

THE DARIEN CANAL.—A correspondent of the New York Herald writes as follows: A gentleman of unquestionable veracity told the writer of this note, that having occasion to call upon Napoleon while a private subject, then living in very humble quarters in London, he found him with a map of America before him. He explained that a ship canal would some day be cut through the narrow lands separating the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, which would command the commerce of the Indies, China, etc. Contemporaneously with the Emperor's attempt to set up an empire in Mexico, it seems that English and French capitalists began the survey of such a ship canal, which is now reported and the route found practicable. The stock is owned by English and French subjects, but is to be placed nominally under the control of Colombia. No guarantee of neutrality is to be given. It is plain that the plan of Napoleon was to get the canal, and by the aid of a powerful monarch in Mexico, maintain its use against the United States, and thus limit our power. If Cuba remains in the hands of the Spaniards, who are the pensioners of England and France, they have a better position in Cuba than in Mexico for holding the weaker governments who may nominally claim the Isthmus subject to their will in war and peace. Thus those two powers, the sworn enemies of American growth, will hold the Suez and American canals—the two routes to the commerce and the riches of Asia and the Pacific. Let Spain and her allies settle down now in the West Indies, with their great navies, and for one hundred years the United States may not be able to move them. What will then become of American shipping? Will not America be the slave of European monarchies, or else regain her lost prestige at an expense a thousand times greater than any possible compliance in favor of Cuban independence would now inflict upon us?

HAIR OIL.—The frequent use of "oil," "bear's grease," "arcturine," "pomades," "bauxins," "rosemary washes," and such like, upon the hair, is a practice not to be commended. All of these oils and greasy pomades are manufactured from lard oil and simple lard. No "bear's grease" is ever used. It could be procured readily, it should not be applied to the hair, as it is the most rank and sticky of all the animal fats. There are many persons whose hair is naturally very dry and crisp, and in most families there is a want of some innocent or agreeable wash or dressing which may be used moderately and judiciously. The mixture which may be regarded as the most agreeable, clearly, and safe, is composed of castor oil, two ounces; cologne spirit (ninety-five per cent), sixteen ounces. The oil is freely dissolved in the spirit, and the solution is clear and beautiful. It may be perfumed in any way to suit the fancy of the purchaser. The oil of the castor bean has for many years been employed to dress the hair, both among the savage and civilized nations; and it possesses properties which admirably adapt it to this use. It does not dry rapidly; and no gummy, offensive residuum remains, after taking on all the chemical changes which occur in all oils upon exposure to light and air. It is best diffused by the agency of strong spirit, in which it dissolves. The alcohol or spirit rapidly evaporates, and does not in the slightest degree injure the texture of the hair. This preparation for dressing the hair of children or ladies will meet nearly or quite all requirements.

A cheap and very good dressing is made by dissolving four ounces of perfectly pure, dense glycerine in twelve ounces of rose water. Glycerine evaporates only at high temperatures, and therefore under its influence the hair is retained in a moist condition for a long time. As a class, the vegetable oils are better for the hair than animal oils. They do not become rancid and offensive so rapidly; and they are subject to different and less objectionable chemical changes. Olive oil and that derived from the coconut have been largely employed; but they are far inferior in every respect to that from the castor bean.—*Boston Journal of Chemistry.*

HOW MARBLES ARE MADE.—The chief place of the manufacture of "marbles," those little pieces of stone which contribute so largely to the enjoyment of "Young Americans," is at Oberstein, in the Rhine, in Germany, where there are large quarries and quarries, the refuse of which is carefully turned to good paying account by being made into the small balls employed by experts to knockle with, which are mostly sent to the American market. The substance used in Saxony is a hard calcareous stone, which is first broken into blocks, nearly square, by blows with a hammer. These are then shown by the hundred of two hundred into a small sort of a mill, which is formed of a flat stationary slab of stone, with a number of concentric furrows upon its face. A block of oak, or other hard wood, of the same diametric size, is placed over the stones and partly resting upon them. The small block of wood is kept revolving while water flows upon the stone slab. In about fifteen minutes the stones are turned to spheres, and then, being fit for sale, are henceforth called "marbles." One establishment, containing only three of these mills, will turn out fully three thousand "marbles" in each week. Agates are made in the same way, but by first chipping the pieces neatly around with a hammer handled by a skillful workman, and then wearing down the edges upon the surface of a large grindstone.

Bishop Perlow, who has been appointed to the Roman Catholic bishopric of Savannah, Georgia (in place of Bishop Verot, who has, at his own request, been transferred to the new See of St. Augustine, Florida), is an Indian by birth, but over a century ago was converted to Christianity, and during the Saxon rebellion his cathedral and religious houses were destroyed, but he received £20,000 in compensation from the British Government. He then resided for a number of years in Naples, and came to this country two years ago at the request of Bishop Lynch, of Boston. He speaks English well.

California Trade.

G. VENARD,

625 & 627 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Manufacturer of the Celebrated

CHARTRES COFFEE!

First and originally manufactured and introduced by G. Venard in 1851.

Also manufacturer of all kinds of

SPICES,

CALIFORNIA MUSTARD

and PURE CREAM OF TARTAR

The name of G. Venard's Chartres Coffee has spread all over the Pacific Coast; there is not a town or village where his Chartres Coffee is not known and used.

Orders for his Coffee, Spices, Mustard and Cream of Tartar will be promptly attended to at prices which defy Chicago or any other eastern competition.

d105-3m

LOCKE & MONTAGUE

IMPORTERS OF

METALS, STOVES and RANGES,

Hollow Ware, Tin Ware, &c.

Nos. 112 & 114 BATTERY ST.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

LAZARD FRERES,

Importers of

Foreign & Domestic, Staple & Fancy

DRY GOODS,

Hosiery, Furnishing Goods,

CARPETS, Etc.

Depot of Goods Manufactured by "MISSION & PACIFIC" CO. MILLERS

CONSOLIDATED

Nos. 125 and 127

MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Paris: 25 Rue de L'Echiquier.

d105-3m

C. ADOLPHE LOW & Co.,

No. 208 California Street,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Importers of

CHINESE, EAST INDIA, JAPANESE &

GENERAL MERCHANDISE;

Have constantly on hand the following:

CHINA TEAS, JAPAN TEAS,

GENERAL AMERICAN COFFEES,

JAWA COFFEES,

CHINA MATTINGS,

SPICES, Etc.

A. Hayward, A. N. Coleman

HAYWARD & COLEMAN,

Importers of

DEVON'S BRILLIANT EXCELSIOR OIL

(In patent cans) Lubricating Oils,

LAMPS and LAMP STOCK.

Agents of Pacific Powder Mills' Blasting and

Sporting Powder. No. 414 FRONT ST.,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

d105-3m

MURPHY, GRANT & CO.

Importers and Jobbers of

DRY GOODS.

SANSOME and BUSH STREETS,

SAN FRANCISCO, - CAL.

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

ESTABLISHED IN 1867!

INTENSE EXCITEMENT!
INTENSE EXCITEMENT!
INTENSE EXCITEMENT!ON MAIN STREET.
ON MAIN STREET.
ON MAIN STREET.THE "MORMON" PUNCH OUT!
THE "MORMON" PUNCH OUT!
THE "MORMON" PUNCH OUT!The Neatest, Nicest, Richest, Rarest,
Choiceest, Cheapest Paper in
the Rocky Mountains!!!THE ONLY COMIC PAPER
THE ONLY COMIC PAPER
THE ONLY COMIC PAPERIN UTAH!
IN UTAH!
IN UTAH!"The Keepapitchinin"
"The Keepapitchinin"
"The Keepapitchinin"

Issued Semi-Monthly.

If there's anybody doleful,
Just grab him by the ear,
And lead him to the office
Of the KEEPAPITCHININ.EVERYBODY WANTS IT!
EVERYBODY WANTS IT!
EVERYBODY WANTS IT!

People pawn their goods for it!

CHILDREN CRY FOR IT!
MEN ALMOST KNOCKED DOWN IN THE
STREET FOR IT!General Grant he saved the Union,
Though it cost a heap of tin—
And how d'ye 'spose he don't it,
Why he kept a "pitchinin."BUY IT!
BUY IT!
BUY IT!Read it!
Read it!
Read it!EVERYBODY!
See the Cuts!
See the Cuts!
See the Cuts!

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

1850. 1870.

THE

DESERET NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON, EDITOR.

PIONEER PAPER OF THE ROCKY
MOUNTAIN COUNTRY.THE
DESERET EVENING NEWSAn Extensive and
Increasing Circulation,AND AS A
NEWSPAPER

ADVERTISING MEDIUM

Has already gained great popularity.

ITS COLUMNS CONTAIN

Full Telegraph Reports,
Reliable Local Items,
Home Correspondence,
Educational,
Agricultural,
Railway and
Domestic NewsAnd, once a week,
Discourses of the First Presidency and of
the Twelve Apostles.THE
DESERET NEWS,

SEMI-WEEKLY,

PUBLISHED
EVERY TUESDAY AND SATURDAY,IS WIDELY CIRCULATED THROUGHOUT
THE CITY AND ALL PARTS OF
THE TERRITORY.And has advantages which commend it to all
who desire to get the news oftener than once a
week.

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

CHICAGO TRADE.

Founded over a Quarter of a Century.

EAGLE WORKS

Manufacturing Co.

P. W. GATES, President.

OFFICE, No. 48 CANAL STREET,

Manufacture Portable and Stationary

Steam Engines and Boilers,

SUGAR CANE MILLS.

Evaporators, Rock Breakers, Stamp
Mills, Mining Machinery, Gard's
Patent Brick Machine, Lathes,
Planers, Drills, Screw Cut-
ters, Hay & Cotton Presses,
Saw Mills, Flour Mills,
Mill Furnishing.

CHICAGO, ILL.

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m

d105-3m