

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

PHILADELPHIA, 26. — John S. Morton, President, B. F. Stokes, secretary, Samuel P. Huhn, treasurer of the Market Street Railway, and George Vickers, private secretary to Morton, were arrested this afternoon on the charge of conspiracy to cheat and defraud the company. The arrests were made at the instigation of the new President and board of directors. They were taken before a magistrate and held for hearing to-morrow. Samuel P. Huhn, failing to give \$60,000 bail, was locked up; so was Vickers, who couldn't furnish \$10,000 bail. Morton entered \$10,000 bail for his appearance, and Stokes was held on his own recognizance. It is understood warrants are out for the arrest of others.

NEW YORK, 26. — The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Northern Pacific Railroad was held to-day. The report for the past year and up to September, 1877, showed the gross earnings for the year to be \$965,823, expenses \$573,124, an increase of nearly 25 per cent. over last year. The report urges that Congress be petitioned to pass a bill extending the time for the construction and completion of the road to the Pacific, and sets forth the advantages to accrue to the country thereby. A resolution was adopted stating that it was the judgment of the stockholders that the construction westward from the Missouri should be forthwith commenced, and eastward from the Columbia river on the Lake Pend Oriell division as soon as practicable, with the best interests of the stockholders, with a view to completing the road to the Pacific. A resolution was also passed requiring the purchasing committee of bondholders to fix a day within which all bonds outstanding must be surrendered for conversion into preferred stock. About four million dollars' worth of these bonds are still outstanding.

CHICAGO, Ill., 26. — Sidney Myers, president of the Merchants' Farmers' and Mechanics' Savings Bank, which suspended last week, was indicted by the grand jury to-day for embezzlement of \$200,000, and was subsequently lodged in jail in default of \$200,000 bail.

The grand jury also indicted the officers of the defunct Protection Life Insurance Company on the charge of defrauding its policyholders, and officers are sent out to arrest them.

WASHINGTON, 26. — Secretary Schurz has appointed a committee to make an investigation into the cause of the late fire. The commissioner of patents thinks about \$7,000 models were burned, exclusive of about 17,000 models on which no patents had been granted.

A telegram, received to-day, from an official source in Yeddo, says, the rebellion in Japan has ended. The chief rebels, Saigo, Murado, and Kirino, committed suicide on the 24th inst.

FERNANDINO, Fla., 27. — Five new cases of yellow fever but no deaths are reported. Dr. McFarland thinks the worst is over, if the people can be prevented from returning before frost. At the old town in the suburbs of Fernandino, over half the population is down with fever.

PITTSBURG, 27. — This morning, Major General A. L. Pearson, Commander of the State troops during the late riots, was arrested on a charge of murder. The information set forth that General Pearson and others, whose names are unknown to deponent, on the 21st of July last, had command of certain regiments of State troops at 28th Street Crossing of the Pennsylvania Railroad. It states that General Pearson gave the order to fire and that by this fire his father, Nicholas Stoppel, was wounded, and died. It is stated that the deceased was sitting in his own doorway when the volley was fired, and was in no way connected with the crowds gathered at the railroad crossing. General Pearson waived a hearing and was committed to jail.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., 27. — The republican convention reassembled this morning, and made the following nominations: For Secretary of State, John C. Churchill; Comptroller, Francis Sylvester; State Treasurer, Wm. L. Bostwick; Attorney General, Greenville Tremaine; State Engineer, Howard Soule. Adjourned.

LOTISVILLE, 27. — The boiler of

the engine on a freight train of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad exploded, last night, at Rocky Hill, Warren County, killing Chas. Wilson, engineer, Thos. McCrea, fireman, McCormick, of Greensburg, Indiana, brakeman, and wounding slightly seven others. A. L. Church, the conductor, was badly bruised, but able to crawl far enough forward to flag the south bound passenger train and avert a collision.

WASHINGTON, 27. — The President, to-day, received the Sioux and Arrapahoe delegations from the Red Cloud and Spotted Tail agencies. There were present, among others, Secretary Evarts, Secretary Schurz, Commissioner of Indian Affairs Smith and General Crook. Red Cloud was the first speaker, Spotted Tail preferring to speak to-morrow.

CHICAGO, 27. — A dispatch received at the military headquarters from Lieut. Allen, Buffalo, Kansas, says that two of the Union Pacific railroad robbers were killed, yesterday, and eighty pounds of gold recovered.

PHILADELPHIA, 27. — John R. Nagle, James M. Vickers, B. F. Stokes, Samuel S. Huhn, and John T. Morton, parties implicated in the West Philadelphia pass railway swindle, were before the magistrate this morning charged with conspiracy to commit a felony, and were held to answer.

WASHINGTON, 27. — The commissioner of patents makes the following official announcement regarding the late fire: Apart from the damage done to the building the pecuniary loss occasioned by the fire is not very great. No files of pending applications, or of patents, or of rejected applications, were lost or damaged, and no original drawings, except in a few cases, were destroyed. Those drawings destroyed were only of one issue, and of those photo-lithographic copies had been made, so that no inconvenience will arise from their destruction. A considerable quantity of photo-lithograph copies were burned, but of these in no case were all the copies burned of one patent. A part of the copies have been preserved by storage in another room of the building, which was uninjured. There will be no interruption of the business of the office. The examination of applications will go on as usual and patents will be issued without delay.

PROVIDENCE, 27. — Fire broke out this evening in Waldron, Wightman & Co's building, in the centre of several of the best business blocks, near the post office. The fire spread rapidly, and reached the next building to the post office. All the buildings on fire are new first-class brick or stone ones, but present no obstacle to the fire. The flames have reached the building occupied by the *Evening Press*, and the *Journal* office is in danger. The loss already is very large. The whole city fire department is out and aid has been asked of Pawtucket and New York.

Later. — The fire is probably about under control. Buildings on two sides of the post office are destroyed, but the government building of granite will probably resist the fire. The *Journal* folks moved their new type and files, but think the danger is over. The *Press* office is still in danger, the roof having been partially crushed by falling walls. The 1st light infantry has been ordered out and is now guarding the property. The worst is probably over. The loss is estimated at three quarters of a million, well covered by insurance.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., 27. — Report having reached General Pope that the robbers of the express train on the Union Pacific Railroad were moving south, by order of General Pope, Sheriff Beardslee of Ellis county took soldiers with horses from Fort Hayes and started north by special car to intercept them, as they were evidently making their way to Texas or Mexico. Near Buffalo station, which is about sixty miles west of Hayes, they got on close track of two of them, Collins and one other. Collins attempted to shoot, but the sheriff was too quick for him, and shot Collins, killing him at the first fire. One of the soldiers shot the other. The sheriff took from their dead bodies about \$20,000 in gold of the stolen funds. Four of the other robbers are supposed to be in the immediate vicinity, and strong hopes are entertained of their capture.

CHEYENNE, 27. — The regular weekly treasure coach from Deadwood was stopped by two masked

men, near Cheyenne river, last night. Resistance was made, and Scott Davis, one of the messengers, was wounded in the leg, disabling him, when the robbers got possession of the coach, but were unable to force the iron safe.

WHITEHALL, 27. — A fire at Larabee's Point, Vt., opposite Tyconderoga, destroyed the storehouse of H. G. Buileigh & Bro., with a large amount of goods; also large quantities of coal. Five tons of powder exploded, making great havoc.

COLUMBUS, Miss., 27. — Nat. Blierie, who was implicated in killing Story and Kilpatrick, in Pickens, Ala., last August, was taken from Carrollton, Ala., jail last night by about twenty masked men and hanged.

NEW YORK, 28. — Predictions are freely made that Conkling and Blaine have forgotten old differences for a united opposition. Evarts, in being interviewed declined to say anything beyond the fact that he has always been a republican. He thought, though that the New York differences were unfortunate.

The *Times* London special says, the position of the Russians south of the Danube has not been improved by the receipt of reinforcements from St. Petersburg, and the campaign, for this season at least, is considered here to have come to an end. Even with the addition of the Imperial Guard, said to be 60,000 strong, they have not felt that the renewal of the assaults on the Turkish stronghold at Plevna would result in anything but the disaster that has attended every attack hitherto made on that position, and the latest advices represent them as retreating toward the Danube. The Turkish commander, who has displayed such vigilance throughout the Plevna campaign, has eagerly watched the indications of a retrograde movement, and is endeavoring to cut off their retreat. In this position of the trans-Danubian campaign, the fate of the detached force in the Shipka Pass becomes interesting. Operations against this army are prosecuted with vigor by the Turks. Rains, which have completely paralyzed military operations in this region and in Asia Minor, have set in with great violence on both sides of the Black Sea, and it is not probable the Turks can do any serious injury to the invading forces in the meantime. Bitter complaints are made by the Russian officers against their commanders and staff, and great discontent prevails in the Russian lines. These complaints, of course, find their way back to Russia, and added to the smarting under defeat and exasperation of a fruitless campaign after such great sacrifices, are spreading discontent. There is also, a feeling of resentment against the commanders, who are blamed for the failures of the war.

A special from London says, a correspondent at Constantinople telegraphs that a rumor is prevalent in that city that Suleiman Pasha has at last succeeded in intercepting the communication of the Russians occupying the Shipka Pass with the town of Gabroust; also that the Turks have succeeded in cutting off the retreat of the Russians, surrounding them on all sides.

Another rumor prevails in Constantinople to the effect that Osman Pasha has achieved an important success at Plevna. It is stated that he repulsed a Russian attack on the eastern redoubt, and the Russian loss is set down at 8,000 and four guns.

WASHINGTON, 28. — The conference with the Indian delegations was resumed this morning at the Executive Mansion. There were present President Hayes, members of the cabinet, the commissioner of Indian Affairs, Gen. Crook and others. The Indians were in full costume.

The President said he was ready to hear the chiefs if they wished to speak further.

After a pause Spotted Tail spoke urging that the lands now occupied by his people be secured to them. Swift Bear, Red Bear, Touch-the-Cloud, and White Tail applauded his words.

Red Cloud said the foot of the Hills is a good place to put my agency. I did not come here to beg anything. The Black Hills were mine I gave them to the commissioners; I suppose you are going to decide what you are going to give us for the Hills, and I have come to get it.

The other Indians having spoken,

General Crook advocated their claim and the President was presented with the pipe of peace.

The President said: My good friends, you have desired to take counsel with me, and I have permitted you to come. I am glad to see you. I have attentively listened to what you have said. I have also heard Mr. Welsh and General Crook, who spoke for you as your friends, and who have my confidence. I have well considered all that was said. Now listen to my answer. I have your welfare sincerely at heart. I will be a good friend to you. I shall be glad to satisfy your wishes when in my power, and for your own good. There is an understanding between you and the white people which I want to have carried out by both. That understanding is that you should go to your reservation and occupy it, that the lands should be yours. I have removed Poncas to the Indian Territory to give you more room. I have promised to procure for you food for your people to eat. The great council of my nation, the Congress of the United States, resolved, and your chiefs and I head men agreed, that the supplies to be furnished to you should be delivered to you near the Missouri River. This is what I was told. This is what the great council of the nation believed. I have fulfilled that promise. Your supplies have been carried to the Missouri River, and there they are now, according to our promise. You say you do not like to go to the Missouri River, but your supplies cannot be taken to any other place before your people will need them and before the cold days of winter come. If you do not go near the place where the supplies are your people will be hungry, and I shall not be able to give them food. I desire to do all for you I can, and therefore want you to be in a place this winter where my helping hand can reach you, but I do not mean that you and your people shall stay near the Missouri River always. You shall stay there only this winter, and when spring comes you shall select for your permanent abode such land on your reservation as you like best. My agents will aid you in making a selection. Your country is large, and there is much land, where you can cultivate the soil and raise crops and where cattle can be fed. That land is to be distributed among you. It is to be surveyed and allotted to each family to be its homestead. There your people can build cabins and make homes for their families. When that land is surveyed and allotted, and your families have taken possession of it, I shall ask the great council of my nation to give you cows and oxen and tools with which to till the soil that you may be able to provide for your own necessities. I desire you to have schools for your children so that they may be educated to take care of themselves and become industrious and prosperous like the children of my people. I also wish your people to have churches where they can worship. I shall speak good words for you to the great council of my nation, that I may grant your people these benefits. If you are wise you will heed my advice. Game is fast disappearing from your country, and you cannot always live as hunters, neither can we for all time provide for your wants and feed your people and their children. If you want to live in security, you must do as white people do. You must work and learn to produce for yourselves that which you need, cattle and hoes and plows will be more useful to you than ponies and guns. To be educated, so as to know how to work and how to make your own living by raising cattle and tilling the soil, will be better for your children than hunting buffaloes and dancing war dances. When you look around you you will see that the white people are a great multitude which you cannot count. Every year their numbers increase by far more than the number of all red men in this great land. They cannot be kept away from the western country, and year after year more of them go there. If you live roaming about without homes they will sweep over you like a great flood of water. To sustain yourselves against that flood you must have homes in which you and your families can permanently live, and land on which you raise that which is necessary to support you. Then you will have firm ground to stand upon. I am a good friend to you and your people, and as a good

friend I give you this answer and advice.

WASHINGTON, 28. — National Bank notes issued during the present month, \$1,326,540. Eighty per cent. thereof in greenbacks will be destroyed, leaving outstanding legal tenders \$356,914,937.

The Secretary of the Interior has decided to dismiss the charges against Governor Axtell of New Mexico, as vague and unsupported by proof.

CHICAGO, 28. — *Tribune's* Washington: The cabinet considered the character of the President's Message. It will be short, consisting mainly of the reason for calling the extra session, and a reference to the required special appropriations.

Persons claiming knowledge say that it was Conkling's plan to demand of the administration as a condition of his support, the dismissal of Evarts. The announcement that owing to Conkling's action in the Rochester convention, the administration would immediately secure the removal of Conkling's appointees throughout New York is unfounded.

The Ohio clerks will either go home at two-thirds rate, via the Baltimore and Ohio, or contribute money for campaign purposes. Sixth Auditor McGrew has been actively soliciting and it would seem comes within the provisions of the civil service order prohibiting clerks from collecting money for political purposes.

The schooner *Hippogriffe* and *Emma A. Coyne* collided off Kenosha about midnight last night, and the former sank with some 20,000 bushels of grain. All the crew were saved. The vessel was insured for \$6,000, which was nearly her full value.

OMAHA, Neb., 28. — The killing of the Union Pacific robbers has been known here since Wednesday, but was kept quiet at the request of the U. P. officials. The clue which led to this result, and which will, it is believed, lead to other captures, came from a passenger Riley, who was robbed. He identified the man killed at Buffalo, Collins, who used to be a cattle dealer, at Ogallala, near the scene of the robbery. Riley knew him well and had business dealings with him in the cattle line. When Collins came into the car Riley recognized him despite his mask. Another passenger had also recognized Collins a day or two before the killing. A detective had entered the robber's camp while they were asleep, and learned that there were six armed men and that they still had the plunder. General Pope was accordingly asked to send scouts along the line of the Kansas Pacific, with the result that is well known.

PHILADELPHIA, 7. — Wool, light supply, demand improving, holders are inclined to meet the views of buyers. Colorado fine and medium 23 @ 28, coarse, for carpets, 17 @ 18, extra and merino pulled 35 @ 39, No. 1 and super pulled 33 @ 36. Texas, fine and medium 20 @ 28, coarse 16 @ 18. California, fine and medium 25 @ 35, coarse 22 @ 26.

CHICAGO, 28. — The *Tribune's* St. Paul special says: Owing to Indian Superintendent Kimball having ordered Father Tomazen, Catholic missionary, to leave White Earth agency on account of a violation of the agency rules in putting orphan children in school, the priest took refuge in the church, rung the bell to summon the Indians who were friendly, and with them is now holding the church in armed resistance to the authority of Kimball. The Indians are considerably excited, and consequently Kimball telegraphed to Fort Snelling for aid on Wednesday, and probably received reinforcements of a company of infantry yesterday. The Indians are not aggressive, but watchful and suspicious. They have other minor grievances which will probably necessitate troops remaining in the vicinity of White Earth for some time.

GOLDSBORO, N. C., 29. — Campbell & Co's hardware establishment and Powell & Sons store were burned; loss \$40,000, insured.

NEW YORK, 29. — Commissioner Campbell issues a warning to the public of the necessity for strict economy in the use of the Croton water. The drought of last year, the severest known for half a century, was not so severe as the drought of this year, and for three months no water has run over the Croton dam into the Hudson River.

Wm. M. Tweed was before the committee of Aldermen, to-day,