

which there was due \$4,948,090. The Commissioner says that at the rate claims have been filed the past few years, the close of the year 1884 will undoubtedly show 100,000 claims filed for persons since 1861. Since that year the total amount disbursed is \$67,834,683. The commissioner advocates the adoption of remedial legislation by Congress which shall take from the claimant some of the burdens which in their operation amount to a practical denial of this claim. The Commissioner adds: "Unless legislation applicable to them be considered—the same to specify the classes to be affected and the character of proof which shall be deemed sufficient to entitle to pension—the result will be to practically deny pensions to many thousands of brave and disabled soldiers whose sufferings and unfortunate social conditions appeal to the gratitude, sympathy and merciful consideration of Congress. Perhaps it would be more to the purpose to say that the plea in behalf of these veterans was for justice and justice alone." Of the system of special examinations he says: "It cannot fail to be gratifying to show that the service has been more than self-sustaining with a balance of \$302,102 as the net saving for one year."

WASHINGTON, 12.—Dr. D. E. Salmon, chief of the Bureau of animal industry, has submitted to the commissioner of agriculture a voluminous report upon the contagious diseases of animals; the report being the result of experiments and investigation made by the veterinary division. Considerable space is given to a detailed history of the recent outbreak among cattle in Kansas and to a description of its symptoms. Dr. Salmon reaches the conclusion that the disease was ergotism, due to eating the fungus known as ergot. Upon the treatment and prevention of this disease he says: "When the first signs of the disorder appear, the most important point to be attended to is to make a complete change of food, and to see that it is of good quality, nutritious and free from ergot. It would also be proper to give a dose of physic of from one to two pounds of Epsom salts, in order to remove, as much as possible, the poison still contained in the digestive organs, and to follow this with soft food, such as mashes and oats. In the most severe cases—those in which part of the limb is already lifeless—treatment will avail but little. The greater number of cases, however, have not advanced to this stage, and when lameness is first noticed they will be greatly benefited by removing the cause and placing the animals under conditions favorable for resisting the poison."

A very important condition is warmth. Even when animals are fed large quantities of ergot they seldom suffer except in cold weather, and consequently in attempting to check the advance of the disease advantage should be taken of this fact by placing the cattle in warm sheds. Another condition, believed by some to have much influence on the development of ergotism, is the water supply. With plenty of water always at hand it is believed that larger quantities of ergot may be taken for a long time than when the water supply is deficient. In cold winters, which occur over so much of our cattle-raising country, it is difficult to induce animals to take a sufficient amount of water. Holes cut through the ice soon freeze over, and the weather is frequently so severe the cattle will drink only a few swallows of water before they leave to seek shelter from the cutting winds, and when, later in the day, they try more water drinking, the holes are frozen over. Where ergotism prevails watering should receive close attention.

Ergotism can probably be entirely prevented by the cutting of hay before the seeds have formed. Both in Missouri and Illinois I saw the clearest examples of it. Hay composed of the same kind, cut upon the same land, was free from ergot, or largely infested with it, according as it had been cut green or ripe. This matter is worthy of careful consideration. Hay cut green is more digestible and in every way more palatable than that which is allowed to become ripe and woody, and the latter is much more liable to produce severe disease, such as indigestion and ergotism. This fatal disorder may, therefore, be prevented in future by proper and careful management.

CHICAGO, 12.—The commission appointed at the recent session of Congress to ascertain and report on the best methods of promoting trade between the United States and Central and South America, having completed their work in the Eastern States, will leave Chicago to-morrow for San Francisco, where they will hold a series of conferences with the business men of that city, with the view of ascertaining their opinions as to what this government can do towards securing a market for our surplus products in Central and South America. The commission consists of Gen. George H. Sharpe of New York, Ex-Gov. Thos. C. Reynolds of Missouri, and Judge Iden P. Thatcher of Kansas. Wm. Curtis of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, secretary of the commission, expects to reach San Francisco by the 21st inst., and to commence their sessions on Saturday the 22d. Invitations will be issued to the business men of San Francisco to meet the commission and present their views. From San Francisco the commission goes to Mexico to be present at the inauguration of President-elect Diaz.

New York 21.—The Mail and Express this afternoon says: The official canvass of the vote of this State is in progress to-day. Few changes were made

by the canvassers yesterday. It is now generally conceded that the vote of the counties above Harlem bridge cannot be changed to effect Cleveland's plurality. An accidental error may entirely wipe out his plurality, and on this alone are based the hopes of the republicans. At midnight 40 of the 60 counties had been heard from officially. They gave a net gain of 33 for Cleveland, leaving his plurality at 1225. According to the claims of the democrats this practically ends any serious increase to Blaine's majority in the rural counties, although it is fair to bear in mind that where gains are expected the canvass is delayed, and a case may yet be presented in eight or ten counties where a case has been made up.

The real fight is in this city, and republican hopes were greatly dampened when Elihu Root announced yesterday that he found the majority to be 43,326, wiping out the gain of 426 votes announced on Saturday, the total number of votes upon which, in some form or another, Geo. Bliss expects to take exception to the informal count already had, is about 4,000. About one-third of these are defective or blank ballots; the rest are Butler, St. John and other votes which were miscounted, excluded or otherwise used to swell Cleveland's vote.

Only thirty-nine counties had reported officially up to 3 p.m. In Jefferson county Blaine gains 8. Blaine's total gains in 39 counties are 11 votes; his total losses 7. All Cleveland's pluralities have remained unchanged. Blaine's net gain so far in the canvass, therefore, has been four votes.

The Board of Canvassers of New York county examined the returns of the first three assembly districts to-day. A few differences from press reports published Wednesday morning were discovered, but nothing was found that will materially affect Cleveland's plurality as published. It is estimated that Oswald Ottendorfer may fall a hundred votes behind his comrades on the electoral ticket.

MICHIGAN.

Detroit, 12.—Forty-three of the 80 counties in Michigan report on official count Blaine pluralities of 13,353 and Fusion pluralities of 5,370. The remaining counties are evenly divided between Fusionists and Republicans. The plurality given in the figures so far reported will be cut down to between 4,000 and 5,000. The Congressional delegation stands seven Fusion to one Republican.

MISSISSIPPI.

The following is the official vote of Mississippi: Cleveland, 78,457; Blaine, 42,774; St. John, 500; Butler, 69.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Concord, N. H., 12.—Official returns received by the Secretary of State give the following as the result of the vote in this State: Blaine 43,166, Cleveland 39,166, St. John 1,573, Butler 552; aggregate vote, 84,457; Blaine's plurality, 4,000; Blaine's majority, 1,875. Currier, republican, for governor, had a majority over all of 498.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., 11.—The all-day celebration of democrats in this city, in honor of the election of Cleveland and Hendricks, was the grandest affair of the kind ever seen here. The procession was immense. After the procession 5,000 people were fed at a barbecue. To-night the city is illuminated and a very large torchlight procession is parading the streets. Speeches were made by Gens. Rosecrans and Fitz Lee, J. J. Barbour, R. T. Merrick and others.

Montgomery, Ala., 12.—The third jollification over Cleveland's election took place to-night. It surpassed anything in the history of the place. The streets were bright as day; cannon boomed and rockets flamed. There was a torchlight procession of great length. Excursion trains were run in from all directions. Every speaker referred to the story told the negroes of their re-enslavement if a democratic President was elected, and it was strongly denounced. Resolutions expressing strong Union sentiments were adopted.

Jackson, Miss., 12.—Yazoo City and Meridian celebrated Cleveland's election to-night.

Philadelphia, 12.—Hendricks will review the Democratic parade on Saturday.

WYOMING COUNTY.

WARSAW, N. Y., 13.—Wyoming County—Blaine electors 4,441, Cleveland electors 3,189, St. John 483, Butler, 53.

BROWN COUNTY.

Binghamton, N. Y., 13.—The Brown county official canvass just completed is as follows: Blaine 7,182, Cleveland 5,780, St. John 458, Butler 144.

New York, 12.—It is officially announced through the British Consul, that an International Inventors' Exhibition will be held in London in 1885, under the patronage of the Queen, the presidency of the Prince of Wales and the management and executive council to be composed of eminent Englishmen.

CONCORD, N. H., 13.—A shock of earthquake was felt in the northern and western sections of this city last night.

Contocook, N. H., 13.—A shock of earthquake was felt about 7.50 last night in Hopkinton, Hillsborough, Bradford and Warner. It was particularly severe in the latter town, where things were generally shaken up.

New York, 13.—The gains and losses in the returns of the Board of Canvassers so far as the canvass has been made as compared with the press returns sent out on election night, are as follows: First assembly district, third

election district, Blaine gains ten votes; Seventh election district, third election district, Cleveland gains three votes; Twelfth election district, Cleveland gains one vote; Fifteenth election district, Cleveland loses one vote; Seventeenth election district, Cleveland loses one vote; Seventeenth election district, Blaine gains 78 votes and Cleveland loses 155 votes; Third assembly district, Sixteenth election district, Cleveland loses two votes; Twenty-first election district, Cleveland gains two votes; Twenty-third election district, Cleveland gains one vote; Twenty-sixth election district, Blaine loses three votes; Fourth assembly district, Twelfth election district, Cleveland loses 10 votes; Twenty-first election district, Blaine gains one vote.

ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.

Canton, 13.—The St. Lawrence county canvassers were in session part of Tuesday and all day yesterday, but have not completed the canvass owing to clerical errors in the returns several districts which will not affect the result. The canvass will show Blaine 13,441, Cleveland 6,035, St. John 311, Butler 20.

St. Louis, 13.—Maj. Gen. W. S. Harney was married this evening at the Cathedral to his former housekeeper, Mary St. Cyr, the groom is 84 and the bride 45 years of age. Harney is the oldest general on the retired list and his marriage is creating a good deal of comment. He is very wealthy; the pair left for New Orleans.

DENVER, Col., 13.—At 10 this morning as the train from Graymont, on the Colorado Central railroad was drawing into Beaver Brook station, two of the rear cars were thrown from the track down a five-foot embankment. Several passengers were painfully injured; none fatally.

Robert Standing and his wife were discovered dead this morning in their house on a ranch, seven miles from Pine Grove, a small station on the South Park road. The circumstances indicate that they were murdered for money. Standing is one of the Colorado pioneers, quite wealthy, and well-known; and was an ordained preacher of the anti-polygamy branch of the Mormon church.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 10.—The franchise bill was passed by the House in committee of the whole without amendment. The result was greeted with cheers.

In the Commons to-day the Parnellites voted with the Conservatives in rejecting Stanley's amendment to the franchise bill, providing that the bill shall not go into operation until the scheme of redistribution shall have been adopted. The question upon the third reading of the franchise bill will be taken up on Tuesday, and the bill will probably go the House of Lords on Thursday.

LONDON, 10.—The under secretary of the colonial department, replying to an inquiry said it was true the British minister at Washington had been instructed to negotiate a reciprocal commercial arrangement whereby America should remit in part the duties on West India sugar, and the West Indies should take off the duties on certain articles imported from America, but no arrangement was contemplated and no proposal made whereby the West Indies should impose differential duties on English as opposed to American manufactures.

Rome, 10.—Following are the names of eight of the nine new Cardinals announced by the Pope at the Consistory: Gangelbauer, Archbishop of Vienna, Austria; Gonzales Diaz Turro, Archbishop of Seville, Spain; Celestia, Archbishop of Palermo, Mussia; the venerable American missionary, Merona Di Gan, secretary of the consistorial congregation; Laurenzi, assessor of the holy office; Masetti, secretary of the congregation of bishops and regulars; Verga, secretary of the congregation of the council.

PARIS, 11.—Between noon and eleven o'clock last night there were 27 fresh cases of cholera and 11 deaths reported in this city. These numbers do not include additional cases and deaths which occurred at the hospitals. In numerous instances the victims were seized by the dread disease in the most sudden manner, with hardly a premonition they were stricken in the streets, in omnibuses, and other public places, or when about their ordinary vocations.

Cholera hospitals set apart for the use of cholera patients are already full to overflowing, and others are being placed in readiness as rapidly as the circumstances will permit. Many cases have occurred among the troops at the garrison. In nearly all the barracks some soldiers are attacked. If the epidemic continues an order will be issued closing the public schools. The eastern and central portions of the city are the ones most affected. The residences occupied principally by English and American people are in most excellent sanitary condition.

MADRID, 11.—On account of the continued existence of cholera in France, the Spanish government have directed that all persons arriving overland from that country shall submit to a quarantine for a period of ten days at the Spanish frontier.

BERLIN, 11.—The imperial boards of health of Germany, Russia and Hungary are acting in concert in the endeavor to adopt measures to prevent the cholera from securing an entrance into either country.

PARIS, 12.—From midnight to noon to-day the deaths from cholera were 28; of these 19 occurred in the hospitals and vicinity.

Two soldiers of the guard of the Elysee Palace were seized with cholera to-day and one died immediately. These cases have produced a profound sensation.

In the 18 hours which ended at 6 to-night, there were 43 deaths from cholera in Paris.

The telephone company have granted free use of their offices for calling assistance for cholera patients.

The Patriotic League has converted its meeting hall into a cholera hospital. The Archbishop is a daily visitor to the hospital.

It is noticeable that the suburbs of this city, where the drainage is bad and the water mere sewerage, are unaffected by the epidemic; also, that the environs of cemeteries are scarcely affected by the disease, while in several portions of the city which are well supplied with water several cases have occurred.

Le Soir says: The quarters on the right side of the River Seine, which have been severely attacked by cholera, derive their water from the Le-courcq canals.

PARIS (midnight), 12.—During the past twenty-four hours there have been forty-seven deaths in this city by cholera, including the fatal cases in the hospitals.

Marseilles, 12.—Three friars of the Ecole Chretienne died from cholera and the school is closed. It is believed that the number of cases at Toulon is understated. Under the influence of hotel keepers, numerous fugitives from Paris have arrived at Genoa. The Spaniards residing in Paris are returning to Spain to avoid the threatened quarantine.

Melun, 12.—During the last 48 hours there have been 7 cases and 2 deaths from cholera.

Toulon, 12.—Two deaths from cholera occurred to-day and several fresh cases are reported.

An actor was seized with vomiting last night as he went upon the stage and died shortly afterwards of apoplexy. The city is dirtier than ever.

HONG KONG, 12.—The Chinese are still blocking Kelung. The situation of the French in Tonquin is daily becoming more perilous. The outposts are subject to constant attacks, and great difficulty is experienced in procuring provisions in the territory between Hanoi and Sontay, and daily skirmishes take place. The health of the troops at Bacninh is bad, and numbers of men are unfit for service.

The French casualties in the fight on the Tam Sui road last week were trifling. The French have captured the Chinese gunboat Feihoo.

Dublin, 12.—The corporation of the City of Limerick to-day by an overwhelming majority refused to pay any attention to the second writ for extra police tax. They also passed a resolution denouncing the government for the reappointment of Geo. Bolton as Crown Solicitor for Ireland.

LONDON, 12.—The Times in a leading editorial urges the Canadian government to reduce the sugar imports from the West Indies, thereby opening the West India market to its own products—corn, fish and timber—which will enable Canada to export as cheaply and as largely as the United States, and would also enable Canada to compete with America in sugar refining and other manufactures by obtaining a cheap and plentiful supply of raw material. There is nothing to prevent a mutually advantageous trade with the West Indies. It rests with the Canadians themselves whether to allow America a monopoly of the West India trade or not.

LONDON, 12.—The government has issued the deficiency estimates with reference to the cost of the Nile expedition. The army will require £1,000,000 more than previously estimated, and the navy £324,000. For the Bechuana expedition the government estimates that £675,000 will be required by the army and £50,000 by the navy.

The Daily News states that Messrs. Monouides, Greek merchants, have received advices from their partner, the Greek consul at Khartoum, that the city is safe, though there have been plenty of deserters from Gordon's regular force.

Alexandria, 12.—The government clerk from Khartoum says that Gordon frequently attacked the Mahdi's forces, causing fearful havoc among them. The Mahdi ordered his troops not to kill Gen. Gordon, but to take him prisoner and hold him as a hostage for the surrender of Arabi Bey.

LONDON, 13.—Bullion from Holland to the amount of £60,000 was again purchased in open market yesterday for shipment to America.

CAIRO, 13.—A dispatch from the Mudir of Dongola says that a man who has just reached there from Khartoum, reports El Mahdi established himself at Amderaman, on the western bank of the White Nile, a few miles from Khartoum. The Egyptian soldiers stationed there being compelled to retreat to Khartoum. The Mudir asks for more ammunition. He has only 192,000 cartridges.

Dongola, 13.—Gen. Wolseley left here in a pinnace to-day to inspect the depots and hasten the advance of troops.

HEART PAINS.

Palpitation, Dropsical Swellings, Dizziness, Indigestion, Headache, Sleeplessness cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

"BUCHU-PAIBA."

Quick, complete cure, all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Scalding, Irritation, Stone, Gravel, Catarrh of the bladder. \$1. Druggists. W

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS and DISORDERED LIVER.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, a feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work, and are a perfect ANTIDOTE to MALARIA.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Sold everywhere. Office, 44 Murray St., N. Y.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, PACIFIC WAGON & IMPLEMENT COMPANY, hereby give notice that it has this day disposed of its entire business to Bennett Brothers, who will hereafter conduct the Wagon and Implement Business at the old stand, at Salt Lake City and elsewhere. This corporation is dissolved and the corporate powers and the powers of its officers cease from this date. The liabilities of this corporation incurred in the ordinary course of its business, are assumed by Bennett Brothers; the debts have been divided, and each individual debtor will receive notice of the fact to whom his or her obligation is payable. We hereby tender our thanks to our friends for the patronage and support which they have given the management of this company, and we think that the public and our friends generally will find it a pleasure and to their advantage in a business sense to hereafter deal with Bennett Brothers. They are gentlemen of great experience and ability and are possessed of ample means to conduct a large and successful business. Salt Lake City, Oct. 5, 1884.

PACIFIC WAGON & IMPLEMENT CO.,
LEARNED COTTRELL,
President.
JOHN G. LYNCH, Secretary.

We have purchased the entire stock of the Pacific Wagon and Implement Co., together with all that pertains to the business of said company.

It is our intention to continue the same business, at the same old stand, Nos. 160 and 162 First East Street, Salt Lake City. We shall keep constantly on hand the most popular and latest improved Agricultural Implements, all of which we will sell on the most favorable terms, and in all cases we guarantee satisfaction. We respectfully solicit the patronage of all customers of the old company and of all others who wish to purchase our line of goods. Extra inducements will be given to the wholesale trade. Our motto is "to live and let live," and we intend to make our word good in every case.

BENNETT BROTHERS.
Salt Lake City, Oct. 4, 1884.
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CHICAGO SCALE CO.

151 S. Jefferson St., Chicago.
2 Ton Wagon Scale, \$40; 3 Ton, \$50.
4 Ton \$60, Beam Box included
240 lb Farmer's Scale, \$5.
"Little Detective" 4oz. to 25 lb, \$3.

FORGES, TOOLS, Etc.
Best Forge Made for Light Work, \$10
40lb. Anvil and Kit of Tools, \$19

Farmers save time and money doing odd jobs.
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