DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XIV. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 21, 1881. NO. 76.

THE EVENING NEWS.

Published every evening except Sunday.

One copy, one year, with Postage $10.00
" " six months, " 5.25
" " three months, " 2.65

THE DESERET NEWS:
SEMI-WEEKLY.
Published every Tuesday and Saturday.

One copy, one year, with Postage, ... $4.00
" " six months, " 2.00
" " three months, " 1.00

DESERET NEWS:
WEEKLY.
Published every Wednesday.

One copy, one year, with Postage $2.00
" " six months, " 1.75
" " three months, " 00

TERMS—IN ADVANCE.

OFFICE—Corner of South and East Temple Streets.

THE NEWS BOOK AND JOB PRINTING OFFICE
Has superior facilities for the execution of All Kinds of
Book and Job Printing.
BOOK-BINDING & PAPER RULING

ST. LOUIS TRADE.

Leggett & Myers Tobacco Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
STAR RANGER, COMMERCE, CLIPPER, AMBEN,
AND OTHER BRANDS OF
TOBACCO.
Orders by Z.C.M.I. and Branch Stores. dly

BARSTOW & WHITELAW,
617 North Second Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.,
— DEALERS IN —
OILS, PAINTS, NAVAL STORES, HEAVY DRUGS
AND WINDOW GLASS.
Manufacturers of Varnishes, Soap Makers,' Tanners' and Woolen Mill Supplies a Specialty. decm 1y

L. M. RUMSEY & CO.,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
PUMPS AND FIRE ENGINES,
Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Gas Pipe, Plumbers' and Steam Fitters' Brass Goods, Belting, Hose and Packing,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Force Wire, Barbed Wire, Fencing, Etc., Etc.
810 NORTH SECOND ST., ST. LOUIS, MO.

GRAND CHARTER OAK STOVES AND RANGES

THE BEST
—IS—
Always Cheapest!
MADE ONLY BY
EXCELSIOR M'F'G CO.,
ST. LOUIS,
DEALERS IN
STOVES
METALS, STAMPED WARE,
TINNERS' STOCK & TOOLS
FOR SALE BY
Z. C. M. I.,
Sole Agents in SALT LAKE CITY.
d9m

WM. CALTON, WELL DIGGER,
WISHES TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that now is the time for well-digging, and he is prepared to execute all orders in a satisfactory manner. He has on hand a choice lot of well brick, made by Braby & Son. For further particulars enquire of Wm. Calton, First Ward, or leave orders at Philadelphia Restaurant, or with J. Kirkman, Tithing Office. dlm

SECOND-HAND WAGONS, BUGGIES, ETC.
ALL KINDS OF SECOND-HAND SPRING Wagons, Carriages and Buggies bought and sold by JOHN MALONEY.
Vehicles of every kind repaired. Spring mending and Horseshoeing a specialty.
Workshop on Commercial Street, south of Palace Bath House. 1966 tf

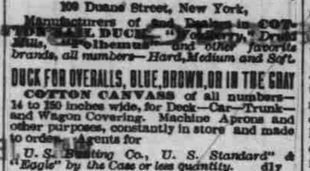
WANTED!
EVERY PARENT SHOULD KNOW A FEW of the common symptoms that indicate the presence of
WORMS
Which are: Changeable Appetite, Offensive Breath, Pains in the Stomach and Head, Grinding of the Teeth, Slimy Coat, Pale Face with Hollow Sunken Eyes, Itching of the Nose and Fundament, Irregularity of the Bowels, a Short Dry Cough, Loss of Spirits, Feverishness, and Disturbed Sleep, Rising in the Throat causing Sickness, Etc.
DR. E. L. PLANT,
HERBALIST, SALT LAKE CITY.

NEW YORK TRADE.
BENEDICT, HALL & CO.,
BOOTS & SHOES
NOS. 134 AND 136 GRAND STREET,
NEW YORK.

THOS. M. ARGALL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MEN'S & BOYS'
CLOTHING!
330 BROADWAY,
IND. E. COWLES. NEW YORK.

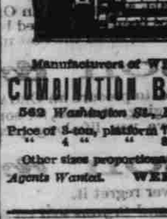
BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & CO.,
109 Duane Street, New York,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON DUCK, "Raven," "Cascade," Drabbet Mills, "Colbeaux" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft.
DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, OR IN THE GRAY COTTON CANVAS of all numbers—14 to 180 inches wide, for Deck—Car—Trunk—and Wagon Covering. Machine Aprons and other purposes, constantly in store and made to order. Agents for
U. S. Bunting Co., U. S. Standard" & "Eagle" by the Case or less quantity. dly
These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I

USE
CLARK'S
TRADE
O.N.T.
MARK
SPOOL COTTON.
GEORGE A. CLARK,
SOLE AGENT.
The BEST and MOST POPULAR Sewing Thread of Modern Times.
BEWARE of IMITATIONS.
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
FOR SALE BY
Z. C. M. I.
Branches and Dealers Everywhere.

WEIGH SCALE WORKS.

Manufacturers of WEEKS' PATENT
COMBINATION BEAM SCALES,
562 Washington St., BUFFALO, N.Y.
Price of 3-ton, platform 7x14 ft. $225.00
" " 4 " " 8x16 " 45.00
Other sizes proportionately low in price.
Agents Wanted. WEEKS & RAY, Proprietors.

PHILADELPHIA TRADE.
SAPONIFIER
Is the "Original" Concentrated Low and Reliable Family Soap Maker. Directions accompany each can for making Hard, Soft and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Can be obtained at Z. C. M. I. and its Branch Stores.
PENN'A SALT MANUF'G CO.
dly PHILADELPHIA.

CHICAGO TRADE.
JAQUES'
Flavoring Extracts
JAQUES' ESSENCE JAMAICA GINGER, MADRAS' LIQUID & AUNDRY BLUE, JAQUES' LEMON SUGAR, ATWOODS' VERBENA AND DAISY TOILET SOAPS.
MANUFACTURED BY
Durant, Jaques & Atwood,
CHICAGO. dly


W. & B. DOUGLAS,
Manufacturers of
PUMPS,
Hydraulic Ram, Garden and Fire Engines,
Pump Chain and Fixtures, Iron Cocks, Hydrants, Etc. Middletown, Conn. Branch Warerooms: 35 and 37 John St., New York and 197 Lake St., Chicago, Ill. Works founded in 1832. Highest medal awarded them by the Universal Exposition at Paris, France, in 1867; Vienna, in 1873; Philadelphia in 1876, also at Paris in 1878.
dly

CHAS. EMMERICH & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers Exclusively in
FEATHERS,
285-287 Madison St., Near Bridge, Chicago.
Our goods are kept by all Leading Houses in the Territory. dly

KEITH BROTHERS,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF
Hats, Caps,
FURS,
STRAW GOODS,
AND
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
BUCK GOODS, ETC.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINES.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 19. — Johnston moved an amendment to perfect the second section, which requires the commissioner of agriculture, through the chief of bureau, to make a special investigation as to the existence of cattle diseases along the Canadian line and along the lines of transportation to the ports from which live stock is exported; and make a report to the secretary of the treasury, who shall establish such regulations for transportation and exportation as the result of said investigations may require. The amendment was to limit the regulations of the secretary to the ports to which the investigations might show them necessary.

Morgan, in view of the objections to the bill, constitutional and otherwise, moved its recommittal to a select committee.

After remarks by McPherson, Johnson, Rollins and Kirkwood upon the propriety of considering some one of the special bills pending on the subject, Morgan withdrew his motion, and Rollins gave notice of his intention to offer a substitute for the pending measure to the bill formally introduced by him, and without action on the bill, the Senate, at 2 o'clock, adjourned, to give the Senators an opportunity to attend the funeral of Representative Wood.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 19.—Carlisle, from the ways and means committee, reported a bill repealing the laws taxing bank stock, orders and deposits, matches, patent medicines, perfumery, etc. Referred to the committee of the whole.

A resolution was adopted providing as a mark of respect the House adjourn, preceding the funeral of Wood.

The House adjourned at 2 p. m.

Upon reassembling the House went into committee on the agricultural appropriation bill. An amendment was adopted appropriating $80,000 for the purpose of propagating and distributing seeds, etc., three-fourths of all seeds to be distributed to congressmen for their constituency.

The committee arose and the conference report on the army appropriation bill was agreed to. Adjourned.

AMERICAN.

CAPITAL CHAT.

Cattle Disease Bill.

WASHINGTON, 19.—The bill to prevent the spread of cattle disease in this country, pending in the Senate, to-day, met with opposition from numerous Senators, who earnestly advocated a law for this purpose, but condemn the present bill as crude and full of imperfections. The debate indicated that the pending bill could not pass, the prevailing opinion being that it would be better to wait until the next Congress for such a law than put through a measure so imperfect. Senator Johnston, chairman of the select committee which reported the bill, states that he intends to get the committee together before noon on Monday for the purpose of amending the bill so as to cover the defects complained of. It is not probable, however, that he can so change the bill as to make it acceptable. If the pending bill is rejected or recommitted it will put an end to the whole subject for this Congress.

Fernando Wood's Funeral.

The funeral of Fernando Wood took place this afternoon from the late residence. Nearly 1,000 members of Congress and prominent officials of the government and others were present. The services were conducted by Dr. Paret, the regular services being of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The pall-bearers were Senators Thurman and Bayard, Speaker Randall, and Representatives Morton, Loring, Judges Swayne W. W. Corcoran, Aldermen McAvoy, Fink, Murphy, Bernard, Kinney and Hillard. The committee appointed by the board of aldermen in New York was present. The remains leave here to-night for New York, accompanied by Representatives Tucker, Frye, Philp, Dunnell, Mills, McKinley, Chittenden and Hutchinson, and the New York aldermen.

The Sugar Question.

Before the ways and means committee J. E. Searle, of New York, for sugar importers, claimed in a lengthy argument, that the term "standard of color," having been defined by the courts to be a well understood commercial phrase, it became a contract between government and importers. Secretary Sherman defended the right of the department in a legal view to demand tests of imported sugar in assessing duties to protect the service from fraud. He should enforce his rulings until congress altered the present law. He favored speedy legislation and settlement, however.

Senator Blaine's Illness.

Senator Blaine is still confined to his bed with rheumatism, although his condition is somewhat improved to-day. His physicians think he will now speedily recover and be able to leave his house the early part of next week. It is not true that he has given up his seat in the Senate, but on the contrary there are some matters pending before the Senate which will receive his attention as soon as he can get there. He is extremely restive under confinement.

No Extra Session.

There is no further apprehension of an extra session. The only appropriation items that will cause delay in the conference is an amendment by the Senate to the legislative appropriation bill, authorizing additional pension clerks. The House opposes and the Senate favors an increase as necessary. Each will insist on its view. The House will concur in the Senate amendments to the funding bill, as it is confident in the republican caucus last night that the failure of the appropriation bill will not cause an extra session.

THE PANAMA CANAL.

Interview with Lesseps. Wyse on the Subject.

New York, 19.—The *Tribune* says: A paper was signed in this city on Thursday, evening, by the United States Commissioner, W. H. Trescott, and General Prevost, representing the Panama government, which will prove a great surprise to the United States of Colombia, which is responsible for the enforcement of the neutrality of the Isthmus of Panama, according to the treaty of 1846. The protocol determined the way by which the United States government shall interfere to guarantee the independence of Colombia, and the neutrality of the canal. One of the conditions of such interference is that Colombia must first ask for it, and without such request or demand the United States shall not intervene.

A *Tribune* reporter called on Commander Wyse last evening, at Hotel Brunswick. After outlining the provisions of the protocol, he asked his opinion as to the effect on the Panama project. Commander Wyse replied that it was a matter of diplomacy with which he had no official connection. On being pressed for information, however, he replied: "I think the protocol is very satisfactory to the United States, because the conditions, from what I have heard, are intended to give force to the treaty of '46, and establish a practicable way in which to make it more effective. If a foreign power desires to keep the Isthmus to itself, Colombia can, of course, ask protection from foreign intervention."

"What effect will it have on the Panama canal scheme?" "Very good effect. Some persons in this country have been doubtful as to the neutrality of the canal, while we have been certain all along that it has nothing to do with any governmental influences. Now, however, I think all persons interested will be glad that a satisfactory conference between the two republics has been held."

"How did the conference originate?" "With the United States government, I suppose. The Colombian minister spent a week at Washington in reference to the matter, and then went away thinking the matter would be arranged by the next administration. Secy. Evarts, however, telegraphed for him to go to Washington, where he spent another week and again returned to New York. As the Colombian minister is a senator in the Colombian congress which meets very soon, he had to start for Bogota to-day, and Sec'y. Evarts accordingly sent a special commissioner to New York in the person of Commissioner Trescott. I suppose the conference took place at the residence of the Colombian minister."

"Have you seen the text of the protocol?" "I have not, but believe you have repeated to me the gist of its provisions. I can only say that while the treaty has been in force since 1846, the protocol is made to establish a practical way by which the United States can protect the rights and sovereignty of Colombia on the Isthmus, if any foreign power had any intention of interfering. I think it very satisfactory to the United States government, for it is a great advantage to it in the practical way in which it can use the rights belonging to it according to the treaty of 1846, and as far as the Colombian government is concerned, I think, too, that the arrangement will prove to be satisfactory, for through its agency, its sovereignty rights will not be injured. The conference must be agreeable to all parties interested in the canal. Personally I am glad it has taken place. I think by means of this protocol, legitimate satisfaction has been given to this country. I should say on an impartial examination of the matter that I cannot imagine it possible for anything more than that to be asked by the United States. The protocol provides that Columbia shall first ask for interference by the United States government.

"Do you think such demand would be made?" "Undoubtedly; If the United States could interfere without the permission of the Columbian government, it would be an infringment of the independence of that government. This request from Columbia for such intervention is the best proof of her independence most satisfactory to her."

Commander Wyse will start for Panama to-day, accompanied by his wife and child. He expects to remain there a month, and will be engaged facilitating preparations for active work by laborers already on the ground. He will then visit Paris, returning to New York in the fall. At the Brevoort House the reporter was informed that Commissioner Prescott returned to Washington on Thursday evening.

Effect of the Funding Bill.

According to Washington advices, a movement was made to-day for the reference of the funding bill to the conference committee of the two Houses.

The committee says the flurry about the 3 per cent. funding bill, which some of our wise banking people got up this morning, has about passed over. There is not the slightest doubt the Government will get all the money wanted to pay the bonds of 1881 at 3 per cent. The whole $300,000,000 one-year treasury notes could be subscribed on the New York Stock Exchange next week, if the notes were ready and offered at their face value. This, with the $200,000,000 cash balances in the Treasury, and which is constantly increasing, would settle all bonds without a dollar of refunding, and if we are not greatly deceived, this will be the policy of the new Administration. Some of the Southwest shares were advanced on the favorable prospects of the approaching consolidation of the Northern Pacific. was run up rapidly on the announcement that parties in the interest of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company were buying a controlling interest, which also caused a sharp rise in Oregon shares. Pacific Mail was put up, it is supposed, on the presumption of existing short interest and talk about large earnings.

The *Tribune* says: The funding bill and its passage by the Senate formed the principal subject of discussion in Wall Street to-day. Among bankers there was a wonderful unanimity of opinion about the measure and some of them did not hesitate to pronounce it an outrage on national banks and a violation of public faith. They declared that it made a forced loan from the banks and then with that support the bonds would be difficult to sell. It was predicted that the banks would withdraw their circulation to a large amount immediately.

The *Graphic* says: A majority of conservative stock operators in the street look for a much stronger and higher market next week after the funding bill is better understood. As soon as government actually begins to buy $5,000,000 bonds, and issue 300,000,000 certificates, further improvement may be looked for, because the operation to a great extent will prove a virtual extinction of