

should be inserted in the subsequent patent.

"Land, when once appropriated under the homestead law, is thereafter removed from pre-emption settlement and homestead entry, and can only be again subject to them by the cancellation of homestead entry in the manner prescribed by law. Such cancellation becomes effective at the date of the receipt of the order thereof at the local office. To institute a valid right, under the pre-emption law, to a tract of land covered by a homestead entry, some act of settlement must be performed by the pre-emption subsequently to the cancellation of said homestead entry."

The Treasury Department decides that grain bags of American manufacture, if exported filled with produce, can only be returned free of duty when declarations have been made of an intent to return the same; empty barrels in like circumstances are released from the necessity of making such declaration.

CHICAGO, 9.—The Wisconsin State fair opened at Milwaukee yesterday. President Stillson, in his address, speaking of the railroads, used the following language:

"The consolidation of the railroads has resulted in such immense combinations of capital that the people have become alarmed at the centralization of such immense wealth. The railroads, by several acts of bad faith, and by listening to unwise counsels, have done much to provoke and bring on the present difficulty, which could and should have been avoided. Yet we are not unmindful of the aid they have rendered the State in its development, and while the people should ever be tenacious of their rights, yet they should ever be just. All we should ask is the fair line as between the producer, the consumer and the carrier, and let us endeavor to solve this question of cheap transportation wisely and dispassionately, and in strict justice to all."

BOSTON, 9.—The wool market is steady and firm, with a good demand from manufacturers, and full prices are readily obtained for all straight lots of fleeces, combing and Delaine selections, and super and extra pulled. The supply of the latter is smaller than for many years, and western fleeces are passing more rapidly into the hands of manufacturers than ever before known. A firm and gradually advancing market is expected for the next four months, but there is no prospect that prices will touch much higher figures, as an advance of 3 to 5 cents per pound would leave a margin for imports from abroad, and with telegraphic and steamship facilities, Australia, Cape and other wools can be placed here from London about as soon as any point in the west. There is therefore no prospect of any corner in the market from any speculative influences that may arise. While holders are not disposed to urge sales, responsible manufacturers find no difficulty in purchasing all the wool they want at current rates, and the demand continues quite active. Super and extra pulled 50 @ 55, lambs' 42 @ 48; California wool continues to be taken in lots as wanted at 30 @ 42, as to quality, and some of the selections now offering are equal to any disposed of in this market since the new crop commenced coming forward.

NEW YORK, 9.—Conrad Heim, a saloon keeper arrested last night at the instance of his wife, shot himself dead.

The City of Peking arrived at 6:30 to-night, having made the run from Boston in 33 hours, of which four were lost in consequence of a hot journal. Coming up the bay she made 18 knots an hour. A meeting of the guests was organized by the election of E. K. Collins chairman, and George H. Munford, W. D. Chafer and C. F. Farley, secretaries. A series of resolutions complimentary and congratulatory to the Pacific Mail Co., and John Royle was unanimously adopted and the guests dispersed well pleased with the trip.

The Express says that at the beginning of next month a new democratic organization will be formed, composed mainly of the old members of the Apollo Hall Society, with such disaffected Tammanyites as may wish to join. The main object seems to be to hold the balance of power. Ex-U. S. district attorney Courtney, ex-judge Barrett, and ex-sheriff O'Brien are among the leaders.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., 9.—The first of November has been fixed for running the first train through the Hoosac Tunnel. Steel rails are to be laid through the tunnel.

NORRISTOWN, 9.—Alfred Meacham, a moulder, was murdered and robbed of sixty dollars last night.

NEW ORLEANS, 9.—A dispatch received by the Governor states that the officers of Bienville parish have been compelled by the white league to resign.

Three refugees from Coshatta, two white and one colored, arrived here to-day; they report that trouble continues in that section.

LOUISVILLE, 9.—The American Pharmaceutical Association met here to-day; sixty delegates were present. Among the vice-presidents elected in organizing was Wm. F. Wensell, of San Francisco.

LITTLE ROCK, 9.—The Democratic State Convention organized last night and, on re-assembling this morning, adopted resolutions endorsing the constitution just framed by the constitutional convention, and appealing to the people of the State to sustain it and to secure the equality of all men before the law, honesty and capability in the administration of every public trust, and speedy punishment for public crime. The convention then nominated Elisha Baxter for governor by a vote of 51 to 47. A committee was appointed to inform the Governor of the nomination, and returned with a written message, stating that while he endorsed the convention and its platform he deemed it best for the interest of the State to decline the nomination. Thereupon great excitement resulted, and those who at first opposed now changed their vote to him and the nomination was made unanimous. After appointing another committee to wait upon Governor Baxter a second time the convention adjourned until to-morrow.

ALBANY, 9.—Among the resolutions adopted at the State Convention to-day was one demanding the liberty of the press and denouncing the Poland-Frelinghuysen bill of last winter, and further opposing the third term doctrine in connection with the presidential office; also that the acts of Congress providing for the supervision of elections are oppressive and should be amended or repealed; and finally, denouncing the injustice of governing cities of a state by legislative commissioners, and advocating the restoration to them of the right of self-government.

St. LOUIS, 9.—Henry Von Phul for 60 years a prominent merchant here, died yesterday, aged ninety.

Captain James W. Malin, an old steamboat man, died at Hot Springs to-day.

SAN FRANCISCO, 9.—The Pioneers' celebration was a grand affair. At Woodward's Gardens the balloon "Sierra Nevada" collapsed when a short distance from the ground and fell, and two occupants of the car were severely hurt; no one was killed.

HALIFAX, 9.—The boat race between the Logan crew of St. John's and the Ross Foley crew of Halifax, was rowed here this morning; the weather was fair and the water smooth. The Halifax crew won by seven lengths.

PORT STANLEY, Ont., 9.—The Masonic Hall was burned last night; loss \$25,000, partly insured.

NEW YORK, 10.—United States Commissioner Davenport has published his answer to the charges made against him by the counsel for Tammany Hall, and asks for a prompt hearing in open court and before the whole community.

The Ville de Paris, which arrived yesterday from Brest, encountered a terrible hurricane on the voyage, during which the captain's barge house on deck was washed overboard, and the place where it stood left as though swept by a broom. The port side of the bridge was ground to pieces, two immense davits were twisted almost in two, the lifeboat was washed overboard and hung from the stern, the davits beating against the side of the ship until officers Pieck and Lefranc sprang into the sea and cut it adrift; solid lead railings were torn and heavy brass and iron stanchions twisted into all shapes. One sailor was washed overboard and lost. Captain Daure, who was standing on the bridge, was hurled by the waves against a boat, which alone prevented him from going overboard. He was at first supposed to be fatally injured, but is slowly recovering. The second captain, Lefranc, had his left arm broken, and several sailors were severely injured. At

a meeting of the passengers on the day before arriving in port, resolutions expressive of gratitude and thanks were voted to Captain Daure and his gallant officers and crew for their behavior during the storm.

RUTLAND, Vt., 10.—Judge Poland publishes a letter in the Rutland Herald this morning, withdrawing his name from the congressional contest in the second district. He states at some length the causes which have led to his defeat, and says that if he had known certainly that Dennison had intended to be a candidate he should have withdrawn his name before the convention, but as the convention was fairly conducted and he received nearly a unanimous nomination, he supposed the contest was ended. He denies, emphatically, the use of improper influences to secure an election, and says that his course upon the matter stigmatized as "salary grabbing," "Credit Mobilier," "whitewashing" and "press gagging" will bear the closest scrutiny and he has no desire to change it. He refers to his laborious career in Congress, and says that if he could believe that the district has lost confidence in his integrity it would give him great pain. He expressed his gratitude for the long continued favor and confidence exhibited by the people of the district, and if that confidence is no longer felt, he has the consolation of believing that its withdrawal has not been merited by any act or omission of his.

YANKTON, 10.—Dr. W. A. Burleigh, the anti-monopoly candidate for Congress, has withdrawn from the contest, alleging as the cause the failure of the democracy to support him as he had expected; this leaves the contest between Kidder, Republican, and Miller, the regular Democratic nominee.

SAN FRANCISCO, 10.—The Colima brought little news of importance that had not been anticipated by telegraph. The Japan Gazette of Aug. 21 contains an account of the murder of Mr. Haber, the German consul at Hakodadi, by a native, who says he was actuated by a demon; he killed his victim with a sword, slashing him in a most horrible manner, one leg being cut entirely off. The German corvette Elizabeth left at once for Hakodadi.

There was a severe shock of earthquake at Yokohama, August 20, but no damage resulted.

The Seamen's Protective Association of long shore men, riggers, and others in like employ had a street parade this morning to protest against the extortions of captains, boarding house keepers and shippers, and demanding a fair rate of wages. About six hundred men were in line who conducted themselves in a peaceable and orderly manner.

ST. PAUL, Minn., 10.—A brick house in Third St. below Market, was burned last night; loss \$25,000 insurance, \$12,000.

PHILADELPHIA, 10.—Near Hampton the fire in the woods is under control. Four thousand acres near Egg Harbor have been burned over; the woods on the line of the New Jersey Southern Railroad, at Ada Lake, are burning, and the cranberry bogs have been destroyed. Near Atscen the fire is under control, but the flames still rage furiously two and a half miles to the eastward.

OTTAWA, Ont., 10.—Bush fires are raging in the neighborhood of Templeton. An immense amount of property has been destroyed, and the country for a distance of ten miles square is blackened and charred. The city of Ottawa is full of smoke from the fires, and ashes fall thickly in the streets.

NEW YORK, 11.—The latest phase of the controversy between the Pacific Mail Company and the Trans-continental Railroad is a rumored combination embracing the railroads between Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and San Francisco, for a new and powerful line on the Pacific, to be run exclusively in the interests of those railroads and their European connections. The name of Governor Leland Stanford has been prominently mentioned in connection with the contemplated enterprise. The Governor says if the negotiations pending were successfully concluded, he thought it very likely that he would visit Europe to make arrangements for the purchase of vessels. Russel Sage, President of the Pacific Mail Co., expressed regret at the present competition between the Pacific

Co. and the Pacific railroads, which he said was injuring all parties. He claimed that the Pacific Mail Co. were willing to do anything to put an end to existing difficulties. He attached little importance to the reports in regard to the establishment of a rival line of railroads, for if they attempted anything of the kind they would be at once enjoined for a violation of their charter; it was quite likely, however, that Governor Stanford and others would try to establish a line in connection with the Pacific railroad.

Moulton's statement appears this afternoon in the Graphic, with facsimiles of the letters produced therein. Among the letters is one from Beecher to Moulton, enclosing a check and directing Moulton to use it at his discretion; another is a friendly note making an appointment. In it Beecher sends his love to Mrs. Moulton, and writes how dreadfully near the point she writes sometimes. Another of the letters is from Mrs. Morse, in which she addresses Beecher as my dear son, and asks him to help her to pay her rent and provide for herself through the winter; she refers to his, Beecher's, secret, and says only six persons know it. She writes of Elizabeth's home trouble, and thanks Beecher for the deep consolation he affords her daughter. The letter closes—"Do you know, I think it very strange that you should ask me to call you my son?" A letter dated July 28th, 1874, to show that up to that date Beecher had not felt harsh towards him, even though he had paid \$7,000 blackmail. The letter begins, "My dear Frank," and closes, "Yours faithfully, H. W. B."

The Herald thus summarizes Moulton's statement: first, he shows he did render efficient counsel and aid to Beecher after the publication of the Bacon letter, and averring in this respect that Beecher told a wilful falsehood; second, that he was not a blackmailer, and that Beecher was a blackmailer in that he availed himself of the power which Tilton had over Bowen to extort, through Claffin, from Bowen a certificate of character; third, that the devices to which he resorted were Beecher's own suggestions, and made in an effort to help and save Beecher; fourth, he gives, specially in words, the justification which Beecher gave to him for his adultery with Mrs. Tilton, namely this, that his physical expression of love was as natural as the words of endearment he used towards her. This Moulton says was the first communication of the doctrine of free love he had ever heard, and it therefore became impressed deeply on his memory; fifth, that when he read to Beecher from the letter of Tilton to Bowen, the charge of rape made by Bowen, Beecher deemed it necessary to tell him the truth with reference to the woman mentioned by Bowen, Beecher saying "I didn't commit a rape, but it is true I had intercourse with the woman;" Moulton said, "If you are on friendly terms, you had better have a retraction, else you may be at Bowen's mercy." Beecher did go and obtain the best retraction he could, which appears in the statement. It appears also from Moulton's statement that the efforts of General Butler have been toward the safety of Beecher, in order to save him and the courts from the shame that would ensue from the publication of the whole truth. He has never appeared in New York on this question except at the suggestion of Beecher's counsel.

Judge Barrett, of the Supreme court, has issued an opinion in the suit of Dunsmore and others against Adams and others, involving the distribution of the assets of what is known as the Old Adams Express Co.; the decree regarding the distribution of the assets of the company is opened, and certificate holders are permitted to come in and assert their claim to a share in the property of the Southern ex-Co.

The abducted infant of Mr. Hager was found in one of the streets of this city yesterday in a starving condition; it was taken to a hospital and died to-day.

ST. PAUL, 11.—Prof. Winchell, State geologist, who accompanied the Custer expedition to the Black Hills, in an official report enumerating the minerals found in the country, says that some of the miners who accompanied the expedition report the finding of gold and silver in some of the gulches in the southeastern portion of the

Hills, though I saw none of the gold nor did I see any of the auriferous quartz, and I have taken the gold reports with a large gain of allowance. Professor Donaldson, who also accompanied the expedition, entirely coincides with Professor Winchell on the gold question.

CHICAGO, 11.—The Inter-Ocean's New Orleans special says that information from St. Martin's and Iberia parishes indicates that the White League will make a bold stand there; they have three cannon, and are armed with Winchester rifles, and have rations furnished by the government during the overflow. During the last three weeks fifty-seven negroes and whites have been murdered in that vicinity. Refugees from Coshatta state that at least thirty have been murdered in and around that place. The registration officers in the northern and western portions of the State decline to serve owing to the insecurity of life. The regular police of Shreveport have been discharged, and firemen, all of whom are white leaguers, have been appointed to succeed them. A number of cases of Prussian guns, consigned to the white leaguers of this city, and brought from New York City on the steamship Western Metropolis, and marked "ladies' and children's shoes," have been seized.

A Marshalltown, Iowa, dispatch says the Anti-monopoly State Central Committee yesterday selected Henry C. Hargis, of Polk county, a well known and successful farmer, as a candidate for State treasurer, in place of Barnes, withdrawn. Reports from all parts of the State are very encouraging, and indicate the election of the anti-monopoly State ticket, and a majority of its congressional candidates.

A special from Warren, Ohio, says the anti-Garfield Republicans of the nineteenth Ohio district, held a convention there yesterday, and nominated R. H. Hurlbert for Congress; all the counties in the district were represented.

CLEVELAND, O., 11.—Hiram Haskins, an old and wealthy citizen, hanged himself in a barn to-day; it is a case of supposed insanity.

BOSTON, 11.—Chas. H. Bullard, the alleged principal of the Boylston bank robbery, several years ago, was arrested at New York a few days since, and is now in jail here; immediately after the robbery Bullard sailed for Paris, where he has since resided until two months ago.

MEMPHIS, 11.—The men arrested at Pickettsville on the charge of complicity in the assassination of the negro prisoners taken from Trenton jail, arrived here this afternoon in charge of a file of soldiers; they will be examined before a U. S. Commissioner to-morrow.

ST. PAUL, 11.—General Custer's final official report to General Terry recapitulates his former statements, and takes strong ground in favor of the immediate opening of the Black Hills for the military; he endorses the report of gold discoveries and suggests further explorations next season, nevertheless Professors Winchell and Donaldson assert that Custer does not know, of his own knowledge, that any color of gold was found in the Black Hills.

NEW YORK, 11.—The Plymouth church prayer meeting, to-night, was very largely attended; nearly all the prayers and speeches referred to the absent pastor with affection and confidence. Bro. Cleveland, who had recently seen Beecher in the country, informed the congregation that their pastor was cheerful and unmoved by slander, and was coming back on October the first to resume his duties.

The Herald has, by cable, a long communication from Marshal Bazaine, addressed to James Gordon Bennett, thanking the Herald in particular and American journals in general for the strong marks of sympathy he has received at their hands. In American journals he says he has always found the best defenders and most impartial critics. He reviews the circumstances of his trial and conviction, and says he was made the expiatory victim for the faults of the French army and nation; but he will await the verdict of time and history.

LEXINGTON, Mo., 12.—A shooting affray, growing out of an old feud, occurred here this afternoon between Deputy Marshal L. A. Kane and Deputy Sheriff Eugene Ewing, in which Kane was killed and Ewing mortally wounded.