

and \$2,575 was found in his pockets. Having then boldly accused him of having stolen the money from the Vaco express office and Howe broke down and confessed the whole thing. He knew the

#### MONEY WAS COMING.

and knew that the combination of the safe had not been changed since his discharge. The night the money came he hung around the express office until 3 o'clock, and then in his stocking feet, crawled in at a window over Moore, the night clerk, who had taken his place and who was fast asleep with a pistol under his head. In a minute the safe was open and he had the package. He says he took no other package. He closed the safe and crawled out. He says he has been miserable since he took the money and is willing to suffer the penalty.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 16.—Picayune special from Grenada, Miss.: Passenger train No. 2 on the Illinois Central was robbed last night one mile north of Buck Hill at 10:15. When the train stopped at that point two men boarded the engine and commanded the engineer to pull out fast, at the same time covering him with revolvers. One mile north they compelled him to stop. The engineer and fireman were marched to the express car. One of the robbers knocked on the door, which was opened by the messenger. The robbers entered and took \$3000.

#### ALL THERE WAS

In the car, from Messenger Hill. Firing off their pistols before they entered the car attracted the attention of Conductor Wilkinson, who rushed out and was immediately fired upon. He returned to the train. Mr. Charles Hughes, of Jackson, Tenn., then ran out with a Winchester rifle. As he stepped to the ground from the smoking car he was fired upon; one shot struck him in the left arm, another through his stomach, inflicting fatal wounds. The death of this young man is very sad, as he is the only support of a widowed mother. Nine shots were fired afterward by Conductor Williamson and Traveling Passenger Agent Cochran and four or five by the robbers. The latter succeeded in

#### MAKING THEIR ESCAPE.

The passengers were greatly alarmed, fearing for the safety of their valuables and lives. It is believed that neither of the men was hit by the shots fired at them. The place of the robbery was an open low marsh about 50 yards from the woods. Both the robbers ran eastward into a swamp. A posse is being organized to join in the chase and bloodhounds are secured to aid in trailing them.

CAMP POPLAR RIVER, Montana, Dec. 16.—At Fort Peck Indian agency yesterday "Pretty Boy," a Yankton Sioux, while intoxicated, made a murderous attack on his squaw. He felled her to the ground with a blow from a club and then jumped on her body and attempted to

#### SCALP HER.

Several Indian policemen tried to seize him but he broke away and ran to a tepee and securing a Winchester opened fire, instantly killing two and wounding a third. He then proceeded to where the squaw was lying and shot the top of her head off. This done, the mad buck tried to escape, firing repeatedly at the Indians who were pursuing him. Finding escape impossible, he stopped finally and shot himself through the head. The affair has created a great deal of excitement, and had it not been for the presence of two companies of the Twentieth Infantry, who interfered, a

#### GENERAL FIGHT

would have occurred. An investigation is in progress to ascertain who supplied the Indian with liquor, and if the party be located, he will be dealt with severely.

SUAKIM, Dec. 25.—Khalifa writes a letter to Osman Digna stating that the steamer expedition to the equator commanded by Osman Saleh, landed at Larhad, where Emin Pasha and a white traveler were delivered to them in chains by Emin's officers and troops. Osman Saleh, in a letter to Khalifa, stated that he reached Lado on October 11 and that the Khedive had sent the white traveler named Stanley with a letter telling Emin to go with Stanley and offering the remainder of his force option about going to Cairo. Permission was granted to enter the Turkish service and they were gladly received by Osman Saleh. He heard that another traveler visited Emin but had gone and he was searching for him.

SUAKIM, Dec. 16.—A reconnaissance was made on the left and rear of the rebels' position today. The party was headed by Gen. Greenfield and advanced under a heavy fire from the forts. The Arabs opened fire but did no damage.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—Boulangier conservative journals violently denounce the rejection of the Panama Canal bill. Camille Dreyfus writes: "The deputies' abandonment of \$50,000 shareholders is a crime for which the policy of defamation pursued for the past sixteen months is responsible. For fear of suspicion the deputies permitted citizens to be ruined when they did not risk a sou to save them."

PARIS, Dec. 16.—When De Lesseps heard of the rejection of his Panama Canal bill, his face blanched and his hands became cold. He soon recovered his usual calmness, however, and

spoke sadly of the wreck, of the fearful disaster to himself and the nation. LONDON, Dec. 16.—A Suakim dispatch to the Times says the natives do not believe the equatorial provinces have submitted to the Mahdi. If they had, natives say, a proclamation to the people of Emin's territory and other official acts of the Mahdi would have been made public and the surrender of Suakim would have been demanded. A coast guard steamer which just arrived from the south heard nothing of the alleged capture.

#### ANOTHER OPINION.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—Herr Merensky, chief of the African missions, thinks that Emin has been captured, but not Stanley. It is more than likely, he said, that the white traveler referred to by Osman Digna is Captain Cassak, the Italian explorer. Lieutenant Wissman has received no counter order as yet with regard to the relief expedition.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Frederick Von Oberkampf and Thomas Mack, on trial for the wholesale robbery of street letter boxes for this city, were found guilty this evening by the jury in the United States Court. Sentence has been deferred. Oberkampf is said to have given the postoffice inspectors

#### VALUABLE INFORMATION.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 15.—Special to the Picayune from Grand Coteau says: Information has been received of a shooting affray a short distance from town. Two men are reported killed, one woman seriously hurt, and several men hurt. There is no further information other than that the participants are all white.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Dec. 15.—Alderman Holmes, who was ordered by the White Caps a few days ago to resign within forty-eight hours and leave the city, has heard from his persecutors again. This morning a dynamite bomb was found on his piazza. The fuse had been ignited but expired before the explosion could occur.

#### HER BODY FOUND.

BIRMINGHAM, Dec. 15.—The body of Irene Hawes, the second daughter of Dick Hawes, was found in the lake at Lake View this morning. The water had been drained until it was only a foot or two deep. The child wore a small slip half covering the body, and a hemp cord fastened to two heavy fish plates weighing 30 pounds each was fastened to the babe. It was found near the point where Mrs. Hawes' body was discovered.

The find caused no excitement, as the people expected for a week that it would be found near where the mother's body was discovered. When told that the body of his other missing child had been found, Hawes had nothing to say except to ask indifferently where it was. Trouble is expected tonight, but the guard at the jail has been increased as a matter of precaution.

#### FIGHT IN COURT.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 15.—A special to the American from Jackson, Tenn., says: During a trial before Esquire Ezum in the tenth district of this county yesterday over a settlement between Tom Brown and a colored family named Hicks, Will Hicks cross-questioned Miss Fannie Brown in rather an abrupt manner and he was told by her brother Tom to be more careful. The negro replied with oath and knocked Brown down. The other negroes and Peter Brown, a brother of Tom, joined in a general fight. Tom Brown cut one or two negroes with a knife and stabbed the mother of Will Hicks in the throat. Tom Brown and his brother were also badly hurt. At last accounts the negroes were armed. There was much excitement and danger of further trouble.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 15.—A special to the Globe from Rolla, Dakota, says: Trouble has been brewing on the Turtle Mountain reservation for some time. The half breeds have become over-officials in helping themselves to government rations, there being now several hundred on the reservation from Manitoba. A company of soldiers arrived from Fort Totten today, who will assist Agent Brenner in driving off those not belonging there. Trouble is anticipated.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—Terrible storms have been raging for three days in the department of Pyrenes Orientales, flooding villages and causing wrecks and much loss of life.

BRADFORD, Pa., Dec. 16.—A dynamite magazine three miles from Bradford, containing 500 pounds of dynamite, blew up this morning, doing great damage to surrounding property. No one injured.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—The Emperor today gave audience to Count Rascon, the new Spanish minister, who presented his credentials and Count Debnomer's letters of recall.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 16.—At Todd-town, Ind., Ferguson shot and killed his wife this morning then shot himself. Both died immediately. Temporary insanity.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—Advices from South Africa say the King of Swaziland recently caused the massacre of his premier and six chiefs and their people, who were supposed to be concerned in a plot to dethrone him in favor of his brother.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 16.—The coroner's jury today held an inquest on the body of Irene Hawes, found in the lake yesterday, and returned a verdict that deceased came to her

death at the hands of her father, R. R. Hawes.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—The *Fressingener Zeitung* and other newspapers argue that if Osman Digna's reports are true the Wissman expedition will be useless. Some journals argue that it would take at least four months to cover the distance which the reports must travel from Lado and that therefore they must be false.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—Two or three small meetings of anarchists and socialists were held today, but they developed nothing sensational.

Mrs. Parsons, contrary to announcement, did not arrive home tonight from her trip to Europe. A committee of her friends who were to meet her at the depot were notified last evening that she would not reach the city till tomorrow.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 16.—Judge Ross, in the United States Court yesterday, rendered an interesting decision as to the rights of Indians living on their own reservation to exercise tribal laws and pass sentences of death. The case was that of Billy Whaley, Pouchy (Francis, Scott, Luke and Pete and John Chino, Tule River Indians, charged with the murder of their medicine man, Juan Baptiste, because twenty of his patients had died under his care, and the Indians believed he was systematically

#### POISONING THEM.

To defendants was assigned the task of disposing of the doctor, which they did by shooting him. They were allowed to plead guilty of manslaughter, but their counsel raised the point that the court had no jurisdiction.

Judge Ross, in his decision, decided that under the act of Congress of 1883, all Indians committing crimes against the persons or property of other Indians or other persons within the territory of the United States, are amenable to the laws of the United States, whether living on their own reservation or not. The defendants were sentenced to five years' imprisonment and fined \$1 each.

MEMPHIS, Dec. 17.—Officials of the Southern Express Co. say their loss by the train robbery on Saturday night near Duck Hill, Miss., will not exceed \$30,000. The train which followed had \$39,000 in the express car.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—The steamer *Jasper Worthington*, for Glasgow, was foundered off the Wigtown coast. The crew of 11 were drowned.

PARIS, Dec. 17.—A Bourse speculator named Bex, whose operations were principally in copper, has defaulted for 12,000,000 francs. Another failure is expected.

#### A BILK ARRESTED.

W. Cole, alias Carey, Arrested for Forgery.

The following dispatch appears in the *San Francisco Chronicle*:

"Los Angeles, Dec. 8.—About four months ago a young man named S. C. Cole arrived in Salt Lake City. He associated in Mormon society with prominent members of the Church. He was pleasant-mannered and soon made warm friends. He professed conversion to Mormonism, and was conducted through the mysteries of the endowment house and was petted as a brand plucked from the fire of Gentile destruction. He was a particular friend of John W. Young, son of Brigham Young, and secured his confidence to such an extent that Young made him chief bookkeeper in the Salt Lake office of the Fort Douglas Railroad, a local line which is controlled by Young. Everything went well until about three weeks ago, when one evening a large amount of money was received at the railroad office too late to be deposited in the bank and was put in the safe. That evening the safe was robbed. As the money was taken by some one who knew the combination, much against his will Mr. Young was forced to suspect Cole. Detectives were employed to secure evidence, but the wily convert gave them the slip and started for California. He reached here this evening and ran right into the arms of Detectives Harris and Metzler, who locked him in the city jail."

Some of the foregoing statements are correct, and others convey an idea the reverse of truthful. Wm. Cole, as the individual now under arrest called himself while here, came to Salt Lake He professed belief in the Gospels and urgently requested baptism. A. nothing was known against him, this could not be denied, but as to anything further there is absolutely no truth in the story he has evidently told. Instead of being "petted" here, his rasping voice and Paul Pry manners caused him to be looked upon immediately with suspicion, many people in whose presence he came expressing the opinion that he was no good. Others, while they had no confidence in him, did not wish to crowd him down if he had a desire to live aright, and took a charitable view of the situation. He was compelled to leave one boarding house because his attentions to a young lady were offensive, and when she informed him that she desired no acquaintance with him, his conduct was not that of a gentleman. He was also detected in a number of falsehoods.

He was not a "particular friend" of Hon. John W. Young, nor his chief bookkeeper. He was given a situation as an underclerk, out of charity, as he represented himself as in straitened financial circumstances. A few weeks

ago \$600 was taken from a drawer in the office of the Salt Lake & Fort Douglas R. R.; if Cole is the guilty party, (and those who know the facts in the case have no doubt on this point), he had watched the chief clerk put the cash aside and had taken it when opportunity offered. No evidence could be obtained against him at first, and even until the last day of his stay in Salt Lake there was not enough on which to warrant his arrest. On that day, however, he is said to have robbed two or three of his fellow clerks of small sums, and departed for the west. It was not till after his departure that the evidence of his guilt could be got together. It was known which way he had gone, and word was sent to the officers in that direction. The officers were regarded his arrest as a foregone conclusion.

Meanwhile they had received a request from East Saginaw, Michigan, to arrest W. W. Carey for forgery and obtaining money under false pretenses. Accompanying the Michigan letter was a photograph of the man wanted. The picture was that of Cole; there could be no doubt of the identity. The East Saginaw chief of police was notified of Cole's story in Salt Lake, and that he would be soon heard from at either San Francisco or Los Angeles. Then a message was sent to the latter places to hold Cole, or Carey, subject to orders from Michigan, and it is upon the charges of forgery and obtaining money under false pretenses that he is now being held in the City of the Angels. He is to be taken back to the Wolverine State, and after he gets through with the charges there he will be booked for his crimes in Utah. He formerly represented the Fawcett Durham Tobacco and Snuff Company, of Durham, North Carolina. Claiming to be still their agent he secured money by means of forged telegrams. While in Salt Lake he represented himself as a single man; but he had deserted his wife, who now resides at Briggs, P. O., Clark County, Virginia.

#### From the Press.

"The Story of the Book of Mormon" is just issued from the press of the publisher, J. H. Parry, 27 and 29 W. South Temple Street. The author is Elder George Reynolds, who is already well known to the community as a careful student of the Book of Mormon, and well qualified to handle the subject treated of in the new publication. The volume contains 300 pages of matter, printed in clear type, on fine paper, and good binding; the design on the cover represents the angel Moroni showing the plates of the Book of Mormon to Joseph Smith. The work is the most handsomely illustrated of any book yet published in Utah, containing over forty beautiful engravings. In the preface the author says:

"Much that this volume contains has been peened at various intervals, from the days we were in prison for conscience sake, where portions were written, to the present; and now we present it to the reader with the feeling that the work is but commenced; that what remains unsaid is probably as important as what is given; but with the hope that what we have done will not prove ineffectual in spreading the truth, in increasing knowledge concerning God's dealings with mankind, and aiding in the development of the purposes of Jehovah. If this be accomplished we shall feel that great has been our reward."

"The volume presents one unique feature, in that it is the first attempt to illustrate the Book of Mormon; and we have pleasure in realizing that the leading illustrations are the work of home artists. To break fresh ground in such a direction is no light undertaking; the difficulties are numerous, in the absence of information in the Book of Mormon of the dress and artificial surroundings of the people whose history it recounts."

"Not the least interesting feature of the book will, we believe, be found in the reproduction of portions of certain ancient Aztec historical charts. These have been the subjects of controversy for centuries past; many efforts have been made at their translation; but all such attempts have been ineffectual and in many cases ludicrous. It required the publication of the Book of Mormon to turn on them the light of Divine Truth, when their interest at once became apparent."

"The story of the Book of Mormon" gives the history of ancient America, from the date of the building of the Tower of Babel down to 400 years after Christ. The narrative is in continuous form, and is a deeply interesting account of the rise and fall of the great nations that formerly dwelt upon the western continent, and whose degenerate descendants we are now acquainted with as the American Indians. We have no hesitancy in commending this volume to the Latter-day Saints, and especially to the young people as worthy of careful reading and studious consideration."

They do some things well even in Russia. There has recently been adopted on all Russian railroads, an ingenious device. It consists merely of a tablet, conspicuously displayed in each compartment of the train, bearing the name of the next stopping place. A simple bit of mechanism enables one of the train hands to make the necessary change for each station. Such an arrangement is comparatively inexpensive and is of very great service to passengers.

#### Shad in Utah Lake.

SALT LAKE CITY,

Dec. 14, 1888.

#### Editor Deseret News:

The following letter from Hon. Marshall McDonald, United States Fish Commissioner, will no doubt interest your readers:

UNITED STATES COMMISSION OF FISH AND FISHERIES, Washington, D.C., Dec. 8, 1888.

Dear Mr. Musser—It is very gratifying to have the evidence of success suggested by your letter just received. Cannot you send me, in alcohol, a specimen of the shad, so that it may be identified beyond a peradventure? If the specimen obtained be one of those planted last spring, the rate of growth indicates an abundant food supply for young fish in the fresh water. If there is like abundance for the fish in the salt and brackish water, I will feel well assured of the success of this important experiment in acclimation, which I have had so much to heart. Will write further about the spotted catfish.

M. McDONALD, Commissioner.

I will add, as an instance of the practical results of the U. S. Fish Commission work, that the shad catch from Cape Fear, South Carolina, to Cape Cod, Massachusetts, in 1880, was 4,800,000, and then they were shrinking every year in numbers. In 1881 the commission commenced distributing shad fry between those two points, and in 1885 the catch numbered 5,125,000; in 1886, 5,750,000; in 1887, 6,700,000. In round numbers the increase in the value of the catch was \$400,000, and at a cost of less than \$30,000 per annum. If the shad already planted in Utah Lake and Jordan River (and the plant we hope to make next June in Bear Lake) pan out as well as we expect, ere very long Utah will be exporting instead of importing this excellent fish, as we are now doing by the tons from Sacramento.

A. MILTON MUSSER.

#### Provo Items.

Manager Graham has just arranged to give his patrons a rare treat. The Lydia Thompson English Opera Company will appear in the Provo Opera House on the evening of the 27th of December. No doubt the entire country as well as Nephi will be well represented in the audience on that occasion. To justify the performance by such a large and excellent company it will be necessary to make a considerable advance in the price of admission.

A programme for enjoyment is in preparation for the whole of the holiday week.

A drizzling rain has set in, with the apparent intention of seeing the week out.

The inmates of the County Court House are no longer compelled to watch the refractory stove, but rejoice in a brand new steam heater. The Central schoolhouse is also heated by steam.

Among the mercantile houses now doing their best to captivate the eye of the passer with gorgeous display show windows, none of them will pretend to compete with S. S. Jones. His artistic exposition is something extraordinary.

Provo, Dec. 14, 1888.

#### Manti Matters.

Work has been commenced on the Alexander mine for the season. The owners expect to strike something big before long. May their most sanguine expectations be realized.

Mr. Thomas Cloward, of Moroni, was unloading wood on Monday, when a stick got caught in his shirt and threw him to the ground, and his ankle was broken by the fall. The doctor was summoned and set the bone, but the injury was so serious that it will be some time before he is around again.

At the theatre on Monday night, one of Manti's smart Alicks laughed during one of Parthenia's most dramatic and touching speeches. He occupied a seat on one of the front rows and the laugh was very rude and annoying to the players. In the midst of his hilarity Mr. Lindsay "fired" him with his eagle eye. The laugh dwindled to a giggle, the giggle became a grin, faded to a sickly smile, slid off at the corners of his mouth, and it was as good as a farce to those who saw him try to look like he was not the man who laughed—*Sentinel*, 12th.

The Arizona Mineral Belt Railroad, running south from the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad at Flagstaff, has been sold at sheriff's sale to satisfy liens against it amounting to \$42,000. It was purchased by Major D. M. Kierdan for \$40,440.

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