TELEGRAPHIC.

MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

All Due to the Similarity of Names and Newspaper Enterprise.

NEUSTADTER IS NOT NEUSTRETTER

The Former a Widow Living in New York, the Latter a Gay Parisienne.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 31.—A story was published by a morning paper in this city connecting Mrs. Nettie Neustadter with the scandal in the family of William K. Vanderbilt. The story was founded on the similarity between her name and that of the gay Parisienne, Nellie Neustretter, who is said to have lured the American millionaire from the path of domestic rectitude.

Mrs. Neustadter's father is Benjamin Cohen, of this city. He said in an interview:

"It is absurd to say that this unknown woman and my daughter Nellie are the same person. I have been receiving letters from her for the last two years at regular intervals of twelve days. They have all been dated New York. Only once to my knowledge did she visit Europe, and that was two years ago. Then she remained in Paris for a month. All these stories to the effect that my daughter was one of the most notorious women of Paris are untrue. Nellie did not speak French well and she never posed as a French woman so far as I know. If she was the heroine of the sensational scrapbook charged to her I think I would have known it."

The Cohens have been receiving letters from Mrs. Neustadter at regular intervals ever since her departure from this city. The last letter was received on Tuesday and was dated and postmarked New York. She wrote to an intimate friend a few weeks ago to the effect that she will be in this city during the latter part of September.

NETTIE COMPLAINS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The World this morning says:

In the crush at the Casino last night was a handsome woman who complained bitterly because the newspapers had published telegrams from San Francisco accusing her of intimacy with William K. Vanderbilt. Her name before she was married was Nettie Cohen. Her husband procured a divorce from her under the name of Nettie Neustadter. She lives now as Mrs. Nita Allen, almost opposite the home of Chauncey M. Depew.

"Those Western people have mixed me up with some other woman," she said to a reporter. "I never saw William K. Vanderbilt in my life. I do not want to see him. I have had trouble enough without that. I did live in San Francisco, and after some trouble with my husband I came to New York because I saw better prospects here. It is nobody's business but my own what I am doing here, nor do I care to explain why I am living under another name. I have just made a theatrical engagement, and if the publicity about this Vanderbilt case interferes with it, then somebody will have to suffer for it."

This explanation straightens out an tangle in the Vanderbilt scandal.

FRIENDS SYMPATHIZE WITH VANDERBILT.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—There was some change today in the talk about the trouble in the William K. Vanderbilt family. Mr. Vanderbilt's friends have refrained from saying much so far, but they did not hesitate to say today that when the truth is known he will be amply vindicated. So far as can be learned from statements made to persons in the confidence of the Vanderbilt family, their sympathies are still with the husband. They hope the matter will be settled out of court. It is not a question of money, Mr. Vanderbilt is willing, it is said, to give his wife all the money she wants, but he insists upon retaining charge of the children.

It is asserted by friends of William K. that he was in no way responsible for the interruption in the voyage of the Valiant, but that circumstances make it necessary for him either to leave the vessel or leave some of his friends. He cancelled friends and was advised to discontinue the voyage, since that time Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt have lived apart.

FROM SAMOA.

News of Further Fighting Among the Natives.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 31.—The steamer Mariposa, which arrived this evening from Sydney, Auckland, Apia and Honolulu, brings news of further fighting among the natives of Samoa and final hostile interference by the British and German warships stationed at Apia.

Two skirmishes took place between the warring tribes, resulting in the killing of eight or ten natives and the wounding of many more, and besides, the natives had become short of food, not having planted or looked after their crops, and they had taken to stealing from foreigners throughout the islands. Their mode of living had produced a great deal of distress, much suffering and many deaths, so that in the interest of common humanity interference by the powers became absolutely necessary. Something had to be done to put a stop to the so-called warfare. It was with this end in view that the diplomatic and naval officials held several conferences. The ultimate result was a resolution to notify the rebels that they must disperse from their fortified strongholds at Lotumaum or suffer a shelling from the guns of the warships. On Friday, August 10th, the British warship Calliope and the German warship Bussard left Apia for Lotumaum. Arrived there, the rebel chiefs were called on board the gunboats and informed that their stronghold would be bombarded at 6 o'clock on the following morning. During Friday night, however, the rebels evacuated the place. On Saturday morning the fortifications were shelled by the warships and all but destroyed.

When the bombarding gunners had finished their work, King Malietoa's warriors were signaled to advance and occupy the deserted position. Before the rebel warriors evacuated Lotumaum they set fire to all the huts in the vicinity, as well as to their fort, the destruction of which the bombardment finished, and destroyed all the breadfruit trees which were growing near. The naval authorities again communicated with the rebel chiefs and ordered them to disperse and surrender their rifles. Instead of obeying the mandate, however, the rebel band moved off toward Salualafala, which is less than fifteen miles from Apia, and it was decided to again advance upon them. On Sunday morning the rebels and the king's warriors, who numbered fully 600, came together at Lufilufi. The rebels made the attack and killed and wounded several of Malietoa's men. During all of Sunday there was desultory fighting, and the naval commanders resolved to again attack the rebels and deal with them summarily. Early on Monday morning, August 13th, the Curacoa and Bussard changed their positions and again opened fire upon the rebels, killing and wounding a large number. On Monday evening the rebels sued for peace. Their chiefs were invited to come on board the Curacoa on the following day. They obeyed the order and made promises of complete submission to Malietoa's rule, agreeing to pay their taxes, return to their homes and to deliver up 100 rifles. Immediately after this meeting the Curacoa steamed away toward Apia, believing that the trouble was over. Great was the surprise of the commander of the Curacoa when the Bussard signaled that Chief Tamasese, leader of the Aana rebels, has joined the Atua party with over 400 Aana men and that these combined forces had attacked the king's warriors. Captain Gibson left, determined to demand complete surrender of the rebels, and unless the rebels are submissive the slaughter will undoubtedly be terrible, as his guns are all fire to kill.

WAITE'S TRIAL.

The Governor Not Much Worried About the Proceedings.

DENVER, Aug. 30.—Ex-Matron Likens testified that the reason given her by the police board for her dismissal was "economy." No opportunity was ever given her to explain the letter from Jesse Parr.

She considered Parr's letter in an answer to the advertisement of Mrs. Eliza Harriet for a situation as cook or housekeeper private and not official business. District Attorney Johnson asked Mrs. Likens to what party she belonged. Assistant Attorney General Sales, who appeared for the defendants, objected. Mr. Johnson thereupon withdrew. "I expect to show that all the defendants are members of the Populist party; that the witness is a member of the Republican party, and that every effort was made to get her out of office. I expect to show that although this letter was addressed on the note to Mrs. Likens, it was delivered from her, was carried to the president of the board and was announced by him that it was the evidence upon which he acted in removing this witness." The commissioner sustained Mr. Sales's objection.

Mrs. Flora Frincke, formerly housekeeper for Matron Dwyer, testified that Miss Dwyer, over a year ago in her presence, told Governor Waite's private secretary she would have Mrs. Likens's place if it took her a year to get it. Mrs. Frincke testified that Miss Dwyer discharged her because she refused to take a letter from Mrs. Likens's desk.

Friends of Mrs. Likens testified Matron Dwyer gave them to understand Mrs. Likens was removed because she was charged in an immoral business.

Police Commissioner Barnes said President Mullins produces the Parr letter before the board and declared it proved her an improper person for the office of matron. Mr. Justice replied that if the letter contained nothing derogatory to Mrs. Likens. She was never notified to appear in regard to the matter.

Mr. Johnson put in evidence President Mullins's letter to the Rocky Mountain News, in which he announce:

"Among the very ardent defenders of Mrs. Likens desire further information as to the reasons why Mrs. Likens was chosen as the one to be sacrificed to reduce expenses in the department, they can obtain such information by calling upon the fire and police board, who are reluctant to submit these matters to the public press."

Mr. Mullins denied having written that portion of the letter quoted, but acknowledged having attached his signature to it.

Governor Waite's appearance and conduct throughout the day was that of a man at peace with the world.

The Bisbee Affrays.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The state department has received no advices from minister Baker in reference to the arrest of two American citizens at Bisbeefields. Three dispatches have been sent him by the department.

Secretary Gresham is at a loss to understand why nothing has been received from Mr. Baker, and a third dispatch has been sent which asks the minister for a full report of the affair and information he has taken. It has been intimated very strongly to the department that the arrests seem to have been unjustifiable and that reports thus far received, though very meager, confirm this view.

ARRESTED FOR VAGRANCY

And Sentenced to Imprisonment for no Earthly Reason Whatever.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Stanley F. Dawson, the Hypnotized one of a traveling salesman of Columbus, O., a pupil in the high school and a member of the Christian association in that city, came to Brooklyn on August 17th on a visit to young John Norman, whose father is the keeper of a bath house at Bath Beach. He went to Bath Beach, met his friend and spent the night with him at the bath house. Next morning before his friend was up he went out on the beach for a stroll. One of the New Utrecht policemen arrested him as a vagrant and in spite of his explanations and the fact that he had over $20 in his pocket as well as a card of membership in the Columbus Y. M. C. A., he was declared a vagrant by Justice Meyerhover and sentenced to thirty days' imprisonment in the pen, where he is still confined.

The attention of the state commissioner of common schools in Ohio was directed to the case and he lost no time in acquainting the assistant commissioner of Kings county with the facts and also vouching for the respectability and good character of the young Columbus boy. An investigation was at once set on foot by the Brooklyn authorities, and this resulted in the issue of a writ of habeas corpus by Justice Gaynor on the application of Lawyer Sanders.

Justice Gaynor will undoubtedly release the boy.

STATISTICS ON HOMES.

Report of the Census Office on this Important Subject.

Number of Families in the Country,—Farms and Homes Without Incumbrances.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—The census office gave to the public today the principal results of the investigation of farmers' home proprietorship in all the states and territories. This is the first investigation of the kind ever conducted in any country. Of the 12,209,125 families in the whole country almost 48 per cent own their farms and homes and the rest hire. Of the families owning farms and homes also 48 per cent have incumbrances, and over 72 per cent have no incumbrances. The number of resident owners of land in the United States is 5,030,417, to which must be added any non-owners who may be living in tenement families. The farm families number 4,676,171, of whom 68 per cent own their farms and others hire. Of the owning families over 25 per cent have incumbrances on their farms.

In 1890 35.96 per cent of the farms were hired. In the cities that contain over 100,000 population there are 1,848,334 home families, of which also at 25 per cent own, subject to encumbrance. Among the cities having 100,000 population and over, New York has the highest percentage of home tenancy, nearly 83.57, Boston is next, with 81.57 per cent, Brooklyn, third, with 81.44, Jersey City, 81.20, Cincinnati, 80.12, Baltimore, 73.94, Buffalo, 61.03, Chicago, 71.27, Cleveland, 69.95, Denver, 70.49, Minneapolis, 68.80, San Francisco, 78.46, and Washington, 74.93. The smallest percentage is 56, representing Rochester, N. Y.

Bringing the urban population into contrast with the non-urban population, almost 44 per cent of 4,224,500 home families living outside of cities and towns of 8,000 people, own their homes, and 56 per cent hire. Of the owning families, 77 per cent own without incumbrance. The value of the 1,059,836 incumbered farms and homes is $9,097,296,000, and the incumbrances aggregate $2,162,944,955 or 37.59 per cent of the value.

Of the incumbrances on farms and homes over 22 per cent bears interest at rates less than 6 per cent, 34 per cent at the rate of 6 per cent, 33 per cent at rates greater than 6 per cent, and 11 per cent at rates greater than 6 per cent.

The average value of each owned and incumbered farm in the United States is $3,448; of each incumbered home, $2,236, and the average incumbrance of each of the farms is $1,224; on each incumbered home, $1,238.

The 885,977 farms subject to incumbrance are worth $3,064,195, and the incumbrance is $1,093,993,993, or 35.35 per cent of the value. The 809,933 homes subject to incumbrance are valued at $2,022,974,845, and the incumbrance is $1,045,951,955, or 39.77 per cent of the value.

For the Alienation of Affections.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Arthur Loring Massey, a son of the late Bissie Massey, theatrical manager and playwright, has brought an action in the superior court to recover $50,000 damages from his former friend, Paul Latzke, for the alleged alienation of the affections of his wife, Flora Louise Massey. Latzke was arrested today upon an order issued by Judge McAdam, of the superior court at the instance of Charles Batte. Bail was fixed at $7,000, which was furnished.

A HORSE THIEF.

Once the Belle of Leavenworth, Now a Desperado.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Aug. 30.—Deputy marshals from the Osage county: today brought to this city and lodged in the United States jail a good looking girl dressed in man's attire. They had arrested her on a charge of horse stealing. For two years she has been a leader of one of the most daring bands of desperadoes in the territory, and has long baffled the officers, who were on the track of a supposed man. She has, unshiled, made away with several score of valuable animals. She is Mary Hopkins, the daughter of a well-to-do Kansas farmer, and was at one time a belle in Leavenworth society.

The "Apache Kid" Dead and Buried.

EL PASO, Texas, Aug. 30.—One of the visitors to El Paso is Charles Gossage of Green River, Wyo., better known as "Lawyer Charley." He has for years been the "Kid" and thought he could capture him and win the big reward offered for his head. He left the trail when he found beyond question that the "Kid" had died of disease and had been buried about fifteen miles from Nogales.

Call For County Republican Convention.

A convention of the Republicans of Salt Lake county is hereby called to meet at the old Federal court room, Westech building, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Thursday, September 6, 1894, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating 32 delegates to the Republican Territorial convention to be held in Provo, September 11, 1894, pursuant to call of the Territorial Republican committee. Said county convention will consist of 187 delegates, apportioned among the various precincts of Salt Lake county as follows:

Salt Lake City, First precinct, 4; Second precinct, 34; Third precinct, 20; Fourth precinct, 22; Fifth precinct, 4; Bingham, 5; Pleasant Green, 2; Hunter, 2; North Point, 1; West Jordan, 6; South Jordan, 3; North Jordan, 1; Herriman, 2; Riverdale, 2; Bluff Dale, 1; Draper, 1; Brighton, 2; Granger, 3; Parson's, 2; Mill Creek, 2; Sugar House, 6; East Mill Creek, 3; Mountain Dell, 1; Union, 3; South Cottonwood, 7; Big Cottonwood, 3; Little Cottonwood, 1; Butler, 3; Sandy, 5; Granite, 3; Silver, 3; Pleasant View, 1; total, 187.

Primaries for the election of delegates to said county convention will be held under the direction of the chairmen of the various precincts at the usual places for holding primaries, on Tuesday, September 4th, 1894, at 8 o'clock p. m. In case in any precinct no place is generally understood at which primaries shall be held the chairman of such precinct is hereby requested to designate some place and to publish notice thereof in connection with this call.

By order of County Republican Committee.

W. P. JAMES, Chairman.
GEORGE M. CANNON, Secretary.

ANOTHER DIFFERENCE

Between the Genuine, Conscientious and Skillful Specialist who Treats his Patients Carefully and Cures Them,

And that Class of Extortionate Fee Doctors who Take the Money of the Poor and Afflicted and Give Nothing in Return but Absolute Injury.—Note the Difference Below

Miss Nellie M. Anderson, the fashionable Dressmaker of 300 East Third South Street, in her statement of her experience to health by Drs. Shores & Shores' New Treatment, gives a typical case in illustration of the revolting causes to which simple nasal catarrh—more frequently mismanaged and cured in the hand—will go if neglected or mistreated—and the difference between the true specialist and that class of doctors who take money from those unfortunates who go to them and give nothing in return.

MISS NELLIE M. ANDERSON.

"When but a child," says Miss Anderson, "my trouble began with catarrh, or, as everybody called it, just a cold in the head, and I know more than at length after a time I began doctoring and was treated by many prominent physicians and specialists both in this country and Canada, but was always my trouble was neglected and mistreated; that instead of getting relief at any time, I grew steadily worse and I reached the miserable and truly serious condition I was in, when by a kind providence I was induced to go to Drs. Shores & Shores.

"I have been shown very healthy the difference between the specialist who is experienced and that class of doctors who receive the money of the poor and afflicted and too only give them no value in return, but in many cases, as in my own, absolute injury, by leaving them on from month to month and year to year, all the time permitting the disease to grow and envelop the vital parts of the system until the constitution is destroyed and the poor helpless sufferer becomes a total physical wreck.

"In my long experience in the effort to find relief from suffering and misery—of the latter class of doctors I have met none, as my misfortune, but of the former—the genuine, conscientious and skillful specialists, I have known hundreds. Shores & Shores—and as a result of my experience of having been by them I have been raised from the depths of misery and despair to the exalted pedestal of perfect health.

"When I first called on Drs. Shores & Shores and placed myself under their care, I was in a desperate condition. The disease had progressed so steadily and surely under the other doctors' treatment that I was almost a complete wreck—every vital point in my system was affected—I had a severe bronchial trouble—suffered fearfully from asthma—my hearing and strength were both gradually being destroyed—my stomach was in a terrible condition—breath foul and fetid and the disease and severe treatment I received from previous doctors had eaten away so in my head that a hole was formed in the septum of my nose the size of a ten cent piece.

"Now, after a very short time under the kind attention of Drs. Shores & Shores and their mild treatment, I am relieved entirely of my trouble and restored to perfect health. In my wonders that I feel so grateful to them and wish other sufferers to profit by my experience and learn through me where they can be cured and avoid being misdiagnosed, tortured and injured possibly for life!"

If You Cannot Come to Salt Lake

Write for the mail treatment. Owing the physicians to personal energy successfully conducts mail department and by a system of close correspondence controls those out of the city quite as well as those who come to the office. Send for symptom blank. Medicines shipped carefully. Try this treatment.

Drs. Shores & Shores.

Specialists,

Zion Medical and Surgical Institute

54 E. Second South Street.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

Specialties: All diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Rectal and private diseases. Our treatment for Piles is new, painless, safe and speedy. Our specialties.

Office hours—9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Five dollars a month for all Chronic Diseases. Medicine furnished free from our own laboratory.

Knox Hats.

We have just received the Fall Style in Knox Hats. Remember "Knox" the Hatter," took the six highest awards at the World's Fair for Silk Hats, Soft and Stiff Hats, Straw Hats and Napped Hats. If you are thinking of buying a Hat, it will pay you to buy the best Hat made. Always buy Knox. Union made, world Renowned Hats. We are Sole Agents for Salt Lake City.

ONE PRICE.

J. P. GARDNER,
141 Main Street

SPORTING GOODS.

WE

Have the Largest Stock and Finest Assortment of Fishing Tackle, Lawn Tennis, Base Ball and Cricket Supplies, Tents, Hammocks, Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Guns, Rifles, Ammunition, Bicycles and General Sporting Goods.

Ride a Copper Rim Rambler, if you want the best Wheel Made. Send for Catalogue of Sporting Goods.

Browning Bros.,
155 Main St., Salt Lake City.
2401 Washington Ave., Ogden.

LEWIS' 98 PER CENT LYE

PURE AND STRONGEST (GUARANTEED)

The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lyes, it is a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. Will make the best perfumed liquid soap in minutes without boiling. It is the ones for cleaning water pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, pails, pots, etc.

PENNA. SALT MFG. CO.
Gen. Agents, Phila., Pa.

DISSTONS' CELEBRATED SAWS

Cross Cut, Drag, One Man, Upright, Mill, Hand, Rip, Panel, Tenon, Pruning, Compass, Butcher, Cook, Keyhole, Etc.

—ALSO—

CIRCULAR.

Both Solid and Chisel Point Teeth; and "TRIUMPH," for felling trees, are selling at lower prices than ever. Also a full stock of their Files and Files always on hand.

Z. C. M. I.

C. W. PECK,
Fine Tailoring.
54 WEST, SECOND SOUTH STREET.

A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

The Largest and Finest Stock of
Home Made and Imported Goods.

Suits of Home Made Goods, from $20 up. Pants of Home Made Goods, from $4 up.

Sacred Heart Academy, Ogden, Utah.

CONDUCTED by the Sisters of the Holy Cross. The location of this Academy is unsurpassed for health and beauty of Intermountain. The course of instruction comprises all the requisites of a thorough and accomplished education. For full particulars, address

SISTER SUPERIOR,
Sacred Heart Academy, Ogden, Utah.

To infuse Life and Magnetism into Business in these dull times it is necessary to have a Magnet of Powerful Attraction, in order to Draw Trade. The Magnet of

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Siegel Clothing Co

For the next TWO WEEKS

For the next TWO WEEKS

Will be an Immense Clearance Sale of

Summer Suits, at $7.50

A Suit. These Suits have been Selling for $12.50, $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00. To purchase without seeing these Bargains is like Buying a Ticket in a Bogus Lottery—you get no return for your Investment.

The Siegel Clothing Co.

Guarantee Honest Goods, Fair Dealing and Lowest Prices.

SALT LAKE. OGDEN. BUTTE.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

Nothing Like It Ever Heard of before in Salt Lake City.

LOWERING THE RECORD!

Our Great Sale of all Ladies' and Children's Jackets and Capes for Fall Wear at ½, ⅓ and ¼ of Former Prices. Positively no such Grand Values have ever been offered to you before. These are a few of the Items.

LADIES' JACKETS.

To close a line of Jackets, that sold for $20 and $25, in Navy and Black, sizes 36 to 46. They go at $10.

Another line of Blazer Jackets in Navy Blue, Black and Green, worth $15, plain or embroidered Lapels, for $7.50.

238 Ladies' Jackets, Black or Navy Blue, in a variety of styles, worth $5.50 to $8.00, for $3.75.

One Lot of Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, assorted styles and colors for $2.50, worth up to $7.00.

Still another assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, latest styles, large sleeves, etc., Black, Blue, Brown, worth up to $15.00, for $5.00.

CHILDREN'S REEFERS.

Our whole beautiful stock of Children's Jackets marked at cost and at cost.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Ladies' Ready-made Suits in Cheviots and Mixtures, for fall and winter wear, very nobby and stylish.

LADIES' CAPES.

An elegant line of Ladies' Capes, assorted colors and sizes, plain or trimmed, regular value $6.50 to $8.00, for $3.90.

A Beautiful Assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Capes, value $8.00 to $7.00, for $3.95.

A fine line of Capes, of all styles and colors for $2.95.

An excellent line of Capes, splendid quality, very latest styles, nobby, stylish assorted colors, value $9 to $15.50, for $5.95.

Our entire stock of Capes and Jackets are cut in same proportions.

WRAPPERS.

Ladies' Percale Wrappers, all sizes, value $1.00, for 59c.

Colored Percale Waists, with ruffle over shoulder, worth 85c, for 39c.

CHEMISETTES.

A line of Ladies' Chemisettes in White and colors, for 15c.

FALL AND WINTER WOOLENS AND SILKS

Are now arriving daily, and are being shown in the very Latest Effects. Novelties in Scotch, German and French Suitings, imported by us in large quantities, and will be sold at the lowest prices of single suit, on account of Tariff Reductions, at 25 per cent. less than former seasons.

A line of 36 inch Fancy Suitings, new colors and effects, worth 60c, for 35c yd.

36 inch all wool Fancy Suitings, worth 85c, for 49c yd.

36 inch Serges, strictly all wool, a big bargain, at 49c yd.

New Silks. New Silks.

New Bengaline Silk, just the thing for Waists or Dresses, special this week at 75c yd. Worth double.

Most lovely in Novelty silk. We offer this week at big reductions.

Great reductions this week in Boys School Suits and Shoes.

TUESDAY ONLY.

25 inch Colored Challies, Worth 10c, special at 2½c yd.

THURSDAY ONLY.

44 Black Mustin, worth 7c yd, special at 4c yd.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.