

wrong. The exercise of such a power without constitutional warrant would simply be brute force, a tyrannical exercise of power unreviewable by any tribunal.

After citing the constitutional provision as to the qualifications of a representative in Congress the report proceeds:

"It is seriously contended that this House can of its own motion by its own independent action create for the purposes of this case a legal disqualification. This House alone cannot make or make the law of the land. It is only clear that the House by its independent action cannot, if it would, make for this case, any disqualifying regulation that would have the force of law."

The report then extensively reviews the law and precedents bearing on the case. The main heads are as follows:

"First—It is a grave question as to whether Congress can by a law duly enacted add to the qualifications negatively stated in the Constitution. There is no decision of the U. S. Supreme court directly or indirectly constraining this provision. There is no decision of any State court directly in point.

"Second—If the right to add a disqualification by law is assumed, the disqualification imposed by the House does not apply to members of Congress and therefore does not affect Mr. Roberts. The only portion of the section that can be said to have any application to a member of the House of Representatives is that which declares that 'no polygamist' etc., shall be entitled to hold any office or place of public trust, honor or emolument under the United States."

"Unless a member of the House holds an office under the United States within the meaning of the Constitution and the law, there is no disqualification."

Continuing the report says:

"This House by its independent action, cannot make law for any purpose. The adding by this House, acting alone, of a qualification not established by law, would not only be a violation of the Constitution and the law, but it would establish a most dangerous precedent, which could hardly fail to 'return to plague the inventor.'"

"You might feel that the grave moral and social aspects of this case allowed you to—"

"Wrest once the law to your authority."

"To do a great right, do a little wrong."

"But what warrant have you, when the barriers of the Constitution are once broken down, that there may not come after us a House with other standards of morality and propriety which will create other qualifications with no rightful foundation, and the best and unreviewable of public concern—since there is no definite standard by which to determine the existence of qualifications—will add anything that may be necessary to accomplish the desired result? Exigency will determine the sufficiency. It would no longer be a government of laws, but of men. To thus depart from the Constitution and substitute force for law is to embark upon a trackless sea, without chart or compass, with almost a certainty of disaster and wreck."

The report concludes as follows:

"A small partisan majority might render the desire to arbitrarily exclude a majority vote in order to more securely trench itself in power irresistible. Hence its exercise is controlled by legal rules. In case of expulsion, when the requisite two-thirds can be had, the motive for the exercise of arbitrary power no longer exists, as a two-thirds partisan majority is sufficient for every purpose. Hence expulsion has been safely left in the discretion of the House and the safety of the members does not need the protection of legal rules."

"It seems to us settled upon reason and authority that the power of the House to expel is a power which is not the legal proposition involved may be thus fairly summarized:

"The power of exclusion is a matter of law, to be exercised by a majority vote in accordance with legal principles, and is not a power which a member-elect lacks some of the qualifications required by the Constitution. The power of exclusion is made by the Constitution purely a matter of discretion, to be exercised by a two-thirds vote, fairly intelligent, conscientiously, with a due regard to propriety, and the honor and integrity of the House, and the rights of the individual member. For the abuse of this discretion we are responsible only to our constituents, our conscience and to God."

"We believe that Mr. Roberts has the legal constitutional right to be sworn in as a member, but the facts are such that we further believe the House, in the exercise of its discretion, not only justified but required by every principle of consideration to exclude him promptly after he becomes a member."

"We recommend the following as a substitute for the resolution proposed by the committee:

"Resolved: That Brigham H. Roberts, having been duly elected a representative in the Fifty-third Congress from the State of Utah, with the qualifications requisite for a mission to the House, as such is entitled by constitutional right to take the oath of office prescribed for members-elect, and as such is a polygamist, unlawfully cohabiting with plural wives, affording constitutional ground for expulsion, but not for exclusion from the House."

"And if the House shall hold with us and swear in Mr. Roberts as a member, we shall, as soon as recognition can be had, offer a resolution to expel him as a polygamist, unlawfully cohabiting with plural wives."

(Signed) D. A. LITTLEFIELD, DAVID A. DE ARMOND.

## JUDGMENT UPON SALE OF CATTLE

A. J. Hooker Must Pay \$3,500 Because of Failure in Contract.

## TWO MORE BANKRUPTCIES

Mining Suit Settled Out of Court—Albert Smith Files a Petition in Bankruptcy.

A judgment was taken by default this morning in the federal court in the case of E. M. Webb vs. A. J. Hooker. The action is one arising out of a failure upon the part of the defendant to fulfill the terms of an agreement entered into between the parties to the suit whereby the plaintiff agreed to act as agent for the defendant in the purchase of 10-head of cattle in Eastern Nevada, to receive as compensation one dollar per head for all purchased. The defendant agreed to place certain moneys in McCornick's bank to cover the price of said cattle and expenses, which the plaintiff was to check out in part payment for the cattle purchased. This he failed to do excepting the sum of \$1,000 paid for a number of cattle accepted by the defendant, the remainder of the checks drawn remaining unpaid.

Judgment was entered for \$3,500.

**Petition in Bankruptcy.**

Albert Smith, a clerk residing in Salt Lake City, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy this morning. The matter was taken up by the judge shortly after 10 o'clock and a judgment was entered in the case being referred to Referee Baldwin. There was only \$100 of secured indebtedness and \$1,150.75 of unsecured. The assets amount to \$300 worth of household goods claimed to be exempt.

**Butterfield and Crane Bankrupt.**

The jury in the involuntary bankruptcy case of Butterfield and Crane brought in a verdict last night declaring each of the defendants bankrupt. The defendant Butterfield had prior to the trial confessed bankruptcy.

**Settled Out of Court.**

In the case of the Conglomerate Mining company vs. T. R. Jones et al, the plaintiff filed a dismissal, the case having been settled out of court. A dismissal was ordered.

**FEDERAL COURT NOTES.**

The hearing on the discharge of John Beck from the bankruptcy court, was set by Judge Marshall for February 5th.

In the case of M. F. Murray vs. Henry Beal, the plaintiff filed a motion to take the bill as confessed.

In the bankruptcy case of Jos. E. Perkins an application of bankruptcy was made by Judge Marshall and the matter referred to Referee in Bankruptcy Baldwin.

In the bankruptcy case of Reender Flut an order was made referring the case to Thomas Maloney.

John Beck filed a petition for discharge as a bankrupt in the United States district court yesterday afternoon. Assignee Wilson says Beck is entitled to his discharge. He is of the opinion, however, that when the estate is finally settled that a surplus will be left for him.

**Sues on An Account.**

The Joshua Hendy Machine works has entered suit in the district court against the Bingham Mining company to recover \$322.65, alleged to be due for goods sold and delivered.

**Judge Norrell Goes to Coalville.**

Judge Norrell goes to Coalville Tuesday next for the purpose of setting the calendar for the February term.

**Suit to Quiet Title.**

The Deseret Savings Bank has filed suit in the Third district court against Jesse C. Little et al in which it is asked that title be quieted to certain premises in this city; also to a right of way leading to the property.

**Other Decisions Rendered.**

Other cases were decided by Judge Hiles today as follows:

Sarah J. Cavanaugh vs. O. J. Salisbury et al; motion to set aside judgment allowed.

George R. Perkins et al vs. John H. Wenden; motion to set aside referee's findings and report overruled.

May Cook vs. E. F. Cook; referred to Clerk Dunbar to take testimony and report.

New Mammoth Mining company vs. Alphonse Lamson (vs. Co.); motion to allow alias summons granted.

P. J. Daly vs. W. P. O'Meara; demurrer sustained.

W. A. Brady vs. W. H. West; demurrer sustained.

**REPORTS IN THE HOUSE.**

When the House met today Mr. Taylor (O.) chairman of the special committee to investigate the case of Representative-elect H. H. Roberts, presented the majority report in favor of the exclusion of Mr. Roberts and gave notice that he would call the case up on Tuesday.

Mr. Littlefield (Me.) presented the minority report in favor of seating Mr. Roberts and then explained by Mr. Littlefield, Republican, and Mr. De Armond, Democrat. Five thousand copies of the reports were ordered printed for general distribution. Mr. Roberts was in his seat during these proceedings but made no effort to address the House.

## LATE LOCAL NEWS.

F. T. Voligt swore to a complaint in the district court today charging Frank King, an inmate of the mission house, on Commercial street, with being an insane person. Voligt said King threatened to kill him and a number of others today.

It transpired today that if the man Erickson from Park City was robbed at all on Thursday night it was not at the Scandinavian saloon. It is certain he had his cash on him when he left that place.

Dr. Wright has been much annoyed by the false report that his family is afflicted with influenza. He believes the rumor to be the result of certain maliciously inclined persons whose identity he is endeavoring to discover.

## NEW PAPERS FOR LIBRARY.

Nels Forsberg has succeeded in procuring for the public library the Svenska Amerikanska, a silver political paper published in Minnesota, and the Svenska Amerikanaren, Republican, published in Chicago.

## NEW CITIZENS.

Andrew R. Nielsen of Denmark and John Erik of Sweden, both now of Salt Lake county, were admitted to citizenship by Judge Hiles today.



## WHAT YOU GET

When you buy a can of Three Crown Baking Powder you get an article which has ingredients which will insure you perfect satisfaction in what you eat. Our effort has been to put upon the market a high quality baking powder and to make the price such that any one and every one can afford to use it and our effort is to sell a baking powder that the most dainty will demand and that the most economical can buy, and has had its culmination in the Three Crown brand. It is all we claim for it because it is all a high quality baking powder should be.

Three Crown Baking Powder. Exclusive rights are sold everywhere in the international country. Ask for them and refuse all substitutes.

## HEWLETT BROS. CO.

rer argued and submitted; restraining order to continue in force.

Salt Lake City vs. Salt Lake City Water and Electrical Power company; demurrer argued and submitted.

Edward McLaughlin et al vs. Park City Bank; set down for trial January 30.

**Sadler Still Holds Deed.**

In the matter of the application of Salt Lake City to set aside and vacate deed to Alma C. Sadler, the demurrer to application was argued today and sustained.

**An Old Judgment Set Aside.**

In the case of Deseret National Bank vs. Thomas S. Enan, administrator of estate of Fred H. Farmer, deceased, and George A. Lowe, et al, intervenors, judgment rendered January 18, 1898, through an inadvertence of the clerk entered judgment in favor of plaintiff.

## POLICE POINTERS.

It seems to be the fate of Officer Smith to arrest nearly every individual who is filled with murder-breeding whisky. Last night he locked up John Nolan, who delivered the following from the interior of the jail-house: "Yes, Judge, I ought to be in the pen for a while, but I'm not a policeman. Ah, he let me loose for the spoils of a second, and I'll clean out the 'bull' of you, so will."

A lady's gold watch chain has been found by Officer Simpson. It is believed to be one stolen from Henry Bock's residence in Kaysville some time ago.

It has been reported to the police that a \$40 bicycle, the property of Dell Jacobs, was stolen from the hall of the Hooper building on Thursday night.

A warrant has been issued by Judge Timmony for Frank Williams on the charge of burglarizing the barn of E. P. Yowell and stealing a set of harness. Present Williams is in the county jail awaiting the action of the district court on the charge of house-breaking.

About 11:30 last night a gentleman who was walking along west First South street observed James Brown, proprietor of a five-cent barber shop, enter his place of business accompanied by two young girls.

The girls were Elizabeth Chapman and Clara Jackson, aged 17 and 15 years respectively. The gentleman who witnessed the three enter the place, at once notified Officers Lincoln and Williams.

Officer Pack was called to assist, and he and Williams went to the rear of the shop, while Lincoln stood on guard at the front door. The two officers who went to the rear door found that there was no light in the room, but the girls were plainly heard.

Brown and the Chapman girls were urging the younger girl to enter upon a life of shame. Simultaneously the officers began pounding on the front and rear doors and calling upon Brown to come out. The barber continued to make some excuse, saying that he would open the door soon. The officers demanded that it be opened immediately, or they would force their way in. Brown opened the door.

As the officers rushed in, the Nelson girl was crying. Brown begged the policemen to let the matter drop. "I would give you one hundred dollars if you will not take these girls to police headquarters," Brown's appeals might as well have been directed to the walls for all the effects they had. At the station both girls swore they had not been ruined, but admitted that only the timely arrival of the officers prevented it. Lizzie Chapman broke down and sobbed hysterically, but the younger girl was calm and seemingly did not realize her shameful situation. According to Miss Nelson, the girls went to the Theatre at Brown's, who connection with the Chapman girl prevailed upon her to go to the barber's room. Lizzie Chapman has been keeping company with Brown.

The girls are cousins. Miss Chapman resides at No. 237 West Fourth South, and Miss Nelson at No. 329 West Sixth North. Both were detained in Chief Hiles' office last night, while Brown was thrown in jail.

Johnnie Whitecotton, a newsboy, was taken into custody by a Tribune agent this morning for purloining papers from front door yards. People have been complaining that their papers were missing nearly every day, so this morning a number of them were marked. When arrested Johnnie had eleven marked papers under his arm.

Early this morning word was received at headquarters that a man was trying to force his way into a place designated as "657 South Main." Officer Sperry and Patrol Driver Cannon made an "emergency" run to the place but no burglar could be found. They learned that their man was on State street trying to get into a shoe-maker's shop. Further investigation disclosed the fact that the trouble was occasioned by a drunken man, but the officers were unable to locate him.

Detective Sheets arrested Frank Howard as he was leaving the theatre with his best girl one night, on suspicion that Howard is the man who worked the "rush act" on Henry Fairfield the other day to the tune of \$50. No charge is as yet booked against Howard although he is occupying a cell in the city jail.

**TO CURE THE BRUISE IN TWO DAYS**

Take Laxative Bromine Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

## JURY SAYS MILLS IS NOT GUILTY.

(Continued from page one.)

formed upon cool deliberation and premeditation, to kill the deceased.

Before you can justify the defendant for the killing, it must appear to your satisfaction that—

First, that the defendant acted wholly under the influence of such heat of passion;

Second, that the circumstances surrounding him were sufficient to induce the belief of a reasonable person, acting with ordinary caution, that his wife had been defiled by the deceased;

Third, that Laura Mills was then the wife of the defendant.

In determining whether the provocation is sufficient or reasonable, ordinary human nature, of the average of men, recognized as men of fair, average mind and disposition, should be taken as the standard, and not the highest type of man, considered in relation to character, and ability to hold the passions and feelings at all times, and under all circumstances, in subordination to the dictates of reason, prudence and judgment.

If, therefore, you are satisfied, by a preponderance of the evidence given before you in this case, that the woman, Laura Mills, was the wife of the defendant, and that at the time of the homicide the circumstances were such as would indicate to the mind of a reasonable person, acting with common prudence, that his wife had been actually defiled by the deceased, and that such discovery created a sudden heat of passion in defendant, and that he then acted wholly under the influence of such heat of passion, and shot and killed the deceased, the defendant is justified under this statute, and it is your duty to acquit him, even though you might think the statute wrong, as not coming within an enlightened and humane jurisprudence. It is the duty of courts and juries to obey and follow the statutes so long as they remain upon the statute book.

You are further instructed that if, upon a consideration and comparison of all the evidence in the case, you have a reasonable doubt as to whether the defendant acted wholly under the influence of such heat of passion, caused by his discovery of the fact that his wife had been defiled by the deceased, you should give the defendant the benefit of such doubt and acquit him.

Had fear or suspicion that the deceased had defiled defendant's wife would not be sufficient, but, as I have said, the belief must be founded on such evident and tangible facts as reasonably induce the belief that the fact is so.

As its closed reputa, Mrs. K. and MacDuff were sworn in as the jury retired in their charge. In just a quarter of an hour they sent in word that an agreement had been reached, and three minutes later the verdict was announced.

The court then adjourned without date.

## PROCLAMATION NOT SIGNED

Mayor Thompson Has Not Yet Attached His Signature to It.

A notice was published in last evening's "News" to the effect that the Mayor had signed a proclamation regarding the closing of the Sunday schools. It had not been signed up to a late hour today. If he does not, the Sunday schools will be held as usual.

## FIVE HUNDRED CASES.

That Number of Smallpox Patients in Utah Says Dr. Beatty.

Secretary Beatty of the State Board of Health makes the alarming and surprising statement that there are fully five hundred cases of smallpox in Utah. Sixty-five of these are, or have been, at Eureka, thirty-five now being under quarantine.

**Nine to the Pest House Today.**

Nine patients were sent to the pest house today. They are: Mrs. Kilpatrick and the three Ray girls, Mrs. W. L. Hobbs and baby, Mrs. De Groot and baby. In neither of the cases has the mother got smallpox, but Mrs. Kilpatrick and Mrs. Hobbs have been exposed and Mrs. De Groot ran away.

**Sixty Today.**

No new cases of smallpox were reported today. The total number of vaccinated persons at the health office up to three o'clock this afternoon.

**Beck Has No Smallpox.**

Dr. Odell has visited the home of Street Car Conductor Beck and declares that he has not got smallpox, and that he will not be sent to the pest house.

**Frank Devine Very Ill.**

The condition of Frank, the little son of Chief Devine, is critical.

## FIVE PRISONERS PARDONED

Samuel Mulberry, Convicted of Murder, Among the Number.

Samuel W. Mulberry, convicted on February 25, 1891, for the murder of H. Fulmer, at Clear Creek, Utah, and sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary, was pardoned by the State board of pardons at today's meeting.

**TWO LEHI BOYS.**

George Wankless and Marjoe A. Brown, jointly convicted on Feb. 2, 1899, at Provo, of the crime of assault with intent to commit rape, and sentenced to three and five years respectively, in the State prison, were also pardoned.

**SAMUEL MATHEWS ALSO IN LUCK.**

Samuel Mathews, convicted on the 25th of Dec. 1896, at Coalville, Utah, and sentenced to ten years in the State prison, for the crime of assault with intent to rape, application for pardon granted.

## WITH THE JUSTICES.

W. H. Raymer, ex-J. W. Ray, who was taken into custody some time ago on the charge of polygamy or bigamy, waived preliminary hearing before Justice Parkey yesterday afternoon. In default of \$500 bond he will remain in the county jail to await the action of the district court.

## ALTA CLUB RECEPTION.

The most brilliant social event of the season, the Alta Club ball, occurs on Thursday night next.

## FOR DYSEPTICS

There is no reason why any one should suffer from dyspepsia, any stomach trouble. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters cures constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, malaria, fever and ague. It has done so for fifty years. Any druggist will sell it to you. Taken faithfully, it will regulate the bowels, improve the appetite and bring back health and strength. See that a Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

**A BLOOD PURIFIER AND FLESH BUILDER**

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

## BEFORE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Anti-Compulsory Vaccination League Objects to Unjust Discrimination.

QUESTION DECIDED TONIGHT

City Attorney Holds that Unvaccinated Children May be Kept Out of School—Harrington Denies It.

No meeting of the Board of Education was held last night, for lack of a quorum, there being but five members present, namely, Messrs. Wilson, Nelson, Walker, Newman and Glaugue. The meeting was called to decide whether schools should be opened on Monday next, and to decide the question of prohibiting the attendance of unvaccinated children at school. An adjournment was taken till this evening when the question will come up before the whole board. Those who were present courteously stayed till a late hour listening to representations by anti-vaccinationists against prohibiting children who were not vaccinated from attending the schools. The Anti-Compulsory Vaccination League was represented by Naph Y. Scofield, Jos. H. Parry and John E. Cox, headed by Attorney Dan. Harrington.

**THE "ANTIS" ARE HEARD.**

Mr. Harrington said that he and Judge Powers had been retained to make representations to the board and, if necessary, to take legal steps to, if possible, prevent the board from closing the school to unvaccinated children. Mr. Harrington gave it as his opinion that the Board of Health had not the power to compel the board of education to make such an unjust discrimination, and that the latter would not be justified in complying with such a demand if it was made. He held that the usual decorations of the board were unconstitutional, as it deprived the children of an inherent right "without due process of law."

John E. Cox followed with a lengthy argument against vaccination, characterizing it as a "manuscript" practice which not only did not prevent smallpox, but actually made the parties submitting to it more susceptible to smallpox, besides implanting other noxious diseases into the healthy bodies of children. He contended that the board of health could not make laws. The legislature refused to enact a compulsory vaccination law. In the board of health a higher power than the legislature? Can they usurp a power explicitly denied them by the legislature?

Mr. Nelson recited the statement that vaccinated children are unhealthy. They may be made unwell, but not unhealthy. "I've been vaccinated six times. Would you call me unhealthy?" He then explained the scientific theory of vaccination, and showed how it differed from the old method.

J. H. Parry argued that the surgical operation of vaccination was not a sanitary measure and in opposing compulsory vaccination the league was fighting for the personal liberties of the people. The constitution and laws of our State provide for the schooling of all the children within her borders—there was no exception, the deaf, dumb and blind alike enjoying the provisions made for education, which was compulsory. Neither the board of health nor the board of education could make an unjust discrimination against vaccinated children, as they had no right to make vaccination, or any other surgical operation a prerequisite or condition of eligibility to the benefits of school.

According to the usual fees of physicians in the city, the cost of vaccination was about two for a quarter. Mr. Parry was given to understand that the vaccination furnished by the city is just as good as that by the best physicians in the city.

He continued by saying that much sickness and suffering, and one suspicious death, was attributed to the effects of vaccination. "Oh, I know the doctors attribute it to some thing else, but the common people believe it is vaccination."

**CITY ATTORNEY'S VIEWS.**

City Attorney Stephens reiterated his written opinion to the effect that the board of education had no alternative but to obey the mandatory order of the board of health. The only way, if the law was a bad one, was to repeal it, and take away the powers given to the board of health. Until that was done, the board of education had no alternative but to obey it.

The board of health does not say that all school children shall be vaccinated, but it does say that they shall not go to school unless they are vaccinated. The people have created this board and given it this power; if we are not satisfied with its action we can abolish it in a legal way.

Nelson and Wilson said they would obey the law, while Glaugue and Newman thought the effect was compulsory vaccination, which was unlawful.

Mr. Glaugue took the position that the board of health had the right to close the schools, but it had not the power to open them to one class and not to another.

## BOARD WON'T RECEDE.

When an adjournment was taken till tonight it was understood that the protesting and their counsel would have a hearing by the full board. There seemed, however, to be no feeling that the board will not recede from its position. It is therefore pretty certain that the schools will open on Monday to vaccinated children only, and that a proceeding in mandamus will be at once begun to compel the board of education to allow all healthy children whether vaccinated or not, to attend the schools. The district court will be asked to hear the case as quickly as possible. An appeal, no matter how the district judge decides, will be taken to the Supreme court, and that tribunal will be requested to give the case as early a hearing as possible. It is conceded by both sides that that is the only solution of the difficulty, unless the board of health modifies its ruling on vaccination.

## SOCIAL AND CLUB EVENTS

The Y. M. C. A. hold their second social tonight in the association parlors, and a pleasant evening is assured.

Among the box parties who witnessed the performance of "The Jewess" last night were Mr. and Mrs. Fred Noble, Miss Lynch, Miss Noble and Mr. W. F. Noble.

Miss Edna Shearman was the hostess at a pleasant informal social function last night.

Mrs. Clay Clement, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Burton, Mrs. Frank Jennings and Capt. Critchlow occupied a stall at the Theatre last night.

**STATISTICAL REPORTS.**

The Bishops and presidents of Elders' quorums who have not sent in their statistical reports for the year ending December 31st, 1899, are again respectfully requested to forward the same immediately to President Angus M. Cannon, 29 North Main street, Salt Lake City.

All the reports should have been handed in at the Priesthood meeting held on January 6th.

**JAMES D. STIRLING,**  
Clerk of Stake.



## NEW

CARPETS, DRAPERIES, LINOLEUMS, RUGS.

Our buyer has just returned from a purchasing tour of all the principal markets in the East where he has just obtained a splendid line of the above goods in all the latest patterns. We call special attention to a magnificent line of

## ENGLISH INLAID LINOLEUMS.

We take pleasure in asking you to call and see these new goods.

## H. DINWOODEY FURNITURE CO.

ter last night. After the performance the party enjoyed supper at the Kenyon.

At the Ladies' Literary club yesterday, Dr. J. F. Critchlow gave an interesting talk on the Philippine islands, describing their customs and peculiarities. Dr. Critchlow thinks the present trouble might have been averted had the administration made a frank explanation of the intentions of the American government in regard to the control of the island. He thinks, however, that it will be a long time before the Filipinos are capable of governing themselves.

The Cleofan met on Tuesday last. The topic "Evidences of God in Architecture" was given by Mrs. Eldridge instead of Mrs. Lee, as previously announced. "Current Events" was omitted.

Next week's program includes a topic on "Saracenic Architecture," by Mrs. Moyle, and "Current Events," by Mrs. Moyle and Mrs. Lee.

The U. W. P. club will meet as usual Wednesday, Jan. 25. Program: Sentiments from Thea; a poem, by Mrs. Ruth M. Fox; The Beautiful Lakes of the Wasatch, by Mrs. M. R. J. Lambert. Mrs. Annie Schiller will give Current Topics.

Yesterday was the birthday of Sheriff Howells, and the occasion was honored in a pleasant party at his home last night; a large number of his friends being present. Cards, music and recitations were the features of the evening, which was enjoyed by all.

The Athenian club dancing party at Christensen's on Friday was a largely attended and pleasant affair. There were the usual decorations and excellent music furnished by an orchestra. Punch was also served. Following were some of those present: Miss Damsion, Lucy Geary, Pearl Weller, Cooper, Anna Adams, Sual Taylor, May Jerome, Druce, Emily Hattie Farren, Nellie Vier, C. Culmer, M. Baum, S. Eldridge, M. Barker, Mrs. Parker, Bellings, Boyer, Fay McCune, Mrs. Vivian McCune, Groo, Alfred, Swenson, B. O'Connor, Ratford, Watson, E. Lawson, Irvine, Eva Tompkins, Clawson, Dow, Keller, Pike, Annie Pike, J. C. Olson, Paul Banker, W. Townsend, Mayers, Dunford, A. W. Smith, Ray Naylor, Chas. Bruff, Swenson, Sidney Reeves, A. Cowan, Spence, J. Merrill, Harrell, Walter, P. P. Christensen, Berksfeld, Fardes, Schuler, Fred O'Dell, Coffin, Dr. Stuart, A. W. Collinson, R. Dunford, B. Spencer, A. Kelley, F. Schroeder, Grimsdale, N. Green, Flakin, Groesbeck, E. Frankfort, A. Suckewer, Morris, Jeremy, F. Cummings, Chamberlain.

For the sake of both sides and convenience of the public it is believed that strikes will be unnecessary, for actual results the future must depend upon.

**RAILROAD NOTES.**

Billy Ridd, of the Western has returned from a trip out west.

An order for 30,000 tons of steel has been placed with the Illinois Steel company by the Chicago & Northern ern.

The track of the Colorado & Wyoming is now being extended from the Colorado Fuel and Iron company's mine to Pueblo. Teams are being used to haul the ore from the mine about 150 tons of ore a day from the workings to the loading point on the river.

Fred F. Smith, of Chicago, a member of the Union Pacific, has been appointed as a member of the committee to patcher of the Union Pacific at Emerton.

A thousand men and 400 teams are now at work upon the Union Pacific improvements and cutoffs between Laramie and Ogden. It is stated by Laramie Boomerang that 5,000 men are at work on the line as soon as the open up.

At Aurora, Wyo., last Monday night a wreck occurred during which the Union Pacific, which, however, suited in nothing more serious than ditching three cars and tearing up about 100 feet of track. It was caused by the rails spreading.

Grant Smith & Co. have almost completed their Union Pacific contract for the improvement of the line between Evanston and Ogden. The big freight engines made the structures necessary.

**JOHN RUSKIN DEAD.**

Great Englishman Yields to an Attack of Influenza.