DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 219 FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 8, 1890. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIII.

...ne of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

...THE BANK OF UTAH,
SALT LAKE CITY,
...$100,000.
...Vice President.
...Cashier.

UTAH ... Savings Bank
...21 E. First South St.,
...T LAKE CITY

...CAPITAL, $200,000.00.
...ral Banking Business.
...ve Interest Paid on Savings Deposits.
...ans on Real Estate.
...E. H. SCHETTLER, Asst. Cashier.

ZION'S SAVINGS BANK
AND
TRUST COMPANY,
...EAST TEMPLE ST.
—Incorporated 1873.

...ARE A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
...Five Per Cent. Interest on Savings
MONEY TO LOAN
...on Low Rates of Interest.

Deseret National Bank,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
Paid Up Capital ... $250,000
Surplus ... $250,000

...Deposits Payable on Demand.
...Buy and Sell Exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Boston, London, and all the Principal Continental Cities.

PITTSBURGH TRADE.

HARBISON, WALKER & CO., Limited,
...Manufacturers of
Acknowledged Climax Chimneys
...Also, Manufacturers of Fire Brick, Tile, Mantels, Grates, Fire Clay, Gas Retorts, Fire Brick and Clay Work for Iron Furnaces, Glass Houses, Coke Ovens, Gas Works, Etc.
...Office and Works, Corner Duquesne Way and Seventh Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

R. C. DUNCAN & SONS,
...Manufacturers and Jobbers in
CUT AND PRESSED GLASS
Glass Table Ware,
...Lamps, Globes, Etc.
...PITTSBURGH, PA.
...N. E. cor. Diamond and Market Sts.

H. FISCHER-LEAF COMPANY
...Manufacturers of
Wrought Iron and Steel
RANGES and GRATES,
...Also Manufacturers of the Celebrated
STOVES and Wall RANGES
...Ventilating Cooking & Folding Grates.
...Office and Salesrooms,
...Nos. 211 to 215 EIGHTH AVE., LOUISVILLE, KY.
...Agents in Salt Lake City:
Utah Stove and Hardware Co.

CHICAGO TRADE.

...THE ... Celebrated National Folding Bed
...Manufactured by the
Sugg & Hiersdorf Furniture Co.,
—CHICAGO—
...A Large Variety For Sale at
S. R. MARKS & CO.'S
Opposite Temple. 4

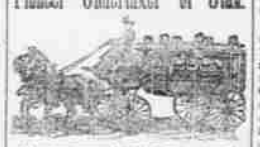
L. WOLF MFG. CO.
FINE - BATHROOM - OUTFITS.
Sanitary Specialties.—Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Water Closets, Kitchen Sinks, Laundry Tubs. All of the latest designs and most modern devices.
...Catalogues of which are Cheerfully Furnished to all Interested.
GENERAL OFFICES: 30-32 West Lake St.
EXHIBIT DEPARTMENT: 78 Dearborn St.
FACTORIES: 30-32 West Lake St., and Carroll & Bryne Avenues & Fallon St.
Chicago, Ill.

"DOWN WITH HIGH PRICES."
...$ 65 00 Sewing Machine ... $18.00
...$ 900 lb. Platform Scale ... 45.00
...$ 8-25 80 Top Buggy ... 85.00
...$ 2 Ton Wagon Scale ... 80.00
...$ 850.00 Road Cart ... 40.00
...$ 815.00 Buggy Harness ... 7.50
...$ 240 lb. Scoop & Platform Scale ... 5.00
...$ 4 lb Family or Store Scale ... 1.50
...Send for Catalogue of 200 Articles at Lowest Prices.
CHICAGO SCALE CO., Chicago, Ill.

THE Thomson & Taylor Spice Co
...Importers and Manufacturers of the—
FINEST SPICES
AND
Flavoring Extracts,
KNOWN TO THE TRADE.
...Proprietors of the Famous Brand of
RED CROSS LYE.
30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 So. Water St.,
CHICAGO. 4

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1862
JOSEPH E. TAYLOR.
Pioneer Undertaker of Utah.



...Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of
Metallic, Wood and Cloth Covered
COFFINS and CASKETS.
Full line of COFFIN FURNISHINGS kept constantly on hand.
...Telephone 506. Orders Promptly Attended to.
...Residence, 1007 E. First South St.

JOS. WILLIAM TAYLOR
—UTAH'S LEADING—
UNDERTAKER & EMBALMER

...I KEEP THE LARGEST AND BEST ONE PRICE STOCK OF
COFFINS, CASKETS
And Undertakers' Goods in Utah,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT
...Consequently REDUCED PRICES.
...Lower Ones were ever offered in Utah.
LOTS AND GRAVES ... Perpetual Care Guaranteed on Every Lot in the City.
...All Orders filled day or night in the shortest possible time.
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS NEVER CLOSED.
21 and 23 WEST TEMPLE STREET.
P. O. Box 93. Telephone 251

NEW YORK TRADE.

EMPIRE
...Trade Mark.
WINDOW SHADES,
HAND MADE,
AND
SPRING ROLLERS,
Are the Best.
...For Sale by All Dealers. 4

JAS. B. RYER. THOMAS F. J. RYAN.
J. B. RYER & CO.,
...Importers and Manufacturers of
UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
Lace Curtains and Curtain Materials.
...257 & 259 CANAL ST. Cor. of Elizabeth St. New York.
...Every Shade in Stock. Orders by Mail or Telegraph Promptly Filled.
...Represented by A. C. LAW. d

HAZARD POWDER.
Office, 62 Pine St., New York.
...Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated
Gunpowder!
—Blasting, Kentucky Rifle, Fair—Lawn, Duck, Electric Fuse.
...For sale at wholesale and retail by all the leading stores in the Territories, and by wholesale only by J. W. SANDERS & Co., Agents, Salt Lake City.

Star Horse Nails
Polished or Blued.
...Have been sold by E. C. M. I. for over 10 years. They are the Best Nails Made, and guaranteed to give the best of satisfaction. We hold a thing no longer than any other.
MADE BY THE
UNION HORSE NAIL CO.,
Chicago, Ill.
...FOR SALE BY E. C. M. I. AND BRANCH STORES. d&w

CHEAP HOMES
IN MEXICO.
...FOR VERY DESIRABLE LANDS, Both Agricultural and Grazing, in Northern Chihuahua, near Colony Diaz.
...For full particulars, apply to DESERET NEWS Office, or W. Derby Johnson, Jr., Colony Diaz, Casas Galeana, Chihuahua, Mexico. 4 adv.

CLOUDS BREAKING.

Negotiations for Peace Between Guatemala and Salvador are Progressing Favorably.

AND MAY BE SPEEDILY CONCLUDED.

President Ezeta Issues a Manifesto Regarding the Approaching Elections for Congress.

THE SENATE AND HOUSE PROGRAMME.

Washouts in Arizona.—A Revolt in India.—The Patriarchs Militant, Etc.

Telegraph to the NEWS.

LET'S HAVE PEACE.

So says General Ezeta.—The Elections at Salvador.—Other Items.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 7.—Gen. Ezeta of Salvador has informed the diplomatic corps at Guatemala City, which is mediating for peace, that he anxiously wishes peace in order to avoid further bloodshed. The announcement here of the acceptance by Guatemala of the proffered mediation of United States Minister Mizner's services, with a view of securing peace through the foreign diplomatic corps resident in the city of Guatemala, is considered as conclusive proof of weakness on the part of the Guatemalan government which, in making war against Salvador, did not reckon with the host.

Pan says the Salvadorian government has been notified of the offer of the diplomatic corps to arrange terms of peace, but he is without information as to the exact terms proposed. If they are not couched in language that will insure stable peace and non-interference of the Guatemalan government with the internal affairs of Salvador they will be rejected. The government of Salvador is not seeking the conquest or the annexation of Guatemala. The trouble of that country has been, as is evidently plain to the world now, over the question whether she would persist in the employment of her domineering methods in the affairs of the Salvadorian government.

Barrillas' duplicity and his direct orders to his forces to

VIOLATE SALVADOR'S TERRITORY.

Salvador's army did not invade Guatemala until after several ineffectual attempts had been made by Guatemalan generals to position their forces in Salvador.

Colonel D. Brown, an American railroad contractor in Salvador, with 200 drilled Americans, is reported as having taken an active part with Salvador in the battles against Guatemala. He and his men assisted Ezeta during the presidency of Menendez to put down a revolution started by Rivas, and he was among the first to volunteer to offer aid to Ezeta in the present war against Guatemala.

There were great festivities in the capital of Guatemala today occasioned by telegrams received there from the frontier announcing that a battle had been fought and won by government troops with the revolutionary forces under command of Generals Estandon, Sandoval, Matias, Cena and Alfaro, at Jutiapany, in the department of Chiquimula.

As there are no particulars of the fight, many people in Guatemala City doubt whether a battle has been fought.

The government of the United States has asked its representative, Minister Ryan, for information in regard to affairs in Central America. From Ryan's reply it seems that Mizner has been sympathizing with the Guatemalans.

THE ELECTIONS IN SAN SALVADOR.

LA LIBERTAD, Aug. 7.—Provisional President Ezeta has just issued a manifesto, naming the 15th of September next as the day when elections for new members of Congress shall take place to substitute those whose term of office have expired. The elections are to last six days and close on Saturday, September 20th. The new Congress will meet in the Salvador National Theatre on October 1st, 1890.

General Ezeta has been named as candidate for the presidency. Congress will elect a new constitutional President on October 1st. General Ezeta has also issued another manifesto in which he justifies his action in assuming command of the troops and government of Salvador at the time when General Menendez was assassinated and recapitulates the cause of his conduct and the result of the war.

General Ezeta concludes his manifesto by saying that as long as he has life and power he will accept no terms of peace with Guatemala that do not secure complete vindication of Salvador's injured honor and dignity of an independent nation. Both Nicaragua and Costa Rica have sent ministers plenipotentiary and envoys extraordinary to Salvador to confer with President Ezeta. They have intimated that their respective governments have formally recognized President Ezeta's provisional government. President Ezeta's army, under command of General Antonio Ezeta, numbering 10,000 men, is now in Guatemalan territory and is advancing rapidly toward the capital of that republic.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR PEACE.

CITY OF MEXICO, via Galveston, Aug. 7.—A special dispatch to the Press Agency says the Guatemalan negotiations for peace are progressing favorably and will doubtless be concluded before the end of the week. It is believed that peace honorable to both Guatemala and Salvador will be arranged.

INTERVIEWS.

EL PASO, Tex., Aug. 7.—New York papers reached here today containing interviews with Minister Cruz and Consul-General Ruiz in regard to the interrupted communications between Secretary Blaine and Minister Mizner at Guatemala. The New York officials of that government charge that the only wires now are monopolized by the Bonill's family, who have a news agency with one member of the family at El Paso, Texas.

The *Times* here published this morning Cruz's interview from the New York *Star*, and in its issue tomorrow will appear the following answer from Mr. Bonilla:

EL PASO, Tex., Aug. 7, 1890.

Editor *Times*:—I was surprised to find in your issue today a clipping from the New York *Star*, wherein the Guatemalan Minister Cruz and the Guatemalan Baiz attack my family and the telegraphic agency conducted by myself and brothers, who reside at the capital of Guatemala. In answer I begin by saying that, as our telegraphic business is not participated in by my father, nothing should be said of him.

In regard to the representations and complaints made by Minister Cruz and Consul Ruiz, I am in a position to say that they lie, and shall have the pleasure of having this fact come before the world as soon as Mr. Blaine, the Mexican minister and Mr. Mizner terminate their investigations. All they have said to the *Star* is a tissue of falsehoods and would bring the blush to the face of a gentleman.

[illegible] SAYS

he was indignant to learn of a syndicate that monopolized the telegraphic communications with the seat of war, and that that syndicate consisted of the Bonilla family. Mr. Cruz lies when he says my father is connected with our business. He also lies when he says one of my brothers is stationed at Libertad, the port of Salvador, and the only instance wherein he does not lie is in locating one of the brothers here, with offices in Paso del Norte and El Paso, Texas, the writer of this, who hereby denounces him as a liar, as he deserves.

The statements that the Bonilla agency has monopolized the Mexican Central wires has provoked laughter hereabouts. The Bonilla agency had never sent out a line of news to any newspaper, and Cruz lies when he so states.

In regard to the last charge of interception of telegrams, I will say that a few days ago the New York *Star* said that it was strange that Mr. Blaine could not communicate by cable with Guatemala, and that it was unusually strange that Mr. Blaine had not heard from Mr. Mizner at Guatemala, and that it was equally strange that Mr. Blaine had heard from Mr. Mizner at Guatemala by another line (the Bonilla agency). This proves that Mr. Cruz has lied, for Mizner's messages through the Bonilla agency always reached Blaine, while the latter's messages to Mizner by cable failed to reach their destination.

THE REASON FOR THIS

is plain. Libertad, through which the cable reaches Guatemala, is in Salvador, and since the 22nd of June communication through that point has been stopped. The cable company, knowing this, has failed to refuse messages for Guatemala. Our agency has promptly dispatched all telegrams. Even yesterday the Bonilla agency transmitted over 200 words from Mizner to Blaine. If we had ever intercepted their telegrams we would not be further troubled with them. We have no monopoly. Any person or persons can engage in the business we carry on. In fact there is now in El Paso Juan Rodriguez Casti de Jon, the Secretary of the Guatemalan Legation at the City of Mexico, who is transmitting the official messages of his government. For two years our agency has handled telegrams for both Cruz and Ruiz and their governments. In fact, a few days ago I had in my hands a message for both of them, yet they tell the *Star* that it "was new to them." The fact is that they have patronized our service because it is efficient, prompt and cheap. We have but two connecting offices to reach the United States, while the cable has six before reaching Galveston.

In regard to the charge that we have refused the Associated Press our news it is answered by the simple statement that we have not dealt in news, but we would be happy to serve them as soon as peace is restored in Central America.

Your obedient servant,

JOSE DIAZ DE BONILLA.

THE REVOLUTION INCREASING.

A cipher dispatch from Guatemala says: The revolution is increasing. General Barrundia, the revolutionist who captured Chiquimat, has increased his forces by a large number of deserters from the Salvadorian ranks. Dissatisfaction reigns supreme and the flight of President Barrillas is looked for at any moment.

Washouts in Arizona.

TUCSON, Aug. 7.—Tucson is cut off from the east by railway washouts. There has been no train for five days. The damage to the Southern Pacific is estimated at over $150,000.

An Indian Revolt.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 7.—A revolt has broken out among the Akhungans in Cunjalahara. Troops have been dispatched to quell the disturbance.

The Patriarchs.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—This was the most important and impressive day in the Patriarchs Militant encampment being set apart for the grand parade. The first exercise of the day was exemplification of schoolmaster degree work in Battery D armory for prizes by the North Star Lodge of Minneapolis and lodges from Whitewater, Wisconsin, and Bloomington, Iowa.

At 11 o'clock a handsome and imposing dress parade and inspection took place on the Lake Front grounds, with about forty cantons in line. The great stretch of green sward was shinie with the black, red, purple and gold of the brightly uniforms and the glitter of burnished steel.

In the afternoon the great parade took place, which was witnessed by crowds of people. Tonight there was another great park spectacular demonstration on the lake front, with a military parade, the conferring of the decoration of chivalry for members of the Rebekah degree, and a grand exhibition of pyrotechnics.

The Resolutions.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—This afternoon at a meeting composed of representatives of the principal commercial organizations of this country, with reference to the enforcement of the so-called uniform bill of lading, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, The representatives of the commercial interests of Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Milwaukee, Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria, Toledo, Detroit, Indianapolis, Buffalo, Boston, Cincinnati, Louisville and Kansas City, in connection with the Millers' National Association and the distillers' and cattle feeders' organizations of the United States, have united in patient effort by conference and fair representation to induce the carriers' representatives to defeat the adoption of the so-called uniform bill of lading until its terms, conditions, stipulations and scope might be fully examined and properly understood by all shippers, and

WHEREAS, Notwithstanding an express agreement to recommend a reasonable extension of time, said carriers' representatives defeated resolutions and pressed for immediate adoption and enforcement of said instrument; and

WHEREAS, The practical effect of this action has been an advance in rates ranging from 30 to 50 per cent above the prices which were charged for transporting the same articles and products under precisely similar conditions and circumstances prior to August 1st.

Resolved, That our earnest protest against the unjust and unreasonable course pursued by the railways confirmed in the Central Traffic Trunk Line, Southern Railway and Steamship Association and United Lake Lines be recorded.

Resolved, That we recommend to shippers that they continue to make protest against the enforcement of this special contract, and that all charges which may be exacted as compensation for shipping under the customary conditions and liability be submitted to the proper legal tribunal for the purpose of testing their justness and reasonableness.

THE TWO CHAMBERS.

The Tariff Bill Again Engages Attention in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug 7.—The tariff bill was taken up by the Senate. Paragraph 129 taxes bar iron, round iron, flat and square iron from 8-10 of a cent to one cent per pound, according to the classification. McPherson stated that the average duty in the paragraph is 9-10 of a cent per pound, and that the duty on a ton of such iron (in equal quantities) would be $20.10 per ton. The iron referred to was of the lowest quality, not charcoal iron, and the duty proposed was altogether too high. He moved to amend by striking out the rates per pound and inserting a uniform rate of 50 per cent ad valorem. He said the duty proposed in the bill was equal to from 65 to 80 per cent.

Mr. Sherman questioned McPherson's facts and figures. After further debate, McPherson's amendment was rejected. Yeas 18, nays 28. Another strict party vote.

The next paragraph (130) taxes round iron in coils or rods, of certain shapes and sizes 1.1 cents per pound. There was a provision that all charcoal iron shall be subject to a duty of not less than $22 per ton. The provision does not apply to pig iron.

McPherson moved to reduce the various rates in the paragraph. Rejected.

Vance moved to reduce the rate in paragraph 131 (beams, girders and other structural shapes of iron or steel) from 3-10 of one cent per pound.

Gray asked why the duty on structural forms of steel and iron used for ships and buildings should not be removed, on such structural forms as were to be used in vessels intended

FOR THE FOREIGN TRADE.

That could not injure any domestic business, because no vessels for foreign commerce are being constructed in the United States.

Aldrich remarked that provision for that purpose had been made in another paragraph.

Paddock appealed to Aldrich in the interest of agriculture to agree to a reduction of at least one-tenth of a cent per pound on structural iron.

Aldrich hearkened to the appeal and on his motion the rate was reduced to eight-tenths of a cent, Mr. Vance's amendment to make it six-tenths having been rejected.

The next paragraph (132) applies to boiler iron or steel, and imposes duties varying according to classification from one cent per pound to one cent per pound, the duty on the highest class to be 45 per cent ad valorem.

Vest moved to reduce the various specific rates in the paragraphs to 35 per cent ad valorem. Rejected—Yeas 20, nays 26—a strict party vote.

The tariff bill was temporarily laid aside to allow Allen Allison to present the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill. The bill, said Allison, as it passed the House, had $30,000,000 and was then increased by the Senate $5,000,000. The net reductions agreed to in the conference committee amounted to $5,709,000, so that the bill carried under the conference report $29,852,000.

THE AMENDMENT

to the Latin-American memorial library had been stricken out; also the provision for the expenses of the additional land offices. The appropriation of $150,000 for military posts had been reduced to $40,000. All the Senate amendments relating to national soldiers' homes (including a pensioning manager) had been struck out. The matter will now go to the two military committees of the two Houses. The provisions in relation to the irrigation survey had been postponed for further conference. The conference report was ordered printed, and went over till tomorrow without action.

Hoar, from the committee on privileges and elections, reported a substitute for the House election bill, and it was placed on the calendar. The minority of the committee, he said, dissented from the report.

Frye gave notice that he would not ask the Senate to take up the river and harbor bill until Friday of next week.

Mitchell expressed regret at the postponement of the river and harbor bill. Important works were now stopped in Oregon, and he would give preference to the river and harbor bill rather than to the tariff bill.

The conference report on the fortification bill was presented, but went over without action.

House.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—In the House a resolution was adopted calling on the Postmaster-General for copies of agreements for transportation of the mails between the United States and foreign countries, the conditions upon which the wards are made and the rates of payment.

The House then went into Committee of the whole on the General Deficiency bill.

Rogers moved to strike out the clause appropriating $6,000 to pay George Matthews in full for the unexpired term of the Fifty-first Congress, for which he was elected as delegate from the Territory of Dakota. Lost.

Uhnle offered an amendment granting an extra month's pay to the employes of the Senate and House. Agreed to.

The bill disposed of, the committee rose, and all amendments were agreed to, save that granting an extra month's salary to the Senate and House employes, and then the bill went over until to-morrow.

All Run Down

From the weakening effects of changing weather, by hard work, or from a long illness, you need a good tonic and blood purifier like Hood's Sarsaparilla. If you have never tried this peculiar medicine, do so at once. It will give you strength and appetite, purify and vitalize your blood.

"I have been in poor health for several years, suffering with indigestion, restlessness in the night, and in the morning I would get up with a very

Tired Feeling.

After taking only a part of the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla I could rest well all night and feel refreshed when I woke up. I must say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is all it is recommended to be.' MRS. H. D. WINARD, 328 E. Mason St., Jackson, Mich.

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier and am well pleased with it, it being in my opinion the proper medicine for the purpose." WM. G. WURSTE, organist, St. Mary's Church, Detroit, Mich.

"My daughter received much benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla as a tonic after a protracted attack of pneumonia." REV. F. H. ADAMS, New Hartford, Ct.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Pain and dread attend the use of most catarrh remedies. Liquids and snuffs are unpleasant as well as dangerous. Ely's Cream Balm is safe, pleasant, easily applied into the nostrils, and a sure cure. It cleanses the nasal passages and heals the inflamed membrane, giving relief at once. Price 50c. d

AN ELECTION BILL.

The Substitute for the Lodge Election Bill in the Senate.

AN INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION DECISION.

Eyrand, the French Murderer, Fails in an Attempt to Hang Himself.

RIOT AT CHARLESTON, MASS., STATE PRISON.

The Triennial Cantonment of Odd Fellows is Attended by Unpleasant Incidents.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.

LODGE ELECTION BILL.

Some of the Changes Made in its Substitute.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Among the changes which the Senate committee made in the substitute for the lodge election bill, which was reported to the Senate today, are the following: All reference to that section of the Revised Statutes which is was claimed provides for the presence of troops at the polls are stricken out, and the provision for the drawing of juries by the commissioners is also omitted. The penal offenses were simplified and made misdemeanors instead of felonies. The punishments were modified, the highest punishment imposed being three years' imprisonment and a fine of $5000, as against five years and a fine of $10,000 in the House bill. The judges of the circuit court before whom the application was made for the appointment of supervisors is authorized to appoint as supervisors any persons that he may see fit, not being confined in his selection to the list furnished by the street superviser. In cases where ballots are cast in the wrong box, they are not to be counted unless the tally sheets show that the votes for Congressmen do not equal the number of names on the poll list, then enough of the votes so wrongly cast shall be added to the tally sheet to make the vote equal to the whole number of votes shown to be cast. When the election officers refuse to administer the oath to voters applying therefor, it is provided that the supervisors shall administer the oath, but no effort will be made to have the vote thus refused cast, the object being merely to preserve the testimony of the application and refusal.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

General McCook will be assigned to the Department of Arizona, with headquarters at Santa Fe, New Mexico.

THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

announced its decision today in the case of the San Bernardino Board of Trade against the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and others in favor of the complainant. The complaint alleged that the railroad companies charged more on certain specified commodities from Missouri river points, St. Louis, Chicago, Chariton, Detroit and New York to San Bernardino, Cal., than for a longer distance over the same line to Los Angeles.

The points decided, briefly stated, are as follows: Where the complaint alleged that a greater charge in the aggregate for transportation of a like kind of property is made for a shorter than a longer distance over the same line in the same direction, the shorter being included in the longer, and that unjustial preference is thereby given one locality over another, it is held that the complaint is sufficient to put the carriers on proof that the services were rendered under such dissimilar circumstances as to justify the greater charges. Water competition which will justify a greater charge for a shorter distance by railroads must be actual. Possible competition will not justify such a greater charge under the provisions of the fourth section of the act to regulate commerce. The filing of a schedule of rates with the commission, as required by the statute, raises no presumption as to the legality of such rates, and no omission or failure to challenge or disapprove schedules so filed can have the effect of making lawful rates which are unreasonable.

CHINESE LAUNDRY PROPRIETORS.

The assistant of the Secretary of the Treasury says the department having decided that a laundryman is a laborer, a Chinaman who is the proprietor of a laundry would not, under the act of October, 1888, be allowed to reland in the United States after visiting his native country.

CONFIRMED.

Registrars of land offices—Samuel Gordon, Miles City, Mont.; W. Roberts, Sacramento, Cal.

A RED OF THORNS

At the Triennial Cantonment of the I. O. O. F.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—The great triennial cantonment of the I. O. O. F., in progress here, is developing numerous cases of friction. The California and other western cantons say they haven't been treated fairly in the matter of railroad rates. They are accordingly present in fewer numbers than they expected to be, and those who are here are mad. The troop of Lancers from Denver feel hurt because the Junior Hussars of Columbus, Ohio, who didn't come half as far as they did, are given a better position than they are in the generalissimo's staff corps.

Then there is a great big wide-spread kick because the coupon tickets attached to the excursion railroad tickets only admit to the ground, but do not entitle the holder to a seat. The seats in the grand stand are extra. It cost 25 cents for a seat in the bleaching boards, 50 cents for a seat on a reggie plank, with another rough plank for a back, and $1 for a chair in the central section of the grand stand. The brethren and sisters of the three links don't like this. When they bought their railroad tickets and paid $1 extra for six coupons, admitting them to the grounds on six separate days, they thought that meant a seat in the grand stand also. When they find it doesn't they get mad and say General Underwood has swindled them. There are hundreds of people in town ready to make affidavit that General Underwood is robbing them for his own benefit.

GENERAL UNDERWOOD

was asked what he had to say about these complaints: "I have nothing to do with this railroad business," he said, "and I won't be annoyed with it. I made arrangements with the railroads for a three-quarters fare for the round trip for men in uniform and one fare for persons not in uniform. As part of that contract everybody taking advantage of these rates was required to pay $1 in addition for six coupons admitting to the grounds. It was by hypothecating the prospective receipts from this source that I was enabled to raise the $25,000 for prizes, and the additional $25,000 expenses. Instructions concerning these matters were sent to every canton and lodge two months ago. Those who have followed the instructions have had no trouble. Those who went to dickering with the railways on their own hook may have had trouble, but that is none of my affair. Let them settle that with the railroads."

Adjutant-General Frost said in relation to the charge for seats: "This is no money making institution, but we must pay expenses. We haven't called on the lodges of Odd Fellows' organization for a cent. General Underwood has raised all the money necessary on his own personal guarantee. The expenses are heavy, and all the money received will be devoted to paying them. A ticket for a seat purchased is good for all day. No ticket can go in and out as often as he wants. A check is given every time. There is no cause for complaint at all."

THE CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

Eyrand Attempts Suicide.—The Boston Penitentiary Riot.

TRINIDAD, August 7.—In response to a request from Cuchara the bloodhounds to track the tramps who murdered the car repairer at Cuchara Junction last night, officers and bloodhounds went to the depot to take the train and were refused transportation. The hounds did not go.

ROBBERS AT WORK.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 7.—The cottage occupied by Mrs. F. Kane, of New York was last night entered and robbed of a large quantity of jewelry. During the past week there have been something like a dozen burglaries in Newport. This morning there were four colored reporters, one of them a very serious one, the amount stolen being estimated at $12,000.

EYRAUD TRIES TO SUICIDE.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Eyraud, the murderer of Notary Gouffe, attempted suicide today. He tore his sheet into strips, twisted them together to form a rope, and with it attempted to choke himself to death. But the timely discovery he would have succeeded.

THAT PENITENTIARY RIOT.

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—For some time past trouble has been brewing at the Charlestown State prison. Having its origin in the objection of prisoners to the enforcement of the contract system of manufacturing. Recently between the convicts and the officers there has been a feeling of hostility refused to obey orders, and in some instances refused to go to their cells. Every disorder was soon quelled, and the ringleaders punished. They threatened a raid for the yard, and the guard over fifty infuriated convicts rushed for the yard.

Instantly the convicts began firing. Other officers of the institution were quickly at hand, and with drawn revolvers soon mowed the gang in groups, after a hard fight, in which clubs were freely used, and many of the convicts' heads were badly crushed.

Word was quickly sent to police headquarters and in a short time police reserves reached the prison in patrol wagons. It is said though that any of the prisoners were seriously wounded, but as the excitement has not fully subsided it is impossible to say what the result may be. The guard on the walls has been trebled and a large number of police are stationed in the yard and outside.

A SUBURBAN CAFFAIR.

DENVER, Aug. 7.—A [illegible] special says: Sheriff Dick captured one of the Cochrane murderers at Rome station at midnight tonight.

EXCOMMUNICATED.

HALIFAX, Aug. 7.—Archbishop Kingston, Jesuit, has issued a decree of excommunication against Archbishop Bettey, now in Rome, Sergeant White of the First Battalion, Westlands regiment, after refusing permission to get permission to see his family, one night secured over seventy pounds of ammunition, and proceeded to Apsley Bailey. The officers being absent, he took up a position in an aperture to await their return. When he saw them coming he began firing, and the officers finding it impossible to effect a landing, procured assistance from the suppers and royal engineers. The party succeeded in gaining entrance amid a shower of bullets. It was found necessary to shoot White, otherwise he would have killed several of the men. One man of the attacking party was badly wounded.

WILLIAM WHITE, President. JOS. L. HEYWOOD, Secretary. JOHN H. WHITE, Treasurer.

WHITE & SONS CO.,
PROPRIETORS
Pembroke Meat Market.

The Choicest Meats the market affords are furnished from our Refrigerator. Family trade solicited. Prompt delivery and satisfaction guaranteed. Our Prices are as Cheap as the Cheapest. Home-cured HAMS and PURE UTAH LARD a Specialty.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

First Quality Beef, in Sides, at 7c. Second Quality Beef in Sides, from 6c to 6½c
Beef by the Quarter from 7c to 9c. Mutton, Carcasses, at 7½c.

Telephone 255. 36 W. First South Street.

JOHN H. WHITE, - Manager

LION COFFEE. In a selection of Mocha, Java and Rio, properly blended and is conceded by all to make the nicest cup of Coffee in the land. A Beautiful Picture Card in every Package. For Sale everywhere. Ask your Grocer for it.

DRINK LION COFFEE
A TRUE COMBINATION OF MOCHA, JAVA & RIO.
WOOLSON SPICE CO., KANSAS CITY, MO. TOLEDO, O.

MERCHANTS

Write your Jobber for quotations.

You want this Coffee Cabinet; its the best fixture you ever put into your store. Holds 120 One lb. packages.

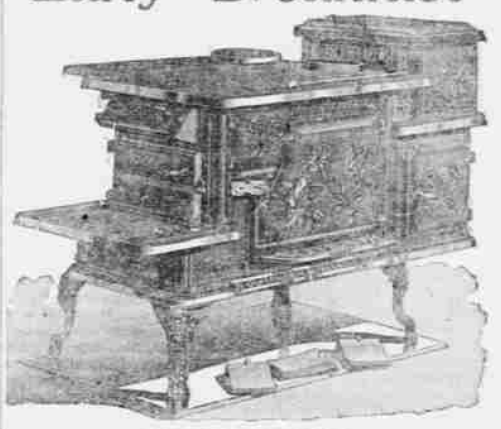
"A beefsteak rare!" he ordered.
But the waiter spake once more,
"Say, mister, did you know we have
A Wire Gauze Oven Door?"
"If that's the case," the master replied,
"Well done; I'll have the meat;
That door preserves the juices so
The flavor is always sweet!"

CHARTER OAK RANGES

IF YOU WANT THE BEST, BUY THE CHARTER OAK, With Wire Gauze Oven Doors.

FOR SALE BY
Z. C. M. I., Sole Agents in Salt Lake City

"Early Breakfast"



FOR COAL OR WOOD.

Above cut represents our "EARLY BREAKFAST" with six Holes and Portable Enameled Copper Reservoir,

Heavier than the Heaviest. Better than the Best.
THE MOST COMPLETE STOVE OF THE AGE.
FAULTLESS IN EVERY RESPECT.
The Utah Stove & Hardware Co., 39 & 41 E. First South St

R. K. THOMAS,
«26, - 28, - 30, - 32»
East, FIRST SOUTH STREET,

Respectfully invites all his old patrons and friends to call on him at his new quarters. Purchasers will obtain there all the advantages of selecting from a large stock at Lowest Prices in a perfectly lighted store. In the basement six counters are devoted to bargains, where my country friends will be able to buy goods at about one half their value

R. K. THOMAS.

Business, Residence and Acreage Property.

Wilcken & Salmon
REAL ESTATE and
Commission Agents,
Building Rock, Paving Stone, Etc.
No. 64 East, FIRST SOUTH STREET.

Washburn's Asthmatic Remedy.

If you are Yellow, Bilious, Constipated with Headache, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, no appetite, feel out of sorts, Liver is out of order. One dose of these Pills will drive all the troubles away and make a new being of you. Price 25 cents. Zion Co-op Mercantile Inst. Drug Dept., Agents. d&w

The Second Excursion to Yellowstone Park.

The Union Pacific is advertising a second Excursion to the Yellowstone National Park, to leave here August 12th, at the same low rate for the round trip as the first one, $45.00, which includes railroad and stage fare from here through the Park and return. This is an opportunity that none should miss, living as near this wonderful spot as we do we should know something about it. For full particulars regarding this excursion, call on F. E. Eccles, Ticket Agent, or C. E. Ingalls, Traveling Passenger Agent, at 201 Main St. They have a full line of printed matter on the Park.

"Husband, I Want You to Try It."

I had suffered for years with a complaint the physicians called gravel, and they had given up the attempt to help me. My wife heard of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., and spoke as above. To please her I got a bottle. Used that and two or three more, and presently the trouble vanished never to return.—Washington Monroe, Catskill, N.Y.

President Brigham Young's Letters.

It is my intention to compile all my father's letters for publication and I will be greatly obliged to all those who have such letters if they will kindly forward them to Joseph A. Little, care Juvenile Instructor office, Salt Lake City, that they may be correctly copied. All such letters will be safely handled and returned safely to the owners. Respectfully,

j&s JOHN W. YOUNG.

The most effectual cure of catarrh are cured by the use of Ely's Cream Balm, the only agreeable remedy. It is not a liquid or snuff, is easily applied into the nostrils. For cold in the head it is magical. It gives relief at once. Price 50c. d

Buckley's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. C. Smith & Co.