CONGRESSIONAL.

To Return to Mexico the Trophies of War Captured by the United States in 1847.

THAT INTERNATIONAL MONETARY CONFERENCE.

The Commercial Treaty With Kongo and the Slave Trade Treaty Ratified.

By Telegraph to the News!

THE SENATE.

Business Transacted by that Body Yesterday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—As large number of bills were reported from the committees and placed on the calendar.

A communication from Ryan, American minister to Mexico, to the late Senator Plumb, suggesting that it would be a generous and neighborly act to return to Mexico the trophies of war captured by the United States troops in the Mexican war of 1847, was presented and referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Senator Teller offered a resolution providing for an international monetary conference, and it was referred to the committee on finance.

The resolution declares that it is the determined policy of the United States government to use both gold and silver as full legal tender money, either under the ratio now existing in the United States or such ratio that may hereafter be established by the United States alone or in accord with other nations. It directs the President to invite the governments of the countries composing the so-called Latin Union, and such other nations as may be deemed advisable, to join the United States in the conference, and to adopt a common ratio between gold and silver for the purpose of establishing ultimately the use of bimetallic money, and of securing a fixity of relative values between these two metals. Whenever the governments, or any three of them, shall have agreed to unite, whenever, in the judgment of the President, a sufficient number of nations shall have entered into such international agreement, the President is to declare the ratio so fixed to be the existing ratio in the United States. The President is to appoint not less than three nor more than five commissioners, whose reports to him shall be transmitted to Congress, and who shall each receive $5000 and reasonable expenses.

Senator Teller spoke at some length in advocacy of the resolution.

Senator Stewart submitted a statement in connection with the resolution he offered last week instructing the judiciary committee to inquire what further legislation is necessary to secure the coinage of silver provided for under the Bland act.

Replying to a query of Mitchell's, Senator Stewart said that the act of 1890 certainly did not repeal that portion of the Bland act. The resolution was referred to the finance committee.

Senator Morgan introduced a bill, which was referred, forfeiting to the United States the lands claimed by the Northern Pacific between Bismarck and Wallula.

The Senate then, at 1:27, went into executive session. When it opened the Senate adjourned until tomorrow.

The Senate ratified the commercial treaty with the Congo States and the African slave trade treaty.

THE CHILEAN TROUBLE.

Activity at our Navy Yards Renewed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—It was ascertained this afternoon beyond the possibility of doubt that the Navy Department, since the receipt of the first news of the San Francisco inquiry, has redoubled its preparations for trouble. The activity at the Navy Yard in this city is increasing and the Navy Department is pushing every means of saving time.

GRAVITY OF THE CONTROVERSY.

A naval officer of great prominence said this afternoon that the public should be acquainted with the gravity of the Chilean controversy. The investigation at San Francisco is developing very startling facts, and it will be well for us to appreciate the situation thoroughly. The evidence taken there shows conclusively, to my mind, that the assault was a prearranged affair, and the inquiry at Valparaiso is mere farce. I am thoroughly convinced that the assault was premeditated and intended as an insult to this government.

HOW SAILORS WAS TREATED.

The *Post* tomorrow will publish a synopsis of the testimony given at the San Francisco inquiry into the case of Patrick Shields, one fireman on board the steamer "Keweenaw," arrested in Valparaiso and brutally maltreated. From the place of his arrest to prison is nearly half a mile. The policemen beat him continually the entire distance. In the prison yard Shields says he was subjected to the most inhuman treatment, blows rendering him unconscious. No accusation was made against him.

PREVIOUS TESTIMONY CORROBORATED.

VALLEJO, Cal., Jan. 11.—Nothing very new was elicited at the "Baltimore" investigation today, the evidence being chiefly directed to corroborating that already taken and to showing the pernicious activity of the Valparaiso police on the day of the riot. A score of witnesses were examined. All were arrested by the police and confined in jail for four or five days. A great majority did not know that there had been a riot until arrested and taken to jail, when they were found bruised and bleeding. The testimonies of several of the witnesses testified that the police first made known their desire to arrest them by attacking them from behind, striking them with their gun butts or nightsticks. None of these men made any resistance, although two or three, startled by the sudden attack, tried to run away. In such cases they were chased by a mounted officer, knocked down and beaten. One was stabbed by a policeman with a fixed bayonet, and did not recover for two days. The search for the men who expressed to the Valparaiso court their approval of the action, as asserted by the prosecutor Beal in his report as becoming clinical as implicated in the inquiry for the man "that struck Billy Patterson." The universal testimony is that they were robbed very shortly before being attacked. No one witnessed the attack of Turnbull, or knows the circumstances. He is the man who received eighteen knife wounds in the back and died in a few days. He made a dying statement, which will probably be put in evidence tomorrow.

The Indianapolis Strike.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 11.—The street car strike is still on and everybody who cannot hire a cab is walking today. There is no prospect of settling. Over a thousand workers are guarding the various stables and power houses to see that no cars are started. At 1:30 an attempt to run an electric car on College avenue was made by Secretary Anderson. The strikers, however, stopped the car a block from where it started and it was stable abandoned.

There is no change in the street car strike tonight. This afternoon a conference was held between the mayor and President Fisackr, of the company. Later the latter addressed a letter to the police commissioner, saying that he was determined to run his cars tomorrow, and asking police protection. The men are determined that he shall not run the cars, and it is feared that any attempt to do so will be followed by serious results.

Accidents.

GERMANTOWN, Ohio, Jan. 11.—This morning a fire broke out in the McClellan Opera House. The flames soon spread to Mr. Johnson's millinery store, next to the Hotel de Paris, which, together with the opera house building, was totally destroyed. Several other frame buildings were destroyed. The loss will not reach over $10,000.

McKEESPORT, Pa., Jan. 11.—A boiler in the park packing establishment of A. M. Byers at Riverside exploded this morning, wrecking the building and killing two men.

OTTAWA, Jan. 11.—Three unknown men were killed this morning by the premature explosion of a blast at Merrill's mine, Temple township.

Bland's Bill for the Free Coinage of Silver.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—A bill was introduced by Bland (Mo.), chairman of the House coinage committee, today, for the free coinage of silver, providing that the unit of value shall be a dollar of 412½ grains standard silver, or 24¾ grains of standard gold. Any holder of gold or silver bullion of the value of $100 or more of standard fineness shall be entitled to have the same coined free of charge. It further provides for the use of coin notes and their redemption. The coinage acts of 1873 and July, 1890, are repealed. As soon as France repeals her mints to the free coinage ratio of 15 per cent, to use the President shall make a proclamation of the fact, whereupon the ratio shall be the legal tender in the United States and thereafter a standard silver dollar shall consist of 412½ grains of standard silver.

A Yarn About the Jews.

BERLIN, Jan. 11.—The *Kreuzzeitung*, referring to the release of a Jewish butcher, arrested at Nauheim, charged with murdering a Christian boy, insists that the release is an error. The paper maintains the truth of the charges against the Jews of killing Christian children for the purpose of using their blood in their peculiar religious rites.

News from Valparaiso.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—The *Herald's* Valparaiso correspondent is informed that Chilean Minister Montt at Washington will be instructed to dispatch to the effect that, while fully aware that the United States could not demand a safe conduct for the refugees in the American legation, still he advises that they be allowed to leave the country as a concession to the United States. Jose Carrera, one of the refugees escorted from Santiago to Valparaiso by Minister Egan, was to have sailed for the north on the German steamer "Aigdhos," but on reflection decided not to go. He is afraid that he might be taken off by the Chilean government at some northern port. He he remains on the "Yorktown," which will land him and William Juan McKenna at a Peruvian port.

The British warship "Warspite" has arrived here.

The Central & South American Telegraph company having acquired the Transandine Telegraph company, the only line between Chile and Argentine, has today surprised the public by reducing the rates via Galveston 15 per cent. This policy will result subsequently to the public and the company. If the reduced rates result in increased traffic, further reductions will surely follow.

Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Senate today confirmed the following nominations: Commander Merrill, of New Jersey, N., to be engineer in chief and chief of the bureau of steam engineering in the navy department; W. W. Morrow, to be circuit judge of the ninth district, comprising Warner Tutt, Oregon, U. S. district judge of Alaska; D. S. K. Brick, Oregon, zoned at Sonoburg; L. H. Carter, Montana, commissioner of the general land office; Colonel W. J. Clark, receiver of public money at Carson City, Nevada; A. J. Sargent, probate judge of Piute county, Utah.

Status for the Next Nominee.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—In an interview here this evening United States Senator Jones of Nevada expressed the opinion that Mr. Blaine would be the next Republican nominee for President, adding: "I also am inclined to the belief that he is the only man whom we can elect. The people are not pleased," said Jones, "with the political tales by either Harrison or Cleveland on the silver question." He thinks that there is no doubt that the free silver people will have a majority in the present Congress.

Making Cartridges.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Mortimer McRoberts of this city, who has a contract to furnish all the cartridges for the United States army and navy, said today that his factory has put on a night force to keep its workmen at work working day and night turning out their product. Not less than 2000 men are engaged in the work and he said that the payments made by the Government will foot up in the hundreds of thousands. The prospect of a Chilean war is presumed to be the cause. Until a year ago the Government purchased all its cartridges in England.

The Railroad Strike.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 11.—The railways entering here have notified their employes that under the law the railway companies are compelled to handle each other's cars, and the employes have notified the company that they will not handle Kilgore Pacing price or freight. If a settlement is not reached, a tie-up, which will now be the result, bids fair to survival the general strike of eight years ago.

The Indians.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Jan. 11.—Four ghost dances are now in progress among the Indians in this Territory. None of the dances express any hostility towards the whites. Many have died from exposure to the severity of the cold weather. There will not be any serious trouble with any of these Indians unless the Government attempts to stop them. They are determined to keep up the dances, and there would surely be bloodshed should any attempt be made to stop them.

Our Navy.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Navy Department is informed that the United States steamship "Chicago," Admiral Wilkes's flagship, arrived at Montevideo this morning. The other vessels of his squadron and the "Atlanta," and "Yorktown" were but reported at Bahia. They are expected to join the "Chicago" at Montevideo. The future movement of these will be governed entirely by circumstances. They are expected to proceed to Montevideo and await further orders. In case of necessity they will be ordered to Chile, but unless such exigencies arise they will remain on duty in the South Atlantic.

About the World's Fair.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The House committee on appropriations today referred to a sub-committee the deficiencies, when appointed.

A resolution was introduced by Henderson of Iowa for the investigation of the progress and managers of the World's Fair.

Death of Cyrus Field's Daughter.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Grace Field Lindley, eldest daughter of Cyrus W. Field, died this morning after a lingering illness.

WILLIAM McKINLEY

Inaugurated Governor of the State of Ohio.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 11.—Wm. McKinley, Jr., was inaugurated Governor of Ohio today with the most imposing pageantry, and the number of visitors was unprecedented in the State's history. Notwithstanding the severity of the winter weather the city was crowded with people from all parts of Ohio and large delegations from the neighboring States. The legislature, supreme court, State officers and members of the press assembled in the senate chamber, and thence proceeded by the escort of the Governor and Governor-elect McKinley, marched to the rotunda of the Capitol, where a stand was erected for the ceremonies. At 12:30 Governor Campbell, the retiring executive, delivered his valedictory speech by Governor Campbell, the chief justice of the supreme court administered the oath of office to Major McKinley. He then delivered his inaugural address.

MCKINLEY'S ADDRESS.

In Governor McKinley's inaugural address he reviewed at some length the progress made by Ohio in population and wealth between 1860 and 1890. During this decade, he said that the population had increased nearly 40 per cent and the assessed valuation increased materially, and industries had thrived in this proportion.

Coming to a consideration of the subjects which claim the attention of the Legislature, he touched upon all in turn. He declared that ample provision should be made for a creditable exhibit at the international exhibition to be held at Chicago in 1893, and that the people of the State should urge such action as would make the exhibition worthy of the great event, and of the dignity and honor of the Nation. The new ballot law he declared to be a step in the right direction, but the government thought that the law should be amended in several particulars, especially as to making of the ballots.

In regard to redistricting the State, the governor said: "Make the districts as fair in regard to the political division of our people that they will stand until the census shall be taken. Make them so impartial that no further legislation will dare to disturb them. Still a new apportionment and a new congressional apportionment will make a change imperative. Partisanship is not to be discouraged but encouraged in all things where the people are at stake. But a partnership which would take from the people their just representation, as in the case of the congressional apportionment of last Legislature, is an abuse of power which the people are sure to rebuke. It will be a source to reenfranchise the citizens of Ohio who were disfranchised by the last legislature's gerrymander, and to restore to the people its rightful voice in the National house of representatives.

"The districts should be made so as to give the party majority in the State a majority of the Representatives, and so arranged that, if the party majority should change, the Representative majority shall also change."

Governor McKinley, continuing, declared: "The elections last November have given to one of the political parties of the State an almost unprecedented majority in both branches of the Legislature. So large a majority will require from every member of the dominant party the exercise of the greatest wisdom and moderation. The great majority of the extraordinary responsibility which follows the great trust which has been reposed in you by the people, who in turn will hold you to the highest and strictest accountability."

Governor McKinley and his staff and party proceeded to the grand stand and reviewed the parade. The parade, with over 9,000 men in line, was made up of political clubs, societies and uniformed civic, political and semi-military organizations, and the Ohio National Guard, and was the greatest ever witnessed at any gubernatorial inauguration ever held in this city.

The Mahdi Was Poisoned.

CAIRO, Jan. 11.—In an interview with Father Ohrwalder, the priest who was formerly connected with the Austrian Soudan mission and who recently escaped from the Mahdists after nine years' captivity, he confirms the report that the Mahdi was poisoned, and repeated in detail the events that led to his death.

Off for Tangier.

ROME, Jan. 11.—The Italian frigate "Dandolo" has sailed for Tangier.

S. JACOBS OIL
THE GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND SAYS:
IT EXECUTIVE CHAMBER. IS
Annapolis, Md., Jan. 6, '90.
"I have often used ST. JACOBS OIL, and find it a good Liniment."
ELIHU E. JACKSON,
THE Gov. of Md. BEST.

CALIFORNIA CREAM OF PRUNES
A very delicate laxative, made from the pulp of fruit, — — — and combined with the most healthy medicinal qualities yet in its form.
CREAM OF PRUNES
MILDLY AND PLEASANTLY EFFECTUAL
AND AS A PREVENTIVE
Invigorating the Liver and Regulating the Bowels and Kidneys
IT PERMANENTLY CURES CONSTIPATION AND PILES.
IT IS A WONDERFUL REMEDY
For Children, Adults, Invalids, Convalescents and Aged.
PRICE 25 CENTS.
For Sale by All Druggists.
BRIGGS MEDICINE CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, - - CALIFORNIA

Utah Cracker Factory,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
SILVER BRAND of SNOWFLAKE SODAS
AND
FINE CAKES.
Packed in 1 and 2 Pound Boxes for Picnic Parties, Travelers and Families.
SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

PROFESSIONAL.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Office in Construction Building, 240 S. Main Street, Salt Lake City.

DANIEL HARRINGTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Rooms 212 & 213 Construction Building, Corner Pub. Ex. Office.

S. W. DARKE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR.
Member Bar of Utah, - - Salt Lake City.

T. D. LEWIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Rooms 212-213 Construction Building.

JOHN M. CANNON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Rooms 251 & 252, Third Floor, Constitution Building.

RICHARD W. YOUNG,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Third Floor, Constitution Building, opposite P. O. W. U.

CHARLES M. CANNON,
SURGEON-DENTIST.
Rooms old and new Construction Building.

MRS. M. E. VAN, M. D.
OFFICE—Rm. 232, Third Floor, Constitution Building. HOURS—9 to 10 a.m., 1 to 3 p.m.

BANKS.

THE STATE BANK OF UTAH,
SALT LAKE CITY.
Capital, - $500,000.
HENRY J. GRANT, President.
WM. B. PRESTON, 1st Vice President.
HEBER M. WELLS, 2nd Vice President.
DIRECTORS:
Henry J. Grant, John R. Winder, Wm. B. Preston, Heber M. Wells, Jos. F. Smith, Abram H. Cannon, Franklin S. Richards, Lorenzo Snow, Thos. R. Cutler, Elias Morris, Jos. W. Summons, Thos. G. Webber.
Transacts a general banking business. Receives deposits subject to check. Makes loans on approved security. Buys and sells exchange on principal cities of the United States and Europe. Draws drafts payable in any town in Great Britain and Ireland through the National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

UTAH COMMERCIAL
AND
Savings Bank,
SALT LAKE CITY.
Capital, - - $250,000
Surplus, - - $30,000
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Five Per Cent Interest Paid on Savings Deposits, Compounded Four Times a Year.
NICKEL SAVING STAMPS FOR SALE
AT THE BANK OR ANY OF ITS AGENTS.
DIRECTORS.
FRANCIS ARMSTRONG, E. M. MAYER, DR. JOS. S. RICHARDS, T. G. ALLEBACH, WILLIAM SPENCER, JOHN W. JAMES, OSCAR H. HARRIS, SAMUEL MORRIS, M. L. CUMMINS.

Deseret National Bank,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
Paid-up Capital, - $500,000.00
Surplus, - $500,000.00
DIRECTORS:
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MOSES THATCHER, Vice President.
W. W. RITER,
J. R. EGBERT,
J. T. LITLE,
J. G. DUPES,
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D. H. PEIRCE,
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WILLARD SNYDER,
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Receives Deposits Payable on Demand.
Buys and Sells Exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, London and other Principal Continental Cities.
Sells Deposit Tickets, payable to bearer on demand, bearing interest at the rate of two per cent per annum.

WILLIAM WOODRUFF, President. E. R. MORRISON, 2nd Vice President.
ZION'S SAVINGS BANK
AND
TRUST COMPANY,
Nos. 1 and 3 East Temple Street.
Authorized Capital, $1,000,000. Paid in Capital, $500,000.
DIRECTORS:
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JOSEPH F. SMITH,
JOHN R. WINDER,
HENRY DINWOODEY,
JOHN JAQUES,
GEORGE SCOTT,
W. H. WOODRUFF, Cashier.
H. S. DUNCAN.
DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
Pays 5 Per Cent Interest on Savings Deposits.
SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.

RAILROADS.

RIO GRANDE WESTERN.
Standard Gauge.
CURRENT TIME TABLE
In Effect January 1, 1892.
LEAVE SALT LAKE.
No. 2—For Ogden, Denver, Grand Junction, Glenwood Springs and Points East ..... 9:00 a.m.
No. 4—For Ogden, Denver, Colorado Springs and Points East ..... 9:00 p.m.
No. 6—For Ogden ..... 6:00 a.m.
No. 8—For Ogden, Provo and Intermediate Points ..... 5:00 p.m.
No. 10—For Ogden ..... 7:00 a.m.
No. 12—For Ogden ..... 7:00 p.m.
No. 14—For Ogden and Intermediate Points ..... 11:00 a.m.
No. 16—For Ogden and the West ..... 6:00 p.m.
ARRIVE AT SALT LAKE.
No. 1—From Denver, Colorado Springs, Grand Junction and the East ..... 12:01 p.m.
No. 3—From Denver, Colorado Springs and the East ..... 6:30 a.m.
No. 5—From Ogden, Provo and Eureka ..... 10:30 a.m.
No. 7—From Ogden ..... 11:01 a.m.
No. 9—From Ogden ..... 6:00 p.m.
No. 11—From Ogden ..... 12:01 a.m.
No. 13—From Ogden and Intermediate Points ..... 4:00 p.m.
No. 15—From Ogden and the West ..... 9:00 a.m.
Dailies—Daily. Dailies—Except Sunday. Sunday—Sunday only. Ex. Sunday—Except Sunday. Monday—Monday only.
Ticket Office, No. 205 S. Main Street.
D. C. DODGE, A. G. P. A. W. M. BRADLEY, Ass't. Gen. Manager. GEO. A. FOSTER, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Utah Central Railway
TIME TABLE.
In Effect April 1st, 1891.
Passenger Trains will Run Daily, between Salt Lake and Park City, as Follows:
SALT LAKE CITY.
Train 1 arrives at Park City ..... 11:30 a.m.
" 3 " " " ..... 6:00 p.m.
" 5 leaves " " ..... 8:30 a.m.
" 7 " " " ..... 5:00 p.m.
PARK CITY.
Train 2 arrives at Salt Lake ..... 10:30 a.m.
" 4 " " " ..... 5:00 p.m.
" 6 leaves " " ..... 8:00 a.m.
" 8 " " " ..... 3:00 p.m.
Office and Depot corner 1st South and West Street.
T. J. MAUNSELL, G. P. & T. A.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY
THE FAVORITE ROUTE
For All Points East and South
—IS THE—
MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY
ONLY ONE CHANGE OF CARS,
EVERY TO ST. LOUIS, and that is made in the daylight and in the Union Depot.
ELEGANT RECLINING CHAIR CARS
Free to holders of regular train tickets.
For further particulars, call on or address
S. K. DUNCAN, Commercial Agent.
HUGH J. GRANT, Agent, Salt Lake City.
Freight Building, Salt Lake City.
E. C. TOWNSEND, G. P. & T. A.
St. Louis, Mo.

—THE—
Burlington Route BURLINGTON ROUTE.
The Only Through Route from Chicago to Salt Lake.
THE BURLINGTON ROUTE has been selected, after careful investigation, as the best route over which the Burlington Route will be found to be a Direct Line.
NO TRANSFERS,
THROUGH CARS
A Saving of at Least Three Days between Chicago and Salt Lake.
Stock yard cars at Omaha shipped same day as arrival at Omaha Stockyards.
E. E. WALKER, General Agent,
20 W. Second South, Salt Lake.

TAKE THE
Colorado Midland Railway
TWO FAST TRAINS DAILY FOR
Glenwood Springs, Aspen, Leadville, Buena Vista, Colorado Springs, Florence, Denver, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis, Chicago. And all Eastern Points.
Leave Salt Lake City at 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. daily, arriving at Glenwood Springs at 2:00 p.m. and 2:00 a.m. daily.
Solid Trains to Glenwood Springs and Denver.
Buffet Sleepers to Denver and Chicago.
For Tickets and Further Information, call on any R. G. W. Agent, or Ticket Agent at Depot.
H. C. BENNETT, Gen'l Agt., Salt Lake City.

DEEDS AND MORTGAGES.
Conformable to the Territorial Statute for sale at the
DESERET NEWS OFFICE.

F. AUERBACH & BRO
—OFFER ALL—
CHRISTMAS
GOODS
AT COST!!
All SILKS and DRESS GOODS AT COST!
All CLOAKS and JACKETS AT COST!
Our Entire Stock of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS AT COST and Less than Cost. Going out of the line.
BOYS' and CHILDREN'S WICKER CLOTHING AT COST!
LADIES' and CHILDREN'S KNIT GOODS and UNDERWEAR AT COST!
SEEING IS BELIEVING!
Come Early and Avoid the Rush. We Offer Misrepresent.
F. AUERBACH & BRO

WHAT IS A GUARANTEE?
Many merchants and salesmen are in the habit of indiscriminately "guaranteeing" their wares with no thought of being called upon to make the "guarantee" good. It is a pernicious and foolish custom made impossible by the Speech Book in the reservoirs.
A guarantee, to have any value, should be made with knowledge of the meaning of the word and a set purpose to carry out the terms of the guarantee. On this basis the makers instruct us to warrant, and we guarantee our Self Sound Imperfect Ranges.
We have used our best judgment, supplied by a considerable experience, in selecting the following items for our stock and then in our enthusiasm with an absolute guarantee that if they do not prove to be all that we represent them, we will refund the purchase money in full.
"Jewel" Steel Ranges. A Subdued article, perfectly proportioned, made of the best material. Don't fail to see it. It will pay you.
"Quick Meal" No Generator, Evaporating. Light it as you do your gas burner. No smoke. No danger. No complication. Every objection to the use of a Gasoline Stove thus swept away with. Think of the discomfort caused in Summer by enduring the heat of a big Kitchen Range.
"Superior" Cooks and Ranges. Superior as bakers. Superior in economy of fuel. Superior in design. Superior in construction. Superior in everything that goes to make a perfect cooking apparatus.
The "Fuel Refrigerator." An ice saver. A Health preserver. Cellular stone Block. What is that? Investigate it. It will more than repay you.
Our stock of Builders' Hardware, House Furnishings, Garden & Hose, Lawn Sprinklers, Lawn Mowers, etc., is complete in every detail.
E. C. COFFIN HARDWARE CO.,
Progress Building.

CHARTER OAK
Pretty little maidens
Sad and sore your feet
For your dainty faces
Black are as the pot!
When your Charter Oak comes
With its wire gauge door,
Dusky little maidens
You shall be, no more.
FOR SALE BY
Z. C. M. I., Sole Agents in Salt Lake City