

DESERET EVENING NEWS. PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT ON SUNDAY.

CONFERENCE NOTICE. The thirty-second Annual Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will convene in the Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, at 10 o'clock on Sunday morning, April 1st, 1892.

At noon on Wednesday, the 4th of April, the ex-siles of the Salt Lake Temple will be held with appropriate ceremonies.

The officers and members of the Church generally are cordially invited to attend the meetings of the Conference. Also to be present on the occasion of the laying of the capstone of the Temple.

WILFRED WOODRUFF, GEORGE A. CANNON, JOSEPH F. SMITH, First Presidency.

The Boardman meeting of the officers and teachers of the Deseret Sunday School Union will be held at the Tabernacle, at 7 o'clock, p. m., Sunday April 1st, 1892.

General Superintendent of the Deseret Sunday School Union.

THE "TRIBUNE" RECENTS.

The long pending trial suit of Attorney James H. Burton against the Salt Lake Tribune appears to have been withdrawn. By stipulation and agreement of the plaintiff the case was dismissed on Saturday without costs.

Mr. Burton was accused of all kinds of things. No effort was too able to be applied to him. Some articles in the Utah situation appeared in the Chicago Herald. They exposed the course taken by the Tribune and the time which was during the heated campaign for the city election of 1891.

The Tribune now says that it has been and is being brought to issue and he had deposited his charges, which were returned late in September last, and were from men of such eminence and character, and were so positive, that they established beyond a doubt that during a residence of over thirty years in Chicago Mr. Burton had acquired an exceptional high reputation as an able lawyer and a gentleman, and the integrity which was such a reputation, notwithstanding that which had been given him by the Tribune's publications, procured a new thorough investigation, with the following results which are cheerfully published in the hope that every impression against Mr. Burton made by the previous charges will be thoroughly corrected, and that he will be given open recognition which he believes he is entitled to.

In reference to the articles in the Chicago Herald the Tribune says: "We have before us an affidavit of Charles F. Chapin, son of the eminent chief of the New York Herald, which positively and unequivocally exonerates Mr. Burton from any complicity which was in the authorship of the Chicago Herald articles and places it on Chapin."

But we will say here that the evidence that the Tribune now says was entirely satisfactory, were presented by Mr. Burton when he came in the Territory. Some of them were published in the Deseret News in violation of the gentleman, who had come here to stay, bringing his things with him. They were from some of the best and most influential men in Illinois, including judges, lawyers and

others in high standing. The Tribune simply cast ridicule upon them. Mr. Burton was also refused that Mr. Burton was the author of the Chicago Herald correspondence, that they were prepared in a similar manner. No man used to be advanced of their membership, for they were well without and, since a few hundred thousands which are now in circulation, they had made a splendid story which was not passing in the "Liberal" newspaper of that time.

Mr. Burton has vindicated himself by his gentlemanly and consistent course from the time of his arrival here. The Tribune will, probably, let him alone. It never had the slightest actual reason for attacking him. The attacks upon him were most brutal and abusive, in fact they were true. Tribune style, in fact, was a "most reliable source." Their "truth" was established beyond a doubt. Therefore Mr. Burton was "harshly rebuffed" and "cast aside." This is the history of numerous articles upon persons as well as Mr. Burton, made with a little rapine and they are quite as true as in this case, but not presented as it has been.

A few more expectations of this kind will perhaps have to make the "Liberal" again more cautious in sending personal articles, and we hope that in time it will be brought within the law of journalism, and be ready to acknowledge other errors as freely as it has confessed to having libeled Mr. Burton.

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

A CUMBERSOME one in the north side of the following communication: "The 1892 government election of the U. S. M. L. A. would be the most important of which and present time of election of the Electoral College in the election of the President of the United States."

The rule of custom of the Electoral College is established by the Constitution and is set forth in the Twelfth amendment, which we here present for the benefit of persons in remote places who have not the document at hand.

The electors shall meet in their respective States and vote by ballot for President and Vice-president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State as themselves. They shall name in their ballots the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the President of the United States, the seal of the President of the Senate and House of Representatives, open at the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted.

Mr. BAYARD, Secretary of State in the Cleveland administration, was interviewed at Wilmington, Del., on the first question a few days ago. In an editorial published in the Tribune, as the proposed scheme of free coinage of silver. He says that there is no warrant in the Democratic party the value can be created by acts of Congress, or for ownership and forced change of the gold standard, or either of them, by the government of the United States. In the event of free coinage he asks "How long it would be before the nation's price of demand for gold would drain the treasury of every vestige of that metal, and three upon all other currency and the value for paper substitutes the best of their actual value? If Congress can create values, why may not Congress create a new paper standard by its own legislation as to new paper?"

He says it is then for Democrats to assume themselves in the pending danger that free coinage means national calamity, and the absolute destruction of the United States as we know it. He says that all which shows that great value sometimes make great mistakes.

ARIZONA RAILROAD ITEM.

It will be interesting to those who have friends located in Arizona to learn that grading was begun a few days ago on the proposed Arizona and Southern railroad, at Clark River, northern Arizona, near the mouth of Flagstaff. A recent issue of the Democrat, published in that town, has the following on the subject: "A train of thirteen mules were just to work today, and the work will be rapid. Although the country is hilly, the grading will be rapid, though the road will be completed by a double track, between Clark River and the mouth of the Colorado, in the month of June. It is a good piece, and the building of it will greatly benefit the Territory."

The United States convention is made for the Presidential election in the following way: "Each State shall appoint, in its regular session, or in the Legislature, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the Congress, but no elector shall be a Senator, or a Representative, or a person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed as elector."

From this it will be observed that the question of Presidential electors is entirely outside that. However, there is another clause in the Constitution which reads: "The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States."

THE MANHATTAN LEGISLATION. Justice Chase and other agitators forwarded recently to the Massachusetts general assembly a petition praying for laws providing for the suppression of Sunday newspapers and for the suspension of Sunday trains. The House Committee on Judiciary reported that it would be impractical to set in a legislative way on the petition.

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of the bank made his bank work in each of the present branches, and it is hoped that they, as soon, will report, as it will require little time to fill out the work. The importance of this information is apparent, and it will be widely disseminated. The initiative is to begin with the first week in April.

FAMINE STRICKEN RUSSIA. The famine in Russia and the republic of the United States are opposite extremes of political opinion. At the present time, by the hand of charity and generosity, they are brought into fraternal relations. Food from our prosperous and beautiful farms is being conveyed to the starving millions of Russia. This will form an object lesson that cannot but be instructive to the American people.

On the 19th inst. the United States ship "Missouri," laden with provisions, clothing and other supplies, arrived in the Baltic. She left Philadelphia on the 22nd of February, Washington's birthday. Her arrival at the Russian port was an event of marked interest. A Russian man-of-war had played the "Star Spangled Banner" as the "Missouri" departed.

Another steamer, the "Missouri," left New York on the 14th inst. laden with 2000 tons of flour and meat for the famine-stricken Russia. She, too, will make Litan her destination. A Russian man-of-war had played the "Star Spangled Banner" as the "Missouri" departed.

A SEA OF TROUBLES. The dispatches today state that a civil war is in progress in Venezuela, and that the German ministry has received news of the situation. It is now feared that the situation is steadily growing. In England half a million men are out of work, and for higher wages, but to present a reduction. In Paris anarchists are active with dynamite. In Austria the unemployed are not far from starvation in Vienna. In Germany furious mobs threaten the King. In Russia 95,000,000 people are famine-stricken. In Spain returns are being limited down and gathered.

At home it is said that there are 20,000 unemployed men in Chicago. In Indianapolis politics and legislation have not so far yet settled. From Pennsylvania comes the report that miners there were practically slaves. They are compelled to live in company houses, to trade at company stores, and to work for wages as low as 10 cents a day. In New York Dr. Ward, the Presbyterian minister, charges the city officials with being in league with bootleggers, saloons, gambling places, and so on. He employed a corps of detectives and twenty men to investigate the matter.

The French Chamber of Deputies has passed a unanimous law. The new statute makes it a capital offense to attempt to blow up buildings with dynamite. The dynamite is one of the most dangerous enemies to society, which can only be removed by the most drastic measures. It is a great deal more to be feared and is more deadly than the ordinary murderer. Society has no use for the dynamite conspirator, and the law should not be lenient to his extortion.

THE FRUIT AND VEGETABLE INDUSTRY, well adapted to this part of the country, is getting ready to take a fresh hold. A company is in process of formation and \$10,000 worth of stock has already been taken. Bountiful is the proposed locality for the intended picking and packing factory, and the site the farm of Mr. L. D. Miller. Our best wishes go out for the success of the enterprise.

DE PRICES Flavoring Extracts. NATUREL FRUIT FLAVORS. Vanilla, Orange, Almond, Rose etc. Of perfect purity. Of great strength. Bottled in their own country. Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

Z. C. M. I. NEW! ALL NEW! WE HAVE LONG BEER CRAMPED FOR ROOM IN OUR CLOTHING AND FURNISHING ALSO IN OUR BOOT & SHOE DEPARTMENT THESE TWO ADDITIONS ARE NOW "BROUGHT TO THE FRONT" IN THE NEW ADDITION WHERE WE HAVE CONCENTRATED A LARGER, FINER AND MORE VARIED STOCK THAN HERETOFORE. WE WANT BUYERS AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC TO COME AND LOOK AT THIS IMPROVEMENT AND AT THE STORE, YOU WILL BE SHOWN AROUND AND INTERESTED. T. C. WEBBER, Supt.

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