

THE BURLINGTON GRANTED REBATES

Jury Found the Road Guilty on
An Agreed Statement
Of Facts.

DONE TO SIMPLIFY THE CASE.

Conviction on Four Counts, Each Carrying Fine of \$1,000.
To \$20,000.

Kansas City, June 13.—The Chicago Burlington & Quincy Railway company was found guilty here late this afternoon by jury in the United States district court on four counts of granting concessions on packinghouse shipments for export to the Argo Packing company, Swift & Co., Cudahy & Co. and the Nelson-Morris Packing company. The conviction carries with it a fine of from \$1,000 to \$20,000 on each count.

Judge Smith McPherson, the presiding judge, deferred sentence until the fall term, which begins Aug. 1. All three are granted time in prison. The case of Aragon Packing company, on which instructions were read to the jury, charged specifically that the Burlington on Aug. 11, 1905, accepted a shipment of oil from Kansas City to Liverpool at a rate that defied a rate of 4 cents a hundred pounds from the Argo, Cudahy & Morris, and Nelson-Morris packing tariff at that time was 25 cents.

To simplify the case, Asst. U. S. Attorney, district attorney for the government, and Judge O. M. Spencer of St. Joseph, representing the defendants, signed an agreement of facts, which was in effect that the Burlington in contract with the packers to carry their products at a rate of 4 cents a hundred pounds from the Argo, Cudahy & Morris, and Nelson-Morris packing tariff at that time was 25 cents.

Judge McPherson, instructing the jury, said that the Burlington railroad had no right to make a contract for a period longer than the established rate of 25 cents should be in force. To have carried shipments for 25 cents after Aug. 17, 1905, when the tariff was raised to 40 cents, would be considered a concession. The failure of the Burlington to file the schedule of 25 cents was inadvertent.

The jury retired at 3 o'clock, and returned with their verdict at 5:30.

BENJ. IDE WHEELER ON THE SAN FRANCISCO CALAMITY.

New York, June 13.—At the Columbia commencement dinner President Benjamin Ide Wheeler, of the University of California, delivered a short address in which, referring to the San Francisco catastrophe, he said:

"We had learned in the books that the world was not yet fit for us to know now with our hearts that, on the fatal morning, even before the people of Oakland and Berkeley across the bay, had all learned of San Francisco's calamity, the great cities of the country had started movements of relief and we saw the carloads of bread and cooked meats come in from Sacramento and Los Angeles, and then, from Portland and Seattle, followed large quantities of supplies and clothing from Salt Lake and Denver and Omaha, Chicago, Buffalo and New York in exhaustless waves of human sympathy and helpfulness. These things we have seen, and we now have other data than the best trust and the life insurance companies to tell us whether the world is growing worse or better."

"We always knew that buildings and machinery and equipment do not make a city, but now we have seen a city, robed of everything but men and courage and earnest life barehanded; we have learned the inner mystery of the high religion of being a good loser. In passing through storm-tossed waters we are conscious of having come face to face with man's reality that was only a dream before. We have a new knowledge from the shipwrecked soul, bound downcast toward its two organs, leading our thoughts through its two gates, toward the source of life in the east, towards its ultimate fate in

ITCHING SCALP FALLING HAIR

Came Out Constantly—Hair Finally Had to Be Cut to Save Any—Scalp Now in Good Condition and No More Itching—Another Effective

CURE BY THE CUTICURA REMEDIES

"I will gladly give you all the information concerning my case. I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment for a diseased scalp, dandruff, and constant falling of hair. Finally I had to cut my hair to save any at all. Just at that time I read about the Cuticura Remedies. Once every week I shampooed my hair with the Cuticura Soap, and I used the Ointment twice a week. In two months' time my hair was long enough to do up in French twist. That is now five years ago, and I have a lovely head of hair. The length is six inches below my waist line, my scalp is in very good condition and no more dandruff or falling of the scalp. I used other remedies that were recommended to me as good, but with no results. If you wish to publish any of what I have written you, you are welcome to do so. I am, respectfully, Mrs. W. E. Green, Clay Center, Neb., Oct. 23, 1905."

FROM THE HOUR OF BIRTH

Mother Should Use Cuticura Soap, the World's Favorite

Mothers are assured of the absolute purity and unfailing efficacy of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure, in the preservation and purification of the skin, scalp, hair and hands of infants and children. For baby eczema, rashes, itchings and chafings, as well as for annoying irritations and ulcerative weaknesses, and many salutative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to mothers, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are priceless.

Printed throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, the World's Favorite. Manufactured by the Cuticura Company, Cincinnati, Ohio. See our store for the best, by far, of all druggists. Price, 15¢ per box. Send for Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment.

HAYS Hairhealth Keeps You Looking Young

Always restores you to a clear, gay, healthy, young appearance, positively removes dandruff, a sore scalp, dandruff, positively removes dandruff, a sore scalp, dandruff, does not stain skin or dress. Large bottles, droppers. Wholesale Treatment with Hays Hairhealth. Newark, N.J. For Sale. Send for Hays Hairhealth. Newark, N.J. For Sale. Hays Hairhealth Treatment with Hays Hair-

UNCLE SAM TO PAY THE FREIGHT

Cost of Inspection of American Meats Will Fall on the Government.

TWO MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR

The Farmer and Small Butcher Are Exempted From Provision For Inspection.

Washington, June 13.—The abnormal infant mortality in England has led to the summoning of a national conference, which met in London today under the presidency of John Burns, president of the local government board.

"In the days when there were no vaccinated meats and children were fed naturally," said Mr. Burns, "there was no such sacrifice of child life." He believed he would be well within the mark in saying that 100,000 lives are sacrificed yearly through neglect, carelessness and ignorance. Drinking among women, Mr. Burns declared, is one of the most serious tragedies in England, second only to Great Britain.

This is daily increasing the mortality of infants under five years of age and constitutes a national reproach demanding immediate attention," he declared.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY METHODS GENOUNCED.

Washington, June 13.—Dissatisfaction on the methods pursued by the United States Geological Survey with a view of securing larger appropriations for the Bureau was heard today in the house.

A point of order was made against the item of \$200,000 for topographical surveys.

After consideration the chair overruled it, and then Mr. Small of North Carolina offered an amendment increasing the appropriation to \$300,000.

This precipitated a discussion on the whole subject of the geological survey, led by Mr. Talcott of Minnesota.

Mr. Talcott said that the United States geological survey is the most ambitious branch of the public service and that since the accession of the present director, Dr. W. M. Davis, the appropriation has increased 300 per cent.

It is now \$1,000,000, and the amount per person to the committee he had to make against the methods adopted by the bureau, he read a telegram from Chester M. Dawes, general solicitor of the Chicago Burlington & Quincy railroad, in which Mr. Dawes said:

"I am advised that it is reported to cut down the appropriation for going around the world investigation for 1907 to \$100,000. Such a reduction could greatly hamper the development of the seal in this direction and cut off work where it is proceeding rapidly and advantageously. Hope you will consider it consistent with the public interest to use your influence to see that the appropriation is maintained at \$300,000."

To this telegram Mr. Talcott replied:

"Please advise me in what respect will the development of the west be hampered by the failure to gauge streams in New England, the south and the other states east of the Mississippi river. It is conceded that this work is being done in the interest of prospective investors in timber and mineral lands."

Under provisions of the Constitution Congress has the power of appropriation of public money for the benefit of prospective or actual investors in private enterprises?" The reclamation service is not involved."

Mr. Talcott asserted that the topographical surveys now being made are for the benefit of street railway companies, water power companies, and irrigation districts, and that the geological survey is even now engaged in making a topographical survey of Minnesota.

Mr. Small of North Carolina closed the debate in behalf of his amendment, which was adopted, 101 to 5.

PRINCE HEDDERBECKOFF KILLED.

Kutaisi, June 13.—Prince Hedderbeckoff, marshal of the nobility and prominent in the Liberal movement, was killed in the street here today.

CAPE WILLIAM DAY RETIRES.

Washington, June 13.—Cape William Day, recently appointed at the navy yard at Mare Island, Calif., has been placed on the retired list at the age of 65 in rank of rear admiral on his own application after more than 50 years' service.

MILLER GUILTY OF MURDER.

Upper Sandusky, O., June 13.—Willis Miller tonight was found guilty of first degree murder, the verdict being a compromise, a recommendation for mercy. Miller was charged with the murder of W. A. Johnson, the "celery king."

DUBOIS MAKES BITTER ATTACK ON THE MORMONS.

Washington, June 13.—The senate adopted without division the conference report on the statehood bill at 6:30 o'clock this evening.

The report was debated by Senators Parker, Bailey, Patterson, Moore, DuBois, Morgan, Stone, McCormick and others.

Several Democratic senators implored the committee to accept Oklahoma and Indian Territory would have to the advantage of the Republican party and Mr. Moore declared that such was the case. The committee, however, voted to accept the report of the conference committee, which was slightly altered. A minority report will be made to the house by some of the dissenting members.

Representative Cromer of Indiana led the forces favoring the Beveridge amendment. He offered four amendments to the Beveridge measure and then moved its adoption by the committee in place of the original bill, which had been rejected. On this motion he was defeated.

These conclusions of the committee were reached after three days of consideration following the exhaustive hearings held in connection with the official reports regarding conditions in the packing houses at Chicago and the statements of the packers and representatives of the livestock raisers.

This measure represents the judgment of seven who proposed the Beveridge amendment, slightly altered. A minority report will be made to the house by some of the dissenting members.

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