

# BAIN WAGONS



THESE WELL-KNOWN WAGONS NEED BUT LITTLE PAID IN THEIR FAVOUR.

The extra expense paid by our customers for the use of these wagons is due to the fact that they are thoroughly warranted for one year.

SIZES KEPT IN LARGE STOCK.

A FULL STOCK OF:

## HARD WOOD

AND

## Wagon Material,

Well selected, constantly on hand.

First Wagon Depot South of Theatre,

SEBREE & ROBERTSON.

Z. C. M. I., East Branch,  
SELL the BAIN WAGON at PROVO.

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

CINCINNATI TRADE.

## Grand Medal of Merit!

VIENNA WORLD'S FAIR, 1873

AWARDED TO THE



COOKING STOVES

For Coal and Wood.  
The Best Bituminous Coal Cooking Stove in the World.

THE MONITOR has gained a far-distant reputation. No higher commendation can be given upon a stove than that given by the wife who uses it, or in its present place recommends it to her neighbors and friends, for economy, clearness and reliability in all its operations.

36,282 MONITORS NOW IN USE

ALSO THE CELEBRATED

SANTA CLAUS COOKING STOVE!

For Coal and Wood, WHICH HAS SUCH A DEMAND ALL THROUGH THE TERRITORY, FOR BEAUTY AND EXCELLENCE, CANNOT BE SURPASSED.

All our STOVES are kept For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and all its Branch Stores; also by all the Co-operative Stores in the Territory.

MANUFACTURED BY  
Wm. RESOR & Co., Cincinnati, O.

24x 30 wide

## LIME! LIME!

At the Mammoth Kilns. For good work, PLASTERERS will use no other but  
MAMMOTH BROS.

L I M E !

The fact has long been established that no other  
L I M E !

In this vicinity gives such entire satisfaction.

Get the

## B E S T .

For laying your foundations, for roof work, for laying bricks, an' for every other purpose, we have the best lime in the world. To the railroad, we are prepared to deliver it at any railroad depot from Ogden to Provo.

A great discount allowed to lumbermen, using it in quantities for paving purposes.

Kilns Situate at Hot Spring Lake. P. O. Box 1202.

OFFICE—COMMERCIAL STREET,

SALT LAKE CITY.



The above Medals present an air of profitableness and a favorable testimony in favor of the following: The most noteworthy of the services rendered by all who want the best and most economical; each medal is a testimonial to the Board of Directors and Disinterested Jurors. No greater evidence of superiority can possibly be submitted.

Comments of the Manufacturers can add nothing thereto.

DURYEA'S SATIN GLOSS STARCH!

IN SIX POUND BOXES AND ONE POUND PAPERS.

Try it. Gives a Beautiful White and Glossy Finish, besides rendering

Fabrics very Durable. No other Starch so easily used, or so Economical.

USE IT ONCE, YOU WILL USE NO OTHER.

DURYEA'S IMPROVED CORN STARCH,

Manufactured by a process which preserves the best qualities of Indian Corn, and rendered perfectly pure.

PROCESSED BY JUDGES AT THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION, PARIS, IN THE YEAR OF GRACE 1867.

An Article will receive no popularity, if it does not receive "Duryea's."

For every purpose. For every use.

No other starch is so easily used, or so Economical.

General Depot—29, 31 and 33 Park Place, N. Y.

or 125 Main St.

## THE EVENING NEWS.

Wednesday, Oct. 1, 1874.

The Boss' Abduction and the Police.

The efforts of our best detectives, aided by the advice of the shrewdest legal minds, have ended in establishing the fact that the boy Boss has been abducted. This was something. It is so strange a crime to us—that at first we were incredulous. But now we know that the whole story was an unpleasant fiction, gotten up for some purpose other than the one appearing upon its face.

It is a fact, however, that a boy, the son of respectable parents, has been picked up in a somewhat populated part of our country, in broad daylight, and carried off to parts unknown, and this for the purpose of forcing a ransom.

To this end a correspondence has been obtained, and added to the father and advertisements in the daily journals addressed to the abductors.

But beyond establishing the fact of the abduction the police, stimulated by a heavy reward and aided by immense sums of money and the most skillful efforts, have made no step towards the discovery of the child's whereabouts or the names of its cruel keepers. The letters from the wrong-doers are yet received by the unhappy father, and in a late one he informed that this is but the opening of a new business in the United States. But it is proved safe investment, and from the anxiety to restore the boy, rather than punish the criminals, there is promise of being lucrative.

This sort of crime is not uncommon in Greece, parts of Spain and Italy, and in many of the barbarous lands where governments furnish enough police to aid in the crime. With us, however, we have yet to learn that our governments are weak. We have been taught that our police is something more than inefficient. The Boss' abduction is but one lesson which we must learn, and we must learn it quickly, that the force we have, such an enormous expense is not police at all, but a political machine, kept up as a process through which parties in large cities are able to perpetuate their power.

The usual methods of attack, dairymen, houses and other low resorts are put upon the police as a reward for past services and to be used in future contests. In the meantime men are murdered in their beds or upon the streets, robbers of the most insolent sort are permitted, and the wrongs of their wayward subjects go unpunished, without detection. There is a belief, pretty well founded, that in all crimes involving money the police are in with the criminals, and we would not be at all surprised to find that the very men employed in Philadelphia to arrest the abductors of this boy are the men in the crime.

We are such a concealed race, so well satisfied with ourselves, that we can be caught nothing until we are fairly knocked on the head by some evil that is unavoidable. The education of most nations is one of self-depreciation. There is much to be learned by every people of the earth save this free-born people of the United States. We are born to knowledge that others have to acquire through hard study. But we are the bravest, best and most intellectual people on God's footstool. This is taught us in nurseries, schools, lyceums, churches and journals. We have a day set apart especially for the purpose of assembling and boasting. It is called the Fourth of July, and on that day we go through the ludicrous, though bragging. It is hard to tell which is the most aggravating to a thoughtful mind, the noise of the exploding gunpowder or the senseless conceit of our blantant elders. If the boy Boss is never returned to his parents, it will be another year, if the twenty thousand dollars are paid and the criminals escape, so as to fairly inaugurate the new business of kidnapping children—it will be a blessing to the country. We will have had the blow on the head that necessitates reform. This thief of little money will create much wrath and excitement, and our amazed community will awaken to the strange fact that as against crime we have no organization.

To get this organization we must hit the police with the dirty political arrow, where no political arrow has been wallowing. The first step in this direction is to take the force from the town corporations and give it to the State, where it properly belongs. The next step is to put the police under the sole control of a commission for the entire State composed of members appointed for life on good behavior. This power should extend to the appointment, dismissal and thorough regulation of the police for the State at large.

How to create, drill and control such an organization we can learn from England or France or Germany. It is in these countries, where we of the free and perfect government should be forced to take lessons from an efficient despotism. Nothing would drive us to this humiliation than a fear of having our publican threat cut out of our beds—of the dangers of having our dear little ones stolen from us with impunity by the wilest scoundrels. Rather than be subject to these abuses we will submit to a few lessions taken under protest.

The police of London is perhaps, like it is all in all, the best in the world, and controlling it are not only active intelligent and honest, but they have no motive influencing them other than their high duty. Politics has nothing to do with the police. The fact is, political patronage, as we enjoy it, is unknown to the benighted Britons. Gladstone succeeded Gladstone in a political career, and more radical than any change of administration could be with me, he found forty-three offices to fill—no more, no less. Poor creatures, don't we pity them? They do not know what a blessing it is to have men third rate officers to turn out of places every year for us.

When a vacancy occurs upon the police, through death, incapacity, old age or resignation, the man appointed is selected, first, for his honesty, secondly, his intelligence; thirdly, his physical qualifications; and when once appointed it is for life or good behavior.

They have found a position on which to live, with a fund set aside and accumulating to support him in sickness, or when incapacitated through old age, for active service.

Under this system, life, limb and property are comparatively safe; and the police are not only held in check or gradually depressed. Nor is there any violence such as we suffer from the hands of ourso-called police. The despotism is not felt, even by the wrong-doer. An American is amazed at the patience and even willingness of these conservators of the peace. We have seen a tumultuous mob in a crowd dispersed in London without one knock-down or a bloody head from the police. The turbulent and excited give way before this body, as a power that is impossible to resist. Even in the right, always firm, yet gentle, they feel back of them great people and a powerful government.

Our BOOK AND PAMPHLET

DEPARTMENT.

Has a large collection of books on the creation

COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

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PRICE LISTS,

ETC., ETC.

But it is the detective department—the brain of the police—that challenges the highest rank.

The man who can accurately anticipate crime in his knowledge of criminals. This body has become deservedly world-renowned. A detective with us is generally a rogue who has failed in business and received a bad appointment. He is sent to a tribe of savages to see if he can't make a living. He is excellent—man to know. One wishes to compromise with a scoundrel, and is ready to part with two-thirds of his stolen property so that he may regain the remaining third.

In the meantime we hope the new business of child-stealing will prosper. We hope that all sorts of rascality will develop, until our people are driven to organize with a gleam of intelligence against strong-dominion—Washington, Sept. 21, 1874.

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