other songs, drills and exercises, which were noted and elicited the admiration of all present. One feature of the exercises was the presentation to their parents by the little folks of a number of pretty, specimens of their own handiwork, all of which were very neat. A large number of visitors was present, among them Bishop Leonard, of the Episcopal church, Rev. L. R. Ridgeley and Miss Bertha Robinson, principal of the Rowland Hall kindergarten school, who was accompanied by her school. The exercises throughout were of an interesting character, and were creditable to Miss Durant and her assistant, Miss Florence Atkins.