DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

Wired from Washington.

WASHINGTON, 10.—First Auditor Chenowith said to-day he had not yet concluded the consideration of the expense account of the Civil Service Commission, but he had already made up his mind not to allow such items as "ginger-ale," "lemonade," "newspapers," etc., under the head of necessary expenses.

David R. Waters, appointed to-day to be Marshal of the Western District of Michigan, has been prominent for several years as the leader of the Greenbacker party of his State and was instrumental in bringing about the fusion of two or three years ago between his party and the democrats, which resulted in the election of a democratic governor. He is the editor of the Grand Rapids *Leader*, a Greenback paper.

The following official advices have been received at the Navy Department: Denby, United States Minister to China, arrived at Yokohama on the evening of Sept. 8th. On the 10th he went to Tokio, and next day, in company with Hubbard, U. S. minister to Japan, called upon Count Inauye Kaorn Hijma, minister of State and Foreign Affairs, and Vice-Admiral Kawamma, minister of marine.

Advices have been received at the Navy Department from the Asiatic squadron up to September 4th. In the latter part of August, on the *Ossipee*, lying off Hiogo, a number of cases of cholera occurred among the men, and the following died: Edwin Herbert, private of marines, Aug. 29; John McCourt, seaman, Aug. 29; H. P. Sealiert, first sergeant of marines, Aug. 29; Alonzo S. Lane, ordinary seaman, Aug. 31; Thomas Cassidy, ship corporal, Sept. 3. The first three named died when the ship was in an inland sea, and were buried there; the others died in the quarantine hospital and were buried on shore. As McCourt and Herbert died from undoubted cholera, their bodies were buried as soon as they could be prepared, and all their effects were immediately destroyed. When Sergeant Seibert died, the ship stood for Kobe, the nearest point where assistance could be obtained. That port being reached, the sick were placed in the quarantine hospital and the vessel thoroughly disinfected. At last accounts the sick were all doing well.

The Crops.

WASHINGTON, 10.—The crop report of the Department of Agriculture says: The high condition of cotton in June and July was not maintained in August and September. Severe storms and excessive rains have prevailed. Rust has destroyed the foliage and worms have injured the fruit worse than for several years. Another fall in the average of condition has occurred from 87 on the first of September to 78. The average in October of the census year was 81, and the ultimate yield four-tenths of a bale. This year the greatest declines are in the region of the highest rate of yield, reducing the relative productions. The Department estimate of the increase of area since 1879 is 26 per cent. The returns relate both to the condition and the prospective yield per acre in hundreths of a bale. The figures must not be considered final as the date of killing frost and autumn weather may easily cause a variation of a quarter million bales. It indicates a million bales more than the present crop, subject to further meterological conditions.

THE CORN CROP

is made with very little injury from the frost, and with a yield slightly above the average. The general average of the condition is the same as last month—95, a figure not attained in October since 1879. The yield per acre will be reckoned next month, and the present indications point to fully 26¾ bushels per acre. Nebraska stands highest, and only Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas, Virginia, North Carolina and the Pacific Coast fall below 90. The

RETURNS FOR WHEAT

are on the basis of the yield per acre for the area harvested and the average is about 13½ bushels. The area harvested is not precisely determined, but will probably not exceed 34,000,000 acres. The States averaging 4 to 6 bushels are: Virginia, the Carolinas, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Tennessee, West Virginia and Kentucky. Missouri returns 8 bushels; Ohio, 8.2; Illinois, 9.2; California, 9.5; Pennsylvania, 10; Indiana, 10.8; Iowa, 11.2; Minnesota and Maryland, 11.5; Wisconsin, 11.9; Texas reports 12.5 with a large area; New York and Oregon, 15.5; Michigan, 9, and Colorado, Montana, Utah and Washington, 21 to 23 bushels.

YIELD OF OATS.

The average yield of oats will be nearly 28 bushels per acre, insuring a crop in excess of 600,000,000 bushels.

THE RYE AVERAGE

is 13.4 bushels, nearly two bushels short of the yield of 1884.

BARLEY.

The average yield of barley will be about 22 bushels.

POTATOES.

The condition of potatoes has seriously declined on account of the prevalence of rot in New York, Michigan and elsewhere. The decline from the 1st of September was 11 points.

Further Details of Hell Gate Explosion.

NEW YORK, 10.—The only accidents reported in connection with the explosion was the burning of General Newton slightly on the neck by a piece of fuse attached to the photographic camera. The engineers, of whom Gen. Newton was the chief, did not, as was expected, make a thorough examination of the work done by the explosion this afternoon. The tug boat with a few persons on board, cruised about in the vicinity of the place but no soundings were taken. The work of surveying the bed of the river will be commenced next week and it will not be known until after this survey is made just what its effect has been. One of the engineers to-night, in speaking of the work done by the dynamite and "rend-rock," said that so far as his observations extend, the explosion was entirely successful. Flood Rock was not buried out of sight. It sank perhaps three or four feet and that was all. Some had affirmed that the river would be so broken up and jagged with rocks that the middle of the channel would become impassable until the debris was removed. Such did not prove to be the fact.

The Sound steamers experienced no difficulty whatever in making their trips through the channel. If the work of the electric current failed at any point to discharge the cartridges it was at "nigger rock," opposite the electric light stand on Hallett's Point. The keeper of the light, who watched the upheaval of the waters, said the water at that point was not disturbed. It might be, however, that he was mistaken. The engineers felt confident that an examination of the bottom of the river would show that the rocks were shattered into fragments. Capt. John Somers, of the light house boat, John Rogers, after the explosion said: "We were to buoy the scene of the explosion after it occured, if necessary. We found at the south end of the island six fathoms of water, and on the west end three or four fathoms of water there before this, and we did not find it necessary to buoy at all, while the main channel is entirely clear; so that the explosion is a success and vessels can pass without any fear."

Astoria, L. I., 10.—To obtain a scientific opinion of the explosion at Flood Rock, an Associated Press representative interviewed Captain Mercer, of the United States Engineer Corps, who formerly had charge of the Flood Rock work. Captain Mercer said: "I am perfectly satisfied that the explosion was a success. It has accomplished all that was anticipated by those in charge of the work. Of course people who expected to see the whole nine acres of rock blown skyward and fall back into the water in cobble stones were disappointed. We did not expect that to occur. In my opinion the rock is in just such a condition as will render its removal easy. Of course, until surveys are made, it will not be known how the under parts of the rock have been acted upon. I believe every pound of dynamite and 'rend-rock' was exploded and did its duty. When I went on the rock with Lieutenant Derby I did not care to stay long."

"Why?"

"Well, because there was no telling what might happen.

"I would not care to be upon it when it subsided, and no one knows what effect the moving of the gases and the action of the water might have upon the lower portion of the surface of the rock. It appeared to me to be racked and fissured. This is what was expected. The Big Nigger Head still shows his crest above the water. He may drop out of sight to-morrow or he may require another blast. The Little Nigger head has disappeared, but a new rock appears above the water. This must have been thrown by the explosion. It confirms my belief that the explosion has accomplished its purpose. Yes; leaving all these things aside, I believe it is a success, both from a scientific and an engineering point of view."

Lieutenant Spencer, United States engineer, who had charge of the detachment sent to Patchogue Bay Shore, Babylon and Pearsalis, and who were detailed to make observations with sisometers, arrived here to-night on his way back to Willetts Point. He stated that the vibrations caused by the shock of the explosions were detected on mercury, through transits at several stations, at from 11:25 to 11:30 a. m. The vibrations were not perceptible except by the aid of the sisometer. Reports from Woodside, Roslin and Port Washington state that the shock was felt at those places, many dwellings being shaken and the plaster being knocked from the ceilings and walls.

In that portion of Long Island City which lies on the ledge of rocks running east and west of Hell Gate, and about a mile and a half from Flood Gate, the shock of to-day's explosion was felt much more than in places nearer. The rock vibration was sufficient to cause the bottles and glasses to fall from the shelves, and the houses rocked perceptibly. No report of the explosion was heard in that section.

Flushing, L. I., 10.—About 11:15 this morning a shock similar to that experienced in 1884, when the earthquake shook Long Island was felt here. The hotel keepers and druggists report that their glasses rattled for a second.

New York, 10.—The ceiling in one of the private rooms of the Republican State Committee was cracked to-day by the Hell Gate explosion.

The Reply of the Candidates.

BUFFALO, Oct. 10.—The Executive Committee of the State Workingmen's Assembly, after two State conventions submitted a series of questions to the nominees for Governor touching their attitude toward the working classes and toward the several measures before the State Legislature of interest to workingmen. Their replies are made public to-night. Ira Davenport the Republican candidate, declares himself in favor of laws for the good of the working classes, but declines to pledge himself in advance to sign any bill, as he can not know what features it will contain. Governor Hill, the Democratic candidate, declares himself in favor of the bills mentioned, but makes the reservation that when passed they shall be constitutional.

Nothing but Gold.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—The order from the Secretary of the Treasury at Washington to the Superintendent of the United States Mint, to coin nothing but half eagles, created great dissatisfaction among the bankers and business men of the city.

The following telegram signed by John McKee, President of the San Francisco Clearing House, H. L. Dodge, President of the Chamber of Commerce and J. B. Stetson, President of the Board of Trade, has been sent to the Secretary of the Treasury:

"The Superintendent of the Mint here will pay half eagles only in return for deposits of gold bullion. There is already a surplus of this denomination in circulation on this coast, and a further issue by the mint will greatly inconvenience the public. A large gold coin is wanted. We respectfully request you to order the resumption of the coinage and the payment of double eagles in payment for deposits of gold bullion at this mint. The late large arrivals of Australian gold bars and sovereigns which have been recoined have largely added to the plethora of half eagles. The bullion depositers claim the right to say to the mint what denomination of coin their bullion shall be coined in. A preference is given to the double eagle, it being more convenient and more in accordance with the requirements of the trade on the Pacific Coast. The cost of coining four five dollars pieces is greater, while the proportionate loss from usage is also less. Another strong argument against the smaller gold coinage is that it interferes with silver circulation."

It is just learned this evening that the Secretary of the Treasury, at Washington, has telegraped instructions to the Superintendent of the Mint in this city, to make the coinage of next month (November) one-third half eagles and two-thirds double eagles.

The Street Car Strike.

ST. LOUIS, 10.—This mornings developments in the street car strike are much more quiet than had been expected, after the tumultuous proceedings of yesterday. There has been no rioting or trouble during the night although there has been a double platoon of police in waiting all night at the station. This morning the business men's committee appointed to arbitrate between the strikers and the street car presidents, met at the mercantile club at 9 o'clock. At 9:30 they were met by a committee of five men from the Knights of Labor. The Knights of Labor committee stated that no street car strike had been ordered until the men tried in every way to meet the street car officials; had they met the men, there would have been no strike. The committee went on to say, that the men would adhere to the demands they made especially demanding the 12-hour rule and the payment of 20 cents an hour for extra work. They further stated that the Knights of Labor took no account of the earnings of any road, street, railway or otherwise, but they demanded living wages for all employes, under all circumstances. The committee submitted a table, showing the wages paid on all street car lines in town. It showed that the men worked an average of $1.50 per day and conductors $1.75. They now demand twelve hours for a day's work, and that conductors be paid $2 and drivers $1.75. The committee then took a recess. The lines are all running at noon. Most of the striking lines have about two-thirds of the usual number of cars in operation, each being manned by two policemen. There has been no rioting yet to-day.

The mayor and police board held a called meeting at noon to-day to swear in 500 special policemen, who were ordered to report this morning. While the mayor was talking, Chas. Green, president of the People's Railway came in and reported that a mob had gathered at his barn on Park Avenue, and that his drivers were being intimidated.

Chief of Police Harrigan immediately telephoned to run the cars through, no matter how many policeman it required. A number of special policemen were sworn in and sent out on duty.

The inquest on the body of John Havey, the striker who was shot and killed by Policeman Hannan yesterday, will begin to-morrow.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

Fire at the Willows.

DAVISVILLE, Cala., 11.—Fire at the Willows, this morning, destroyed the entire brick block from the bank to the Crawford House. Loss one hundred dollars; insurance not ascertained. It is believed the work of an incendiary.

Cardinal Gibbons.

Los Angeles, [illegible] sword [illegible] Ross and Cardinal Gibbons was [illegible] Ross [illegible] Bishop [illegible] cordially welcomed.

First Hebrew Church in Chicago.

New York, [illegible] Christian Church in [illegible] and at the [illegible] Rev. Bishop Hamilton [illegible] and Rev. Mason Precious [illegible] Crosby, Sabine and Vincent [illegible] was a large congregation present.

Henry Ward Beecher on Cardinal McCloskey.

NEW YORK, 11.—When mass in the Cathedral there was an immense [illegible] attendance. Rev. Father [illegible] recited and at the conclusion [illegible] the remains of the Cardinal [illegible] moved from the bier [illegible] the sanctuary, where they [illegible] the catafalque. He is [illegible] robes with the mitre and [illegible] of office, and shows in [illegible] long illness. The offices for the dead were chanted in the Gallic tongue [illegible] solemn. All arrangements for the funeral will be announced [illegible] Sunday. In the various Catholic churches throughout the city [illegible] prayers were offered for the dead Cardinal and in many churches of other denominations fitting references were made to his decease.

Plymouth church, Brooklyn, was thronged to-day by an unusually attentive audience, who heard Henry Ward Beecher would make some reference to the death of the Cardinal. Beecher spoke of the resurrection and the transition of the spiritual to pass to heaven. In conclusion, he said: "That dear old man that has gone up from among those [illegible] leaves behind a [illegible] purple of his robes, and [illegible] was well enough [illegible] as the symbol [illegible] charity, for [illegible] he emerged into that other life he stood in his spiritual [illegible] where his temple was his [illegible] lifts his venerable head he will be young; young in the presence of his God, and he will remain with those whom he has consigned to consecration, for they will be there too. I [illegible] in his translation as I [illegible] of the Saints. This is the [illegible] of a Protestant, to [illegible] Could I make a Catholic out of [illegible] than you could make an [illegible] in a barn yard, lay hen's eggs."

A Murderous Beast.

PHILADELPHIA, 11.—This afternoon while White, aged 30, an employe of Forepaugh's Circus was in the winter quarters of the menagerie with some friends, the large elephant Romeo struck him a fearful blow with his trunk, and threw him against one of the cages with such force as nearly to disembowel him. He died soon after being admitted to the hospital. The same animal killed a young man at O'Brien's circus grounds a few weeks ago, while she was being exhibited there.

President Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, 11.—The President attended divine services at the Presbyterian church to-day. He was accompanied by Mrs. Hoyt, Miss Folsom and Miss Folsom.

The Tide Turning.

BOSTON, 11.—The [illegible] houses of the United States [illegible] total clearances of the week ended Oct. 10, were $925,532,953, an increase of 24.6 per cent, compared with the corresponding week of last year.

Roach's Material.

CHESTER, Pa., 11.—The Naval Board of Appraisers, consisting of Captain Howison, Captain Matthews, Naval Constructors Wilson and March and Chief Engineer Baker, has completed appraisement of the material on hand and work done at Roach's shipyard for the Government, and will present the result of their labor, which is said to be very satisfactory to the Assistant Secretary Whitney.

The Reef Still Projects.

NEW YORK, 11.—A large number of people [illegible] visited the scene of yesterday's explosion off Hell Gate and carried off [illegible] pieces of the rock. The northern end of the reef still projects from the water at high tide, but the officer in charge declares the explosion a complete success. He says the projecting portion is so honeycombed with fissures that it will fall to pieces when operations are begun for its removal. To the casual observer, however, it appears intact. If any further blasting shall be necessary, a system of surface water blasts will be resorted to.

FOREIGN.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

Revolt of Bulgarian Peasants.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 11.—The Porte has sent another circular to the Powers requesting a decision in regard to the Roumelian difficulty. Gen. Ignatieff meantime continues extensive military preparations and is well supplied with money from times, although trying to raise a loan. The Ottoman Bank offers to loan £250,000, but the Porte asks more.

The Bulgarian peasants at Haskoni, Eastern Roumelia, have revolted against military duty, and have asked to be allowed to return to their homes.

Warlike Attitude of Servia and Greece.

LONDON, 11.—The Vienna *Fremdenblatt*, an organ of the Austrian government, warns Servia and Greece, that if they commence war on their own account, they must expect no assistance from the Powers. It is believed the warning is due to a hint from Prince Bismarck, who insists upon the preservation of the Berlin treaty. The impression is increasing in the European capitals that diplomacy has failed to arrange the Roumelian difficulty owing to the warlike attitude of Servia and Greece, both intending to fight against Bulgarian dominance, unless the *status quo* be restored.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Arrangements for the funeral of Cardinal McCloskey have not yet been completed. The clergy are in a quandary as to how the casket should be trimmed, certain rules in that regard being laid down for the burial of a Cardinal. A cablegram has been sent to Rome, asking instructions. The casket has been ordered and is to be made of San Domingo mahogany.

A Santa Fe special says: Twenty-five convicts in the penitentiary yard made a break for liberty this afternoon and got outside the gate, but the guard opened fire. Twenty-three weakened and threw up their hands. Loppy Johnson, a cattle thief, and Chavez, a Lincoln County murderer, started for the woods. After running 200 yards both men were wounded and surrendered.

Jack Burke, the champion of England, and John P. Clow, the champion of Colorado, fought four rounds with two ounce gloves at Armory Hall, Leadville, this evening. Fifteen hundred people were present. No great damage was done either, although Clow was three times knocked into his seat and once fell heavily against the ropes. The contest was declared a draw. The light air told greatly against Burke who breathed heavily from the start.

A Chico, Cal., dispatch says: A destructive fire occurred at Durham's station, near here, early this morning. Two warehouses, containing an aggregate of 50,000 sacks of wheat, were entirely consumed. The origin of the fire is unknown. It is estimated that the loss will be $125,000, nearly all of which is on wheat. The losses are partially covered by insurance. The wheat is owned by about twenty different people.

Gladstone has openly assumed the direction of the Liberal campaign. He

TO THE CITIZENS OF UTAH

[illegible] Utah to be North, with Central American Exposition [illegible] New Orleans [illegible] November next, being desirous of exhibiting samples of:

I—Agriculture.
II—Horticulture.
III—Mineral products, ores, metals and coals.
IV—Manufactures and machinery.
V—Textile fabrics, Costume and accessories.
VI—Educational matters.
VII—Fine arts.
VIII—Ethnology.
IX—Miscellaneous.

[illegible] Utah [illegible] Exposition [illegible] Territorial Board [illegible] Utah [illegible] Exposition [illegible] Territorial Board [illegible] Utah [illegible] Exposition [illegible] Territorial Board [