# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, LESSEES.

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All communications should be addressed to

DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

Telephone 56. Salt Lake City, Utah.


## CITY AND COUNTY SCHOOLS.

After a careful reading of Mr. Moffat's letter regarding the separate maintenance of city and county schools, which appears in another part of this issue, the NEWS finds no cogent reason for changing its view, formerly expressed, upon this subject. The Constitution confirms the separate maintenance and control by boards of education, as now, of schools for first and second class cities; but it does not inhibit the Legislature providing a system of taxation for a State school fund from which city schools may receive support as at present.

Schools in the cities are to be maintained and controlled apart from the counties, by the cities themselves; yet they receive support from the State school fund. The means of maintaining county schools is left to the Legislature, with the direction that support therefor comes from the State school fund, which, "together with such other means as the Legislature may provide, shall be distributed among the several school districts according to the school population resting therein." This would seem to leave the matter just where it is now, except that there is a constitutional provision against city schools depending on the county funds for maintenance or being subject to the control of the county outside of municipal limits. Certainly the first section of article 10 of the Constitution, or the fourth section, cannot be regarded imperative to give a special construction to section 6. The provisions for establishing and maintaining a uniform school system are to be made by the Legislature. It would be a strained construction of the Constitution to think that schools in cities of the first and second classes may not receive moneys from a State school fund raised by taxation on all property in the State, or that county schools may not receive support in just the same way. The Legislature may tax for the general school fund; but there appears no provision in the Constitution by which counties may assess a tax within cities for the support of schools therein or outside. Cities of the classes named are removed wholly from county control or responsibility in school matters; but they are within State supervision in the special points which our correspondent indicates, and with the Legislature vests the power to meet every condition necessary to place the responsibility of support precisely where it is now. We believe that the view held by our correspondent is not opposed to this construction; and that whether the process be through the county agency, as now, or by the State direct, as would be the case under the view taken by Mr. Moffat, as we understand him, ultimately it is the same thing in its effect on the county schools.

## THE CHOLERA SCARE.

On account of the prevalence of Asiatic cholera on the Pacific Coast of Asia and its appearance in Hawaii for the first time, it is thought, in those islands, health officers on this side of the Pacific have been stirred up to laudable activity, to prevent, if possible, the dread disease from entering this country, or, if it should appear, to confine it within early controllable limits. In the precautions taken the best protection is offered against the scourge.

It is now generally understood that where cholera spreads it is on the cuisine where it is endemic or epidemic, as it seems to be in certain parts of Asia, the vehicle of its transmission is to at once the discharges of persons already fleeted. The disease germ may be diffused through contagion of air or in the water of rivers, and by various other means that access to the bodies of healthy persons. But it seems to prefer low, marshy countries and to avail itself of unclean and unsanitary conditions. And it is commonly known that among the predisposing causes neglect of sanitary rules stands as a factor than others to the fatal disease are so to influence one of cumulative methods, such as fatigue, unhealthy food, drunkenness, intemperance, uncleanliness and living in overcrowded localities with unfortunate hygienic surroundings.

In this country the precautions have proved so as to give much hope that we shall escape, if there at present any exception exists, that the reports of its ravages to other parts of the world should be a reminder of the necessity of acting, at all times, habits of temperance in all things and hygienic conditions, in order that the system may be kept strong and in a condition to resist the infectious disease germs of every kind. Habitations and their immediate surroundings should be kept especially clean in order that decomposition vegetations and other similar matter may not offer a breeding ground for filth sickness. Temperance and cleanliness are certainly the foundations of health and life.

## THE SHEEP INDUSTRY.

The reports of the flocks and herds stock industry should furnish a new pointer for Utah sheep owners. The accumulation of the product of wool, and a lot of Utah sheep from the highest price of the day, $2.80, may be gratifying as suggestive of the quality that can be raised here. At the same time the general reports of the market also suggest to Utah sheepmen that an income basis in getting rid of their lambs and one and two year olds, even at a comparatively high price, is and exactly the wisest kind of a business proposition, except with those who have no other outlet. It presents a distinction in the number of stock sheep two or three years hence that may be regarded as disastrous in the industry which therefore has not and yet is entitled to a hearing place.

Owing to the general business depression, the past other years has witnessed an enormous reduction in the number of sheep in this country, and consequently in the wool producing capacity. This reduction has been the cause of the improved condition of the wool industry, and the advance of prices. Purchase in just now for some time to come. As matters stand at present, the West may have to be looked for supplies of mainly supplying the domestic market, in both wool and mutton. In the East, it is shown that the sheep have decreased in numbers, in some of the states, fifty per cent since 1882, and for bulk that now goes to the Chicago market is from the West. The reports show that the western sheep owners are now more eager in selling than when their sales are abundant. August, 1894, was known as virtually a panic month, so great was the rush of sheep into the Chicago market; yet the report for August, 1895, shows an increase of 40,000 over that of the corresponding month the preceding year, while an excess of 3,000 for the first week in September indicates that the haste to sell is still an apparent feature. Under these conditions many western sheepmen have sold out almost every one, two, or three year old sheep in their flocks, so that now their stock is at the point of certain deterioration.

According to the proportion of Utah men in the last named class is the unfortunate state of the outlook in the face of what the future must bring. Speaking to the point, it may be said that the sheep owner who has his flock in good condition never had a better prospect than at present; while the man who holds only an old stock is in the situation either to get out of the business quickly or lose considerably in restocking. With the reduced number of sheep in the country, there will be room for demand for the next few years the industry will be as profitable as can be desired; and Utah sheep owners ought to have and keep their flocks in a condition to take advantage of circumstances that may be made to accrue to their benefit. Don't get rid of the lambs and young sheep that make a hardy and productive flock.

## DEFENDER AND VALKYRIE.

The coming race for the American cup between Defender and Valkyrie III is remarkable for the compromise of ideas expressed in the models of the two competing yachts. The experience of the Vigilant last summer, when repeatedly beaten by the Britons, established the necessity of modifying the American theory of the superiority of the centerboard, and the English idea of a boat with narrow beam and deep that has also been abandoned in the Valkyrie. The result is that the new defending yacht this year resembles each other more closely than any formerly engaged in the race for the coveted prize.

According to the descriptions published, the Britons are stressing the Defender were some for their breadth of beam and great sail-carrying capacity, with a marked tendency, however, to wave an Indented deck. The Vigilant is so all intended to outpace a keel boat with her centerboard is hauled up, as she draws 7 inches less of water when in that condition and twenty inches feet. When the board is down. There seems the idea prevails the British boat of building, leaving the weight low on the keel. Both of the British cutters that have challenged for the cup have, however, been the customary shallow and flat-bottom yachts—for decks of their and extreme beam—as a leader—and one, if anything, looking narrower than the pleasures on the deck, wide, and with heavy weights on the keel. Furthermore, the challenging yacht has always entered the race with the same racing yacht she had used by her in her home waters. Evidently the contest between our and American adversary, as in the spread of canvas, has been unfortunate in part. Sail carrying capacity has invariably won the race.

Last year, for the first time, in the history of the America cup races, the British have built a yacht expressly designed to sail in American waters in the fall weather of the Eastern coast. The Valkyrie III is unusually broad in the beam for a British yacht, exceeding that of the Defender by four feet, and she has a draft within six inches of that of the Defender. This gives her the power to carry an area of canvas unequaled by any British yacht of her inches ever before built.

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PERHAPS THE oldest pavement ever laid is one just completed at Colusa, Cal., says The Scientific American. It is made mostly of molasses. The head chemist of a sugar factory at Colusa, Mr. E. Turke, was led to make certain experiments, of which the new sidewalk, a thousand feet long, from the factory to the main street, is the result. The molasses used is a refuse product, hitherto believed to be of no value. It is simply mixed with a certain kind of sand to about the consistency of asphalt and laid like an asphalt pavement. The composition dries quickly and becomes quite hard, and remains so. The peculiar point of it is that the sun only makes it drier and harder, instead of softening it. A block of the composition, two feet long, a foot wide, and one inch thick, was submitted to severe tests and stood them well.

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DURING THE sitting of the Maori Parliament recently at Rotorua, New Zealand, a resolution to the government was adopted, a petition having been previously signed by thirty chiefs and over sixty other representative members of the 43,000 natives in the colony, to the following effect:

This Parliament at Rotorua, at the representatives of the Maori race throughout New Zealand, deposes the fact that the Maori people have suffered more grievous calamities, diminished in numbers, and been ruined by the introduction from strong drink and the consumption it leads to than from any other cause, and appeals to the Hon. R. J. Seddon, premier of New Zealand, to provide in his new licensing bill that the selling and supplying of liquor to Maoris shall be prohibited everywhere in the colony as it is by law at present in the three native districts of Tauranga, Waipa and Mangonui, and that no license shall be granted to convert which a man of any native owned land.

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A SHOCK OF fever is reported from Hollis, Russia, where it occurred on July 21st between midnight and 4 a.m. The fences which were placed up every where, on streets and in fields, seemed to feel the spasm known as fever of ague. As in other similar cases, the fences were both less drawn into the air by a whirlwind from some lake or other body of water.


## THE ANIMAL EXTRACTS:

**Cerebrine,** extract of the brain of the ox, for Nervous Prostration, Insomnia, etc.

**Cardine,** extract of the Heart, for functional weakness of the heart.

**Medulline,** extract of the Spinal Cord, for Locomotor Ataxia.

**Testine,** for Premature decay.

**Ovarine,** for diseases of women.

**Thyroidine,** for Eczema and Incontinence of the blood.

DOSE, 5 DROPS. PRICE, $1.00

COLUMBIA CHEMICAL CO.

Sold by Druggists. Washington, D. C.

Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., Agents for Utah.

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By ordering your coal from C. S. Martin, you get it clean and promptly delivered. Office corner McCornick's Bank.

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S. B. Bassett, of Carthage, W. Dak., says: "Parks' Sure Cure cures all other medicines by themselves and thoroughly do rules. For sale by F. J. Hill & Co., and Nelden Jensen Drug Co.

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**Utah Commercial and Savings Bank** general banking business; pays 3 per cent on deposits. F. Armstrong, Pres., P. W. Madsen, Vice-Pr ses., J. E. Jennings, cashier.

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When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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TAYLOR, ROMNEY, ARMSTRONG COMPANY.

**Burlington Route Dining Cars.**

The Burlington route is the only line running dining cars on the "A. B. C. and Q." line, between Denver and Omaha, Kansas City and Chicago. Passengers have to pay only for what they eat. Be sure that your tickets read via the Burlington route.

You will save money by trading with the old Gentile Pain Drug Co.

The direct line to Kansas City, St. Louis and Atlantic seaboard, is via the Missouri Pacific Railway, from Pueblo. Through sleeping and chair cars, and all connections made in Union depots in the day time. If you are going East and care for a daylight ride through the grandest scenery of the Rocky Mountains en route, see that your ticket reads via Missouri Pacific Railway. Elegant chair cars positively free to holders of regular train tickets.

H. R. Kinsey, C. F. & P. A., 21 Main Block, Salt Lake City.

A free sample can of the new High Three Crown Baking Powder will be sent to every house in the city. Kindly give it a trial, and if equal to the best imported, we know you will give the home made goods the preference.

Notice to the Public.

After this one no tickets to Beck's H. S. Bathing Establishment will be sold. Great Salt Lake Hot Springs Railway Company, by

S. RAMESBURG, Receiver and General Manager.

September 2, 1895.

SANITARY BEATH TRAINS.

From September 4th Will Run as Follows:

| Leave Salt Lake | Arrive Saltair | Leave Saltair | Arrive Salt Lake. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 10:00 a. m. | 10:30 a. m. | 10:30 a. m. | 11:0 a. m. |
| 2:00 p. m. | 2:30 p. m. | 3:00 p. m. | 3:30 p. m. |
| 4:00 p. m. | 4:30 p. m. | 5:00 p. m. | 5:30 p. m. |
| 6:00 p. m. | 6:30 p. m. | 7:00 p. m. | 7:30 p. m. |

Usual excursions Sunday.

Ogden's Outbreaks afternoon and evening. Depot corner First South and Fourth West. Fare 50 cents.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, August 8th, 1895.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that they will on OCTOBER 1st, 1895, reduce the interest on savings deposits to four per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.

THE DESERET SAVINGS BANK.
UTAH TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY.

Japanese insect powder has no equal. Sure exterminator, at Gentile Pain Drug store.

Have glasses fitted by Dr. Steinmetz after before to gives Eset, 304 Progress Building.

AN OPINION GIVEN.

Recently Mr. J. D. Thomas, of North Dakota, visited the Shenandoah Valley, Virginia, and after carefully examining the country located in "Valley Land," he writes to Mr. V. Blomain, Land and Immigration Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, Baltimore, Maryland, as follows: "I have been in every state and territory of the United States, and am frank to say that this valley surpasses all other sections in the Union. The land is low in price, and produce profitable crops. I thank you for directing me here, and solicit those seeking a comfortable and profitable home to come to this country."

Mrs. W. J. Fahey, of Le Roy, N. Y., says: "Have tried fifty cough cures. Parks' Cough syrup is the only one that helps me. I know it is the best cough remedy." For sale by F. J. Hill & Co., and Nelden Jensen Drug Co.

Sufferers from Attacks of Cholera Morbus should be very careful in the choice of a medicine. Mr. Geo. Ward, of Ashland, last summer, E. T., writes: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for three years and have never had occasion to change it. I have never yet found it to be the 'one thing needed' in a dangerous case." This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

# AN INVENTIVE AGE!

SCIENCE LEADS THE WAY.

There is economy, promptitude, enjoyment and variety, with the least trouble, whether at home or on a picnic, while cooking and over-heating are reduced to a minimum, by using

## PORTABLE FOODS.

# Z. C. M. I.

Can supply the epicurean as well as the one whose tastes are moderate, the day laborer or mechanic, as easy as the millionaire.

## The GROCERY DEPT.

Of today is the latest miracle, and that appetite is capricious indeed, if it can remain unsatisfied, and the cost is no less a warrant than the goods.

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.

# A UTAH EXPERT

Recently picked a piece of imported cloth to pieces and found that five-sixths of it was shoddy and cotton-made, from cast off clothing, and only one-sixth wool. You can get suits of home made clothes, either or children, boys, young men or men, from Provo & Deseret Mills' cloth, guaranteed all wool, from Utah sheep, at less prices than is asked for the imported, shoddy cloth.

We make a $5.00 pair of all wool pants, which are 25 per cent. cheaper than you would have to pay in the East.

We keep a full stock of Provo & Deseret Woolen Mills' goods at wholesale or retail, consisting of Ladies' Tailor-made Suiting Cloths, Woolen Dress Goods, Shawls, Blankets, all colors of Woolen Yarns, Plain and Twilled Flannels, Jeans, Boys' Tweeds, Cassimeres, Wool Batting, Sax Linsey and Flannel Shirtings, Shirtings, Overshirts, Undershirts and Drawers, Hosiery, etc.; also Children's, Boys' and Men's Ready-made Clothing.

## John C. Cutler & Bros.,

AGENTS PROVO & DESERET WOOLEN MILLS.

36 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

## WANTED.

SALTAIR TRAINS on Page 8

EVERY ONE TO KNOW THAT WE ARE buying and selling sure raw and second-hand goods that are worth money in the West. M. Webber, 307-309 Main Street.

HAVE YOUR SEWING MACHINE repaired, your chairs and sofa repaired by the Idaho Sanitary Company. All work guaranteed. Telephone 1511. 107 EAST MAIN STREET.

$80 MINISTER, TEACHERS, LADIES, MARRIED OR SINGLE, NEW COOK, Wonderful Seller. Sample 25 new plan. Dinner, Salad Fast. Fast. Sales. Ex. perience not needed. Address, Rotarian Pub. Co., Phila.

FURNITURE:

OUR ACCOUNT OF OUR LARGE AND INCREASING TRADE WE HAVE MADE GOODS Any thing in the furniture line you have to buy we want. Come and see us before selling. M. Webber, 307-309 Main street.

SCAVENGER No. 5.

Cesspools and Cesspools Cleaned. N. J. SANDBERG, Address: 126 East Seventh Avenue. Office, 241 Main Street.

THE UTAH JUNK HOUSE

WILL PAY CASH FOR RAGS, BONES, Iron, Rubber, Bottles, Spikes and all kinds of Metals. 56, 58 East Eighth South St.

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

NEW BRICK HOUSE AND 14 LOTS ON 1st ave. W. Will trade for horse and buggy or lots of equal value. Enquire of Mrs. Ellen Ward, 1 Ward Block, Opposite Z. C. M. I. Dry Goods Store, Second floor, Sugar House Ward.

NOTICE.

PARTIES HAVING SEVERAL ROOMS Furnished or unfurnished, will write, stating full particulars to Box 1, Assoc. Commercial Security Company, City.

## MONEY TO LOAN.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE, STOCKS and Bonds. Money to loan on personal security. Taylor Bros., North Main Street.

"Keep Money at Home!"

SECURING IN

THE HOME FIRE OF UTAH.

Capital, $250,000.
Surplus to policy holders, 200,000.

DIRECTORS:

Heber J. Grant, Jos. F. Smith, H. Dinwoodey, Geo. Romney, Geo. Ed. Pyle, Wm. Jennings, Jos. F. Smith, Henry Dinwoodey, Jos. F. Smith, Henry Ballard, Thos. R. Cutler, Thos. Ellerbeck, Geo. Q. Cannon, Jos. F. Smith, Geo. Q. Cannon, Jr., Chas. S. Zeppelin, Jos. F. Smith, Jr., Chas. W. Nibley, Geo. Romney, Jr., Jos. F. Smith, Jr., Chas. W. Nibley, Jr.,