ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

THE OLDEST NEWSPAPER — THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 231 TUESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1891, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIV

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Rumors of Riots in Hotan Bandits Said Hupeh and Return to the Hills.

ALL REPORTED QUIET IN TIENTSIN AT PRESENT.

The Emperor of Japan Proclaims the Annexation of Three Islands, in the Pacific.

By Telegraph to the News.

NEWS PARAGRAPHS.

Doings of the People of the Chinese and Japanese Empires.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 24.—The steamship "City of Rio Janeiro" arrived today from China and Japan. The information received says that riots are prevalent in Hupeh and Kiangsi, of various riots in Hotan. The riots were supposed to have invaded Hupeh and to be marching on Hankow. It transpired that the rioters were due to a raid of mountain bandits, who burned the roadside inns on the Hupeh frontier and, after plundering them, returned to the hills.

Advices from Tientsin of July 13th report all quiet in that vicinity. A typhoon which passed near Hong Kong, doing much damage, caused the British gunboat "Tweed" to break from her moorings and sink in deep water.

Japanese advices reported the death of Clemens Yoshiu, formerly minister to the United States.

It is announced that the Emperor is about to issue a proclamation announcing to Japan three volcanic islands in the Pacific ocean, formerly known as the Low Choo Islands. They are said to be well adapted for Japanese colonies.

In some quarters, a large increase in the Japanese fleet, to make it as strong as the Chinese navy, is being urged.

A fire at Toyama, Japan, on the 6th, destroyed nearly nine thousand houses.

A letter was received at the Chinese consulate in Kobe last month threatening the life of Admiral Ting of the Chinese fleet, which was then in Japanese waters. A body guard of Japanese police was appointed and attended the admiral during his stay at Kobe.

As a result of the storms of Nagasaki Kou, July 31st, eleven persons were killed and much damage done at Ashiya. A number of foreign vessels were carried away and their crews are missing. The embankment of the river Ogiu gave way and over a hundred houses were washed away. The total loss of life had not been ascertained. Much damage was done in other provinces.

THE NEW YORK DISASTER.

Dead Bodies Still Found: A Dangerous Able Is Set.

NEW YORK, August 24.—By noon two more bodies were found. So far only the edge of the ruins has been searched. It is firmly believed that at least fifty bodies are still under the debris. It is thought that by tomorrow afternoon all the bodies will be recovered.

Six more bodies were found in the ruins at 4 o'clock, five of which were the bodies of women and girls and one that of a boy. These were identified by friends.

District Attorney Nichols is considering the question of indicting three persons as persons responsible for the disaster. After a long consultation with his chief assistant, ex-Judge Bedford, he placed the case in the hands of Assistant District Attorney Townsend.

By 9 o'clock two more bodies were recovered.

The odor of decomposed flesh that arises from the ruins is becoming almost unbearable, and disinfectants seem to produce but little effect.

City Chamberlain Tracy, whose mother owned the wrecked building, said today regarding the condition:

"It was built in 1872, and was acquired by my mother in 1887. I've always understood that it was well constructed and had never been condemned, nor was it considered unsafe. Regarding the claim that the stock of material and the heavy presses on the upper floors caused it to collapse, there's nothing in it, for it was the same material used for the same purpose that it was used for at the time of the fire. From what I have been able to learn, I think the cause of the accident was a fire, followed by an explosion."

A man who has been engaged for thirty-five years in printing and printing machinery in position said today that the presses of Hills & McDonald and Lefferts & Mase were so placed that the vibration ran with the beams and joists, and that an eight-inch rolling pin was insufficient to support the enormous weight on it. On a piece of the floor alone, he said, stood nearly forty tons of machinery.

John Thomfield, proprietor of the paint store at No. 79 Park place, is now missing since shortly after the disaster, and his relatives think the fateful morning he witnessed after the crash came, unsettled his mind and he has strayed away. They have reported to the police.

Two more bodies were recovered at 11 o'clock. But little progress was made in the excavation to-night. At 8:30 to-night a total of thirty-five bodies had been recovered. Of these twenty are identified. The total number reported missing is eighty-eight. The full list of identified bodies is as follows: Leonard Cox, John Gibbs, Sarah Ann Heagny, Michael Slattery, Andrew H. Petersen, George Low, Gustav Zeisler, Jacob Heidenreich, Charles Breiner, Otto Walzer, Frank Hach, Abraham Dorschopki, Gustav Richter, John Stubbs, Edward Stadback, Maggie Quinn, Lizzie Bolin, Nannie Williams, Mary Dedalton, Conrad Schmidt.

The Sugar Industry in the Argentine Republic.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—The Bureau of American republics has received official statistics relative to the progress of the sugar industry in the province of Tucuman in the Argentine republic. The area of cane plantations this year is 42,500 acres, which, at the rate of production, will yield 1,625,000,000 pounds of cane. The gross value of the crop this year is estimated at $12,750,000, as compared with $9,350,000 in 1889. This year's yield is estimated at 98,000,000 pounds.

Satisfactory Exercises in Alaska.

ST. LOUIS, August 24.—Dr. W. V. Kingsbury, surgeon of United States Geological survey party, has returned to this city after a two years' absence. He states that the results of the party's researches have been most satisfactory. One of the principal things accomplished was the giving of the United States three miles more territory along the northwestern boundary of Alaska than it was supposed to have.

The Suspected Columbus Grove Robber.

CLEVELAND, August 24.—A special from Ottawa, O., says James Roberts, the suspected Columbus Grove bank robber and murderer, was lodged in jail there today. People have been coming into town all day, and tonight there is a big crowd on hand. No demonstration has been made yet, but it is generally believed an attempt to lynch the prisoner will be made tonight. Sheriff Williamson has barricaded the jail, and the Blue Guards, a local military company, have been ordered here to reserve to suppress mob violence.

The Sons of Veterans.

MINNEAPOLIS, August 24.—The grand commandery went into executive session at 2 o'clock. The principal business was the reception of the annual reports.

The evening session was devoted to official reports and communications from the various divisions.

Anti-Semitic Agitation in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, August 24.—The latest organization was beginning an agitation against the admission of any more Russian Hebrew emigrants to this city. The dissatisfaction has become so great that decisive steps will be taken to make it the topic of national agitation. It is averred that numerous Russian emigrants who recently came into this city, by working for less than Americans, have taken employment from a large number of Americans.

Humbert Grants Amnesty.

ROME, August 24.—King Humbert unveiled the monument of Victor Emanuel at Mondovi. The ceremony was the occasion of loyal demonstrations of the part of the populace. The King signed a decree granting amnesty to all evaders of the military service from the year 1869 to 1872. This affects 80,000 men.

Indian Reservations Swarming with Intruders

GUTHRIE, O. T., August 24.—Major Weigel, the government inspector, who returned today from an extended trip to the different Indian reservations, reports them to be literally swarming with settlers, many of whom have already platted towns and established local governments. He recommends that cavalry troops be sent to drive out the intruders.

Balmaceda's Cruelty.

HAMBURG, August 24.—A dispatch from a Hamburger from Santiago de Chile says that on the 19th inst. sixty unarmed youths, belonging to good families, while holding a political meeting, were massacred by a detachment of cavalry by order of President Balmaceda. The message has caused indignation among all classes.

Demanded Money and Got It.

CINCINNATI, August 24.—Late this afternoon in Milford, twelve miles north, a young man at the point of a revolver, demanded money of several persons and got it. He then went outside the village and shot himself dead. There are no means of identifying him. Assistant District Attorney Townsend, of Milford that he was the real Columbus bank robber.

Large Receipts of Wheat at Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, August 24.—The receipts of wheat at this point within the past few weeks have been very large. The receipts today are reported at 57 cars. The various roads have a total of over 2300 cars of unloaded grain here.

Five Persons Killed by the Explosion of a Boiler.

VIENNA, August 24.—A dispatch from Neusatz, a town on the Danube, says the boiler of the Danube Company's steamer "Apostag" exploded today, killing five people and seriously injuring two others.

An Explosion at a Colliery.

CARDIFF, Wales, August 24.—An explosion took place today at a colliery near Merthyr Tydvil, Wales. Two persons were suffocated in the mines. The men who lost their lose of life are nobody is reported missing.

Backed over a Bluff with Fatal Results

PORTLAND, Ore., August 24.—While Peter Teichella, his wife and three children were out driving the horse became frightened and began to back. He was unable to stop the animal, which backed the vehicle over a bluff twenty-five feet high. His wife and one daughter were instantly killed, and the other children seriously injured. Teichella and the horse were only slightly bruised.

William Hopes for Peace.

BERLIN, August 24.—In a speech at the Mersburg banquet today the Emperor said he would never neglect a chance to promote the interests of agriculture. We all hope for peace, he said, and should war come, it would not be our fault.

The Martinique Disaster.

PARIS, August 24.—Latest advices from Martinique say that 340 persons perished in the recent hurricane. This does not include the shipwreck fatalities.

Maryland for Cleveland.

BALTIMORE, August 24.—Ex-Governor Lowie, who has been to Saratoga where Senator Gorman now is, is authority for the statement that Gorman told a prominent Connecticut politician who spoke to him about the president that Maryland's vote in the national convention would be cast for Cleveland, as her people recognized the fact that Cleveland is the popular choice of the country, and would support him in the convention as long as he had a chance of winning.

TROUBLE GROWING

Between the National Commission of the World's Fair and the Local Directory.

LIVELY TIMES LOOKED FOR NEXT WEEK.

The Local Board Wants a Confidential Man for the Horticultural Department.

By Telegraph to the News.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Lively Times Looked for when the Directors Meet.

CHICAGO, August 24.—There is apparently trouble growing again between the National Commission of the World's Fair and the local directory, and lively times are looked for when the National Commission meets a week from to-morrow. The first row will undoubtedly develop when Director-General Davis reports to the commission that practically nothing has been done in the departments of horticulture and liberal arts. When the commissioners are asked in the cause of the delay they will be told that the directors have rejected three men in succession who were nominated for the horticultural chief and the south nominee, Mr. Samuels of Kentucky, has been hung up until the directors decide whether it will be safe to reject him also.

The local board is understood to have declared that it will have a California man for the place, probably Shortt of Pasadena. The Director-General, however has the power of nomination. To the chief of each department he has the right to name Mr. Davis the directors may reject all other nominations for the office. With all this before them the commissioners will come to call upon the directors to explain why they are delaying the horticulture department by a failure to ratify the appointment of a chief. If a satisfactory nominee is not given the commission has it in their power to make things very unpleasant for the local board, and probably will do so.

Commissioner De Young says the manufactures and liberal arts building is so arranged that it will not contain room enough for the three departments that are to go under its roof. The classification meeting accepted De Young's resolution concerning his figures, and recommending the commission to ask for another building in which to place the liberal arts and scientific exhibits.

The contractors at the grounds are making notable progress with the construction work. The buildings for the agricultural, administration, electricity, horticultural, mines, manufactures, transportation and woman's departments are under way, and the latter will be under roof within a fortnight.

Assessed Valuation of Property in the United States.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—The Census Bureau has issued a bulletin on the assessed valuation of the real and personal property of the several States and Territories. The bulletin shows that the assessed value of all property has increased in the last decade $2,344,398,371. Illinois shows an apparent decrease of $20,200,000, because the State board of equalization declares that in 1890 the assessed value was 50 per cent, and in 1891 only 25 per cent. of the true value. Among the States showing an increase are the following: California, $54,000,000; Idaho, $19,184,000; Montana, $37,875,000; Nevada, $4,028,000; Utah, $9,952,000; Washington, $100,955,000; Oregon, $13,574,000. The per capita valuation per capita, exclusive of Oklahoma, in 1890 was $262.23, an increase of about $30 over 1880.

Famine in Chihuahua.

SAN ANTONIO, August 24.—A private letter from Albert Garcia, a prominent citizen of the State of Chihuahua, Mexico, tells of the misery depicted and pitiable famine in that State. There has been no rain in many sections of the State for nearly two years. Cattle are dying by thousands. Men, women and children by scores are driven mad by hunger. President Diaz has been appointed to a very long period the customs duties in order that breadstuffs from the United States can be gotten in the starving people with the least cost.

Heavy Mortality Among Cattle.

MONTREAL, August 24.—A cable today brought the news of a very heavy mortality among the cattle on the steamer "Loch Lomond," which arrived at Dundee from Montreal. The steamship met with a heavy gale and so fever than 120 of 520 cattle on board perished on the voyage, while the remainder are in a very bad condition.

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

They are Said to Have Combined Against China.

LONDON, August 24.—The London Times' Paris correspondent sends the following story under reserve: "Admiral Gervais took a personal agreement to France's Minister of Marine and Russia to assist each other in the event of a Chinese rising against foreigners, each nation further agreeing not to protect the other's missionaries. Admiral Gervais brought the agreement back in a modified form, it is supposed that Foreign Minister Ribot insisted on final a subject for agreement which would not give sinologue to the power."

The People's Party.

BOSTON, August 24.—The People's party State Central Committee met here today, elected officers, voted to put up a State ticket in the fall of the fall and adopted a platform. The platform endorses the Cincinnati platform, demands the issue of United States Treasury notes in sufficient volume to transact the business of the country on a cash basis; demands the enactment of laws which will prevent tax dodging; favors a graduated tax upon inheritances; favors government ownership of all means of transportation and intercommunication; recognizes that the people shall assume control of any branch of commerce through National, State or municipal Administration, when it becomes evident that such branch is used for a few men at the expense of the general public; especially advocates municipal and public domain; has the inspection, manufacture and sale of all spirituous liquors be conducted by the government of the state; declares in favor of an eight-hour day; favors compulsory training in the public schools; demands that the employment of private armed bodies be made a penal offense; favors compulsory emigration; declares against convict labor; favors woman suffrage and insurance by the States.

Sued for Libel.

SARATOGA, N. Y., August 24.—W. A. McEwein, publisher of the Saratogian, has been sued for $10,000 libel by W. J. Arkell. The paper this morning intimated that the President's visit here had been used to commercial advantage by certain parties, and in the article mentioned Arkell's name.

Cannot Will Visit England.

LONDON, August 24.—The Brussels's Paris correspondent says there is high authority for the statement that the Queen declines to decorate President Carnot with the military order of the Bath. It is stated that Carnot will visit England in the spring.

Bismarck's Autobiography.

BERLIN, August 24.—Prince Bismarck has partly written five chapters of his autobiography.

Women Professors.

What is there so incongruous in a woman professor in universities, where men are educated with women? This is the question Mrs. M. Louise Thomas and others are asking, who are trying to raise funds to endow a woman's college in a northern university. Why is it that a woman teacher is deemed so necessary through all the grades, from the primary to those of the university, but not in the high school, and yet she should be deemed so pernicious and disastrous in colleges? Whether there are good reasons or not, the experiment is to be given a fair trial, for very recently the toll providing for a woman professorship at the State University of Michigan has become a law.

Not far behind comes the news also that Dr. Lucy Sewall, one of Boston's best women, a woman of high attainments, has conferred on a woman the honor of naming an important professorship after her—that of Roman—to be known hereafter as the Sewall professorship of Roman Archæology. The Sewall chair of Latin, which chair has just been created as an endowment from ex-Governor John Evans the sum of $50,000.—Brooklyn Eagle.

How the Millionaires Turn Tail.

It is possible that before our soldiers get to close quarters with the enemy they will see the latter turn tail. Let them not be discouraged. The enemy is different thing with the Million to what it is with us. The inhabitants of one group of villages, the Bengkoes, are notorious for wearing conical sponges. This, of course, is a helmet. It is fashioned of wood, eighteen inches long, curved upward, tapering to a point.

This is fitted to the back, being suspended from the shoulders and secured in position by a cord which is tied tightly around the waist. This singular appointment is worn in battle, and is intended to signify defiance. The wearers turn their backs toward the adversary, and, by balancing the head alternately on either leg, wag the tail defiantly in his very face.—National Review.

Where Grace Time.

At one of the table d'hote dinners of the Fellowcraft club one man said: "I know that your device might be the venue of Erinaldus, 'Without love bring honor or saying Lord Hold.' You write five or six columns every day. To use this, in literary work treasure or is it not?" The other replied: "Not to the mind. It is nothing to unroll the scrabbled manuscript and to be tied tightly by the wrists. Nothing over one's paper and the pulling of one's hair gives pains in the back." It reminded a third person of an interview with Sarah Bernhardt, when he asked, "In playing scenes of the State in parody so much suffering, don't you feel terrible pains in your heart?" "Oh, no," she said sadly; "it's in the legs."—New York Times.

He Paid the Bills.

She—You are always talking about the fashions. Now, honestly, do you think that you would know the latest fashion in hats if you were to enter a millinery?

He—Certainly.

She—How?

He (coolly)—By looking at the prices.—Exchange.

Preparing for Hot Weather.

The following telegram from Whitewright, Texas, indicates that the people in that vicinity do not intend to be caught unprepared:

WHITEWRIGHT, Texas, June 6, 1891.—Chamberlain & Co., Des Moines, Iowa: Ship us at once one gross Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, 25 cent size, and two dozen 50 cent size. We are entirely out and have had nearly forty calls for it this week. O. T. RAYMUNK.

Title is just such a medicine as every family should be provided with during hot weather, when bowel falls and is pleasant to take. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 4 d&s

UNIVERSITY OF DESERET.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

The first term of the academic year (1891-2) of the University of Deseret will begin at 9 a. m. Monday, September 14th, 1891.

All the courses have been changed and some of them have been extended.

A Mining Department, Military Science and Tactics, and Pedagogics courses have been added.

Students of both sexes, over fourteen years of age, are admitted without charges for tuition to any course they are prepared to pursue. There is an annual admission fee of five dollars for residents of the Territory, and twenty-five dollars for non-residents.

Students may receive from the President permits for reduced fare over the railways in Utah.

For further information apply to

JOHN R. PARK, M.D., President. 8d&s 1d

THE CHILEAN BATTLE.

Both Armies Take a Rest and Prepare for a Decisive Struggle.

BALMACEDA FORTIFIES HIS LINE OF DEFENSE.

Business Houses Closed in Valparaiso.—Balmaceda Sends out a Report.

By Telegraph to the News.

RESTING ON THEIR ARMS.

Neither Party in Clear in a Position to Assume the Offensive.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The *Herald* says: The cable at Vina del Mar touch was only stopped by darkness last night. There was no decisive result reached. Both armies rested during the day to put themselves in the best possible condition for the final struggle which must soon determine the destiny of Chile.

Balmaceda's line of defense yesterday was strongly fortified and was under the range of the Fort Callao guns. Many of his troops are now recruits, but there is a leaven of veterans among the line. The rebels dashed against the line of the Government troops, only to be repulsed with great bloodshed, and repeated attacks were made with no decisive advantage to either side. Under cover of a flag of truce the hospital corps were busy during the night, caring for the wounded. When morning came it was discovered that neither party was in position to assume the offensive, and a practical truce to-day with no fighting has been the result.

Neither party has been idle during the day. Scouting parties from the insurgent army have been scouring the country for supplies, and one of them cut the railroad to Santiago at Santa. The government forces were strengthening their line and maneuvering to get into a position which will preclude any successful attempt on the part of the enemy to get into the rear of the city of Valparaiso.

It is generally believed that General Canto, commander of the rebels, will attempt a flank movement when he assumes operations, and this the Balmacedists are attempting to frustrate. In the face of an army equal in value, as well armed and equipped, and at least equal if not superior in numbers, to force the line of the forts with their heavy guns, manned by expert and veteran gunners, defending Valparaiso from the northeast, consisting of Forts Callao, Podelto, Andes and Valparaiso, is a task to daunt the most confident general. If by any chance Balmaceda's army can be flanked and the insurgents can make a good position in the rear of the city they forts in the opinion of the foreign naval officers here, do it. General Canto is a veteran of the Peruvian war. He knows the country and realizes that if he can get heavy guns on the hill back of the city he will not only have a position which is practically impregnable from the attacks of any force which can be brought against him, but will enable him to totter down the city at his will.

Valparaiso is quiet to-day. All business houses, offices and stores are closed. Everybody who can do so has left the city and few people are seen on the streets.

While the Government reports critics "Admiralle Lynch" was sending the military men in the forts to keeping the rebel cruisers at long range, and thus preventing them from getting effective aid to the land forces, the treachery of one of her fourteen gound Hotchkiss guns blew out, instantly killing the gunner in charge.

BALMACEDA'S REPORT.

LIMA, August 24.—A Valparaiso telegram reports that Balmaceda's army at Vin del Mar has repulsed the insurgents, but the report is not confirmed. The telegram adds: "Balmaceda has ordered the 4,000 troops stationed at Coquimbo to proceed against Iquique.

A Pugilist Attacks His Manager.

MINOT CLEMORE, Mich., August 24.—Last night Jim Hall, the Australian pugilist, made an attack on his manager, Charles E. Davies, whose clergyman-like appearance has won for him the sobriquet of "Parson." The encounter was the outcome of a quarrel in the bar-room of a hotel. After a few words Hall struck violently at Davies with a bottle. His arm was caught by a bystander, but he attempted to repeat the blow. Davies grabbed a bennick knife lying on the bar and Hall's powerful fist and launched back at him with the knife, striking him in the throat and cutting a terrible gash from the chin to the ear.

"You've done me, Charley, but stay by me," exclaimed Hall, losing all further desire for pugilistic encounter. He will recover.

The Czar in Copenhagen.

COPENHAGEN, August 24.—King Christian and Crown Prince Frederick of Denmark and Prince George of Greece went on board the royal yacht this morning to meet the Czar of Russia. When they were alongside the imperial yacht they met cordially greeted the Czar, and the two yachts then entered the port. After disembarking the guard of honor, the Czar proceeded to Frederiksborg.

The Lake Erie and Western Strike.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., August 24.—The situation in the Lake Erie & Western strike among the brakemen and conductors remains about the same. The railroad company this morning brought about twenty-five men from Chicago to take their trains out, but no effort has yet been made to move the trains. The company applied to the sheriff for protection for their property, and also to the city authorities for police aid. The United States marshal swore in a number of deputies, the sheriff has another lot and the entire police force was ordered to report this afternoon, when an effort will be made to run the trains.

Exchanging Civilities.

LONDON, August 24.—Queen Victoria, shortly after reviewing the French fleet at Spithead Friday last, caused the following message to be telegraphed to President Carnot:

"I wish to express to you the great pleasure I have had in receiving Admiral Gervais and his officers at Osborne, and how much I enjoyed the French squadron which I have just reviewed."

To this message President Carnot replied:

"I beg your majesty to accept my sincere thanks for the generous reception you have accorded tonight to Admiral Gervais and his officers, and also for the sentiments expressed in regard to the French fleet."

A number of French officers today were conducted over the dockyards at Portsmouth and were shown the department devoted to the inspection of foreign ships.

Storm in Lancaster County.

LANCASTER, Pa., August 24.—Last night's storm in the eastern part of Lancaster county was the heaviest in thirty years. Some bridges, a number of buildings, crops and railroad tracks were washed away and many cattle drowned.

NO TRAINS ON THE READING.

READING, Pa., August 24.—As the result of last night's storm no trains are running on the Reading railroad between Reading and Lebanon. The culverts and tracks are washed out in a number of places.

THE FRENCH IN ENGLAND.

A Grand Military Fetes by French and English United.

PORTSMOUTH, August 24.—The French sailors were entertained today at a banquet by the municipal authorities. Simultaneously with the banquet, the dukes of Connaught and Cambridge entertained the French officers at the government house. The festivities were with a grand military fete by the united bands of the English and French fleets. During the evening the royal yacht, with the Queen on board, going from Osborne House to Portsmouth, en route to Balmoral, passed between the lines of the combined squadrons. She was heartily cheered by the English and French sailors, and salutes were fired in her honor.

Sir Powell's Report.

VICTORIA, B. C., August 24.—A letter dated August 6th has been received from Sir George Baden Powell, British sailing commissioner, now in fishing sea. He says all the rookeries on the Pribilof island have been invaded. Fifty schooners have been warned to leave, and several have been seized.

The schooner "Laura" returned to this port this morning with only eighty skins for the season's catch.

Baseball.

PITTSBURG, 8; BOSTON, 3. Batteries, Mallon, Kinslow, Gumbert.

CINCINNATI, 10; NEW YORK, 5. Batteries—Mullane, Harbridge; Crotter, Buckley. Called at the end of the eighth inning.

CHICAGO, 11; BROOKLYN, 1. Batteries—Vickery, Schriver; Chamberlin, Kinzer.

CLEVELAND, 8; PITTSBURG, 12. Batteries—Gruber, Young, Zimmer; Ewing, Gammon.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION—BOSTON.

BOSTON, 6; ATHLETIC, 1.

BALTIMORE, 12; WASHINGTON, 6. Called at the end of the eighth inning.

LOUISVILLE, 4; ATHLETIC, 3.

DENVER, 7; KANSAS CITY, 7. Twelve innings.

ROCHESTER, 11; TOLEDO, 4.

SIOUX CITY, 11; OMAHA, 4.

Gutenberg Races.

NEW YORK, August 24.—The track at Gutenberg was limpy and the weather warm.

Five furlongs—Dixie won, Donnine second, Trinity third. Time—1:04½.

Five furlongs—Wigwam won, Versatile second, Adalgisa third. Time—1:03½.

Six and a half furlongs—Salisbury won, Tremaine second, Romance third. Time—1:25.

Nine furlongs—Longford won, Theodosia second, Kimberly third. Time—2:04.

Mile—Climax won, Little Fred second, Blackburn third. Time—1:49½.

Mile—Annually won, Perlid second, Harrison third. Time—1:49.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, N. Y., August 24.—Five and a half furlongs—John Winkle won, Uncle Sim second, Neptune (Alois colt) third. Time—1:23.

One mile—Belle Hollow won, Lord Hirry second, Cestus third. Time—1:43½.

Six furlongs—Lady Pulsier won, Balgowan second, Lyonora third. Time—1:16½.

Five and a half furlongs—Worth won, Rose H. second, Belle of Orange third. Time—1:10.

Seven furlongs—Salvini won, Centaur second, Cleawood third. Time—1:31.

Trotting at Independence, Iowa.

INDEPENDENCE, Ia., August 24.—The struggle for the $20,000 thing up in harness by trotters and pacers today. Driving association began today under favorable circumstances.

Yearlings, $900—Margrave won, Westfall second, Wilmbeard third. Elliens fourth. Best time—2:45.

The 2:23 list, $1500—Honest George won in three straight heats, Rhimont second, Tom third, Mattie B. fourth. Best time—2:17.

Gun to beat 2:30 went in 2:24.

Purse to beat 2:18 went in 2:17.

Royal Wilkes to beat 2:16½ paced in 2:16½.

Garfield Park Races.

CHICAGO, August 24.—Garfield Park track was deep in mud.

Six furlongs—Bob McCart won, Horace Leland second, Bill Nye third. Time—1:17.

Mile and fifty yards—Blue Banner won, Joe Wheldon second, Unlucky third. Time—1:52½.

Six furlongs—Nora C. won, Cuba Chief second, Governor Rose third. Time—1:22.

Five furlongs—Cuverton won, Tillie S. second, Governor Porter third. Time—1:08.

Mile and fifty yards—Ora won, Marie L. second, Arizona third. Time—1:52½.

TO WRECK A TRAIN.

Daring Attempt by Two Negroes to Rob an Illinois Central Express.

A PIECE OF IRON FASTENED ON THE RAIL.

The Would-be Train Wreckers and Robbers Captured by a Posse.

By Telegraph to the News.

TWO NEGROES

Attempt to Wreck a Train, but Do Not Succeed.

MEMPHIS, August 24.—There was a daring attempt to wreck a train on the Illinois Central main line yesterday by fastening a piece of iron on the rail at a bridge near Hodge Springs. The engineer were seen sneaking from the vicinity by the engineer of the passenger train, which narrowly escaped being wrecked. It was secured an accurate description of the negroes, and after a chase of several hours caught them. They were separated, and each said enough to implicate the other. They after wards confessed that they intended to wreck the train for the purpose of robbery.

Canada Wants Quong Sam.

WASHINGTON, August 24.—At the request of the British minister, the order for the exportation to China of Quong Sam, convicted of illegal entry into the United States from Canada, has been suspended. Quong claimed to be a resident of Canada, and the British authorities are endeavoring to secure his return to that country.

A Disabled Steamer.

NEW YORK, August 24.—The Cunard line steamer "Servia," which left Liverpool last night for Boston, reported that on the 21st inst. at 7:30 p. m. she spoke the steamship "Norfolk" left Hamburg August 8th and Havre August 12th for New York, and when seen by the "Servia" had lost the three blades of her propeller.

A New Jersey Cyclone.

SUMMIT, N. J., August 24.—During the thunder-storm last evening a cyclone struck Long Hill in Passaic Valley. Orchards, cornfields and hundreds of tons of stacked hay were destroyed. The damage is over $100,000.

Russia Interested in the Fair.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 24.—The members of the foreign committee of the Chicago Columbian World's Fair commission have met with much success in their endeavors to secure representation at the fair. De Giers, minister of foreign affairs, and the minister of finance have secured the assurance that Russia's exhibit will surpass all previous efforts.

German Fair Commissioner Coming.

BERLIN, August 24.—Chancellor Von Caprivi has acceded to a request made by United States Minister Phelps and will allow Herr Wermuth, German commissioner to the Chicago Columbian Fair, to accompany the American commissioners when they return to the United States. Herr Wermuth will then be enabled to arrange all the minor details of the German exhibit. He will then return to this city, report to his government and proceed to assist the German manufacturers.

The Davis Will Case.

BUTTE, Mont., August 24.—The contestants in the Davis will case rested their case today, consisting with a list of depositions of Iowa people to impeach Bonne's veracity. Most of them wouldn't believe him under oath. The proponent's counsel then moved to strike out the testimony relating to the will of 1880 on the ground that it takes two witnesses to establish the contents of a will. The matter is still under argument.

Rubenstein and His Giver-phonches.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Among the arrivals at the large office today were Mr. and Mrs. Rubenstein from Odessa and their twenty-four children ranging in age from one to twenty-five years. They are seeking a home and will settle in this city. Mrs. Rubenstein is 40 years old.

The Shipyard Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, August 24.—The men who are on a strike at Cramp's shipyard held a meeting today. A number of the strike committee said, "Instead of 100 men out on the strike there are 200 all told." The same man said he thought the men would get what they asked for in a few weeks at the farthest.

The National Brewers.

ST. LOUIS, August 24.—Only routine business was transacted at today's meeting of the National Brewers' union. The Anheuser-Busch boycott will be taken up Wednesday. Another important matter to be acted on is the matter of reinstallation with the brewers of the Pacific coast, which numbers 800 men.

Resignation of the Peruvian Cabinet.

LIMA, August 24.—The Peruvian cabinet has resigned, the ministers having decided to preserve the Senate's interpellations regarding the attempted revolt in December last. A new ministry has been formed with Senor Barcon as premier and minister of war; Elmore minister of foreign affairs and Cartagal as minister of finance.

Japan Favors Protestantism.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 24.—Naval Lieutenant Rodinsdeff, for many years a resident of Japan, declares that the Mikado's government is anxiously awaiting the Mikado's initiative to become Protestants.

Boarded by Pirates.

NEW ORLEANS, August 24.—A Honduras special dated "Off Sisuini, Great Bahama Bank, Aug. 23," says: "The revenue cutter 'McLane' arrived here this morning with the wrecking