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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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TERMS:

Six Months...... 3,00.

Calendar for March, 1867.

New Moon, 6th day, 2h. 9m. Morning. First Quarter, 13th day, 1h. 18m. Morning. Full Moon, 20th day. 1h. 26m. Morning. Last Quarter, 28th day, 0h, 17m. Morning. Perigee 12d. 4h. P.M. Apogee 26d. 9h. P.M

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[Special to the DESERET NEWS.]

New York, 22. The police continue to make arrests of persons who are identified as prominently concerned in the riot on St. Patrick's day. A preliminary meeting of delegates from the various churches and father Mathew temperance societies was held last evening in the basement of St. Peters Church, for the purpose of giving public expression of their unqualified dissatisfaction at the riots and their censure of the rioters.

The Government of Honduras has directed its ports to be open for the reception of prizes in the Spanish-Chilian war. The militia are reorganized with the President in Supreme command as Lt. General.

The Herald's Charleston, S. C., special says a mass meeting irrespective of color, was held last night; only about 50 white people were present. Judge Moore, white, presided, and a negro was secretary. The meeting was decidedly radical; a resolution claiming suffrage and the right to hold office for colored men, opposing large land monopolies, and calling for a revision of the state code and a reorganization of the courts was adopted.

Washington, 22. current resolution; the preamble recites | traordinary spectacle of inpeachment. that Jefferson Davis stands charged with | Stevens said the people expected the the henious crime of conspiracy to mur- House to take steps for impeachment, der Lincoln, is also indicted for high and said Blaine prefered Johnson for court in Virginia so long as that treason, has persistently declared his President, to Ben. Wade. Blaine acinnocence and demanded a speedy and knowledged that he preferred Fessenpublic trial, Therefore, resolved that der, in case of the removal of Johnson, dignity of a Judge of the Supreme not in accordance with the demands of to retail private conversation.

justice or the spirit of the laws and re- The President's veto message of the quirements of the Constitution; that supplemental reconstruction bill objects justice and national honor unite in re- generally to the provisions of the bill, commending that said Davis be brought especially the registry; no person being to a speedy public trial, or released on permitted to vote whose names are not bail or his own recognizance. The re- received, he says the military commansolution was ordered printed. ·

in the House amendment to the joint says both the reconstruction bills esresolution appropriating \$1,000,000 for, the relief of the destitute at the south.

The House amendment to the resolution for supplying Tennessee with arms, &c., was agreed to.

Paris, 22. It is announced that the Emperor favors the confederation of France, Holland, Belgium and Switzerland against Prussia.

The Miantonomah and other vessels of the American fleet are still at Port | ing an offensive and defensive alliance Mahon.

Harrisburgh, Pa., 22. Gov. Geary has signed the bill requiring railways to carry all passengers, without distinction of color.

New York, 22. The failure of Robinson and Ogden, dealers in government securities, is reported; liabilities \$2,000,000.

To-day there has been the severest gale known on the Atlantic coast for five years, and it still continues to-night.

The House has passed the Senate joint resolution to make valid certain Acts of the Legislature of New Mexico.

Berlin, 23. There is a bitter feeling in France over the alleged treaty between Prussia and Bavaria, and it is believed that the efforts of Napoleon to form a confederation against Prussia are traceable to this cause.

Vienna, 23. The Sublime Porte has refused the proposition of the great powers of Europe, relative to ceding Candia to down. Greece.

New York, 23. Winter Garden was entirely destroy- lation. ed by fire to-day; all the properties of the theatre, including the magnificent wardrobe of Edwin Booth, were consumed. The Southern Hotel adjoining was badly damaged. Loss \$300,000.

The Senate, on motion of Trumbull, proceeded to consider the supplemental reconstruction bill and the President's veto thereon; the vote resulted in yeas two-thirds vote, was passed.

In the House the Senate amendment to the House joint resolution, providing for the importation, duty free, of objects of art imported for presentation to the Government, State governments, or municipal corporations, was concurred |

The Senate bill supplementary to the Act of June 16, 1866, to reimburse West Virginia for war expenses, was passed; it places the distribution of the money under the Secretary of War.

resolution to adjourn, on Tuesday, to a decided answer to these propositions. the 1st Monday in December, was adopted by a vote of 29 to 16.

the force in the Patent Office, and au- the demands reiterated, under threats thorizing additional examiners when lof taking other measures, in the event necessary, was passed.

The President's private Secretary appeared and delivered the veto message of the supplemental reconstruction bill. | in future. Wilson, of Iowa, moved the previous question and the bill was passed over ed his opinions on the reconstruction the veto by a vote of 114 to 25:

Blaine offered a concurrent resolution for adjournment on Tuesday to November 11th. Blaine said that it was settled was conceded to be, and whatever he ance, in good faith, will secure the remay have done, the people do not con- admission of the southern states.

sider it worth while to upturn the foun-In the Senate, Wilson offered a con- dations of the Government by the exhis longer confinement without trial is and said that it was wrong in Stevens

ders may prevent the election of re-The Senate, by 20 majority, concurred presentatives of the popular will. He tablish military coercion under martial law, and work political disfranchisement. He reiterates his views heretofore expressed in relation to reconstruction.

> Sir Frederick Bruce has been informed by the British Government that the sentences of the Fenians in Canada will be remitted.

Berlin, 23. King William has succeeded in effectwith the King of Wurtemburg.

Brussels, 23. It is officially announced that King Leopold will not enter into the proposed confederation with France, Holland and Switzerland.

New York, 24. Panama advices, 13th, state that three American ships lately took fire at Valparaiso and burned to the water's edge; the George Raines, Feb. 9th, the Flora McDonald and the George, Feb. 16th. It is suspected that they were fired by their crews.

The aborigines of New Zealand are again giving trouble.

Latest advices respecting the Argentine revolution state that a division under Felipe Loa, after a bloody engagement, was defeated by Gen. Panner at Los Loros.

Two steamers, with Argentine and Oriental troops on board, exploded, and quite a number of lives were lost. An Argentine war steamer had been run

Counterfeit twenties of the National Bank at Portland, Maine, are in circu-

Judge Russell yesterday refused bail in the case of Wall, the alleged marshal of the St. Patrick's day procession, who cut and lashed a policeman with his sword.

Advices from North Alabama represent that the people living at a distance from the railroads are dying of starvation, and that, unless relief reaches 40, nays 7; the bill, having received a them, the whole range of counties in the Sand Mountain section will be depopulated. Floods have destroyed a large quantity of food sent by the relief association to the sufferers.

New York, 25. The Herald's Panama correspondence says that a British frigate appeared off Carthagenia on the 23th of February, and the captain addressed a note to the President, insisting that the British Consul should receive the mails before they were sent to the local post offices, and that the President should apologize In the Senate, Trumbull's concurrent | for past offences. The President evaded

In the meanwhile a war steamer in the service of Mosquera, came into port In the House, Myers' bill to increase and was seized by the Englishmen and of none compliance; and the President, fearing a bombardment, succumbed, apologized, and promised to do better

> Ex-rebel Gen. Longstreet has expressplan in the columns of the New Orleans Times. He says there is no humiliation attached to an acceptance of the terms proposed by Congress, and that he has

The President has been urged, by prominent Republicans and others, to release Jeff. Davis upon his own recognizance, because there is no prospect that Chief Justice Chase will hold a State is under the control of military authority, he deeming it beneath the Court to preside in a district under such control. There is good reason for saying that, within the next ten days, Davis will be released on his own recognizance to answer when called upon.

Pittsburg, Pa., 24. The machinery works of Robinson, Red and Co., in South Pittsburgh, including a large stock of patterns, were burned this morning; loss \$75,000.

Baltimore, 24. The State Legislature adjourned yesterday. The bill admitting negroes to testify on the same footing as whites, in the courts of the state, failed to pass.

HOW THEY DO IT.

In speaking of the tariff bill the correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial thus explains how so many various interests are "protected:"

The ingenious feature of the bill is the manner in which special interests have been protected by it. This can best be explained by actual illustration. In the whole United States there is just one nickel factory, employing a capital of, say two hundred thousand dollars and a force of about fifty workmen. It is located in New Jersey. The proprietors of this establishment go to their New Jersey Senators and say to them that they must get "protection." The Pennsylvania Senators say: "We can't vote to protect such an interest as that; all that we want is an iron and coal tariff," "Very well," says New Jersey, "if you don't protect my nickel factory I'll vote against your coal mines and iron factories" And so, in order to get the Jersey votes, a tariff of 40 per cent. is levied on nickel. Now it happens that nickel is a material very extensively used in this country, forming a large ingredient in the manufacture of German-silver ware. It would take a hundred such factories as that in New Jersey to supply the demand, but in order to protect that one factory the price of everything into which nickel enters is increased forty per cent. to every consumer in the United States. And this, forsooth, is protecting American industry.

Take another illustration: There is one place in the United States where the stone used for grindstones is found and dressed. It is near Cleveland, Ohio. It would require fifty such quarries to supply the demand of the country. But this "American industry" must be protected, and in order to enable a single establishment to reap large profits, a tariff of ten dollars a ton is put upon the grindstones that come from Nova Scotia. If you don't put that in, says the grindstone member, I'll vote against the bill. All right, says New England, if you'll swallow the rest of the bill we can afford that. And so it goes.

Among the arrested persons in New York last year, are recorded 13 editors, 14 reporters, 793 printers, 94 artists, 44 actors, 336 scholars, 91 engravers, 122 lawyers, 139 physicians, 78 teachers, 795 merchants, and 38 officers of the United States.

A GERMAN has brought to Paris an inexplosible powder which is certainly going to make a revolution in this department of war material. This powder, invented by Mr. Neumeyer, of Leipsic, does not explode in the open air when inflamed; it burns up slowly, like so much tinder; but it explodes with more explosive power than any other powder, in a closed cavity; it is that, however bad a man Andy Johnson | no reason to doubt that such an accept- | cheaper than any ordinary powder, and may be manufactured anywhere, even on board ship.