

DEMAND ON SOUTHERN PACIFIC

It Will be for an Increase of Wages.

OTHER ROADS INVOLVED.

Thirty Thousand Employees on S. P. Are Affected—Leaders of Railway Union Retain About Plans.

Oakland, Cal., Oct. 23.—According to the interview obtained today by a Tribune reporter with the heads of railroad unions and the union members, there will be a demand upon the Southern Pacific within the next 30 days for increased wages, which will be upward of 20,000 of its employees. Both the men and union officials are loath to speak of their plan and purposes. They say that a premature publication of their demands and the methods of procedure may defeat the purpose they have in view. For that reason they would rather not talk, but when pressed to either confirm or deny the published statements that a concerted demand was being made not only upon the Southern Pacific company, but upon 22 other railroads west of Chicago, for increased wages, it was admitted that such was the case.

During the last six months the membership of one union organization alone has increased over 100 per cent. That organization is the United Brotherhood of Railway Employees. Six months ago there were only 3,000 members of that organization in the employ of the Southern Pacific system. Today there are over 15,000 members. This month alone there will be the thousands of railroad men employed on 22 other roads who are involved in the present movement. In Sacramento the B. R. E. has a membership of 800. In San Francisco the membership is 1,400 and in Oakland 250.

Each of the seven divisions is well represented in the order. The brotherhood does not include all of the organizations. The engineers, conductors, brakemen, switchmen, firemen, boiler-makers, car men, machinists and brigades all have separate organizations, but all are eligible to membership in the brotherhood. It is estimated that before the first of the year there will be 25,000 members. In the state of California there are 14,000 employees of the various roads who belong to unions. It is said that these men are supporting each other, as well as the organizations in the eastern states. All of the 14,000 men in California either have demanded or will demand increased wages of the Southern Pacific company.

The cause of the demands being made, briefly stated, is the increased cost of living. The men are now paying 30 to 40 per cent more for house rent and the necessities of life. Their wages, they say, have not increased proportionately, and that it is harder to support a family now than it was four years ago. They also state that all the railroads are doing from one-fourth to one-third more business now than formerly, and that their profits are correspondingly larger.

The third reason assigned by the men for wanting better wages is that they are to be heavier equipment in use by nearly all the railroads, the train crews and all employees connected with this department are compelled to do more work than they were formerly.

To make good their assertions that the cost of living is higher, and that the railroads are making more money than ever before, the executive committees appointed over a year ago have compiled exhaustive statistics. The cost of food, wearing apparel, house rent and other necessities, for a period of six years is tabulated for the benefit of the heads of the railroads. Statistics showing the exact cost of operation per mile of the railroads and the exact profit reaped by the companies for each mile have been prepared. The increased profits will be made the basis of the increased demands.

Irish Nationalists Make a Scene.

London, Oct. 23.—Another scene was caused by the Irish Nationalists in the house of commons today on identical lines with those which have almost daily marked the recent session. The Nationalists bombarded the chief speaker for Ireland, Wyndham, with all kinds of irrelevant questions, and when the speaker burst the attack in this direction, the Nationalists moved an adjournment of the house in order to discuss some triviality which happened during the last session.

Payne Entertains President.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 23.—Postmaster-General Payne entertained the president and a number of members of

Do You Get Up With a Lame Back?



Have You Uric Acid, Rheumatism or Bladder Trouble?

To Prove what SWAMP-ROOT, the Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy, will do for YOU, all our Readers May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Pain or dull ache in the back is unmistakable evidence of kidney trouble. It is nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

If these dangers signals are unheeded, more serious results are sure to follow. Bright's disease, which is the highest form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and extraordinary effect of the world-famous kidney and bladder remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. A trial will convince anyone—and you may have a sample bottle free by mail.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you free by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book of wonderful Swamp-Root testimonials. Be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the Salt Lake City, Daily Deseret News.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Nationalist after Nationalist sprang to his feet and violently challenged the speaker's ruling.

William Redmond was specially prominent in arguing with the speaker, to which he was urged on by frantic cheers and shouts from the Nationalist benches. Finally Mr. Redmond obtained leave to move the adjournment of the house to discuss certain rioting in Belfast Oct. 13.

Premier Balfour declined to change his attitude regarding the granting of a day for Patrick O'Brien's resolution of yesterday that a day be granted for a debate on the state of Ireland on the Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, declining to say he would accept the motion or would support it as a vote of censure against the government.

Col. Butler Can't Be Bondsman.

St. Louis, Oct. 23.—Judge Douglas today ruled that Col. Ed Butler, the local millionaire politician, who is himself under indictment for alleged bribery, cannot go on the bonds of Emilie Hartman, Julius Lehmann and the Kid Sheridan, members of the house of delegates living in jail under various indictments charging bribery and perjury.

Judge Douglas some time ago ruled that Butler would not be acceptable as surety on bonds of prisoners to the amount of more than \$125,000. He reached this limit in furnishing bond for former Delegate Charles Gutke.

SECURITY FOR U. S. DEPOSITS.

Treasury Committee Consulting What Bonds to Accept.

Washington, Oct. 23.—The treasury committee on state and municipal deposits offered as security for public deposits held a meeting today and decided that it would consider in addition to the securities authorized by the law for the investments of the savings banks of New York, the bonds of any city in any state of the Union to which the debt, exclusive of water debt and sinking fund is less than 1 per cent of the valuation of the city for purposes of taxation.

Applications for a statement of the latest available data, concerning debt and valuation. The information furnished should also show whether any contest had ever arisen concerning the legality of the bonds offered. In such a case a decision of any court concerning their legality must be presented.

The treasury received today in bonds offered in substitution \$11,000, bringing the total up to \$14,235,000.

Killed by a Train.

New York, Oct. 24.—Just when Ignatz Butser of Newark was preparing to return to Germany to be reconciled to his brother, with whom he quarreled 24 years ago, he was killed by a train, and his body now lies in the morgue at Orange, N. J.

Butser and an elder brother were officers in the same regiment in the German army. They were members of a wealthy family of the German aristocracy. Fourteen years ago they quarreled, and Ignatz thrust his sword into the body of his brother, inflicting a serious wound. Arrest, confinement and a sentence of seven years imprisonment followed. The wounded man recovered. Ignatz was soon released from the military prison and came to America.

For several years he subsisted by painting. Recently he became reconciled to the brother and funds were sent him to pay his way back to Germany. He was preparing to start when he was killed.

TROOPS SLOWER THAN THE MOB

Latter Hanged Negro Before Former Arrived.

IT WAS THE USUAL CRIME.

Victim Had Attempted a Criminal Assault Upon a White Woman—Jail Was Broken Open.

Tallahassee, Fla., Oct. 23.—Ed Brown, a negro charged with having attempted to criminally assault Mrs. Henry Dees, a white woman, at her home this morning, was taken from the county jail here at 7 o'clock tonight by a mob of 400 men and lynched. Troops had been ordered from Atlanta, but did not arrive until an hour and a half after the negro had been hanged.

Brown was captured a few hours after his attempted crime and was brought to this town and placed in jail.

As soon as the news of his capture was known, a mob of 400 men hastily formed and marched to the jail and demanded the negro.

Mayor Hutchinson wired Gov. Chandler for troops to the measure, endeavoring to persuade the mob to allow the law to take its course.

Upon learning that troops had been dispatched, the mob stormed the jail, broke open the doors and carried Brown to a spot near Mrs. Dees's house, hanged him to a bridge and filled his body with bullets. When the troops arrived they found the body of the dead negro.

President Receives Spanish Minister.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Senator Don Emilio de Ojeda, the recently-appointed minister of Spain to the United States, formally presented his credentials to President Roosevelt today.

Minister Ojeda was received at the White House by Secy. of State Hay, who conducted him directly to the president. After the usual exchange of felicitous addresses the president and Senator Ojeda chatted pleasantly for a few minutes.

Mr. Ojeda, in his address, said that the principal object of the Spanish government was to cultivate those friendly relations of trade and commerce between the two countries which would create mutual solidarity of interests and constitute for the future foundation for the most amicable relations between the two nations. President Roosevelt's reply was in part as follows:

"Mr. Minister: Recalling the warm friendship which has existed between the United States and Spain, it gives me sincere gratification to welcome you as the envoy of his majesty the king of Spain, and to accept the royal letter you bear accrediting you in that capacity."

"I offer you cordial co-operation in all that may tend to realize our common desire for lasting amity and increasingly advantageous intercourse between this republic and the Castilian nation. I am sure that you will win regard and esteem among us and receive in your own person constant evidences of the genuine friendship which our people feel toward your people."

The Olympia Lacks Coal.

New York, Oct. 24.—The cruiser Olympia which is to be the flagship of Rear Admiral Coghlan in the winter naval maneuvers is being delayed at the New York navy yard on account of the lack of coal. Several Atlantic passenger boats have been delayed by the lack of coal and the slowness of its delivery.

Mme. Materna's Castle Sold.

New York, Oct. 24.—An interesting story has just come out of St. Johann, a castle in the neighborhood of Graz. This castle, which is picturesquely situated, and all it contains were sold by the Austrian government.

Five years ago, Mme. Materna purchased the castle, which she furnished sumptuously, conveying thither the numbersless treasures accumulated in the course of her career. She met financial reverses and endeavored to maintain herself by giving instruction in music—an expedient which failed owing to the scarcity of pupils. Among the objects sold are many given by the singer during her tours of the United States.

Labor Unions Enjoined.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 23.—Judge Ford, of the common pleas court, has issued an injunction that practically applies to every union man in the city.

Some time ago Judge Ford began a boycott against a non-union restaurant. The proprietor obtained an injunction against them. The boycott was the result of the labor union and labor council, with the result that Judge Ford granted a temporary injunction.

The boycott by the labor unions was put in force to compel the restaurant keeper to employ union waiters.

ON THE RANCH.

Western Air and Food Give Long Life.

The fine bracing air of the far West is sometimes counteracted by bad food. A combination of good food and air, however, is pretty hard to beat.

Out in Woods Lake, Neb., Mr. Paul Kenyon lives on a ranch; he has to send to Omaha for most of the necessities of life and got his first supply of Postum in that way.

She writes that for nearly a year she has used Postum Coffee exclusively and many who stopped with her, as they frequently do from the best brand of coffee, tell it is the best brand of coffee. We quote a portion of her letter as her reason for using Postum exclusively in the household.

"I wish all coffee drinkers could realize how they are undermining their health by its use and would change to that best of all drinks, Postum Coffee. I wish to add that we use a package of Grape-Nuts a day which will attest the favor in which the food as well as the coffee is held by my family."

ADVERTISEMENTS.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.
For Justice of the Supreme Court, RICHARD W. YOUNG.
For Representative in Congress, WILLIAM H. KING.

DEMOCRATIC LEGISLATIVE TICKET.
For members of the State Senate, SIMON RAMBERGER, RULON S. WELLS, G. H. WHITAKER.
For members of the State House of Representatives, MELVIN MORMON MILLER, MAHONRI SHENCK, P. OVERFIELD, F. B. STEPHENS, ORSON H. PETTIT, THOMAS MORRIS, L. S. HILLS, A. C. EWING, BARNEY B. QUINN.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.
For Commissioners (long term), WILLIAM J. HORNE.
For Commissioners (short term), W. R. ENNIS, G. WHITAKER.
For County Clerk, ORSON F. WHITNEY.
For County Treasurer, W. H. DALE.
For Sheriff, G. H. NAYLOR.
For County Auditor, GEORGE H. WOOD.
For County Assessor, JOHN HALVERSON.
For County Recorder, THOMAS ALSTON.
For County Attorney, RAY VAN COTT.
For County Surveyor, W. H. EVANS.

Salt Lake City Precinct.
For Justice of the Peace, C. M. NIELSEN.
For Constable, E. Y. GOLDING.

This ticket speaks for itself. It represents the best talent and the best ability of the State.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

Idaho State Democratic Ticket.
For Congressman, JOSEPH H. HUTCHINSON, of Ada.
For Governor, FRANK W. HUNT, of Lemhi.

For Supreme Judge, W. E. ADAMS, of Washington.
For Secretary of State, F. E. FOGG, of Idaho.
For State Auditor, CHARLES J. BASSITT, of Bingham.
For State Treasurer, J. C. CALLAHAN, of Kootenai.
For State Attorney, E. P. COLTMAN, of Bingham.
For Attorney-General, F. D. CULVER, of Nez Perce.
For State Superintendent of Schools, MISS FERRAL, of Blaine.
For Mine Inspector, J. H. NORQUIST, of Shoshone.

Pickets distributed cards in the vicinity of the restaurants daily, declaring that the proprietors, to be unfriendly to union labor and requesting people to patronize the pickets.

The sweeping injunction issued by Judge Ford has caused a sensation in labor union circles and it is probable that the case will be bitterly fought in the higher courts.

ARBITRATION IN ARIZONA.

Result, One Man Dying and Another Severely Wounded.

Prescott, Ariz., Oct. 23.—Charles McCready, an engineer at a mine near Prescott, is dying, and Ed Tipton, a miner, is in the hospital, suffering from two gunshot wounds as the result of an encounter today. The men had trouble several days ago over a trivial matter. They met on the trail between the boarding house and mine, and drew guns and commenced firing without any preliminaries. Tipton was shot once through the shoulder and once in the hip. His wounds are not so serious as those of McCready, who was shot twice through the abdomen, the bullet perforating the intestines. The doctors say he will die. Both men had reputations. McCready was married Oct. 8.

ROCKEFELLER'S OFFERING.

It is Half a Million Dollars to Columbia University.

New York, Oct. 24.—At the meeting of the teachers' college trustees of Columbia university it was announced that John D. Rockefeller had offered to give \$500,000 to the college, provided that the college could raise \$100,000 to pay off the debt of the institution, and \$250,000 besides.

It was announced also that Mr. Rockefeller makes the gift as a "Thank offering to Almighty God for the preservation of himself, his family and household from the fire which recently destroyed his country home at Pocantico Hills."

LADY SOMERSET MAKES DENIAL.

Did Not Say British Are a Nation of Drunkards.

London, Oct. 24.—Lady Somerset, who is in the United States, has called to the secretary of the British Women's Temperance association an emphatic denial of the statement she had made in the statement attributed to her to the effect that the British are a "nation of drunkards," which was published recently in this country.

Threatened Builders' Trade Strike.

New York, Oct. 24.—With the prospect of a general strike of all the building trades, numbering 75,000 men, in sympathy with the striking plasterers if no union men are employed, builders in this city are facing a serious situation.

The tie up on many big buildings and private residences continues, and the strike affected hundreds of workmen in other trades whose work follows that of the plasterers.

Whittier Homestead to be Restored.

New York, Oct. 24.—The Whittier homestead at Havertill, which was damaged by fire last week, is to be restored on exactly the old lines, says a Boston dispatch.

The last person to ever wrote—will go back where it stood two generations, and perhaps three, before his birth.

Government Wins in Tea Test Case.

New York, Oct. 24.—In the United States court here, Judge Cox has rendered an opinion in a case that has attracted wide attention in the tea trade. The court's decision was in favor of the defendant, former Collector of Customs Biddwell.

The suit was over some country green teas which had been imported here, and the action was brought to test the constitutionality of the tea standard act of March 2, 1897, and also the right of the secretary of the treasury, if the act were constitutional, to fix each high standard below which all teas were not allowed to enter this country.

The Standard Established in 1861 was

much higher than prior to that time. The plaintiff made a lot of country green tea which was admitted to be below that standard, but which was claimed to be too high. The plaintiff attacked the constitutionality of an act that excluded a wholesome article. That was the first point. The second was that if the tea standard act were constitutional the secretary of the treasury had acted unconstitutionally in selecting so high a standard.

The government asked for and was given a verdict on the ground that the plaintiff had not made out a case.

A Wealthy Druggist Suicides.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Oct. 23.—E. C. Ingledue, a wealthy druggist of Dearing, O., jumped through a third-story window of the Phillips Hotel, Manitou, and died four hours later from his injuries without having regained consciousness. Nearly every bone in his body was broken by the frightful plunge, and his face and hands were badly cut by coming in contact with the broken glass. He did not stop to raise the sash, but jumped through sash and glass and became a victim.

Ingledue came to Manitou last September for the benefit of his health. He did not recuperate as fast as he expected and spent the summer and became very despondent, telling a number of his friends that he did not believe he ever would be a strong man again.

During the past week he drank considerable in an effort to dispel the melancholia which was settling over him. In speaking to a friend last night he said that he had abandoned all hope of regaining his health, and that a man had better be dead than sick all of the time. He referred touchingly to his wife and three children at Dearing, and said that it was only for their sake he was keeping up. It is presumed that he became more gloomy than ever during the night and this morning killed himself.

Boy Saves Girl From a Dog.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 23.—With courage that would have done credit to any man, Robert J. Bowler, 14 years of age, rescued Mabel Stetson, 7 years old, from a vicious Newfoundland dog in Main street, Meaderville. Had it not been for the courage of the lad the little girl would undoubtedly have suffered serious injury. As it was, the teeth of the savage canine entered the calf of her left leg, and her clothing was partially torn from her body. After young Bowler had rescued the girl the dog was killed by E. T. Selby, who emptied his revolver into the beast.

Prisoner Dies of Hemorrhage.

Boulder, Colo., Oct. 23.—With a cry, "Black dog," upon his lips, Charles J. Garwood expired at 6 o'clock this morning in his cell in the county jail, where he was awaiting trial on the charge of breaking open the safe in the depot of the Colorado and Southern road last May. Garwood had consumption, and a local physician had been treating him since the first of the month, when he was brought here from Denver. The immediate cause of death was a hemorrhage of the lungs.

Good Roads Convention.

Boise, Ida., Oct. 23.—A good roads convention, under the auspices of the public roads division of the United States department of agriculture, was held here today. R. W. Richardson, commissioner for the central states, called the meeting to order and in stating the object of the meeting, said in part:

"The results of our meetings are not measured by the attendance, but by the good that radiates from them. Common roads form the veins for the railroads, the main arteries of commerce, and every state needs good roads. Our efforts are now confined to the educational side, and we are here not with any arbitrary plan, but merely to stimulate a sentiment in favor of building good roads."

Frank H. Hitchcock, of the foreign markets division, was next introduced and spoke at some length on the relation of good roads to the commerce and transportation of the products of the farm to the markets.

A local good roads association was formed by the attendance, and was elected by the attendees. The president and C. S. Loveland, secretary.

Montana Horse Disease Appears.

Helena, Mont., Oct. 23.—State Veterinarian M. K. Kelly, who was called from Cascade county, where he went to examine a horse belonging to Ben Travis, who lives near the town of Cascade, has found that the disease known as "Montana horse disease." The veterinarian found it to be a case of the disease, and urged Mr. Travis to kill the animal, which was a white horse, as the veterinarian could learn none of the other horses belonging to Mr. Travis contracted the disease.

AN INDIAN ROMANCE.

A "Beautiful" White Girl Weds a Full Blooded Arapahoe.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Oct. 23.—The culmination of a pretty romance occurred at Fort Washack last week when Rev. Sherman Coolidge, a full-blooded Arapahoe Indian, was united in marriage to Miss Grace D. Wetmore, a beautiful New York girl and a member of the smart set of that city. The bride's father is proprietor of the Manhattan hotel in New York and is considered wealthy.

Miss Wetmore first met her husband three years ago while on a visit to the agency with a number of friends. Rev. Sherman Coolidge is remarkably well educated and is considered decidedly handsome.

Their friendship was mutual, and after Miss Wetmore returned east Rev. Coolidge opened correspondence with her. Miss Wetmore again visited Fort Washack in 1900 and also in 1901, when the Indian proposed marriage and she accepted. In the meantime Rev. Coolidge made several trips to New York. Rev. Coolidge was ordained a minister of the Episcopal church at Cheyenne in 1884, since which time he has been doing missionary work among the Shoshones on the Wind River reservation.

Rev. Coolidge was taken captive when a papoose by the Shoshone Indians, which tribe was then at war with the Arapahoes. Later he was adopted by Capt. Condit of the Tenth cavalry and sent to school at Hobart college, Geneva, N. Y. He was later taken in charge by Bishop Whipple of the Episcopal church and sent to study at Fairbairn seminary, Minnesota, where he completed his education. He came to Wyoming in the early eighties. He is about 40 years of age and his bride is 25.

"BEGGAR KING OF HOBOKEN."

Complaints Made to Police of Agram Against Him.

Vienna, Oct. 24.—The police of Agram (capital of Croatia-Slavonia, Hungary) have received complaints from the Croatian colony in New York concerning Peter Modries, who is familiarly known as the "Beggars King of Hoboken" and who was believed to be visiting Agram, his birthplace. The Croats of New York asked the Agram authorities to help them take action against their countryman on the ground that the fair name of their colony was disgraced by Modries' "questionable way of making a living." The police made investigations and discovered that Modries, accompanied by a young woman, had just sailed on a fast steamer for the United States. They ascertained that the "beggars king" owns two valuable houses in Agram and that he claims to own two tenement houses in Hoboken.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers. The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

THE Paris Millinery Co.

Specials For Tomorrow Saturday

MILLINERY DEPT.

LADIES' TRIMMED HATS, large assortment; extra special value \$3.89

LADIES' WALKING HATS, splendid value \$1.19

CHILD'S SCHOOL HAT; special for \$1.19

CHILD'S BONNETS, assorted colored silk, value up to \$3.50, for 98c

SILK WAISTS.

Great Special Sale of Silk Waists Saturday only. Values up to \$3.98 to \$8.00 for only \$3.98

RIBBONS SATURDAY.

16c yard FANCY RIBBONS, Nos. 60 and 84, latest Roman stripes, values up to 40c, for per yard 16c

WE TREAT MEN ONLY

AND CURE THEM TO STAY CURED.

If you are troubled with YARICOCELE or any diseases caused by excesses or contagion, it will pay you to consult us by letter or at office. Our consultation is free and if you take treatment charges will be entirely satisfactory to you as a written guarantee for a perfect and permanent cure furnished.

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ONE PRICE TO ALL NEVER UNDERSOLD

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WE WARRANT ALL OUR SHOES AND POSITIVELY MAKE GOOD ANY NOT GIVING SATISFACTORY WEAR.

Three Extra Specials For This Week Only.

CHILD'S FINE KID SHOES, lace and button, worth fully 85c, sizes 24 to 3, OUR SPECIAL PRICE 68c

LADIES' BLACK KID STRAP SLIP, PER, buckle and bow (a \$1.50 value), all sizes, OUR SPECIAL PRICE 98c

LADIES' DONGOLA KID SHOES, lace and button, all sizes, OUR SPECIAL PRICE 1.48