WAR TO THE KNIFE

And the Knife to the Hilt Pro-

claimed by Premier

Stolypin.

SUPPRESSION ORDER OF DAY.

Policy Determined Upon is One of Re-

WITH REVOLUTION

DESERET EVENING NEWS: WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1906.



action and Will be Brutally Enforced. ft Petersburg, July 24 - War to the knife with revolution and knife to the hit was proclaimed today by Premier Storypin in a telegram addressed to the governor generals, governors and prefects throughout Russla and to the viceroy of the Caucasus, who are ordered to strike and spare not in efforts to preserve order and crush "the encmies of society." Included in this category, as shown by the events of the day, are not only revolutionists and socialists, but also the educated liberal and landed classes represented in the Constitutional Democratic party, whose clubs everywhere have been closed and all the progressive newspapers, which are not permitted to lift . their " volces anywhere throughout the entire land.

Premier Stolypin's telegram is as fol-JOWS:

"In conformity with instructions received from the emperor with the view to securing full co-operation between the different local authorities, I hereby inform you that the government extiring supervision over your subordi-nates, so that order may be promptly and definitely restored. Disturbances must be suppressed and revolutionary movements must be put down by all legal means. The measures you take must be carefully considered. The struggle begun is against the enemies of society, and not society itself. Consequently wholesale repression can. not be approved of. Imprudent and illegal acts are likely to give rise to discontent instead of conducing to calm and cannot be tolerated. The intentions of the emperor are immutable. The government firmly desires to assist in the amendment of the legal procedure and the laws hitherto enforced which no ionger serve their purpose. The old regime will not be regenerated, but or-der must be fully maintained. You must act on your own initiative, as you are invested with responsibility. Firm and vigorous steps taken in these lines will doubtless be upheid by the best part of society.

The manifesto bears a remarkable similarity to the curller compositions of Ministers of the Interior Picture and Bouligin, and the reactionary press has had slight difficulty in cutting it down. as they already had done with yester-day's manifesto, into an appeal to the arme of Russian men" and other old-teol Russians to rise and smite all 1

Ecode Hussians to rise and south all the progressive classes. Even before the declaration of the dissolution of the lower house of par-hament, the war office had perfected its plans for handling expected disor-ders, both military and civilian. Gen-eral Muller Zakoncisky, who suppressed the Sabastard evolt and comparements. the Sebastopol revolt and co-operated with Gen. Rennenkampt in the reof the Elleviers

(crk) H. Lawrence and Luke McSherry, all of Brooklyn. It is alleged that the cancellation marks were removed by the use of chemicals, after which the strops were ironed. LAND FRAUD CASES. Threat to Forfeit Bond Restored Atty. Hoge to Health. ortland, Or. ay groaning and to all intents unconscious in his room yesterday, Martin G. Hoge, on trial for land frauds, had so far recovered today as to walk into ourt and take the witness stand. Special Prosecutor Heney's threat to for-feit his bond if he did not appear to-day seemed to have an elixir effect, and the man whose counsel said yesterday would be dead today seemed to be himself when he appeared in court. Hoge's bondsmen of Medford came to Portland today for the express purpose of sur-tendering him to the United States marshal. It is probable, however, they vili not surrender him now the trial is

winter, was recalled from the command of a corps and placed at the disposition of the war office, to be used anywhere trouble is manifested. Both the government and the revolu-

tionists expect the first outbreak in the south, and that it will roll northward to the two capitals. This may induce the proletarial organizations to postpone the declaration of a general strike from St. Petersburg until contagion is borne up from the south. The railroads, however, are anxious to have this strike declared at once. Members of the railway employes' union, with whom the Associated Press correspondonts here and in Moscow have talked declared that they were ready to walk out at the first call from the League of Leagues, with which the union is federated.

The strictest censorship over news of military disorders is maintained. As in example, the mutiny at Brest-Lit-ovsk, July 27, when a band of artillerymen from the fortress fired on the offi-cers' club, killing two officers, has been transformed into a fire destroying the house of the officers' club.

The ministry is obtaining slight ald from the forces of society at large in from the brough its policy. Shipeff and guelkoff and practically all the others who have been approached have re-fused flatly to participate in the en-larged cabinet proposed. Of the members of the late parliament only Prince Nikolal Lyoff of Saratov, who, though Acconstitutional Democrat, is a personal frigial of Premier Stolypin, is under-stood to have given the plan favorable onsideration, and it is said tonight at he probably will accept a minis-try postfolio try portfolio.

The Constitutional Damocratic club and two other polltical clubs wer-closed today by order of police author-A caucus of Constitutional Demccrats was being held at the club nam-

l at the time. Prince Paul Dolgoroukoff, chairman of the central executive committee ap-pointed at Viborg on Monday, has called a meeting of that committee, which will arrange a secret caucus tomerrow to discuss further factics. Mosmended the summoning of a bational convention of the party, but this will

scarcely be allowed by the authorities. Meetings are being held tonight in a dozen houses in St. Petersburg, and just across the frontier railway employes, pensants, socialists and revolu-tionists of different shades of opinion are discussing the best plan of acti to throw the whole muchinery of the government out of gear.

Agrarian disorders have broken out in the vicinity of St. Petersburg. The estate of Gen. Baron Frederick, side de camp to the amperor, 40 miles from the capital, has been plundered by peasants. Gen. Frederick asked for freeps from Gatschina, but ups in-formed that the situation was too seri-ous to permit of the changing of the present milliary dispositions.



pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful

remedy is always appliedexternally, and has carried thousands of women through

the trying crisis without suffering. Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers. The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Es.

Today witnessed the resting of the covernment's side and the beginning of defendant's case with the testimony f Mrs. Ida M. Hoge, wife of the of Ars. Ida at. Hoge, whe of the de-tendant, and Hoge himself. The burden of Hoge's story was that he had been fooled by Miller in common with the many others victimized from Placer and Medford, Or.

W. D. Fenton, attorney for State Sen-ator Mays, appeared and asked until tofrow in which to consult with his lient and decide whether to accept the preposition made yesterday by Mr. Peney to substitute the trial of the "Hige Mountain reserve" case for the rule set first for trial, in which Mays is indicted with S. A. D. Puter, H. J. McKinley and others, all of whom have been convicted. In the Blue mountain case Mays is charged jointly with Con-gressman Hermann, Williamson and others.

RELIEF OF REFUGEES.

Issuing of Clothing Should be Stopped

San Francisco, July 24 .- After an exinsive investigation of the manner in which relief is being dispensed to refugees in this city, Allan Pollock of the refer and Red Cross funds associations has made recommendations for some homelees. He urges that the iscance of clothing be immediately stopped and that \$100,000 be appropriatd for the purpose of permitting orders o be made on retail stores for clothing. Me Pollock would have \$10 given each refugee for the purpose of assistadvises the immediate abolishment of

soup kitchens. Other features of the scheme outlined Mr. Follock are to have \$500,000 disthuted among charitable institutions or relief work; the immediate compleat a cost of \$160,000, of an alms-for refugees who will be permacharges, the building of a clothing actory at a cost of \$100,000, where em clayment will be given to former San Francisco citizens. The total cost of Mr. Pollock's plan is \$1,710,00.



