

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 22.—The attorney's for the Laabra Silver Mining Company this morning, made application to the Supreme Court of the district for a mandamus on the Secretary of State to compel him to pay that company \$1,885.87, the proportion claimed by them of \$300,000 recently paid by Mexico on account of awards made by the Mexican Claims Commission. A rule was issued to the Secretary to show cause, made returnable Nov. 29.

The annual report of Fourth Auditor Beardsley shows that the aggregate payments on account of the navy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1882, were a little less than the aggregate of the appropriation made by Congress. Disbursements amounting to more than \$15,000,000 were made without loss. The appropriation of Congress for the entertainment of this board of visitors at the Naval Academy is pronounced unwise, and a bill of items is given as an illustration, it having been made at the last meeting of the board. Some of the expenditures in the bill are: "Barber, \$15; expense cards, \$4; umbrellas, \$39; glass, \$8; flowers, \$13; china, \$205; newspapers, \$4; ice, \$23; fruit, \$82; ice cream and cake, \$61; wines, liquors and mineral waters, \$589; cigars, 252; and other articles given in detail making a total of \$2,180. The remainder of \$2,600 appropriated was exhausted in the payment of mileage for the improvement of the civil service in the Departments in Washington.

At the afternoon session of the *Jeannette* Court, a number of questions prepared by Dr. Collins, brother of J. J. Collins, scientist of the *Jeannette* party, were read, but most of them were ruled out, and in answer to one regarding the disposal of articles on the body of Collins, he replied that Ninderman asked him what should be done with the cross on Collins' neck, and he replied that while he supposed his family would like to have it, it was a part of his religion and had better be buried with him. He did not state, except by implication, whether or not he used the offensive language ascribed to him by Collins, but Ninderman, to whom the orders were given, states positively he did not. Melville, in cross examination, was asked if he had ever given such orders as to bring Danenhower into camp dead or alive. He replied he had never given such orders, having had no reason for doing so; but should have had no hesitation in giving them had the necessity arisen. He said Danenhower came and went pretty much at will, but he had no occasion to give orders respecting his personal liberty.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Garfield Fair Association to-night it was decided to extend invitations to the Garfield Guard of Honor, Justices of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, members of the Court of Claims, and to the Societies of Mexican Veterans and Oldest Inhabitants. Seven thousand tickets are authorized to be issued for school children.

Regarding the adjustments of withdrawal of lands for the benefit of the Northern Pacific Railway under the grant of July 2d, 1864, Secretary Teller has directed the Commissioner of the General Land office to conform to the line of route as definitely located; to make an adjustment of the route in accordance with the maps of definite location filed in 1881 and 1882, upon which the road is constructed, from the boundary line between Dakota and Montana to the last crossing of Yellowstone River, and such other portions of the road as have been definitely located without material deviation from the line of the general route, and where the road has been constructed. The purpose is to permit the adjustment of withdrawal of land along the constructed portion of the road. This order will carry out the direction of the President in approving the recommendation of the Interior Department that such portions of the Northern Pacific railroad as have been constructed in accordance with law be accepted, and that patents be issued for the lands earned. It appears that the maps of definite location show but slight divergence from former maps, except where the line of road enters the Crow Indian reservation in Montana, and this deviation was authorized by law.

The *Public* says of these figures: Exchanges last week were very

large again, both at New York and elsewhere; and it is noteworthy that the aggregate outside of New York was larger than during the week ending Nov. 11. Nineteen cities report larger exchanges than those of the corresponding week last year, against 14 on the 11th, and there is much less indication of wild and dangerous speculation in products. At New York, however, speculation in stocks was rampant, and nearly a third of the exchanges are due to that cause. New York, outside of speculation is doing better than any other of the large cities, and it must be accounted an encouraging symptom that the exchanges at Pittsburgh are not again more than doubled by the frantic oil speculation. At nearly all minor towns the returns give evidence of a large and speedy trade, exceeding that of any previous year, but most of these are manufacturing points, and the transactions at the chief centres of distribution are by no means regular. This week Boston, Philadelphia, St. Louis and Baltimore show decreasing exchanges. Last week eight of the twelve chief cities fell behind, and it can hardly be inferred that business is in an entirely healthy condition until there is more sustained harmony between the centers of distribution and of production.

No particular improvement is noticeable in the California freight market via Cape Horn.

Scranton, Pa., 22.—The Lackawanna Iron and Coal Co. have accepted a contract to deliver 20,000 tons of steel rails at their works at \$40 per ton.

NEW YORK, 22.—Seth Green requests us to announce that the New York State Fish Commission has just deposited in the State hatchery a fine lot of salmon trout spawn. The Commission will take orders until March 1st, for the distribution of brook trout, California trout, black bass, Oswego bass, rock bass, yellow perch, and bull heads. All persons wishing fish for the purpose of stocking public waters are requested to send their applications to Green, at Rochester.

ALBANY, 22.—In proceeding before the Attorney General against the Mutual Union Telegraph, the papers presented with the complaint were affidavits from James Merriam, expert in the construction of telegraphs, which stated, that allowing the sum of \$100,000 as a margin for contingencies, the cost of the entire system of the Mutual Union Telegraph Company was \$1,070,035. A tabulated statement of the existing lines of the company was attached, derived from a map and pamphlet issued by the Mutual Company itself, and dated Oct. 1st, 1882. This last showed a mileage of wire amounting to 300,346 miles and mileage of poles of 5,500 miles. Among the papers submitted was also a statement to the Stock Exchange dated June, 1882, wherein the company claimed that it had a mileage of wire to the extent of 480,000 miles, and poles lines to the extent of 7,000 miles.

NEWBURY, N. Y., 22.—The joint congress committee failed to-day to meet the local committees arranging for the centennial celebration. The programme arranged invitations to the President and cabinet and governors of States. The governors of the 13 original States are expected, each accompanied by one hundred men in the uniform of the Continental army.

At the funeral there will be ten pall bearers, who have not yet been selected. Private service will be held at 9.30 on Friday, for the family in the house; public service in the church at 10. At five the remains will be taken on the steamer *Drew*, to Albany, and buried in Rural Cemetery on Saturday. Many telegrams of condolence were received to-night, among them the regrets of Hamilton Fish and W. H. Seward.

BOSTON, 22.—The entertainment for the benefit of the widow of Juo. Brown, contributed to her through the efforts of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Oliver Wendell Holmes and Geo. Henschell, about \$250.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 20.—The Duke of Edinburgh will be appointed Colonel-in-Chief of the Royal Marines.

Lieut. Wisman, who has been exploring the Congo river region, has arrived at Zanzibar. In his journey across Equatorial Africa he gained valuable information.

The Earl of Harrowby is dead. Frederick Dudley Reider, brother of the Earl of Harrowby, died the same day.

Lord Otho Augustus Fitzgerald is dead.

The opposition to the cloture in the House of Commons has practically collapsed, Lord Randolph Churchill's tactics being found clever but impossible. At the close of the season there will certainly be a reconstruction of the Cabinet, and Mr. Gladstone will at least resign one of his offices.

A long affidavit by Ninet, formerly Arabi Pasha's adviser, is published. It is strongly in favor of Arabi, who, Ninet declares, endeavored to prevent incendiarism, and protect Christians.

A man named Sanders is arraigned for sending a letter to Gladstone threatening to murder him. He was remanded after disclaiming any intention to murder the Prime Minister. When searched a knife was found upon him. Merely a "crank."

The Miners' Association of Scotland has been dissolved.

Gladstone, in reply to an inquiry from Wm. Forster, stated that the government is anxious to deal with the question of the suppression of the slave trade in Egypt, and the first dispatch to Lord Dufferin since his arrival in Cairo relates to that subject.

Courtney, Secretary of the Treasury, informed Parnell that up to the present time applications under the land act by tenant for loans to improve their holdings numbered 625, of which 310 had been granted, the remainder were being investigated. Gladstone, in reply to an inquiry from Parnell, stated the government is not at present contemplating any amendment to the arrears of rent act. The Chief Secretary for Ireland said up to the 15th applications under the arrears of rent act reached 14,167. The land commissioners, he said, hoped to settle before the 30th inst., all cases lodged prior to November 15th.

The committee to whom the Congo treaty, made by De Brazza, was referred, unanimously favor its ratification. They have resolved to propose the appointment of a scientific and commercial commission to accompany De Brazza on his return to Africa.

Two more persons accused of being anarchy, were arrested at Lyons yesterday. Two more were arrested at St. Etienne on a similar charge.

Several Legitimists in Department Vendee have received threatening letters from anarchists. A dynamite bomb has been thrown into a house.

BERLIN, 20.—Great importance is attached to the visit of Deglers, Russian foreign minister, to Bismarck. It is considered a fresh proof that Russia is making advances.

Dublin, 20.—The *Freeman's Journal* says the Pope at a recent interview expressed his horror at the outrages committed in Ireland, and charged the bishops to use their utmost exertions to prevent people from offending against the laws.

Tulok, Ireland, 20.—Ten thousand persons attended a meeting of the Irish National League yesterday. Among the speakers were Sullivan and O'Kelly, members of Parliament. The latter referred to what he called the efforts of Davitt to split the Irish party, and said they were tantamount to stabbing Ireland in the back. He threatened to resign his seat if the country favored an allegiance to Parnell. He advised farmers to take advantage of the arrears of rent act. Votes of confidence in the speakers carried.

St. Petersburg, 20.—Students of the University of Kasan, in consequence of the severities of the police regulations, created disorders, and the University has been closed.

Cairo, 20.—The Commission of Inquiry is turning the trial of Arabi Pasha into a farce, and Broadley has withdrawn from the defense, after vigorously protesting against the violation of the agreement made with him.

LONDON, 21.—Towards the close of last evening's session of the Commons, Gladstone moved an adjournment of the debate on procedure rules, in redemption of his promise to give Yorke an opportunity to move the appointment of a select committee of inquiry into the release of Parnell, Dillon and O'Kelly from Kilmainham jail. Labouchere by opposing the motion for adjournment, talked out Yorke's motion. Unless government gives a satisfactory assurance on Thursday, in regard to the arrears or rent act, Parnell will move the adjournment of the House in order to call attention to the threatened failure of the act.

Windsor, 21.—The total number of decorations presented the troops to-day, including those given the Indian contingent, is 370.

Wm. Brookshaw, charged with sending a threatening letter to the Prince of Wales, was found guilty and sentenced to ten years penal servitude.

Dublin, 21.—The remaining four men charged with complicity in the murder of the Joyce family at Maintrima, who have not yet been brought to trial, to-day plead guilty and threw themselves on the clemency of the crown. They were sentenced to death.

LONDON, 21.—The authorities of Edinburgh, Glasgow, Paisley, Govan, Patrick and Perth have all refused the application of the authorities of Invernesshire for constables to aid in serving processes on Skye Crofters.

LONDON, 21.—The Queen, conferring the decorations at Windsor, said: "I have called you here to-day to express my best thanks for the gallantry and devotion you displayed in the short but decisive campaign in Egypt, and say how proud I am of my soldiers and sailors, who have added fresh laurels to those already obtained in previous campaigns, and of their devotion to their Queen and country."

When the Queen finished conferring the decorations, she presented a medal to Baron Hagenu, of the German Ministry, an attache of the British army in Egypt.

There is reason to believe the opium question with China will soon be settled. If the Chee Fong convention be not ratified, the settlement will be on the line of that instrument.

London, 21.—Admiral Seymour and Gen. Wolseley are gazetted.

A communication was received last evening from a gentleman in the confidence of the Malagasy Envoy stating that the French authorities threatened unless their terms are at once acceded to they will send French gun boats to attack certain points in Madagascar.

Dublin, 23.—Three of the men sentenced to be hung for the murder of the Joyce family, arrived in Galway this evening under a strong guard. They were hoisted at by a large crowd.

After the conclusion of the Joyce murder trials, the juryman who had been one of the armed party which attacked the houses in County Clare, was sentenced to seven years' penal servitude.

PARIS, 22.—Sol. Ellet, a French traveler, has taken possession of Tajovrin, on the Gulf of Aden, ceded him by the local sultan.

ROME, 22.—Astor, the American minister was received by King Humbert in a very distinguished manner.

Liverpool, 22.—The steamer *Winton*, with grain from the Black Sea, foundered off the Island of Shant, on the coast of France, and 30 persons drowned.

LONDON, 22.—The authorities of Aberdeenshire have agreed to send a detachment of police to the Island of Skye, if the Commissioners of Invernesshire will hold themselves responsible for their expenses. Meanwhile, defensive arrangements on the Island are proceeding. At a mass meeting on the Island, one of the speakers aid, any tenant paying rent unless a revaluation was granted, would be a marked man.

Kingston, Jamaica, 14.—National agitation in Jamaica has reached a very serious and critical stage. The whole colony is united against the government and the indignation of every class, creed and color is poured forth in violent speech at public meetings now held in every township in the colony. Lord Kimberly is denounced at public meetings in consequence of the peremptory order he sent the government to pack the Legislative Council in order to pass a vote for the payment of half the Florence damages and costs by the colony.

LONDON, 23.—Gliffen, president of the Statistical Society, in his inaugural address, took for his subject the "influence of population statistics upon political thought." He referred to the growth of the population of the United States, which, if continued, he said, would cause great difficulties. That masses of laborers would have to contend under increased difficulties against the fall in the scale of living, and probably there would eventually be a diversion of a large part of the stream of emigration from Europe and the Eastern States of America to the northwestern part of Canada.

Berlin dispatch: In recognition of his meritorious services in Egypt, the Emperor of Germany has pre-

sented the Duke of Connaught with the order of Frederick the Great.

London, 22.—The new British man-of-war *Collingwood* was launched to-day.

Dublin, 22.—Near Skibbereen to-day a farmer was stabbed by a party of men; wounds dangerous.

Three persons charged with the murder of Huddis at Lough Mask have been removed from Galway to this city.

Vienna, 22.—Anti-Semitic excesses have occurred in the neighborhood of Oldenburg and Prelantach. Troops were dispatched to the disturbed district, and a number of arrests were made. Placards and pamphlets were discovered at Prelantach which emanated from secret societies.

Berlin, 22.—Count Von Hatsfeldt, German Secretary of State, will hold an interview with Deglers, who will return here from Silesia for that purpose.

Baron Mohrenheim, new Russian ambassador at London, arrived here and visited Deglers. It is stated Gen. Von Schmeinitz, German ambassador at St. Petersburg, has resigned, and Count Von Solms-Sonnenwalde, Minister at Madrid, is designated as his successor.

Rome, 22.—Astor, American Minister, was received by King Humbert in a very distinguished manner.

Parliament opened to-day. The speech from the throne was very pacific. It recommends that the Chamber devote itself chiefly to economic, social and administrative questions.

Rome, 22.—Desprez, French Ambassador at the Vatican, will present his letter of recall to the Pope on Thursday.

Cairo, 22.—A report by Borelli Berg, public prosecutor, in which he summarizes the evidence directly connecting Arabi Pasha and other rebel leaders with the burning of Alexandria, and the massacre of Europeans was submitted to the Khedive and approved. It will be presented to Lord Dufferin. It is understood the Egyptian Government is prepared to leave it to Great Britain to decide whether the evidence is sufficient for proceeding with the trial on the charges specified in the report.

Gibraltar, 22.—When the Cuban refugees were surrendered, Maceo's wife, son, nephew, and sister-in-law were conducted through the English lines with them to Madrid.

By an accidental explosion of gunpowder in the barracks to-day, the whole building was blown to pieces, and fifteen soldiers injured.

Constantinople, 22.—The Porte is trying to ascertain the views of Germany on the Egyptian and Tunis questions. Bismarck advised the Porte to remain quiet as the time is inopportune for raising the question.

London, 23.—There is some prospect of a settlement between the Crofters on the Island of Skye and their landlords; the latter have consented to submit the dispute to arbitration.

Madrid, 23.—Government will liberate Cuban refugees early in December in response to the appeal of England.

Constantinople, 23.—It is reported that the Turkish chief Abeldullah, while on his way to Mosul, was carried off by his son and a party of Kurds, who fled in the direction of Kurdistan.

BEAR LAKE STAKE CONFERENCE.

The Quarterly Conference of the Bear Lake Stake of Zion was held, according to appointment, on the 11th and 12th of November and, considering the bad roads, was well attended, 17 wards out of 18 being represented.

It was shown by the reports of the Bishops that the Stake is in a thriving condition. A very noticeable feature was the ready response to the calls made upon the Saints for aid in completing the Temple.

Elder C. O. Card, superintendent of the Temple works, who was present, expressed himself as highly gratified at the liberality of the Saints, plainly showing that helping to build up and sustain the work of the Lord was an excellent investment.

Elders Wm. Hulme, C. Wallentine and G. Passy (returned missionaries) related their experience and bore faithful testimony to the truth of the great latter-day work, encouraging the Saints to unity, faithfulness and diligence.

The general authorities of the Church and the Stake authorities