

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

Warlike appearances in Europe.  
The billiard match. Dion wins.  
Northern Republicans answer the Democrats.  
A marshal shot in Arkansas.  
Fire at Magnolia, N. C.  
A ravisher and murderer found guilty.  
The Younger brothers arraigned.  
The whiskey defrauders.  
Strike of locomotive engineers on the Cairo and St. Louis R. R.  
Crook expects to end the Indian war soon. Sitting Bull gone north with 5,000 men.  
The Lick Arrangement.  
Captain Key to be tried in Germany.  
War preparations in England.  
Turkey preparing for a winter campaign.  
English jealousy and suspicion aroused on the Eastern Question.  
Shrewsbury cup race.  
The missing Tiffany traced to the steamer Bristol.  
The czar wishes success to the commanders of his armies.  
More pardon for crooked whiskey.  
The Eastern Question—fight or retreat.  
Philadelphia wool market.  
Negro riot at Lawtonville, S. C. Two white constables killed.

## EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Washington Star of Nov. 11 says, "Edwin Adams, the celebrated actor, died recently at Melbourne, Australia, whither he had gone to fill a dramatic engagement. He died of consumption, the disease being doubtless aggravated by the long voyage. Mr. Adams was born in Massachusetts in 1814, and soon after his debut became a star in various specialties at leading theatres, and he was especially well received in Baltimore, at Laura Keane's theatre, in the Ringier of Paris, the Gunmaker of Moscow, the Marble Heart, Enoch Arden, and other dramas."  
The Troy Times says, "John B. Gough employs a man to travel with him and prevent him from drinking. Many years ago he lapsed from sobriety, and he fears that the old appetite may again overcome him. His income from lecturing is about \$25,000 a year. There are others besides J. B. Gough, who would do well to have somebody to prevent them from getting drunk and making fools of themselves."  
The Rev. John Hemphill, of San Francisco, is reported as saying, in a recent sermon, "A man who steals a million dollars from the public treasury commits a great crime; but he who corrupts the ballot commits a tenfold crime in comparison. He would rather be a murderer than a giver of bribes; for one only kills the body and the other destroys the soul. Of all the villains in this world the corrupter of the ballot box is the greatest."

The Nauvoo Independent of November 10th says, "It is stated by good authority that the police magistrate of this city, a few days ago, decided that the ordinances of this city were null and void; that no case could be maintained under them, and that we have no city law at all."

Rev. Stoddard Brooke says he would rather be annihilated than have to join such spirits as the mediums bring forth.  
Nothing but election literature just now. Poor dry stuff, too.  
Judge Hoar, speaking as a married man of long standing, says women's rights always have appeared to him as a kind of rights which, judging by his practical experience, are very apt to take care of themselves.

A Rev. G. H. Robinson, of Springfield, Illinois, it is said, having failed as a preacher, owing to his large amateness, concluded to turn politician and stump the State for "Hayes and Reform."

Cardinal Manning reasons this way in favor of both Catholic illiberality and Protestant liberality—"Where a nation has religious unity like Spain, it has a right to prevent its being broken up by sectarianism; but where, as in England, the unity is already broken, equal tolerance of all sects becomes the right policy."

Excessive physical exercise is not beneficial. The medical examiner of a prominent life insurance company says that he has to turn away three-fourths of his applicants who excel in athletic exercises because they have dangerously strained the organs of the heart."

Next year the British Government proposes "to forward the American mails on certain fixed days in each week by the most efficient vessels on those days." The pay is to be "at the rate of 2s. 4d. per pound for the letters, and 2s. per pound for the newspapers, printed papers and patterns, or samples contained in each mail."

"The young men of Beyrout have formed an association, each member of which pledges himself not to tell a lie." There are people in this city who might advantageously join such an association.

Fast walkers are more generally useful than fast trotters, but the New Haven Register gives the following record of the latter—"Two hundred and thirteen horses have trotted in public in 2:36 or better. Goldsmith Maid leading with 2:14. Lulu trotted in 2:15; Snuggler, 2:15; American Girl, 2:16; Occident, 2:16; Gloster, 2:17; Dexter, 2:17; Hopeful, 2:17; Judge Fullerton, 2:18; Red Cloud, 2:18; Nettle, 2:18; Lady Thorne, 2:18; Lucy, 2:18; Maud, 2:18; Great

Eastern, 2:19; Bodine, 2:19; George Palmer, 2:19; Thomas L. Young, 2:19; Flora Temple, 2:19; and Camors, 2:19. Four have records of 2:20, six have records of 2:21, seven have records of 2:21, seven have records of 2:22, ten have records of 2:22, seven have records of 2:23, eleven have records of 2:24, twenty-five have records of 2:25, nineteen have records of 2:25, and twenty-six have records of 2:26."

## MORE AND MORE WARLIKE.

This news seems to be getting of a more and more warlike character, as regards both hemispheres. In Europe Russia is preparing for war, so is Turkey, so is England, so is Austria, and probably so are most of the other European nations preparing, though in a less prominent way, for warlike contingencies. The political pot seems to be in a high boiling condition, and the least untoward act would have it boiling over into the fire, by heaven knows what serious consequences. The utmost circumspection of the Powers more directly concerned is apparently more directly concerned in preventing the spark of war from bursting into a flame which would eventually envelop nearly all Europe and parts of Asia in its fiery embrace. In this country, too, the situation appears to be growing more and more critical. The bone of contention is the counting of the votes, and the probability seems very clear now that unless both parties manifest greater moderation there will be shortly a terrible disturbance in these United States, entailing one of the fiercest civil wars on record. We certainly live in times when great events may happen. Their forebodings already appear very plain.

## THE PHILOSOPHY OF THE POLITICAL REVOLUTION.

The New York Sun presents the philosophy of the recent revolution in politics from the Republicans towards the Democrats in the following manner—

"As we regard it, the choice of Mr. Tilden is an affirmation of the doctrine in which the American Revolution originated, and on which the republic is founded."

"I. The Fathers of the Revolution dreaded, above almost all other things, military prestige, as dangerous to the liberties of the people. There was no constitution at all in the way of a third term to General Grant; but the people preferred a peaceful citizen, on whose shoulders a star of an epaulette had never shone."

"II. It was a leading idea in the foundation of the Government that power should return at short intervals to the people, and that could not be safely entrusted to the same hands. We believe that the public sentiment is strongly in favor of a general rotation of the office holders, and that one moving cause in Mr. Tilden's favor was the belief that he would make this change."

"III. For eight years we have had a personal, semi-military, and corrupt government, controlled by the great journals of its own party. There was a general apprehension and belief that, though diminished in degree, this system would be substantially continued under Hayes."

"The election of Mr. Tilden we regard as the second dawn, the re-production of the era of the Revolution."

## By Telegraph.

## TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

## EASTERN.

Newspaper Talk About the Election—What They Think of the Present Situation.

New York, 17.—The Times' Washington special says it is now almost universally conceded among the Democrats about Washington that Hayes will have the necessary electoral votes returned to give him a majority of one. This admission is the key for a terrible denunciation of what they are pleased to call frauds, and they also talk of electing Grant to Congress, where justice is to be secured to them by throwing out enough of the republican States to elect Tilden. The question of the powers of Congress is thus raised, and both parties are making a careful examination of the laws and Constitution. This has been the feature of the day's discussion. The twenty-second joint rule is claimed by the democrats to be still in force, because the present House agreed to a joint resolution, and the Senate being a continuous body, the rules including this one, stand till specifically put aside. On this technicality the House will be able to throw out the vote of Louisiana, or Florida, but this point is settled by being raised too soon, for if the twenty-second joint rule is still in force there is plenty of time for the Senate to formally abrogate it. The Democrats, including some members of Congress, claim, under the Constitution, that the House has the right to act without any other rule, and they talk about the counting of the vote as though they had sole power. All this is mere vapor, as all their lawyers know. The only possible course of mischief for the House to pursue under the existing law is to refuse to attend when the votes are counted. This they threaten. The Democrats would propose that the House elect the President, but just how they would get him inaugurated without a revolution does not appear. They hold that the vacancy is not such a one as the law provides shall be filled by the president of the Senate. Some of the Democrats hold a different view, and say that clearly Grant would hold over till the next election and qualification of his successor. One power appears very simple and clear—not any one of the actions which are talked of to defeat the inauguration of Hayes, if he is returned elected, is within the constitution and laws. The present trouble is the fault of the Democratic party in Congress. They cannot throw off the responsibility. During the last four years the danger has been pointed out and attempts have been frequently made to provide against it. The delay and obstructing and finally defeating altogether the law which would have provided a fair method for settling the question at issue.

The Tribune's New Orleans special says the late returns of the election in Louisiana received in this city show that the republican majorities are in the aggregate smaller than they have been since

posed to be. The politicians of both parties have, heretofore, conceded in private, if not in public, that the result would depend entirely on the decision of the returning board in regard to the vote of the five parishes in which it is asserted in the returned and fraud were most resorted to. If these or any three of them were counted as polled, it was supposed the democrats would carry the State. If they were all thrown out the State was almost universally conceded to the republicans. Grave doubt now exists in regard to there being a republican majority in the returning parishes, even after the omission of the vote in East and West Feliciana, East Baton Rouge, Ouchitoe and Morehouse parishes. A table prepared by prominent republicans of this city, who have excellent opportunities for obtaining correct information, made the State very close, without the vote of the parishes named, with the chance rather in favor of the democrats. It must not be concluded that the prospect of the democrats carrying the State has been improved. Enough of the vote in the bulldogged counties may be accepted by the returning board to give the republicans a majority in several of them. The impression which seems to have gone abroad that the returns from an extreme parish in each State will be rejected is erroneous. In each parish there are several voting precincts, and the citizens are, by law, allowed to choose at which of these they will support their ballots. United States soldiers were stationed at most of the county seats, and at those points it is admitted that the election was generally quiet, and the negroes voted without molestation. It was in the country precincts that the intimidation is said to have taken place. The returning board passes upon the case of each ballot box separately, and it is not at all certain that the vote in the large towns and the county seats in the disputed counties will be thrown out, or that any attempt will be made by the republicans to dispute the legality of the election in those places, as the negroes from the country generally looked to towns to vote. The counting of the town boxes and the rejection of those from the country may give several of the disputed parishes to the republicans. Besides this there will be complaints of intimidation in certain precincts in other parishes, and the throwing out of particular boxes may reduce the democratic or increase the republican majorities in them. From this explanation it will be seen how difficult it is to forecast from the returns received what the true result of the count will be. The republicans are fully confident that the returning board will declare the vote of Louisiana to have been cast for Hayes and Packard, and the democrats have almost unanimously arrived at the same conclusion. The later, at the same time, assert that the result can only be brought about by unfair means, and the evidence of the violence and intimidation which is produced by a more convincing character than they expect, they do not propose to accept the decision of the returning board as final. In other words they do not intend to allow the honest trilester that is counted for Hayes on the second Wednesday of next February, unless the case made up here is so plainly against him as to make an assault upon it hopeless.

## The Conflict—A Special Letter.

The Times' New Orleans special says nothing of importance occurred to-day. A letter opened by the returning officers was threatening, and addressed to J. Madison Wells, of the board, read as follows:

"Sir—Resolved, That we take upon ourselves the duty of redeeming Louisiana, our native State, from the thieves and parasites now preying upon her property and bleeding body. We have appealed to our northern brethren in vain. We now propose to act in her behalf, and teach her robbers and despots such a lesson as the world has never seen. We warn you, dis-honest trilester that you are, and your companions in sin—basest traitor Kenner, the negro thief Casanova, and the unscrupulous villain Anderson, that if you swindle us again your lives will pay the forfeit. Listen, villains, we are armed, organized and sworn to do our duty, and Braggart Sheridan and his paid emissaries cannot save you, or the corrupt men at your back. Our attack will be sudden and decisive. We will do our work, and disappear before the borders of despotic trait can protect you. You are now warned. Beware!"

## The Returning Board, under solemn oaths to deal fairly, will commence work at the proper time. There is scarcely a doubt expressed in any quarter that the returning board will declare the vote of Louisiana to have been cast for Hayes and Packard, and the democrats have almost unanimously arrived at the same conclusion. The later, at the same time, assert that the result can only be brought about by unfair means, and the evidence of the violence and intimidation which is produced by a more convincing character than they expect, they do not propose to accept the decision of the returning board as final. In other words they do not intend to allow the honest trilester that is counted for Hayes on the second Wednesday of next February, unless the case made up here is so plainly against him as to make an assault upon it hopeless.

## MINING STOCKS.

San Francisco, Nov. 17, 1876.

Cal. 45 b, 45 a, 45 s  
Imp. 50 b, 22 a  
Mex. 20 b  
Con Va. 40 b, 41 a, 42 s  
Ophir, 39 b, 40 a  
B & B, 37 b, 38 a, 39 s  
Justice, 21 b, 22 a, 21 s  
Mex. 20 b, 20 a, 21 s  
S Nev. 10 b  
Alpha, 30 b  
Union, 11 a  
Caledonia, 51 b  
Imp. 255 b  
Belle, 28 b

New York, 17.  
Gold closed 94 @ 95; Money 4; Governments, little doing but prices better; Stocks, active, strong; Western Union, 75; Quicksilver, 10; Pacific Mail, 5; Marietta, 5; Wells, Fargo & Co. 87; New York Central, 101; Erie, 101; Panama, 125; Union Pacific Stock, 93; Pacific Pacific Bonds, 105; Central Pacific Bonds, 104.

## WORK! WORK!

SEVERAL experienced SEAMSTRESSES, who have their own Sewing Machines, can find steady employment and good pay. Enquire at this Office. d904 1w

## SALT LAKE THEATRE.

W. T. HARRIS, BUSINESS MANAGER.

## NOTICE!

46—In consequence of the late arrival of Mr.

And to give the play advertised, proper returns will be made for the performance until

To-morrow Evening, SATURDAY, NOV. 18, '76

which will be

Mr. Rignold's ONLY APPEARANCE.

46—TICKETS purchased for this evening will be good for to-morrow evening.

BARNES' CENTENARY HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

One Hundred Years of American Independence.

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democrats assert, their intention to appeal for and demand a representation of an official count, and are equally firm in the expression of their belief in a successful issue of their efforts. It is very evident that they intend to stick to the last, and will exhaust every remedy before defeat.

## A Suspicious Case.

G. W. Tiffany, heretofore reported missing, has been traced to the steamer Bristol, leaving on her on October 27th for Newport, since which all trace of him is lost. New York and Boston detectives are at work upon the case, as it is believed that he has been robbed and murdered.

## American Mining Board Transactions.

The transactions at the Mining Board, to-day, were 7,900 shares:

Alpha, 35  
Belle & Belcher, 141  
Bullion, 351  
Caledonia, 91 @ 1  
Cleveland, 9 @ 1  
Erie, 21 @ 1  
Consol Impl., 21 @ 1  
Confidence, 14  
Crown Point, 51  
Echequer, 141  
Gould & Curry, 121  
Grant, 51 @ 1  
Hale & Norcross, 7  
Julia, 61  
Justice, 251  
Lucerne, 11 @ 1  
Merchants, 41 @ 2  
Mexico, 21  
Sierra Nevada, 121  
Union Con, 121  
Yellow Jacket, 151  
Cedarburg, 71 @ 1

## Negro Riot—Two White Constables Killed.

CHARLESTON, 17.—A special dispatch to the News and Courier, received at 2:30 p. m., says that a colored democrat was severely beaten by radical negroes at Lawtonville, in the upper part of Beaufort County. The trial justice issued a warrant for the arrest of the offenders, and five were arrested by the sheriff. The returning with the prisoners last night they were attacked by a body of armed negroes, and two of the white constables killed and the prisoners rescued. The sheriff of the county is now on his way to Lawtonville.

Telegrams from Knoxville state that the negroes, 2,000 in number, and armed, are at Stafford Cross Roads, near Lawtonville, awaiting vengeance in every white man in the county.

## Another Whiskey Bungle to be Pardoned.

WASHINGTON, 17.—The Attorney General recommended to the President, to-day, that a pardon be granted to William McKee, of St. Louis, now in jail at Jefferson City, and therefore a warrant for that purpose will issue without any delay. The pardon recommended by Attorney Bliss, Broadhead and Dyer, to all of whom the reference of the application made to the Department of Justice has been referred.

## The Canvasser of the Returns.

COLUMBUS, S. C., 17.—The supreme court to-day issued auxiliary instructions to the board of canvassers to proceed strictly in the ministerial duty to canvass the returns received in the same to the county. The board of canvassers, who have just met, decided to elect five gentlemen on each side to witness the canvass. The result will probably be reached to-night.

## Wool Market.

PHILADELPHIA, 17.—Wool is quiet with a light supply. California fine and medium 55 @ 56, coarse 20 @ 25.

Z. C. M. I.  
RETAIL DEPARTMENT!

We take great pleasure in announcing to our patrons and the general public that our importations of "FALL AND WINTER GOODS" are now open, and will be found worthy of inspection.

## BLACK SILKS AND VELVETS.

We call special notice to these fabrics, having bought prior to the advance in price of these materials, and are thus enabled to offer them at Lower Figures than the present market value.

## OUR STOCK OF

## DRESS GOODS,

For the present season, consists in part of French, German, English and American manufactures, in great assortment. BLACK GOODS a specialty, in every variety.

## WHITE GOODS.

A special effort has been made this season to render this department complete. It consists in part of Bleached Damask Table Linen, Turkey Reds, Loom Dice, Napkins, Towelings, Crashes, Huck and Damask Towels, etc., Nottingham Curtain Nets, Marseilles, Honeycomb, Crochet and Dutch Quilts.

## ALSO A FULL LINE OF

Linen Collars and Cuffs, Rufflings and Neck Rouchings, Guipure Edgings, Yak Laces, French Thread Edges, Italian Veil and Cluny Edges, Hamburg Edgings, and every article belonging to White Goods.

## SHAWL AND CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

Latest Novelties in all kinds of Foreign and Domestic Shawls of the most pleasing variety, which we are offering at unusually Low Figures. Special attention is called to these goods, as they defy competition.

## A FULL LINE OF LADIES' BEAVER CLOTH JACKETS,

Of the Latest Styles, with Fur and Silk Trimmings, which are exceedingly desirable.

## FELT SKIRTS AND BALMORALS,

Printed, Embossed, Trimmed and Quilted, in immense assortment.

## HOSIERY.

This stock is now complete, with full lines of Cotton and Woollen Hose and Half Hose, Shirts and Drawers, Cardigans, Hoods, Nubias, Scarfs, etc.

## OUR LINE OF

## MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

Is complete, and embraces all the novelties of the season, which are offered at attractive prices. The Fancy Glancellors in new patterns cannot be excelled, while our Perseus Knots, made in all new designs, are worthy an inspection; as also our Black Folded Ties, which speak for themselves. This department comprises

Suspenders, Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk Mufflers, Fancy Half Hose, Cloth Gloves, Leather Gloves and Mitts, Paris Kids, Genuine Dog Skins, Carriage Rugs, Linen Handkerchiefs, French Jewelry, Silk Wristlets, Wool Cuffs, Wool Mufflers, &c., &c., &c.

## H. S. ELDREDGE, Supt.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## GEO. DUNFORD,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

## BOOTS, SHOES,

HATS, CAPS,

## Gents' Gloves, Ladies' Furs

NO. 61 EAST TEMPLE STREET,

Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.

## NOTICE!

On and after October 26th, 1876, we will sell from the above Goods for Cash Only, at prices that cannot but command a continuance of your patronage.

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Eagle House, Main Street.

POPULAR PLACE.

LOW PRICES. GOOD GOODS.

RECENTLY SELECTED.

FULL ASSORTED STOCK.

GROCERIES,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

DRY GOODS,

MEN'S CLOTHING,

AT PRICES AS LOW AS ANY ONE ELSE WILL SELL.

DRIED FRUIT a Specialty!

Delivery Wagons will call for Fruit at Residences, or at Railroad Depots.

## S. P. TEASDEL.

## "GUION LINE" HIGHEST PRICES

Carrying the U. S. Mails.

Sailing from Pier 46, N. R.

FOR PAID FOR

QUEENSTOWN & LIVERPOOL

ON TUESDAY,

AS FOLLOWS:

WYOMING, Oct. 3, at 3:00 p.m.  
DAKOTA, " 10, at 11:00 a.m.  
IDAHO, " 17, at 3:00 p.m.  
MONTANA, " 24, at 10:00 a.m.  
NEVADA, " 31, at 3:00 p.m.  
WISCONSIN, Nov. 7, at 9:30 a.m.  
WYOMING, " 14, at 3:00 p.m.  
DAKOTA, " 21, at 9:00 a.m.  
IDAHO, " 28, at 2:30 p.m.

Intermediate Passengers for steamers marked thus \* must be booked without consulting us.

Cabin Passage, \$65, \$70 & \$80  
Intermediate, " " " \$40  
Steerage, " " " \$26

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29 BROADWAY N. Y.

Sept. 23d, 1876. d261

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Home Insurance Company, 6,017,121 00

Of New York.

Insurance Company of North America, 5,200,000 00

Of Philadelphia.

Niagara Fire Insurance Co., \$450,000 00

Of New York.

Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company, 1,500,000 00

Of Philadelphia.

Home Insurance Company, 6, 525,000 00

Of Columbus, O.

FOREIGN FIRE COMPANIES.

Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co., \$3,425,100 00

London and Lancashire Insurance Company, 5,000,000 00

Scottish Commercial Insurance Company, 6,250,000 00

British America Insurance Co., 100,000 00

New York Life Insurance Co., \$30,000,000 00

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Grocery Department

SECOND SOUTH STREET.

G. F. CULMER & CO.,

Five Doors East of Godbe's

Drug Store,

HAVE A FULL STOCK OF

LARGE SIZE

WINDOW GLASS

Wholesale and Retail at

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READY GLAZED SASH

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TWO HUNDRED GALLONS

VARNISH,

A BARGAIN, will be sold from

\$1 to \$