the Tribune calls "a frank and full fair retraction. " I t WAR and to do anything known пелег " frankly kind and the of fairly," but usually when cornered, like other venomous reptiles, shows its fangs in rage, and bites and darts and stings wherever it can find a spot to strike.

A quotation or two from the bogus "Address" will show whether there was nothing in it but what was taught in the Tabernacle:

"If I had my way not a house would be left standing which sheltered a knav-ish Gentile."

"Ie who kills a Gentile rids the earth of a serpent and adds a star to his own

"The blood of the Gentile persecutors shall be spilled on their own thresholds to appease the anger of our Prophet."
"The thieving Murray Issues orders to the Saints of God, and defies everyone but the devil, who is his sponsor. His head will be placed upon the walls of our city and his entrails be scattered throughout the street of Zion."
"I command every true disciple of

out the street of Zion.
"I command every true disciple of Christ to watch out for this d—d interloper, and ye know that there is protection enough for you in Zion if ye kill the whole Genule race."

"He should and must be trod upon until his bowels gushed out upon the streets."

The work must not stop at the destruction of one of these hell-hounds, these Erebuus-like pestilences in the folds of the anointed, but must extend even to the furthermost corners of the earth, until every heretic out of hell was sent home, and the Latter-day Saints were rulers of the land." "The work must not stop at the de-

diately visited upon you and your children if these divine commands go unheeded." "The direct plagues shall be imme-

These are specimen sentences from the bogus "Address," which was evidentiy prepared for Murray's use, as he left for the East the same it was published, taking day with him a bundle of Tribunes containing it, which he expected to use on his "mission" against the "Mormons." These are the kind of instructions that the Tribune says were given in Tabernacle harangues, and such a statement it calls "a full and fair retraction."

What the DESERET NEWS has endorsed or not endorsed, what the editor has done or not done-the implied charge against him however is simply a cowardly lie-what may have been said or done hy anybody else, will not alter the facts of the publication of that villainous Address, nor still the cries of the blood of innocence, which, from the soil of Tennessee, go up heaven against the instigators and perpetrators of their cruel murder, largely due to that bloodthirsty libel. The sneaking attempt to divert attention by pointing the finger at the other boy, only confirms the proofs of the guilt of his accuser.

FALSE, OF COURSE.

"The organ of the Lord is just now devoting much space to prove that murderers, after they have received their punishment will be brought forth and partake of the work of redemption."

OF course the foregoing is from the Salt Lake Tribune, and of course it is We might be in doubt not true. NEWS OF the DESERRY whether Herald Was meant in first line, as the Tribune calls the latter, which is a secular and Democratic paper, "The Lord's own," but for the fact that we have been offering proofs of the Tribune's false report of a sermon touching on that subject, therefore we know that the title is this time meant for the DESERET NEWS.

Passing by the ribald reference to this paper, we will remark, the DESERET NEWS has not attempted to prove anything of the kind and has offered no views of its own on the subject. The Tribune stated that a prominent official of the Church said certain things in the Tabernacle on Sunday which he did not say, and which were the exact reverse of what he did and we quoted his SBV. marks, proving that both the Trib. unc's report and its attempt to draw an unwarranted inference to justify its misrepresentations were Tribune inventions, self-contradictory and selfconfounding.

Instead of making a "frank and full and fair retraction," it simply lies again and tries to build up another structure of mire on its mudsills of falsebood.

When the Tribune acknowledges the injustice of its reporter to the speaker at the Tabernacle on Sunday, we may answer some of its sneering queries and ignorant surmises. But now we are content with the statement, that this paper has not been devoting any space to proving anything of the kind

ned in the paragraph we have quoted from the Pribune.

TURMOIL IN CHINA.

A DAY or two ago a dispatch from China stated that a most serious state of aff irs existed in that country over the agitation against foreigners. Between the Chinese government and the Ministers of Foreign Affairs, it is said, the best of harmony does not prevail. The Chinese authorities have been told that unless they make speedy reparation for the injuries and abuses complained of, a joint naval demonstration of French, American, British and German vessels of war will be made in the near future.

more portentous than is generally treaties fixing low rates of duties on im-

supposed. That vast empire is not as politically solid as it is said to be. There are in China a number of secret societies seeking the overthrow of the government. These societies it is commonly believed are inciting outrages on foreigners, in order to embroil the government with foreign powers. The European diplomats understand this, and are trying not to play into the hands of the revolutionists.

It appears that the Chinese government also realizes the position it is likely to be placed in, in case of continued outrages on foreigners. The first outbreak occurred early in June last. On the 12th of that mouth an imperial decree was issued, ordering effective action on the part of governors of provinces and commanders of troops, to prevent a repetition of the attack on foreigners. The decree stated to the people that there was nothing hurtful in Christiauity and "that peace and quiet should reign between the Chinese and the missionaries."

It is true M. Ribot, the Franch statesman, told the secretary of the Chinese legation at Paris that if "you do not succeed better than you have in suppressing these riots we shall be obliged to help you." But it was not this which urged the promulgation of the Chinese imperial decree, for the simple reason that the decree was issued several days before Ribot uttered the quoted words.

Floods and famine have produced indescribable misery in China recently. This adds to the discontent and helps the political reformers. uncle of the present Emperor is said to be at the head of the conspirators for the overthrow of the existing dynasty. He is said to be the Chinese Bismark. About September 1st is fixed on for a regular uprising at Nankin. Foreigners resident in China at that time will have a critical period to bridge over. England has 16 ships in Chinese waters, France and Germany have several but the United States have only one or two old hulks there.

The secret societies are largely composed of disbanded soldiers who had been receiving pensions, but whose pensions were stopped some time ago. In some of the interior provinces, the common people are led to believe that the presence of foreigners causes floods and famine, and that to appease the ulvinities these foreigners must be eacrificed. Then the opium traffic generally follows the missionary and the foreigner, and Chinese who are opposed to this, take sides with the anti-foreign factions.

But strangest of all free-trade enters The situation in China is really into the Chinese discontent. By