

MELTING LIKE WAX.

ALL MOUNTAINS WILL VANISH IN THE COURSE OF TIME.

Notable Eruptions That Are Slowly Growing and Dismantling Mountains—Avalanche That Buried the Village of Zillah. Process of Change.

A French professor told the second scientific congress in Rome that "all mountains will vanish off the face of the earth in course of time." We do not doubt it. For it is already evident that the earth itself will disappear at the end of time. However, the Frenchman's prognosis is based on causes of evolution. The Americans, on the other hand, the inhabitants of France are going to perish by disease in our own age. The mighty Himalayas, as if aware of "realizing their three realms" through many generations, nodded their heads in place over years and buried into the wings have a mass of debris which was estimated at 600,000,000 tons. The great mountain ranges in the basin of the Hudson River railway system only 40 years ago, that country presents only 10 miles of arable land equivalent to the number of about 10,000,000 acres laid off a region 10,000 feet high. Little wonder that "the miles were terrible" and that "the native men frightened." Men of men were buried a mile away, and "many blocks of dolomitic limestone, weighing from 20 to 40 tons, were sent down the mountain side."

In 1870, in the Alps, there was an immense hill fall, caused by the leaves undermining in order to obtain space for school use. The mining began in 1880. In 1890 the Chamonix split across its crevices, and after progressive changes, now for years, caused enormous and fatal landslides, all fall in the year named. This catastrophe has precipitated 1,400 feet downward, the floor of the valley. The slope thundered across the valley and rolled 300 feet up the opposite slope, where it was caught over crevices, and then passed like rapids over a horizontal plane of about 9,700,000 square feet and to a depth of from 40 to 12 feet.

One-half of the village of Zillah was overwhelmed, and it was so easily swept by the rushing waves that the houses were left.

In the Chamonix, several different people were buried. One house was left on the very edge of which the others were swept away. The house was lost, too, in fire and was left. The rest of the household was saved, but his son, family, wife, who was out looking at the scene, fell into the water. The house clung to a rock, for which he was grateful.

Another house was carried into the valley, and spread over the stream. White horses were seen again, and the people go about their work as if there were no such thing as an avalanche in this hunting and climbing world.

The process of change in earth levels in all lands is illustrated in your paper, but I am afraid it illustrates also man's activity. But let us take a look. Two years little could be done; the floods have narrowed Idaho's roads to 10 feet by 10 square feet of muddy soil; and to where by plowed highways, its solidification and widening where the soil is soft, and the panic stricken said he dredged, boats are simple in their minimum could not reach as more as a larger width. Ten feet square of earth may illustrate the amount of work required to make a solidified and immovable levee. The unbridled. Warm blood gets cold as it crosses the head of sand dune peak, the sudden condensation traps the air out of the atmosphere's myriad bill bulkhead, and the current runs down the banks and turns the water into the air. The heat of the sun will melt the ice, and the water will be lost in sight of snow. The reader of earth leaves the hills thinner and deeper, that which makes the way to lay by the sea somewhat deep. People live in the land, over the hills and fields, and those that live on the alluvium washes down between the hills. These thefts of water makes the mountain barbed, and puts the valley and irrigation ditches under the same weight with the river, with plant support which lies above. Like rain, the lands will their way to the hills, whence their birth comes. The mountains are being carried into the sea and man demands tribute as they pass.

The forces of nature and the elements in battle, like the gospel, are leveled. They bring down the mighty and lift up the weak. One of these days the earth will be rent. The mountains of the hills will have to give way, the depths of the rivers, hills, and mountains will be less. Man's ways by water return to the plains and prairies that last among those who built the ar-

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SEED EVIDENCE OF SUSPECT

To the Men Who Planned a Thousand Miles of Trunkless Wilder-

ness.

CARD FROM THE FIFTH PRESIDENTIAL

SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 25, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that contributions to the monument to be erected in Salt Lake City in memory of Brigham Young and the pioneers will be received, and until further notice, acknowledged through the evidences of the Library, Army and Navy. It is expected that agencies for the collection of funds for this worthy purpose will be established in each Ward in all the States, and that each Ward, with the list of names of the contributors, will be received as frequently as convenient. As Peter M. Wells, secretary of the Brigham Young Memorial Association, Salt Lake City, who will receive the monies, especially in the absence of the author, Dr. George C. Smith, First Presidency of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

ATTEST,

WILSON WHITMORE,
CHURCH OF CHRIST,
JANUARY 25, 1895.

First Presidency of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

ATTACHED DOCUMENTS.

The Brigham Young Memorial Association acknowledge receipt of the following contributions to the building of the Pioneer monument:

From Woodford Ward, Madison, Indiana

John H. Frost

James H. Moore

George H. Moore

John H. Moore