# CZAR NICHOLAS **FAVORS REFORMS**

Convinced Time Has Come to Prepare to Give the People a Voice In the Government.

#### DECLARES SO TO COUNT TOLSTOL

Is Not Opposed to a Revival of the Ancient Land Parliament.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 11,-"I am not opposed to a zemsky zabor. On the contrary I believe it necessary." these words Emperor Nicholas, whose mind is law, personally declared himself in favor of a land congress, and expressed the conviction that the time had come to prepare to give the people a voice in government.

The emperor's words were spoken in the course of a conversation with Count Leo Doonvitch Tolstoi, son of the famous author, and fully confirm the Associated Press interview with Grand Duke Vladimir on Jan. 31, in which the grand duke expressly declared that his august nephew was in favor of a zem-sky zabor. The semi-official denials subsequently sent out are now disprov-ed by the sovereign's statement to Count Tolatol.

subsequently sent out are now disproved by the sovereign's statement to Count Tolstol.

The Associated Press this evening saw Count Tolstol in a comfortable house facing the Tsauris gardens. The count is light of build and has dark-brown hair and beard. Speaking in excellent English, Count Tolstol said: "I suppose you have come to hear about my audience at Tsarkoe-Selo. I cannot enter into details, because I consider it unseemly to do so, but I am glad to state the broad lines of conversation with my sovereign. His ma-

sider it anseemly to do so, but I am glad to state the broad lines of conversation with my sovereign. His majesty summoned me after receiving a memorial which I addressed to the throne, exposing the present situation in the country and humbly expressing the opinion that the interest of the nation calls for the removal of the wall raised up by the bureaucracy between them, the urgent need of devising means for enabling the sovereign to hear the voice of the people and recommending the convocation of a zemsky zabor. His majesty assured me that personally he was not opposed to its convocation, but on the contrary, believed it necessary. The whole question is now greatly simplified and resolves itself to when is the most opportune moment.

solves itself to when is the most opportune moment.

"I am not at liberty to relate the emperor's views on the subject, but you may announce to the American people that the delay will only be such as is strictly necessary for the introduction of an innovation of such magnitude.

"The great thing is that the emperor is in favor of the zemsky zabor. This dispels the legends obtaining currency abroad or at home that the sovereign mistrusts the people and is absolutely opposed to the idea of a representative national assembly. These legends have caused immense harm and have sown suggiction and discontent among the people, leading to unrest and agitation and aggravating labor movements, whereas if the Russlans only understood the situation they would refrain from rendering the task of the reformer well-nigh impossible. er well-nigh impossible.

we will succeed after all bringing the war to a satisfactory con-clusion. Then everything will assume its natural course and reforms, includ-

its natural course and reforms, including national representation, will be introduced on a sound basis,"

Count Tolstoi does not believe the
present labor movement will assume
critical proportions. He thinks a solution of the difficulty would be effected
if masters and men could see the emperor.

The emperor's words are likely to do more good than any number of proclamations. Count Tolstol is trying to persuade the manufacturers to be patient by means of articles, in which he points out the poor results of socialistic propaganda abroad, and thinks it a pity that means have not been devised for approaching the workmen and discussing matters directly with them instead of leaving the field open to demagogues. The count is conducting a philanthropic enterprise in the form of cheap book stores, in which he sells educational books and literature to zemstvo schools and libraries.

A leading political worker, Alaxander

to zemstvo schools and libraries.

A leading political worker, Alaxander Stollpin, in an interview with the Associated Press, says: "I feel certain that the zemsky zabor will soon be an accomplished fact. This is certainly based on a universal desire of all classes in Russia for a resort to suffrage by the people, and liberals and reactionaries are equally anxious for it, though for different reasons; the former because they are convinced, and quite justly, that the people demand a zemsky zabor, and the latter, on the

Some four years ago I was suffering from impure blood and a general rundown condition of the system. I had no appetite, was losing flesh, and had an all-gone tired feeling that made me misera-ble. I began the use of S. S. S., and ble. I began the use of S. S. S., and after taking seven or eight bottles my skin was cleared of all eruptions and took on a riddy, healthy glow that assured methat my blood had been restored to its nor-mal, healthy condition. My appetite was restored, as I could eat anything put befestored, as I could calc anything put before me, and as I regained my appetite I increased in weight, and that "tired feeling" which worried me so much disappeared, and I was once again my oldself.

I heartily recommend S. S. S. as the best blood purifier and tonic made, and translated advised to the country of the cou

strongly advise its use to all those in need of such medicine. VICTOR STUBBINS, Cor. Barthman and Washington Aves.

Wheeling, W. V., May 28, 1903. My system was run down and my joints ached and pained me considerably. I had used S. S. S before and knew what it was, so I purchased a bottle of it and have taken several bottles and the aches and pains are gone, my blood has been cleased and my general health built up. I can testify to it as a blood purifier and tonic.

JOHN C. STRIN. 1533 Market St. If you have any ordered blood write us and our advise you free. Our book on blood and skin CAUSE OF FALLING HAIR.

Dandruff, Which is a Germ Disease-Kill the Germ.

Falling hair is caused by dandruff, which is a germ disease. The germ in burrowing into the root of the hair, where it destroys the vitality of the hair, causing the hair to fall out, digs up the cuticle in little scales, called dandruff or scurf. You can't stop the falling hair without curing the dandruff, and you can't cure the dandruff without killing the dandruff germ. "Destroy the cause, you remove the Destroy the cause, you remove the ffect." Newbro's Herpicide is the only hair preparation that kills the dandrun hair preparation that king the danders germ. Herpicide is also a delightful huir dressing. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. Z. C. M.

contrary, because they have come to believe what is long proclaimed that the people do not want a zemsky zabor and that the best method of proving this claim is an appeal to the vote of the nation. "I believe the present strike nation. I believe the present active will not lead to a repetition of the bloodshed of Jan, 22, because Gov. Gen. Trepoff is too skilled in the art of policing a city to permit a crowd to get the upper hand."

GIVES SATISFATION.

Drug Co., Special Agents.

GIVES SATISFATION.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 12 (midnight).—
The news that Emperor Nicholas has endorsed the scheme for the revival of the zemsky zabor, or ancient land parliament, has spread through the city and created intense satisfaction among the liberal classes. The newspapers this morning were filled with articles descriptive of this ancient Russian institution, indicating that word had gone forth that the government had decided to listen to the voice of representives of the people. Naturally there is some skepticism as to whether the government intends frankly to take the step; but the general verdict is that if the emperor has succeeded in shaking off reactionary influences and now proceeds in good faith to summon the zemsky zabor, he will rally to his support the moredate liberals and perhaps arouse a wave of gneuine enthusiasm ouse a wave of gneuine enthusiasm

Liberals are convinced that a meeting of such a body must be followed by reforms.

#### AMBASSADOR M'CORMICK COES TO PARIS.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 12, 11:40 p. m .-The official announcement of Ambassador McCormick's promotion to the Paris embassy is received with surprise and regret in diplomatic and official circles here, where it had been understood that Mr. McCormick probably would retain his present post during the coming administration. Telegrams of congratulation began reaching the embassy last night and today Mr. McCormick received the felicitations of many of his colleagues of the diplomatic corps. While naturally gratified by the manifestations of President Rooseveit's confidence contained in the promotion to France and President Roosever's connected contained in the promotion to France, and although he is not personally adverse to the change on account of the climate, Ambassador McCormick is loath to sever his many pleasant relations here and withdraw from such an interesting field at this live.

teresting field at this time.

The post of ambassador to Russia, at no time a bed of roses, owing to the peculiar conditions obtaining here, was peculiarly difficult during the eventful two years of Mr. McCormick's stay, requiring tact and judgment of a high order, Since the outbreak of hostilities there have been disputes over contraband and other questions. The difficulty of Mr. McCormick's position, culty of Mr. McCormick's position, prior to the beginning of hostilities, was distinctly increased by the sentiment prevailing in America favorable to Russia's adversary, but largely by the maintenance of exceptionally good elations with Foreign Minister Lamsdorff and other officials, Mr. McCor-mick was able to conduct the negotiations and resolve the various issues without friction, accomplishing at the same time the more difficult task of practically dispelling Russian distrust of the attitude of the American gov-

ernment.

Mr. McCormick also discharged the delicate mission of presenting the Kishineff petition, although it was foredoomed to rejection; and last spring, with better success, he reopened the question of the recognition without discrimination of passports issued to American Jews, a matter which Russia has now favorably decided in principle, the first application being the incorporation in the recent German commercial treaty of a clause specifically permitting freedom of travel of Jewish commercial travelers. He also cally permitting freedom of travel of Jewish commercial travelers. He also negotiated the corporation treaty and within a fortnight has induced Russia to recede from a counter proposal offered by her as a substitute for Secy. Hay's original arbitration treaty.

Mr. McCormick probably will leave for Paris in the middle of March. Several weeks will be required to put after

for Paris in the middle of March. Several weeks will be required to put affairs at the embassy in order for turning over to Mr. Meyer, the new ambassador, and making an extended round of official farewell visits to members of the imperial family and of the court marches of the diplomatic course. ourt, members of the diplomatic corps and other officials. Mrs. McCormick will come at once to St. Petersburg to join in the formal

PLUM FOR WALES.

King Appoints Him Warden of The Cinque Ports.

London, Feb. 13.—King Edward has appointed the Prince of Wales lord warden of the Cinque ports, in succession to Lord Curzon of Kedleston; but in future Walmer castle, instead of being the warden's residence, will be the conveyer to the public.

being the warden's residence, will be thrown open to the public.

As lord warden the Prince of Wales will have the powers of a lord lieutenant of a county, being entitled to appoint justices of the peace. The lord warden presides over the portmore, or parliament, of the Cinque ports, and also has high judicial authority.

The Cinque ports are groups of seven ports (originally five, whence the name). Hastings, Romney, Dover, Pythe and Sandwich were the original ports.

KING AGAINST COUNTESS. Saxony's Divorced Wife Wins in the First Round.

Florence, Feb. 12.—The Countess Montignoso has been victorious in the first stage of her struggle with the king of Saxony, her former husband, to have their daughter, Frincess Anna Monica Pia, removed from her care, and for the present at least the child will remain where she is. The lawyers of the countess, after a meeting with Dr. Kroerner, the emissary of the king of Saxony, declared that orders of foreign authorities cannot be executed in Italy, and that the case will have to be tried first in the courts of law. The lawyers assert that even should the awyers assert that even should the king of Saxony be victorious in the courts, there would be difficulty in enforcing a decree taking the child from her mother.

Father and Son Drowned.

Marysville, Cal. Feb. 12.—Ernest Blackmar and his 16-year-old son Earl. In of Meridian, Sutter county, were drowned in the Sacramento river this afternoon while crossing in a rowboat. blood and skin diseases sent free.

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

The place where the accident occurred.

# **GOLD UNTIL** YOU CANNOT REST

An Englishman Claims to Have Invented a Process to Extract It from Sea Water.

WM. RAMSEY ENDORSES PLAN

Cost of Extracting Will Only be Ten Per Cent-Any Amount Can be Produced.

London, Feb. 12 .- It will doubtless be recalled that assertions were made sevral years ago of the discovery of a nethod of extracting gold from sea water and the derision with which the dea was laughed out of court. London folk now have an opportunity to invest their money in such an undertaking, for which it is averred that an unlimited supply of the precious metal can be obtained from sea water at a cost of £10 for every £100 extracted.

Sir William Ramsey, whose scientific reputation is of the highest, has been retained by a syndicate which is called the Industrial & Engineering Trust (Ltd.), and the shareholders of which include Lord Brassey, Lord Tweedale, the Honorable Alban Gibbs, several manufacturers and Albert Sandeman, former governor of the Bank of Engiand. The syndicate has the modest capital of £3,000 in £1 shares.

The inventor of the process by which it is hoped to make a corner in the world's gold is H. J. Snell.

Sir William Ramsey has made experiments of which he says in a formal report that "there is no doubt Snell has proved that gold can profitably be tak-Sir William Ramsey, whose scientific

proved that gold can profitably be tak-en from sea water on a large scale, and the amount of the gold obtained is so arge that whether the cost of the treat-nent is £4 a ton or even the outside igure of £8 a ton, which it could no xceed, it would not make very much

exceed, it would not make very much difference."

R. D. Littlefield, an assistant of Sir William, goes further than his chief, and in a report to the shareholders is quoted as saying: "As far as I can see, it only remains for you to say how much gold you want a day, and it can be produced. I would not advise you to put down enormous works at one place, because I think it might get out of hand, and I think it will be best for you to split the works up into units. The cost will not exceed 10 per cent on gold extracted, including interest on capital, management, etc.

"On the basis of practical tests we made, supposing you are dealing with eight acres every 24 hours, or, say, 300 days a year, you would produce £144,000 gold. If you treated 20 acres this would produce £360,000. Supposing you deal with 400 acres, it would result in little more than £7,000,000 per annum.

"These are energous figures and I

These are enormous figures, and I "These are enormous figures, and I noticed one or two of you smiled when I mentioned you could have as much gold as you wanted. It is quite practical. You cannot help having with 400 acres £7,000.009 worth of gold per annum. It is only a question of putting down so many sets of works to increase your output up to what you want."

According to the Daily Express the works to which Mr. Littlefield referred are those which 'he syndicate has recently acquired on the south coast of south coast of England. They include two reservoirs, one of 20 acres and the other of eight acres in area, with dams and sluices complete. Adjacent to these works are about 400 or 500 acres of land that used about 400 or 500 acres of land that used to form a part of the local harbor. The land has been reclaimed and all that is necessary is to level and clear it and put slulces in the embankment, when it would be ready for the manu-

when it would be ready for the manufacture of gold.

Two engineers connected with the syndicate have been traveling around the coasts of Engiand and Ireland trying to obtain suitable sites for an extension of the works. They came to the conclusion that a unit of about a thousand acres would be best to start with, and they have found three suitable sites in the south of Ireland. These three sites vary from '1,000 to 1,600 acres, and each acre when fitted for working is estimated to be capable of producing a net profit of about £29,000 a year.

It is asserted that Mr. Snell has invented several processes, all of which have been failures for one reason or another, but that his latest, on which Sir William Ramsay reported, is successful.

#### SEVEN PEOPLE'S PERILOUS TRIP ON AN ICE FLOE

New York, Feb. 12.—After a perilous, swift and enforced ride of more than three-quarters of a-mile down the East river on a high ice floe tonight, seven persons, including women and children, were rescued by a municipal vessel. The floe, which stretched from North Brother island to the Bronx shore, drifted down the river with the tide and in its passage tore from their moorings the James D. Perkins and the Eureka, two coal barges which had been fastened to the pler at One Hrundred and Thirty-ninth street. On the Perkins were Capt. Henry Flood, his wife and little daughter. Capt. John H. Kratzner of the Eureka had on board his wife and two sons. During their dengerous experience a heavy rain fell, the river was a torrent and the barges were surrounded by the floe, which was headed toward Hell Gate.

As the barges were loaded with coal to within a few feet of their decks, the New York, Feb. 12,-After a perilous,

It Pays to be Particular in Teas.

Utah People are Particular. They Always Drink Tree Tea.



R SECTION. E E ice became piled on them to such an extent that several times one of them nearly capsized. When the hawsers parted the women and children were panic-stricken. The men buckled life preservers on the women and children

preservers on the women and children and waved red lanterns while they shouted for help.

Ice was forced up on top of the barges so fast that the men were kept busy pushing the large cakes to prevent the two craft from overturning. The captain of the steamer Franklin Edson of the descriptions. The captain of the steamer Frankin Edson of the department of charities and corrections became aware of the barges' predicament and ordered full steam ahead, and forced his vessel through the ice to the aid of the endangered occupants. After great effort the Edson tied up alongside the barges and the women and children were taken aboard.

Ohio River Ice Gorges.

Cincinnati, Feb. 12.-Half a million dollars' worth of river property was placed in jeopardy, one steamer carried down the river in the ice, 150 harges torn loose and sent down the river and several steamers seriously damaged today from the break-up of the ice gorges at this point in the Ohlo river.

The steamer New South, one of the best boats on the river, was torn from her moorings and carried down the river in the ice. She is lodged in the ice pack and may prove a total loss.

A rise of 10 feet in the river which occurred during the day by the regorging of ice at some point farther down, forced the steamer Bonanza out of the water on shore near the foot of Main street, where she is in a bad position.

At least 150 barges, 30 of them loaded with coal, were caught in the ice and have gone down the river, probably all being a total loss. n jeopardy, one steamer carried down the

Ten Inches of Rain.

Mobile, Ala., Feb. 12.—The heavy rains of the past week are beginning to make themselves felt in the interruption to traffic on the railroads entering Mobile. About 10 inches of water has fallen here in the past nine days. Tonight the rain is falling again. Because of washouts all passenger and freight service has been abandoned from Lauret, Miss., to Mobile.

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Worth three times what we ask for them, and are offered at this price simply because we are closing out the line. Nothing the matter with them; first class in every respect; guaranteed. But we are closing the line out and want to move them.

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one every housewife should strive to get. To get all the good from even the finest coffee it should be ground at each brewing.



On investigation you will find that the cafes; cele-brated for the excellence of their coffee, grind it as used. Our mill can be hung on the wall in any convenient location, out of the way, yet easy of ac-

## Husler's Family Scale

will appeal to everyone, as there is constant de-mand for it in every home. Just stop and think of the many occasions when you



in the fruit season for in-stance. This scale weighs from one ounce to twentyfour pounds by ounces-and has an adjustment screw that keeps the scale



### Husler's Wall Flour Bin and Sifter.

A Wall Flour Bin is a necessity in every household. It prevents waste of materials, resists all dampness and the contents are always pure, sweet and dry. Husler's Wall Flour Bin and Sifter is 30 inches high, 11½ inches in diameter, and is constructed of heavy tin nicely enameled and holds 50 pounds of flour. It can be attached to the wall, out of the way, and occupying no floor space. no floor space,

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In Sait Lake City to use Utah's Best Flour. Not an inferior flour with promiums to bolster it up, but the same high grade Hustler's Flour that has had the confidence of every cook and housekeeper for so many years. We have spared no expense, great or small, that we thought would contribute to the supremacy of our flour, and we feel that we have attained a standard of unequaled excellence. Our sole object in offering consumers presents with Husler's Flour is told in few words: We want every housekeeper in Sait Lake City and vicinity to know by an actual test, the value, the merit, the economy of our flour. merit, the economy of our flour.

In order to place it in every home in the shortest possible space of time, and thus secure new and permanent con-sumers immediately, we shall offer all purchasers absolutely free an oppor-tunity to acquire one or more of these very essential, we might say indispen-able kitchen utensils, displayed in this ad. High grade presents with high grade flour.

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### Husler's Ideal Bread and Pastry Board

is a new and perfect kitchen utensil; used and endorsed by celebrated cooks, teachers of do-mestic science and practical housekeepers throughout the



country. An absolutely perfect non-absorbent moulding board, It saves labor and material. No scraping nor scouring required; no waste of flour; no germs or mi-crobes; no bad odors which ariso from soft fibrous boards.

This board possesses all the cooling effects of marble, so advantageous in pastry cooking.

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Your grocer will give you one number with every 25-pound sack, two with every 50-pound sack and four with every 100pound sack of Husler's Flour you order. Save your numbers for March 1st.

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Parites shall have choice of the four articles displayed in this advertisement, on presentation of the correct cards at our office, Inter-Mountain Milling Co., 338-340 State Street.

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