

brought down by yesterday's heat has forced its way over roadways and beyond canal banks, spreading over adjoining fields. No break has yet been reported today, but with the rush that will come from the canyons tonight, as a result of the warm south wind on the melting snows, the water is liable to be pouring through a number of breaks in the canals before morning. The best that is anticipated by residents along the Ninth and Tenth South street canals is that there will be only an overflow, and not a break that will cause serious damage. From now on until the waters begin to subside their rest will be disturbed by the nightly fear that daylight will dawn on a devastating flood about their homes.

Nor is the work of the rising waters confined to the near vicinity of Salt Lake. Mr. W. S. Brighton has arrived from his place at the head of Big Cottonwood canyon, and reports that the creek is now running over the road in the canyon, and unless the Salt Lake county officials do prompt work to save it the roadway will be washed out and can be repaired only at considerable expense. Instances like the Big Cottonwood overflow, with the prospects along the Jordan, are likely to give the county authorities something to deal with in the water business, but if given proper attention now, the county will not have much difficulty in handling matters.

From Weber county also comes the cry of high water. The Ogden and Weber rivers are raging torrents. It is hourly anticipated that the Weber, which is up to the level of the wagon road, will sweep over it and cut off all communication by team with Morgan county. The Ogden river is being carefully watched, and above its confluence with the Weber there are no breaks or damage reported. Below that point, however, the surrounding country is largely overflowed, and it is anticipated that the vicinity of Hooper will in a few days be completely inundated.

LOGAN LETTER.

LOGAN, May 18. — Dr. Snow, on Tuesday, removed a large tumor that had been growing on the top of Mr. Thaddeus Huff's head for the last twenty-five years.

The fire that caused the loss of Mr. Standing's store and six thousand dollars' worth of goods at Collinston, on last Sunday evening, was caused by the overturning of a lamp.

A nice program is being prepared for the meeting of the Philomatheic Literary society of the B. Y. college on Friday evening next. This will be the last meeting before vacation.

Samuel Holbrook, of Paradise, and his little son, were suddenly precipitated into the Paradise river a few days ago, by the overturning of their wagon box while in deep water. Both came up to the surface, and Mr. H. took the boy on his back and swam out. The team and running gears washed down a considerable distance, but Mr. Holbrook eventually recovered all of his property with the exception of several sacks of wheat.

Elder Moses Thatcher's health has greatly improved, but he is by no means robust yet.

Mr. Nelden, of the firm of Roberts & Nelden, of Salt Lake, has been in Logan for several days taking stock in their store here, with a view to selling out.

The old lady who was accidentally shot at Greenville a short time since, is dead. She lingered along until vitality was exhausted.

Mr. Robert Kewley, of Logan, while branding cattle at his ranch in Benson ward, was badly injured by a Devon bull. He and his hired man had the bull down, Mr. Kewley using the iron and the man holding the rope. Just as soon as the branding iron was removed the bull reached his feet in one bound and rushed at Kewley, whom he pinned against the fence, tearing his clothes, ripping the skin nearly from the center of his abdomen round to his backbone, and breaking one of his ribs. The hired man rendered no assistance, although the battle was a long one. Dr. Ormsby attended the injured man, who is progressing favorably.

Last year there were but seven graduates from the normal department of the B. Y. College; this year there will be seventeen.

The Y. L. and Y. M. M. I. A. held their regular quarterly conference on Sunday last. A very instructive and entertaining session was held. The young people were addressed by many brethren and sisters of experience, who congratulated them upon the work performed and the results already attained, and encouraged them to continue laboring in the good cause.

A young lady of Richmond has been fasting for more than forty days.

Chris Christensen of the Fifth ward filed a complaint against J. A. McDaniel for assault and battery, alleging that McDaniel had struck him on the arm with a carpenter's square. Before the case was called, however, the prosecuting witness had left town, and it was dismissed.

The \$25,000 worth of school bonds have been sold to T. H. Harris & Co. of Chicago, Boston and New York. They offered a premium of 350 interest until the money is received and to furnish the black bonds free. Several other good bids were received.

THE CZAR'S GOVERNMENT.

This country is now having its full share of distinguished foreigners in attendance at the World's Fair. A number of them, now that they have traveled beyond the confines of their native laus, have embarked on a tour around the world, to behold scenes and gain experiences heretofore "little dreamed of in their philosophy." One of these is N. Shabelsky, a wealthy Russian land owner. The gentleman is highly educated, and is noted as a linguist. He has been taking in the naval display at New York and the Fair at Chicago, and is now en route to the West and is due in Salt Lake the latter part of the week.

Mr. Shabelsky does not boast of any aristocratic title, nor is his name so difficult of pronunciation as is ordinarily the case with those who hail from the czar's dominions, but he is a typical Russian just the same, and an ardent supporter of the present czar, whose death by violence he thinks would be the worst calamity that

could befall the country, as it would plunge it into a disastrous civil war. Regarding reforms in government he says they are made as quickly as the people are educated to rightly appreciate them. He thinks the government policy with all classes of subjects fully justified by the circumstances, which he says are greatly misunderstood by other nations. In one respect he believes an improvement could be made, and that is the financial system. Russian paper money is worth only 60 per cent of its face value, owing to the government not having any gold or silver reserve such as the United States has.

Mr. Shabelsky is outspoken in his views on the European situation, and, as in all other matters, he thinks Russia can take care of her own interests in case of war. "There is one thing certain," says he, "and that is a conflict between Russia and Germany. The opening of hostilities may not take place within the next twelve months, but trouble is almost sure to come before the close of 1895. Russia has a standing army of 500,000 men. The common soldiers receive only 34 rubles a year, not enough to buy tobacco. The pay of the officers has been increased recently, but a true soldier in Russia is one who serves for love of his country. It is accepted as a principle that no man ought to ask for pay for defending his country. When the trouble with Germany breaks out it is probable that England will also begin operations. We have no fear of England. She does not have soldiers enough to cause us any serious annoyance. True her ships might burn a few towns along the coast, but it will be found that the Black sea is not as easy of entrance as at the time of the Crimean war. We have every reason to believe that Russia can meet successfully both Germany and England."

SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION.

The meeting of the officers and teachers of the Sabbath schools of this Stake, held on Monday evening, was largely attended, by representatives from all the city schools except the Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Twenty-first Union and Forest Dale schools were also represented. Superintendent T. O. Griggs presided.

Excellent singing exercises were rendered by the Nineteenth ward school, and the opening prayer was offered by Superintendent H. Gardner of the Twenty-second ward.

Miss Ella Nebeker, teacher of the Primary department of the Twenty-second ward, explained in a brief and interesting address, her method of instructing her pupils, and illustrated her remarks by a class exercise upon the subject of "The Fall of Adam, and the Redemption of Jesus Christ." Her class numbers over one hundred pupils, all of whom are instructed in the principles of the Gospel.

Elder N. V. Jones, of the Fifteenth ward, delivered an instructive address on theological work in the highest department. The greatest drawbacks to success here was irregular attendance and lack of earnest application. If the same earnest attention were given to the lessons of theology that is bestowed upon secular studies, the same