#### DESERET EVENING NEWS FRIDAY OCTOBER 16 1908

## Dyspeplets

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PROPOSED LEGISLATION. With the coming of the next session of Congress, military experts are ex-pecting favorable consideration of many legislative suggestions to be made to the body. Among these is a larger appropriation for the support of its better professional instruction and the indernizing throughout of its equipment. Another feature proposed is a provision for detailing officers of milita as "additional second lieuten-ants" in the regular army for periods of one year. At the conclusion of that their is proposed that they return to their state organizations, and they will be better prepared to histruct them in military matters as done in the regu-lar army. This proposition has created much comment among militia officers and it is all in hearty approval of the lifea AMENDS REGULATIONS.

PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

SIX MONTHS' SERVICE.

The following amendment to para-

idea AMENDS REGULATIONS. As a result of the lack of ability shown by many of the militiamen from who was a result of the lack of ability shown by many of the militiamen from who was a result of the lack of ability shown by many of the militiamen from wanoeuvers at Pine Plains, the war department has caused the regulations to be amended restricting the partici-pants in such manoeuvers to men of six months' or more standing in the state militia. The war department has sent the following letter to the command-ing officers of the various states: I having been brought to the atten-tion of the department, through re-ports of army officers, that many of the enlisted men of the organized mili-tia who have been in attendance at re-ewere without adequate preliminary in-struction in the "school of the soldier" and other elementary parts of the in-struction of the recruit, and that, in some instances, enlisted men were car-reaching camp. I am directed by the assistant sceretay of war to call gen-eral attention to this matter and to ex-press the view of the department, that it is considered profitless and an um-necessary expense to the state and to of the soldier," "small-arms firing reg-uations," and "manual of guard duty." Sumortant is this regarded that the department will not hereafter approve the muster and payment of enlisted manoeuvers or exercises, or have not handoeuvers or exercise, or have not handoeuvers or exercise, or have not bona-fide members of the organization for at least six months prior to the data the United States funds who have not been united States funds who have not been of the commencement of the joint field manoeuvers or exercise, or have not had equivalent service in the army, marine corps, or organized militia of the United States, and who have not been reasonably well instructed in the "school of the soldier," "small-arms iring regulations," and "manual of guard duty." To rapidly place the militia on a reserve footing, to arm, equip and instruct if to attain a standard of efficiency as nearly as possible on a plane with the regular army, is the constant effort of the war department. To attain this end, many interesting developments are coming from Washington. The latest is an announcement that in

WINTER SPORTS

IN THE MILITIA

Guardsmen Getting Ready for a

Social and Athletic

Season.

SOME CHANGES ANNOUNCED.

War Department Places Six Month

Rule on Men Attending Camps---

Colonel Plummer Adds to Staff.

The latest is an announcement that in the future militiamen in attendance at camps of instruction with regular itcops, must have had previous ser-vice for at least six months, or they will rot be mustered for pay. The comment of officers in attend-ance at the western encampments in their reports to the war department has not been made public. It is be-lieved, from the comment heard among regular officers at these western camps, that the militia showed up well in the maneuvers. Army officers at those camps expressed opinions in effect that wester in militia organizations were su-perior to eastern organizations in field western militia organizations were su-perior to eastern organizations in field service. Western organizations, though, are notoriously inferior in their ap-pearance in street parades to the men of the east. Field prepartion, it ap-pears, has taken precedence over "dress parade" features in military matters in the vest.

#### ALL NEED IMPROVEMENT.

However, in the west in no less de However, in the west in no less de-gree than in the east is there much to be desired, say militia officers. They declare that the comparative ineffi-clency of the militia is due more to lack of support in the communities in which national guard organizations are to be found than is it to the lack of zeal among the young men in the ser-vice. The popular misconception of the part played in the nation by the factorial guard is said to be responsible The part played in the nation by the rational guard is said to be responsible for this condition. For some time it has been the aim of the war depart-ment to impress upon the civilan por-tion or the population of the United States the importance of an effective trained reserve. It is to the national guard that the nation must look in the future if trouble shall come Becont fiture if trouble shall come. Recent fiture if trouble shall come. Recent enactments of Congress have designat-ed the militia as the first reserve of the army. Military experts have point-ed cut that unless the public compre-hends the necessity for supporting the militia, it will become necessary to

**Belicacy of Flavor** DR. PRICE'S FLAKE CELERY

# maintain a much larger standing army as a guarantee of continued peace. With the public ardent in its support of the militia, however, this necessity would be overcome, they point out, with the consequent increase in the size and efficiency of the trained reserve.

HOOD

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of the regular army, under the provi-sions of section 15 of the act of January 21, 1903, they may, after being duly mustered by an officer of the regular army, be paid at any time after such muster for the period from the date of leaving the home rendezvous to date of return thereto as determined in ad-vance, both dates inclusive, and such payments, if otherwise correct, shall pass to the credit of the paymaster making the same. The officer of the regular army who makes the muster prescribed herein

makes the muster prescribed herein will, in connection therewith, make a careful inspection of the personnel and report specifically as to whether the troops are, by training, discipline, armament, uniform and equipment, prepared for active duty in the field, and, if not, in what respects they are deficient. The muster rolls will have entered opposite the name of each enlisted man the date of his enlistment, and no enlisted man will be mustered for pay who has not been a bona-fide member of the

not been a bona-fide member of the organization for at least six months prior to the date of the encampment, manoeuvres, or exercises, or has not had equivalent service in the army, marine corps, or organized militia of the United States, and who has not re-ceived the elementary instruction of re-cruits prescribed as requisite by the war denartment. war department. The muster and inspection prescribed herein will be made as near as practi-cable at the close of the joint en-campment, manoeuvers or exercises and at a time that will interfere as little as possible with the execution of the program of instruction. war department.

GEN. WEDGWOOD PLEASED.

GEN. WEDGWOOD PLEASED. Adjt.-Gen, E. A. Wedgwood of the National Guard of Utah is pleased at the decision of the war department in this particular. He declares that the rule will not be a hardship in any de-gree, but that its worth will be dem-onstrated when the troops arrive in camp. One result will be to stimulate recruiting and the annual influx of new men into the service will begin earlier each year than it has hereto-fore. The same rule has been applied to state rifle teams and has been found by experience to work for the best in-Tore. The same rule has been applied to state rifle teams and has been found by experience to work for the best in-terests of the service. At the time the Utah militiamen were trying out for places on the state rifle team which went in August to Camp Perry, O., sev-eral of the best marksmen were men who had enlisted too late to come in under the six months' rule and of course they had to be left at home. While this may have been considered a temporary hindrance and disadvan-tage to the state, its effect will be to draw good marksmen into the national guard earlier next year and give them the advantage of the early spring shooting. It will in this way add to the strength of the organization and stimu-late recruiting. graph 185, regulations of the war de-partment governing the organized mili-tia, is announced: Hereafter when any portion of the

late recruiting. WINTER ACTIVITY. With the coming of the winter season when all militia activity must be in-doors, all organizations are beginning to arrange their winter programs of instruction and diversion. Aside from the military side of the service in the national guard, there is a social side to be considered which is a valuable fac-tor. Various city organizations are already planning dances to be given in the near future at the Armory, while smokers have already made their ap-pearance and desirable recruits have been attracted to the armory in this manner and interest in the service cre-ated. Athletics play a big part in the With the coming of the winter season ated. Athletics play a big part in the winter work of the militiamen. Al-ready the organization of basketball, handball and indoor baseball teams is

of the healing work, the regenerating effects and the growth of the churches the fact remains that much is being openly promulgated in the name of Christian Science which is grievous error, and which is harmful to the health, morals, happiness and progress of mankind." The writer makes but a single specifi-

cation which is as follows: "One error cation which is as follows: "One error of very stupendous magnitude and of rather general currency is the teach-ing that marriage is fundamentally wrong, that the reproduction of the human race should cease, and that sin-cere Christian men and women who love each other should not marry and rear children." ear children.

love each other should not marry and rear children." In reply to this charge 4 wish to say I have been active in Christian Science work 17 years, and familiar with all of Mrs. Eddy's publications, and I have never found in them any such teaching. Also that in my dutles as a practitioner of Christian Science healing. I have become familiar with the teaching and practise in the states of Nebraska, Washington and Utah, and I also spent two months last year in Chicago, the writer's home city, and I can say from personal knowledge that the teaching he complains of is not common nor "generally current" in these localities, Furthermore, I can say that there is no excess of the unfavorable conditions and dispositions which the writer men-tions, among Christian Scientists as the results of this "un-christian here-sy" or any other heresy where I am

the results of this "un-Christian here-sy" or any other heresy where I am acquainted. As the article I am answering ap-peared in a Salt Lake paper, as the publication committee for the state, I wish to say that no such teaching ex-ists among the Christian Scientists of Utah.

Ists among the Christian Scientists of Utah. As evidence that such teaching is not current among Christian Science anywhere, I would mention the fact that in the great volumn of testimonics from all parts of the civilized world in the Christian Science periodicals ap-pearing weekly and monthy, testifying of deliverance from all kinds of trou-bles, there is probably nothing that ap-pears oftener than expression of grati-tude for deliverance from fear and pain and danger of child-bearing, and thar in all my time there have not been in these periodicals one word, editorially or otherwise, condemnitory of marriage or of child-bearing. Thanking you for your courtesy, I.

or of child-bearing. Thanking you for your courtesy, I am, sincerely yours, JOHN H. ROE. Christian Science State Publication Committee for Utah.

HERRING'S AEROPLANE. New York, Oct. 16.—A. M. Herring, who made the delivery of his aeroplane to the aeronautical board of the signal corps at Fort Myer last Tuesday, is busy at work on some of the minor parts of

if everything goes right, my inary flights may not require m two days and under those circuit I may complete my official tests all Fort Myer in one day. The worth of my machine will be shown very quick ly when it is ready to be tried out."

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handball and indoor baseball teams is being projected and within the next two weeks games will be scheduled and athletic work begun. Among many militia officers the or-ganization of the winter lyceum is a topic of interest already in the season. Lectures upon professional enhicets are topic of interest already in the season. Lectures upon professional subjects are in prospect. Fort Douglas officers be-ing available to address the militlamen upon subjects with which guardsmen are not familiar, nor are they in a po-sition to become conversant with them through the study of books. CHANGES IN STAFF. Two recent changes have been made In the staff of Col. Charles G. Plummer, commanding the first infantry. Capt. F. P. Bassett and Flyst Lleut. Fred commanding the first literative. Capt. F, F, Bassett and First Liteut. Fred Barnes, late of company H, have been appointed regimental commissary and regimental quartermaster respectively, both taking rank as captains. This leaves the company with only one offi-cer, Lieut. Young. He has manifested an unwillingness to accept promotion to command and the men of the com-pany are seeking a successor to Capt. Bassett. While the Utah military code does not provide for a regimental com-missary, the organization as prescribed by the war department does, and it takes precedence. Amendments in the Utah code will be necessary at the forthcoming session of the legislature to bring the state law into conformity with the federal requirements. Among the amendments which are in prospect

J. H. ROE TAKES ISSUE.

Writes on the Marriage Question.

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