

FOREIGN NEWS.

The latest dates from Liverpool received by Oriental mail are to September 9th. The news from the old world continues to be interesting and will be till Italian affairs become more settled.

ENGLAND.

The weather continued comparatively fine throughout all England and Ireland, and the harvest prospects were more promising, which exercised a buoyant influence on the funds and cotton.

The Queen was expected to go to Germany on the 24th of September.

Earl Granville was en route for Madrid, and it was reported that he had a mission relative to the slave trade.

The number of English volunteers offering for Garibaldi was so great that funds could not be raised fast enough to send them to Naples.

FRANCE.

Napoleon is reported to have assured M. Farini of his sincere desire to see Italy Independent. When Victor Emanuel shall be master of Sicily and Naples, he will be strong enough to contend alone against Austria; but should Austria prove victorious in a conflict, France would not allow her to abuse her victory.

It was reported that the Empress was unwell and would not accompany the Emperor to Algeria.

It was stated that the French government had sent a diplomatic note to Switzerland, relative to the outrage at Geneva on the French flag. The outrage in question was perpetrated by a Swiss mob, during a violation of Swiss territory by Savoyans going in procession to congratulate the Emperor.

The weather was fine in Paris, but floods and hurricanes are reported in the provinces.

ITALY.

A Naples telegram of the 6th, announces the arrival of Garibaldi and his forces at Salerno. He was expected at Naples, immediately.

The despatch also says, the King will leave here to day for Gaeta.

Eight Sardinian war vessels were in the bay of Naples, with 2 regiments of Bersaglieri on board.

The British steamer Orwell, which was taken possession of by the Garibaldians, had been recaptured by the English war steamer Scylla.

Four thousand men under Gen. Turr, had disembarked at Capri.

Insurrection had broken out at Saldi, where Victor Emanuel was proclaimed.

Edwin James, M. P., the Hon. Mr. Ashley, M. P., and other Englishmen, are on board a Sardinian vessel, on a visit to Garibaldi at Salerno.

The city of Naples is perfectly tranquil, and the people conduct themselves in a dignified manner.

Another French line of battle ship, the Alexander, has left Toulon for Naples.

The sale of photographs of Garibaldi is prohibited in Vienna.

A correspondent of the *Daily News* says, General Lamoriciere's proclamations impose on the Sardinian government, the duty of watching the frontiers, and of preparing to cross them too in case of necessity. The government is, already, collecting in that direction, a force of 20,000 men.

The Queen of Spain had offered the King of Naples a refuge in Spain, which the latter accepted.

The Brigade Caldarelli is reported to have passed over to Garibaldi.

Dispatches from Naples on the evening of the 6th inst., announced that the King left there for Gaeta that day on board a Spanish vessel. Before leaving, he reduced the penalties of the prisoners.

The London *Times* editorially says that the King has gone to Gaeta only to consider whether he will fly to Madrid or Vienna; that Naples is as good as lost, and that the turn of Rome must come next.

BOLOGNA, Sept. 8.—An insurrectionary movement has taken place in the province of Pesaro; 400 insurgents have attacked and defeated the Papal troops.

The telegraphic communication with Naples was interrupted.

TURIN, Sept. 8.—The manager of the Southern Railway has been requested to prepare for an extraordinary transport of troops. The third, fourth and eight corps d'armie are about to be placed on a war footing, and the soldiers on furlough have received orders to join their regiments.

LATEST.

HALIFAX, Sept. 19.—The Europa left Liverpool at noon of the 8th, and Queenstown the evening of the 9th.

I am informed, and think the statement reliable, that the British government received a dispatch after the Europa left Liverpool, that Garibaldi entered Naples triumphantly and without opposition, on the 7th.

ROME.

Turin journals denounce the position of the troops of Lamoriciere, and call on the Pope to disband his foreign mercenaries.

It was rumored that Count Cavour had sent a note to Rome, announcing that any movements of the pontifical troops beyond the Roman frontiers would be considered an act of intervention, and that Piedmont would in such case consider herself justified in occupying the Marches.

AUSTRIA.

It was reported that Prince Metternich would be minister of foreign affairs, but the rumor was contradicted.

It was reported that about 35,000 Austrians had received orders to leave Vienna for Trieste.

Recent disturbances at Udine had led to the discovery of a great conspiracy favorable to Garibaldi, and numerous arrests were made.

VIENNA, Sept. 8.—The Emperor has received Counts Lezechan and Apponya, who explained to his Majesty the historical rights of Hungary.

The Emperor pronounced himself in favor of the Hungarian programme, which it is said will be adopted, with an amendment presented by Count Hartig, and concerted between the latter and the Hungarian delegates.

It is expected that during the first sitting of the Reichsrath, an autograph letter of the Emperor will be produced, re-establishing the principle of the autonomy of the provinces, and announcing the reforms to be immediately promulgated.

Senor Loella Gusada, the Spanish Minister at Turin, after a stay at Vienna several days, during which he held a conference with Count Reichberg, has left for his post.

It is believed that the King of Naples will not proceed to Spain, but will come to Austria.

Preparations are being made at the Imperial Castle in Holzendorf for receiving their Imperial Majesties.

The *Opinion Nationale* says that the first column of volunteers, under the command of Rosilli, will enter the Marches to-day.

CHINA.

A letter from a distinguished source, just received in Washington says, that the Chinese will not yield to the French and English forces without a desperate struggle. They are represented as being but poorly supplied with means to resist the European enemy, their small weapons being for the most part, matchlocks, and bows and arrows. That the Allies will reach Peking there can be no doubt. The successes which await them, together with the progress of the rebels, justifies the writer in the startling announcement that the Chinese empire is on the eve of dissolution. It does not appear that our public functionaries in that part of the world are acting in pursuance of any special instructions, while it is stated that the Russian Ambassador had had an interview with our own, and both were on the most friendly terms.

The allied expedition of England and France remained, according to the latest advices, July 24th, at Taien-waw at the mouth of the Peiho. There were 150 sail there of the Allies, while all the troops were encamped on the shore. The natives were friendly. The climate was healthy.

Lord Elgin arrived at Taien-waw on the 9th of July and it was understood that the troops would re-embark on the 10th, and proceed to the Takei forts, which were to be taken before the peace overtures were made.

There was no further information with regard to the movements of the rebels, though the Chinese at Shanghai believed that Hong Chow had either fallen, or was in great danger of falling.

BOWERY.

Sunday, October. 14, 10 a.m.—Elder John Taylor delivered an interesting discourse on the subject of intelligence, as it is found developed in man, and in all the creatures of God, showing the author to be our Father and God. Reasoned upon the text, "There is nothing new under the sun;" argued that the inventions of men are nothing more nor less than the discovery of laws that already exist; that those modern discoveries are not new, excepting to finite man, just as the gospel we advocate is not new, it is simply presenting to the world anew, or again, that which before existed. As intelligence increases in us so do our minds expand to comprehend the designs and will of God, for whatever office the Holy Ghost filled 60,000 or 100,000 years ago it fills to-day. Spoke of the variety of influences that are in the world, treating especially upon those that operate through spiritual mediums, and quoted the text, "The spirit of the prophet is subject to the prophet," whereas those spiritual mediums, are entirely controlled by, and are subject to those spirits that influence them, proving most conclusively that the latter are not of God. Made remarks on the government of families, and the order of the priesthood.

President Brigham Young, in following up the subject of Elder Taylor's discourse said that all beings, even the devils in hell had received their intelligence from God. Observed that one of the excellencies in the character of Joseph Smith—was his ability to reduce the things of God to the capacity of the finite. Remarkd that the spirit of revelation is always in them that bear properly the yoke of Christ; the fountain of the life that we enjoy is in God, the heavenly hosts are our kindred and friends, our fathers, mothers, brothers and sisters; if we had eyes to see as the Lord sees, all the heavenly bodies would be in our presence just as the congregation are in the presence of the brethren who preach

Sabbath after Sabbath in this Bowery. The Gods follow their own laws, and they love them. Alluded to the difficulty of getting people to obey the laws of this City and Territory, remarking that all Saints should follow his example, and live above them, and then they would have no trouble. For the sisters who felt disconsolate about not having any children he had a word of comfort, viz.: that they will see the day when they will have millions, and when they have filled an earth like Eve has done, they will learn that that is but the beginning of their posterity and creation. Reasoned upon the powers that are inherent in man, and principles of pure love and paternal affection.

2 p.m.—President Daniel H. Wells felt that we had had a greater outpouring of the Spirit of God latterly than heretofore; said the oracles of God are in our midst, continually teaching us in the ways of life. The Lord had given the ability to his servants to make plain to this generation the things of his kingdom, and warn mankind to flee from the wrath to come, but we live in a day when wicked men care less about hiding their iniquities than they ever did since the world began. Counseled the Saints to let all their efforts tend to the promotion of the truth and the establishment of the kingdom of God, that it may triumph upon the earth; the gospel of Jesus Christ is everything here and hereafter to the true hearted Saints, and those who are faithful will inherit all things.

President Heber C. Kimball made some instructive remarks on the subject of the new heavens and new earth, showing that the earth will be made suitable for the righteous to dwell upon; compared the present situation of the Saints with what it was in the early part of the Church, arguing that the increase had been in the comforts of this life as well as in numbers and power. Blessed the people in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ.

A NEW BRIDGE.—Under the supervision of I. Groo, Esq., street commissioner, a new bridge has recently been built at the intersection of West and North Temple streets, across the ravine formed by City creek in the center of the North street, which improvement is duly appreciated by the citizens of the 17th Ward, as thereby a direct communication between the north and south side of that street is opened, and people can pass and repass, without having to take a circuitous route of a half mile or less, as some have had to do, who wished to keep up social intercourse and friendly relations with their neighbors on the opposite side of the ravine during the last two years.

THE WEATHER during the past week has been delightful, and builders, farmers and outdoor operators generally have improved it to good advantage.

NOTICE.

The School Teachers and patrons of education are respectfully requested to attend a meeting to be held in Mrs. Pratt's School Room, 11th Ward, on Friday evening next, at early candle light, for the purpose of establishing a society for promoting the educational interests of the community.

Punctual attendance is requested.
G. S. L. CITY, 13th Oct., 1860.

UNION MALE ACADEMY.

The SECOND TERM will commence on Monday, the 15th day of October. The board of instruction will number from two to four experienced teachers of known and tried ability. The officers of the board of trustees design to spare no pains to furnish this institution with the highest educational advantages. Pupils are required to furnish seats and fuel.

In addition to this Mr. Cobb proposes to receive twelve young men from the distant parts of the Territory as permanent BOARDING SCHOLARS. He will endeavor to make it a pleasant and attractive home to those who may favor him with their patronage. For further particulars inquire at his residence, Union Academy, formerly known as Wilkin's Hall, from ten o'clock till twelve, each day, Sundays excepted.

ORSON PRATT, Jun.
JAMES COBB.

32-3

Married:

In this city, on Wednesday, October 10, by Elder William Thorne, Mr. JOHN FRANCIS MADDISON, of London, and Miss EMILY ELIZA HEMMING, late of Coventry, England. [Mil. Star please copy.]

In this city, October 11, by Bishop F. Kessler, EPHRAIM LUCE and SUSAN BUTTERWORTH.

In this city, October 8, by Bishop Hickenlooper, Mr. ARTHUR P. WELCHMAN and Miss JOANNA M. BEE, both of this city.

At North Ogden, September 14, by Bishop Thomas Dunn, Mr. CALVIN WHEELER and Miss JULIA BIDEWELL.

Also by the same, at the same time and place, Mr. GIDEON ALVORD and Miss SARAH SHARP.

Died:

In this city, Saturday, Oct. 13, HIRAM CLARENCE, infant son of Charles H. and Pernelia M. Bassett. Aged 1 year, 1 month and fifteen days.

In Centerville, Davis county, October 8, of brain fever, PAULINA PHELPS, daughter of C. C. and Mary A. Rich. Aged 1 year, 5 months and 17 days.

At North Ogden, September 25, LOREN WILLIAM, son of Thomas and Lucinda R. Dunn. Aged 9 months and 18 days.

New Advertisements.

GOOD LAND FOR SALE.

FIFTEEN ACRES of GOOD LAND, three miles south of the State Road, for sale, with a small house situated on the premises; also five acres over Jordan. Apply to Samuel Read, News Office. 33-2

WAGON TIRE LOST.

ON Sunday evening last, between Mill Creek bridge, State road and the 14th Ward.
R. L. Campbell, Historian's office, or 14th Ward, will be happy to learn of its whereabouts. 33-1

WANTED!

A good GARDENER, MASON and JOINER, single men preferred.
Apply to the undersigned, with reference.

H. L. SOUTHWORTH, Provo, U. T.
We have still a good assortment of Dry Goods, Medicines, etc., for sale.
Wheat, Oats, etc. taken in pay. 33-1

NOTICE.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
G. S. L. CITY, Oct. 15th, 1860.

THE time of holding Court in this District having been changed, persons summoned as Grand Jurors to appear here on the 29th inst. are hereby notified not to attend.
ENOCH L. MASON,
Dep. U. S. Marshal.
[Mountaineer copy.]

FRUIT TREES.

FOR SALE a large quantity of APPLE trees, of the best varieties and thrifty growth—many of them of large size and two years from the bud.

PLUM trees of large size, two years from the bud. The above will be sold as low as can be afforded.

PEACH trees of large size, and healthy, at very low rates. Also the Black Cluster CURRANT, an excellent variety, at four dollar per 100. Large currant trees, of good variety, that have borne full crops, 8 for \$1.

WANTED in exchange—Wheat, Butter, Wood, Home-made Cloth, Merchandise, Cash, etc.
23-3 H. L. HEMENWAY.

\$25 REWARD.

I WILL pay Twenty Five Dollars reward for a bay mare MULE, which I lost on the 20th of July last, in Kay's Ward, branded with double Z on the right shoulder and hip; also other brands, some not recollected. The said mule is heavy made, medium height; carries the neck a little bowed and ears rather straight.

Any person delivering the said mule to Wm. Jennings, will receive the reward. I believe the mule to be in or about Sessions' settlement.
33-4 S. M. BLAIR.

NORTH THE EMPIRE ROLLS.

THE undersigned having permanently located in LOGAN, the county seat of Cache County, takes pleasure in assuring the public that for the future he will keep constantly on hand a General Assortment of MERCHANDISE, which he will sell low for any and all kinds of produce.

BOOTS and SHOES made to order.
Bills for LUMBER furnished at short notice.
Produce taken for all we have to sell.
Remember the Produce Store.
33-1f S. M. BLAIR.

ESTRAYS.

I HAVE in my possession one white OX, red neck, red spots on right side, branded T G A on horn.

One light brindie STEER, branded L L on horn.

One yoke of OXEN in the yoke, one light brindie, illegible brand on left hip, a rupture back of the shoulder, the other a white ox, red neck, red spots on right side.

One red CALF, white face, white on hip and hind legs, hole in right ear, crop off left.

One roan CALF, crop off left ear, swallow fork out of right.

One dark red COW, white face, white on belly and hind legs, branded D. STEVENS on horn.

One red yearling STEER, white flanks, hole in right ear.
(33-2) SOLON FOSTER, Pound Keeper.

TREES, TREES, TREES.

THERE may be found this fall at the Gardens and Nurseries of Charles H. Obpant, in the 12th Ward, a choice assortment of Fruit Trees:

APPLES, two years old, grafted with some of the best Summer, Fall and Winter varieties from the States.

Several thousand fine PEACH trees, one, two, and three years old.

PLUM trees, two years old, of several choice varieties from the States.

APRICOT trees, a large quantity, one, and two years old.

GRAPE VINES. LOCUST TREES.

ROSES, Superb Climber, Multiflora, Baltimore Belle, Michigan, White, Loring, Sidonia, Mrs. Elliott, Madame Luffa.

STRAWBERRIES, several varieties, one thousand Hooker strawberry plants, one of the finest strawberries cultivated in the States. All of the above will be sold for good pay.

Wheat, Corn, Barley, Hay, Produce of all kinds, Lumber, Shingles, Wood, and as much Cash as you can spare taken in exchange.
33-1f

NOTICE! NOTICE!

MARK H. FORSCUTT'S DYEING, SCOURING, CLOTHES CLEANING & GENERAL RENOVATING ESTABLISHMENT, Emigration Street, 8th Ward, two blocks east of East Temple Street, G. S. L. CITY.

The Proprietor of the above establishment begs most respectfully to inform the inhabitants of G. S. L. City and vicinity that he is prepared to receive and execute orders in any and every branch of the above business, and hopes by careful attention, efficient workmanship and moderate charges to ensure that success and approval which it will be his study to deserve.

Ladies' Silk, Satin, Velvet, Cashmere, Coburg, Merino, Alpaca, Mousseline-de-laine, Lawn and Gingham Dresses, Cloaks and Shawls cleaned or dyed.

Gentlemen's Broadcloth, Cassimere, Sattinett, Tweed, Velveteen, Fustian and Corduroy Coats, Vests, and Pants, cleaned or dyed and repaired.

Kid Gloves cleaned or dyed in a superior manner.

Ladies' White Vests cleaned or dyed any color and finished in the first style.

Ladies' Feathers cleaned or dyed and curled.

Ribbons, Lace and Trimmings of all descriptions cleaned or dyed.

Chintz Furniture cleaned and calendered.

Carpets, Hearth Rugs and Blankets scoured.

Tuscan, Straw and Chip Bonnets, or Hats dyed and pressed.

Hair Dyes, Blacking, Black, Blue and Red Inks supplied to order.

All kinds of produce taken as pay.

N.B. M. H. F. will not hold himself responsible for any article left in his care more than three calendar months. Orders received at the Dyeing Establishment, or at Mr. John Holland's, tailor; at Mr. Squares's, East Temple Street.

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