

THE EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

DAVID O. CALDER,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Thursday, January 24, 1878.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

A five million dollar land sale is said to have been brought to light in California.

Further debate on the amnesty bill in the U. S. House of Representatives; referred.

President Grant, yesterday, assured a delegation of civilized Indians that, without their consent, no bill passed by Congress for a territorial government in Indian territory would receive his signature.

The merchants of St. Louis want the republican and democratic conventions, this year, to be held in that city, and they offer the use of the grand hall at the Merchants' Exchange free for that purpose.

More whiskey thieves discovered in Chicago.

The State of Virginia is nearly fourteen million dollars.

A faction fight in Canada, fifty men on each side, resulted in fifteen men being dangerously wounded and half an acre of ground being drenched in blood.

The Marquis of Ripon, an English Catholic, has given the Pope \$20,000.

It is said that Queen Victoria will visit Germany in the spring.

The Spanish government has authorized the publication of fourteen new journals.

The help-apparent of the German empire will not visit the Centennial.

It is now stated that the evidence against Babcock, a member of the crooked whiskey ring, is complete and certain, and renders his conviction almost certain.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

The message of Governor Emery to the Legislature, taken in its entirety, is a fair and passable document, considering his point of view. He makes a number of good suggestions and recommendations, which the Legislature will be likely to take into deliberate consideration, and will probably act upon as far as, in its judgment, action will be beneficial to the community.

Good and sufficient legislation for the encouragement of all useful home industries, and for the proper protection of investments therein, are of course desirable.

A geological survey is a good thing, but as the Federal Government has the original ownership of the land and receives the money for the same when sold to the people, it seems right that Congress should provide for a geophysical survey of the Territory.

The centennial year is naturally a time of rejoicing for all Americans, and if the Legislature were to make a reasonable appropriation for this purpose, we do not think the people would complain.

Too much cannot be said in favor of education, if of the right sort, for it cannot be denied that the more thoroughly and systematically the various powers of men and women are cultivated and developed, the more intelligent will the community be and the more effective it ought to be for good.

Considering the situation of the Territory we believe Utah has done creditably in the matter of education in comparison with other Territories and States. There is no doubt that there could still be an improvement made here, as there could in every other region. But that the imposition of a heavy territorial tax to establish free schools would be advisable, is a thing of which many people are by no means well assured.

If the school fund and teacher appointments were to be made a political bone of contention, and the school law a political engine for hungry politicians to quarrel over and struggle to control, perhaps the Territory would be better without any such law, and with education left to local enterprise.

We must take exception to the statement concerning the literacy of the young people of the Territory. The Governor must have been grossly misinformed upon this subject. If he will take the trouble to procure correct information, he will find that the literacy of the Territory is scarcely a youth who has grown up in the Territory, who cannot read and write. It has been the custom, for political purposes, to depreciate and misrepresent at wholesale the educational progress of this Territory, and it is about time this kind of business came to an end.

Good roads are desirable. There is no doubt of that, and within certain limits they pay. The roads in this Territory are natural roads almost exclusively, and very good roads of the kind, though in places they are bad enough. So far as either the Territory or the country are concerned, what they can reasonably appropriate to road making and mending, bridge building, would be well spent in that direction. Turnpiking and graveling, in places, is about the extent to which public money can reach, but when one talks of macadamizing one talks of a thing a long way in the future. We do not suppose that there is a rod of macadamized road in the Territory. The expense is too great in a thinly populated country. As to summer's dust and winter's mud, we are afraid that the Utah people will be afflicted with them for ever. This is an arid climate and precipitation there is not enough water to keep down the dust.

The Governor appears to have fallen into the notion that a "free ballot" as it is called would cure every election evil. The erroneousness of this notion is nowhere more fully demonstrated than in this country. They have a free ballot in New York and in Philadelphia, yet the election frauds there are infamous. It is yet a disputed point whether open or secret ballot conduces to the integrity of the ballot. Both systems are practiced in different portions of the country.

By Telegraph.

FOR WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

TO-DAYS DISPATCHES.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

Davis spoke upon the resolution calling for a committee to investigate the books of the Treasury Department; adopted.

Window presented petitions of 2002 citizens of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa and Missouri, asking an appropriation of \$100,000 for the improvement of the upper Missouri River; referred.

Christianity submitted the following resolution: Resolved, that the judiciary committee be directed to inquire and report to the Senate whether the act of March 1st, 1872, is not defective, and if so, in what particulars, in making the necessary provisions for various contingencies which may arise in case of the removal of a judge, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of said office, and if in their opinion such action, whether by other legislation is best calculated to remove the defect, and in that event that they report such bill or joint resolution, and they consider the case requires; agreed to.

HOUSE.

Persons offered a resolution for the committee on expenditure to inquire into the appointment of special counsel for the government, and to report thereon.

Benjamin of Idaho, offered a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to inquire into the expediency of incorporating into the constitutional amendments a provision giving to citizens of organized Territories the right to vote for President and Vice-President; adopted.

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After a very exciting debate on the Amnesty bill, Randall moved to refer the bill, with the amendments offered, to the committee on the Judiciary, and it was so referred.

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The clerk, Hon. Wm. Chandler, called the roll, when it was found that eighteen of the original members were present, and thirteen gentlemen by proxy. After debate all proxies were admitted.

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Senators Howe and Weston, Messrs. William E. Chandler, Gorham and Fulton were appointed a committee to prepare the usual call for a separate National Convention for St. Louis as the place to hold the convention.

Associate Justice for Idaho.

The President has nominated Henry E. Prickett to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in Idaho.

Convicted and Sentenced.

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Wants a Million and a Half.

HARRISBURG, Pa., 13.—The Pennsylvania House wants Pennsylvania M. C. to vote for a \$1,500,000 Centennial appropriation.

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