

stirred, and the linen steeped in it for two or three hours, taking care to cover up the vessel containing them as nearly hermetically as possible. The clothes are afterward washed out and rinsed in the usual way. The soap and water may be re-heated and used a second time, but in this case half a table-spoonful of turpentine and a table-spoonful of ammonia must be added. The process is said to cause a great economy of time, labor and fuel. The linen scarcely suffers at all, as there is little necessity for rubbing, and its cleanliness and color are perfect. The ammonia and turpentine, although their detensive action is great, have no injurious effect upon the linen; and while the former evaporates immediately, the smell of the latter is said to disappear entirely during the drying of the clothes.

STANLEY, of African exploration fame, notwithstanding his having proved himself proof against the emergencies contingent on climate and races in the region of Livingstone and mystery, appears to be somewhat thin-skinned. At a banquet at Brighton, England, where Stanley was an invited guest, some of the company appeared to be slightly incredulous at his narrations, whereupon the great traveler became irreful to a tall degree and left the table in high dudgeon. The English foreign office appears to be satisfied that Stanley saw Livingstone, but unreasonable Didymuses there are in both hemispheres who are not so easily convinced as the British foreign office was. Stanley is a brave, plucky, enterprising man, but he represents a people given to exaggeration and a paper by no means as scrupulous as it is enterprising. He made also one grand mistake in this Livingstone business. Stanley, when he found Livingstone, should have brought him to the coast if not to England, and not have left him to lose himself, for which he has such a remarkable faculty, for two years longer in the heart of Africa. There seems no help for it but for Stanley to make another journey to Africa and bring Livingstone back to civilization volens volens, that the doubters may see him and handle him and hear from his own mouth the wonderful tale of his wanderings in the great central African watersheds. Stanley is famous, but even fame has its penalties, which he cannot hope to escape.

THEY are working up a pretty little row in Belfast, Ireland. Paddy does certainly love that kind of business, just as much as a Scotchman loves argument and "parrige," or a Dutchman his pipe and lager. Catholic and Protestant keep up their old vendetta on the old Irish sod, and break out from words into blows at every good opportunity. It is a foolish business, but there seems to be no danger of either party seeing the folly of it. The best thing they seem to be able to think of is to fight it out.

THE Cleveland Plain Dealer comments upon Utah judicial matters and the manifest disregard of law connected therewith. Says the Plain Dealer—

A correspondent of the Herald, who, like all other assassins hiding in darkness, signs himself "A. B. C.," says that Judge Towner's "application for appointment to a judgeship at Salt Lake City was rejected because of his manifest unfitness, as it seemed to the authorities." Saying nothing as to Towner's fitness or unfitness, it must be conceded that the appointment which "the authorities" did make was as unfit as could well be made.

Speaking of past proceedings and the cheekiness exhibited by some connected with them, that paper says, "The decision of Chief Justice Chase was the unanimous decision of the Supreme Court, and stamped McKean's doings as no better than those of 'Judge Lynch.' Not only so, but it is said that Attorney General Williams insisted upon the 'usurpations' being stopped, and that McKean should be removed; but it was not done, and he still sits in the place he has so disgraced, showing the contempt of law which characterizes certain parties."

THE SAN FRANCISCO CHRONICLE sends a circular calling attention to proposed improvements in that paper and establishment, the more prominent of which will consist of a new Hoe rotary, four cylinder, double quarto press, capable of strik-

ing off 10,000 copies per hour, or 20,000 with stereotyping, the press to have new roller movement, automatic cutting cylinders, and all the latest improvements; enlargement of the paper; new dress of improved type; new mailing system; and more commodious quarters. Cost of improvements, \$40,000. Time for completion of them, three months, when the Chronicle expects to possess facilities unequalled by any other newspaper on the Pacific coast.

## LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, AUG. 15.

RESISTING.—We understand that Pat Lannan is the only liquor dealer in town refusing to pay licence under the new ordinance.

INAPPROPRIATE.—The lines by W. H. A., on the death of the wife of W. E. P., are scarcely suitable for the columns of the News.

RETURNS.—Here are the election returns for Parowan—

For Delegate to Congress, George Q. Cannon received 544 votes, Geo. R. Maxwell, 2; Commissioners to Locate University Lands, John Van Cott, 544; Lewis S. Hills, 544; John Rowberry, 543; Representative, Silas S. Smith, 541; Ebenezer Hawks, 5.

JESSE N. SMITH,  
County Clerk.

LOGAN, Cache Co., U. T.,  
August 12th, 1872.

Editor Deseret News:

Dear Sir—As I see my name in your paper as signed to a petition against Utah being admitted as a State, I will say that I never signed my name nor authorized any person to sign my name, and I therefore ask you to publish this, because I don't like to appear to be connected with such a movement.

Yours very truly,  
HENDRICK LARSEN.

THE INDIANS.—Brother James C. Brown writes from Mantle, Sanpete, Aug. 9th, as follows:

The Indians are still around, and are meaner than ever. They have been stealing horses every night during the week from the range, and also from the brethren's stables. They took one of mine away a few weeks ago. I got him back, however, by paying for him. They took the other this week. They have tried, for several nights past, to steal from the stable of Mayor Tuttle a fine pair of bays, but, as yet, they have been unsuccessful. They tried it last night, and on not getting them, they crossed the street to the stable of A. C. Van Buren and took one of his. A party of them went down to the range last evening, and myself and three others who were on our way home from hunting horses, saw them just about dark. We felt certain they wanted to steal a band of horses that was close by, we went to work and gathered the animals together and took them to town. I expect they were disappointed at losing the band, for they wantonly shot a mule with an arrow, mortally wounding it. They also went a little further and shot down a steer, and, with their knives, cut it all to pieces.

They manifest even a meaner spirit now than they did before the last war. They went into a brother's house the other day when there was no one at home but the latter's wife, and, because she did not give them bread when they asked it, they struck her on the face. Several instances have occurred where they have threatened women with violence for not complying with their demands. The people are fairly exasperated, but do not want to take any steps that would tend to start an Indian war if it can be avoided. I am informed that a party of Indians went to a stable in Ephraim, a few nights ago, and because they could not get the horses out of the stable, crawled in by a small opening and cut the animals with their knives in a horrible manner.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, AUG. 17.

IMPROVING.—Good, substantial and somewhat pretentious adobe buildings are arising in the walled inclosure, immediately east of the Eagle gate. This is one of the best building sites within the municipal limits, and the erection of slightly dwellings there will add much to the appearance of that quarter of the city.

COMING HOME.—By courtesy of President B. Young we are enabled to publish the following dispatch:

New York, Aug. 16.

Brigham Young:

Seymour B. Young, W. J. Silver, Mrs. Riter and myself leave to-night.

W. C. STAINES.

St. GEORGE, Aug. 15.—Complete precinct returns of Washington County have just been received. Geo. Q. Cannon received 720 votes for Delegate to Congress; Maxwell, none. Commissioners to Locate University Lands, Van Cott, Hills, and Rowberry, 720 each. Representative for Washington and Kane Counties, Jos. W. Young, 720. All the county officers were elected without opposition.

ALDEN A. M. JACKSON, County Clerk.

ANOTHER INDIAN OUTRAGE.—The fol-

lowing, which tells of another blood thirsty outrage by Indians, at Mount Pleasant, Sanpete, was received by Deseret Telegraph, this morning, from Nephi:

Jerry Page, operator at Mount Pleasant, San Pete, was badly wounded last night, by an Indian, as he was leaving the office, going home. Just as he was opening the gate, an Indian sprang on him, giving him several cuts on the head. One gash went through his skull. It is thought he will not recover. We get these particulars from his pupils.

ACQUITTED.—In the case of Oliver C. Obey, on trial for the murder of Charles L. Dolson, the jury of the Probate Court returned a verdict, yesterday afternoon, of not guilty. We may state that the nature of the verdict created no surprise, as we believe it was generally anticipated by the public. When the result of the jury's deliberations was announced in court, the prisoner and his wife embraced each other, and the former received the congratulations of his friends who were present. Both sides of the case were ably conducted, Judge Snow being prosecutor, and Judge Morgan and Col. Jocelyn acting for the defense.

A NOTION passing around and acceptable about this time—"Wet a sheet, and suspend it in a room. Let the ventilation be good and the temperature will sink from ten to twenty degrees in less than an hour." A delightful experiment one of these roasting days when the mercury rushes up into the nineties, and what is more, a moist atmosphere will be secured, which is a most desirable thing on those days when the air is so wretchedly parching that the flesh seems to be drying up on one's bones.

LOGAN, Aug. 17.—President Young and company left your city at 5 a.m. yesterday, and reached Hampton Station at 10 45 a.m. whence to this place we came in carriages furnished by the brethren of Cache settlements. We arrived here at 1-45 p.m., somewhat demoralized by excessive dust. To-day the fine large bowery was nearly filled with people from all parts of the county. Elders Geo. Q. Cannon, and F. D. Richards and President Geo. A. Smith addressed the congregation this a.m. a splendid feeling seemed to exist.

Crops were never before more promising. The red men are here in considerable numbers, all peaceably disposed.

The people everywhere are pleased to see the Presidency and the Twelve. Yesterday a grand procession, of nearly all ages, was out, with music, flags, banners and flowers, to greet the visitors and bid them welcome.

A. M. M.

MORE ABOUT THE INDIANS.—General D. H. Wells has courteously handed us the following dispatches:

MT. PLEASANT, Aug. 17th.

Gov. Geo. L. Woods,

Care of D. H. Wells:

Indian depredations here last night. Shall I call out the militia to defend the place, and for services generally in this county? The Indians attacked the telegraph operator about 11 o'clock last night, in front of the office and, we fear, fatally wounded him.

JOHN L. IVIE, Colonel of Militia.

MT. PLEASANT, Aug. 17th.

Gen. D. H. Wells:

As the telegraph operator, Jeremiah D. Page, was leaving the office last night, about eleven o'clock, and when near the gate, by the office, an Indian pounced upon his back and struck him three blows, with a tomahawk, upon the head, inflicting severe wounds, one penetrating through the skull. He was in a critical condition all night, but seems a little better this morning. There were five Indians seen in town about the same time that the attack was made upon Mr. Page. Col. Ivie detailed a scouting party from the home guard, this morning, and they are scouting the base of the east mountains. One scout reports no sign of Indians in that direction.

J. S. WING.

Gen. Wells had an interview yesterday with Gen. Ord and Governor Woods in relation to Indian affairs, at which the former proffered all the men and supplies necessary in any emergency. Gen. Ord and the Governor thought, however, that there were sufficient troops available without making it necessary to call on citizens who were not in the immediate employ of the government.

A body of troops left this morning for Sanpete, and efforts were being made, which we presume were successful, to obtain transportation for them from the end of the Utah Southern track to the scene of their future operations. Gen. Morrow will accompany the troops in person, and will take an active part in endeavoring to bring about a pacific solution of the grave difficulty, and thus, if possible, avert the dreaded calamity of an Indian war.

We understand an invitation will be given to friendly Indians to use their influence with all the red men, especially with the leading ones, to join in a friendly talk, and an offer will be made to them to the effect that if they feel so disposed a deputation of chiefs can be organized to go to Washington, with a view to visiting the chief authorities of the nation for the purpose of laying their

grievances before the latter, if they have any, that they may have the same adjusted.

General Ord and the Governor informed General Wells yesterday that they desired it to be understood by the people that themselves and their property would be amply protected. They also stated that should it be found necessary to call on the people to assist the regular military, Gen. Wells would be notified to that effect.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, AUG. 19.

THE EMIGRANTS.—The emigrants were at Cheyenne yesterday, and may be expected here to-morrow evening.

CAMPED.—A portion of the cavalry destined for Sanpete were camped near the end of the Utah Southern track yesterday, which point they intended leaving for further south to-day.

CORRECTION.—The Junction says the statement of our correspondent, F. A. King, that the ages of the boys who committed the outrage at Hooper, are between 16 and 17 years, is incorrect. It says—

"Neither of them are yet 14 years of age, and one is but a child in physical development."

The boys are in jail and awaiting their trial in the Probate Court.

CONTRACT.—Mr. John W. Snell has been awarded the contract to supply Camp Douglas with 1000 tons of Excelsior coal, and will commence to fill it immediately. The Excelsior is a Bitter Creek coal, and is of excellent quality, so we are informed by Mr. Judson, our engineer and fireman, whose judgment on such matters is strictly reliable. Mr. Snell is agent for the Excelsior Coal Company, in this City.

INDIAN CONFERENCE.—On Saturday eve Bp. A. O. Smoot and other leading citizens of Utah Co., had a conference with the Indians of that vicinity at Springville. The Co-operative Herd having been removed from Hobbie Creek Canyon recently, caused some uneasiness amongst the red men, as they construed the removal as a preparatory measure for war. Tabby and Douglas, two chiefs, did not attend the conference, but others of their tribes were there to represent them. Tabby expresses his willingness to return to the Uintah reservation on condition that they are supplied with flour, but says some of his people opposed him in this.

THE INDIANS.—Brother Henry N. Larter writes from Moroni, Sanpete, August 13th:

"On Saturday afternoon Bishop Bradley, of this place, sent his two sons, James and Jephania, into the cedars, with a team, to get a load of brush. They went to a spring about three miles from here to get a drink, when a number of Indians, with guns cocked, rushed to the wagon, cut the harness to pieces and made off with the horses. The boys made their escape to town."

"This same band of Indians then went across the hills to Fairview, where they were seen riding the Bishop's horses, and at which place they came upon the cow herd and commenced shooting at the herdsmen, one of whom died shortly afterwards from his wounds. We consider the present prospects as very discouraging."

PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION.—An examination was held to-day in the U. S. Marshal's Office, in the case of Isaac Moore, late postmaster at Ogden, charged with taking \$10,000 from a registered letter on the 30th ult. The money was sent by the Bank of California, San Francisco, to the First National Bank in this city. The latter firm received a letter from the California Bank on the night of the 30th, which stated that the money had been forwarded; the registered letter is said to have not reached this city, and the investigation to-day was for the purpose of ascertaining whether any culpability in the matter was attachable to Mr. Moore, the Ogden postmaster, at the time of the robbery.

Since writing the above we learn that the proceedings were dismissed, there being no grounds upon which to rest even the slightest shadow of a suspicion against Mr. Isaac Moore, of Ogden City, the evidence going to show that he could not have committed the robbery.

LOGAN, 19.—About 5,000 people were at meeting yesterday. They were addressed by Presidents B. Young and Geo. A. Smith, and Elders John Taylor, W. Woodruff, Geo. Q. Cannon, and Bishop L. D. Young, on subjects of vital importance. The Sabbath Schools were encouraged; young men and maidens were advised to marry; the pushing ahead of the U. N. R. R.; baptisms for the dead; immigration of the poor; a wholesale co-operative store at Logan; faith and prayer; tithing and offerings, and kindred topics, were forcibly and urgently dwelt upon by the speakers, and the verdict of many of the hearers is that they have never had a more refreshing and enjoyable time. On Saturday p.m., the meeting was addressed by Elders J. F. Smith, R. F. Neslin and H. W. Naisbitt. The President and party start for home at nine this morning.