

to-day, and drove off the workmen. The police cleared the rioters out.

BOSTON, 20.—Nearly 50,000 persons were in the Coliseum to-day, 30,000 being auditors. The feature of the first part of the programme were the singing, by Madame Rudersdorff, of "Let Bright Seraphim," the performance of the Stranes concerto of the waltz of "A Thousand and One Nights," Stranes himself leading the chorus, and a fantasia on the piano by Wehle. The second part of the programme opened with Madame Lentner's singing of the "Magic Flute," in which she won a greater triumph than has been accorded her since the opening of the Jubilee. The Garde Republicain Band of Paris next appeared on the platform and was greeted with every sort of friendly demonstrations, when the band, under the leadership of M. Paulus, unexpectedly struck up "Hail Columbia," the scene became indescribable. Enthusiasm ensued, the cheers drowning the music. At the conclusion of this demonstration the organ and bands commenced the "Marseillaise," when the excitement was renewed, until the audience appeared almost wild with delight.

It is reported that after the adjournment of the conference last night, Judge Stallo called a meeting for to-day, of those dissatisfied with the result yesterday.

Yesterday was the hottest of the season, the thermometer being 95 in the shade at 5 p.m.

ST. LOUIS, 21.—A convention of railroad men in favor of the narrow gauge system has been in session here two days and has discussed in a general and specific way, the merits of the narrow gauge and its eminent fitness for those sections of country which are sparsely settled, and least able to bear the expense of broad gauge roads. An immense amount of information respecting railroads generally has been brought out and great interest has been excited with regard to the subject. A resolution was adopted providing for a central committee of thirteen, to whom all applications for information may be made, and to whom statistics bearing on the subject may be forwarded. The committee is to have authority to call narrow gauge advocates into the convention at any time they may think proper, and to take such action as they may deem advisable to advance the general interests of the narrow gauge movement.

CHICAGO, 25.—The *Indianapolis Journal*, yesterday, published the following:

To the editor of the *Journal*: "While gratefully appreciating the political regard which has connected my name with the nomination for congressman at large, its acceptance, for many reasons, would be utterly impossible."

(Signed) SCHUYLER COLFAX

COLUMBUS, 21.—A boiler in the brush and wire shops located inside the wall of the Ohio penitentiary, exploded just as the convicts were going to work, demolishing the three story building in which it was located, badly damaging Huff's cooper shops and Gill's stove foundry near by. There were 85 men in the brush shop at the time, and though a large number were injured, some very seriously, no one was killed outright. There are now in the hospital, thirty-two men more or less injured. The engineer and fireman in charge were both buried under a great pile of brick and timber, but were dug out alive. The engineer is unable to give any explanation of the explosion.

NEW YORK, 21.—Only four jurors have been obtained in the Stokes case. The second panel is now exhausted. The defense used eight of its thirty peremptory challenges and the prosecution three.

SAN FRANCISCO, 21.—A dispatch from Gen. Howard says there is no probability of the truth of the report of the White Mountain Apaches in Arizona being on the war path again; on the contrary he thinks the trouble is nearly over.

NEW YORK, 21.—The convention called by Judge Stallo, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, to-day, was secret, but reporters were admitted. Ex-Governor Cox spoke, endeavoring to harmonize on Greeley. Atkinson urged the nomination of Adams, and after a long debate the question of nominating a ticket was decided in the affirmative, when Cox publicly withdrew. The conference adopted a platform denouncing Greeley and the Cincinnati convention. It pledges free and full support to its own policy under all circumstances.

BOSTON, 21.—The mayor has vetoed the order of the city council opening the public library on Sundays, the city solicitor being of opinion that the order conflicts with State enactments.

The audience at the Coliseum this afternoon fully equaled in numbers and enthusiasm that of yesterday. The day was dedicated to Austria. The "Kaiser Overture" of the Emperor Francis Joseph, performed by the orchestra, created great enthusiasm. Madame Leutner excelled all her previous efforts. The first song, a cavatina from the first act of "Ernani," which was encored, when she gave Abt's "Good Night, my Dear Child," under Abt's direction. Strauss repeated his "Beautiful Blue Danube," and on an encore again gave his "Pizzicato Polka," which set the entire audience to dancing in their seats, as the great leader danced his time on the platform. A popular feature of the day was the performance of the English Grenadier Guards band, who gave the overture to "Semiramide," and several other selections. Madame Rudersdorff led the refrain in "God Save the Queen," accompanied by the Grenadier band, the chorus, orchestra and cannon, the audience joining in the chorus. The concert closed with the "Coronation Hymn," in which the audience joined.

The executive committee have decided on a choral week programme, to consist of all the most brilliant features of the present week.

NEW YORK, 21.—The *World's* special from Geneva, says: In an interview to-day with a *World* correspondent, Charles Francis Adams said: "I adhere to the principles laid before the Cincinnati convention, and would accept the Baltimore nomination, if the platform was good and the offer spontaneous; but I will never be wilfully led into place. I am deeply concerned for State rights in the future."

The metal manufacturers held a meeting last night, and decided to make no compromise and to offer no advance of wages. It is reported that thirteen shops in Jersey city have resumed work on the eight hour system.

NEW YORK, 22.—The conference of Free Traders, at the 5th Avenue Hotel, last night, nominated Wm. S. Grobeck, of Ohio, for President, Fred. Law Olmstead, of N. Y., Vice President, George Hoadley, Charles Stroubel, Julius Dexter, all of Cincinnati, were appointed an executive committee, with power to add to their number. The preamble to the resolutions declares that the conference held on the 20th has conclusively shown that opposition to the re-election of Grant cannot and ought not to be united on the Greeley resolutions. They declare in favor of local self-government, a return to the methods of peace, civil service reform, free trade, return to specie payments, and they oppose party nomination.

NEW YORK, 22.—A Geneva special says the question of indirect claims has been definitely settled in a manner unexpected by any of the members of the court, the American agent and counsel having been instructed to declare that the United States did not seek a money award for indirect losses, but only desired a settlement of the principle. Lord Tenterden, on the part of his government, called attention to the seventh article of the treaty, which gives the arbitrators only authority to consider claims in relation to money award, and submitted that since the United States declared they did not seek a money award for these classes of claims, they could not be properly entertained by the court. The American counsel thereupon demanded judgment on this issue by the court. The court took time for its decision, but it is known to have decided against the inadmissibility of indirect claims. This judgment is reported to be acceptable to both governments. All the members of the court have left for Chamoneux, and intend to return on Monday or Tuesday next, when counsel on both sides will exchange the results of their latest instructions, and arrange the order of business. During the recess Granville will negotiate with Fish on the subject.

SAN DIEGO, 21.—A Tuscan paper of the 15th instant, says about 60 Apaches attacked Hughes' Ranch, near Camp Crittenden, on the 7th, killed the herder and captured 24 head of cattle. This is the second man killed and the third attacked on this ranch within two months.

BOSTON, 22.—The audience at the Coliseum to-day was larger than on any previous day of the week. Leutner sang in a manner surpassing all her previous efforts. The German band played "Hail Columbia" eliciting the warmest applause. One of the striking features was the singing by 150 colored choristers, led by the Hyers' Sisters, of Mrs. Howe's "Battle Hymn" to the tune of "John Brown," which was en-

cored and on the repetition the audience joined in the chorus.

PITTSBURG, Pa., 23.—Yesterday afternoon, the mail train going west on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville railroad collided with the eastern bound freight train near Connellsville, both trains going at full speed. The freight train is a complete wreck, but the passenger cars were uninjured. Robert Lockhart, freight conductor, was killed, and the fireman and the engineer on the freight train and one lady passenger were wounded.

NEW YORK, 22.—The strikers seem to be gradually coming to terms by making mutual concessions. A lot of workers met yesterday and officially repudiated the incendiary speeches made at the Cooper Institute the night previous. The piano makers are returning to work on the old system.

The Brooklyn hackmen struck to-day for an increase of wages. The stables were protected by the police.

The Greek Consul here received a letter from the minister of foreign affairs characterizing the report of sending Greek criminals to the U. S. as an absurd falsehood.

CHICAGO, 23.—The national division of the sons of temperance of North America, which has been in session here, adjourned last evening. A resolution was adopted yesterday giving the grand division of California jurisdiction over Washington Territory, Nevada, Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, and the Sandwich Islands. O. D. Wetmore, of St. John, N. B., was elected most worthy patriarch for the next two years. S. W. Hodge, assistant grand scribe, and W. O. Clark, of California, M. W. C.

BOSTON, 23.—The sacred concert in the Coliseum this afternoon was attended by an audience of nine thousand, and was, like the former performances, a decided success. Madames Leutner and Rudersdorff each sang solos. The chorus of the Jubilee singers appeared in their quaint melodies and were repeatedly encored.

BELLEVILLE, Canada, 22.—The night express went down past this place at 12:20 this morning, full of passengers, among whom were many ministers of the English church on their way homeward from the Synod at Toronto. About eleven miles below Belleville station, the engine jumped the track, carrying death and fearful torture to scores of passengers in the forward cars. The baggage car remained on the track and telescoped the smoking car and a second-class passenger car, leaving them on top of the engine exposed to the escaping steam from the boiler. Here the poor creatures were hopelessly jammed for some time, breathing vapors and death, and suffering all the agony of an immersion in a boiling cauldron of super-heated water. J. M. Roddy, an eye witness says, immediately after the disaster he went to the second-class car. It and the smoking car were telescoped and form the locomotive, steam from which, issuing from the cars, was so dense that he could see nothing, one after another of the scalded wretches were crawling from the openings. Crowbars were immediately put into requisition by the passengers from the first-class cars, all of whom escaped injury, and openings were made. Many were found entangled and were extricated with the utmost difficulty, the timbers having to be broken. Five persons were found dead and carried to the roadside, where the wounded lay for nearly three hours, in the most fearful agony, when Dr. Bardett, of Belleville arrived and had them removed to a Pullman car. On their arrival here everything was promptly done to allay their sufferings. Medical men were summoned, mattresses were procured, and a large freight shed was turned into a temporary hospital, where the patients received every possible attention. The medical men and their assistants are unremitting in their attentions, while the clergy vie with each other.

The sight at the scene of the disaster was one to baffle description, and the terrible cries of the sufferers rent the ears of the lookers-on who made every possible effort to grant their request for water. Their condition, under the influence of their terrible injuries, was fearful to witness, while prayers and curses, caused by premonition of approaching dissolution, were here and there heard. After the injured arrived here death brought to some of them a happy relief from their terrible agonies. Those least injured walked about swathed in bandages and conversed freely concerning the occurrence of the night. The express and baggage car was forced past the broken engine without injuring the express messenger or baggage man, but the smoking car was

telescoped, as was the second-class car, and the latter in going forward, knocked the safety valve off the boiler, and remained on top of the engine, allowing the steam to fill the car which was crowded with passengers, many of them lumbermen en route for Omaha. Two first-class cars and a Pullman car were comparatively uninjured, and the passengers went east this forenoon. Sixty-five men and women were fearfully scalded and otherwise injured; six died on the spot and their bodies were brought to Belleville; four more have died and others are dying every hour. Not more than one-third of the injured will live. John Hobbert the engineer was instantly killed; and the fireman was so badly injured that one of his legs will have to be amputated. H. Neilson the conductor, and the other train hands escaped uninjured.

The wounded and dying are lying on mattresses on the floor of the freight shed, so much disfigured as to be unrecognizable. Five of the wounded who were able to walk, left by the express train for Toronto.

BELLEVILLE, evening, 22.—Since the report of this afternoon twelve more of those injured by the railroad disaster, have died, making 23 dead now, and others are dying. The physicians say that not more than six or seven of the 65 injured persons will live. The sufferings and appearance of the wounded are frightful.

BALTIMORE, 23.—Christiana Sharp, aged 22, returning from Druid Hill Park last night, had her clothing ignited by a spark and was burned almost to a crisp.

WASHINGTON, 21.—Commissioners Brunet and Cree leave here, to-day, for an extended tour among the Indians of Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Utah and Colorado; their object is to avert threatened hostility on the part of the wild Sioux in Northern Missouri, and, as the Northern Pacific R. R. approaches their reservation, to purchase a portion of the reservation in Colorado, or to offer an exchange of the southern part of the eastern Shoshone and Bannock reservation in Wyoming for land north of it, and a general examination into Indian affairs.

NEW YORK.—The barbers of seventeen hundred shops struck this a.m. for reduced hours of labor—from 7 a.m. to 8 p.m., with an hour for dinner. Twelve hundred shops acceded to the demands of the men immediately; the other shops still hold out. The strikers receive present assistance from the eight hour league.

VISAILA, Cal., 22.—W. A. Hart and K. H. Kenny, convicted of the murder of Liavi Fletcher, in April last, were this morning sentenced, by Judge Bradford, to be hanged on Friday, August 16th.

SAN FRANCISCO, 22.—A race for \$20,000 between Steve Whiffles' stallion, Ajax, and Livingston's stallion Alexander, in mile heats; three in five, at Oakland, disappointed everybody. Alexander was the favorite from the start, but was evidently in no condition for the race when he came on the track, being weak and out of training, and Ajax went away from him with perfect ease every time, winning in three straight heats. Time, 2:29, 2:30, 2:34. He could evidently have done it easily in less time if crowded. A large amount of money changed hands.

NEW YORK, 24.—Ten jurors are now obtained in the Stokes' case.

EUROPEAN.

LONDON, 21.—It is now stated that Smith, of the Atlanta crew, did not win the heat of the Healey sculling match yesterday, as stated.

BERLIN, 19.—The bill against the Jesuits passed its third reading by a vote of 181 to 93.

A foreign correspondent says on the night of June 10, an attempt was made to blow up the statues of the Prince Consort and Lord Carlisle in Dublin.

GENEVA, 23.—All the commissioners on the board are still absent except Davis and Cushing, of the American representation. Hopes are entertained of the amicable adjustment of the differences between the two countries.

GENEVA, 23.—It is now stated that when the board of arbitration meets again on Wednesday the American agent will maintain that the tribunal can adjourn like any other court, as the power conferred by the provision under which it was constituted enable it to entertain the question of the admissibility of indirect claims, and that if England persists in the refusal to proceed with arbitration America will press for judgment by default.

MADRID, 23.—The journals of this city deny that the government of Spain has requested the recall of Minister Sickles.