

The wheat crop in 1890 was \$474,291,550. In 1900 it was \$225,477, a decrease of about \$248,814,000. Oats in 1890 were \$150,245,565, in 1900, \$208,661,233, an increase of \$58,415,668. Rye in 1890 was \$18,564, in 1900, \$12,295,417, a decrease of \$6,268,587. Barley in 1890 was \$20,099,754, in 1900 it was \$24,975,271, a decrease of about \$4,875,517. That is, in 1900 the value of these farm products was \$29,250,000 less than it was in 1890.

Senator Beveridge says the only law ever enacted to regulate trusts was passed by a Republican Congress. It is the true, it is evidently intended that the law should be a dead letter. During the last five years when trusts have multiplied and spread themselves over the land, doubling prices in many instances to the American people and lowering them to the foreigner, raising the cost of living and depressing the wages of labor, destroying competition and driving the bankruptcies of independent traders and business men, no attempt whatever has been made to enforce this law. The Republicans have refused to enact any additional legislation to supplement the law of 1890. This is not strange when we recall that trusts have put and kept in power the Republican party. The money trust has furnished to the administration the state of New Jersey, the creator of trusts, furnished Griggs, and he was succeeded by Knox, the attorney of the steel trust and loaned by it to succeed in the control of the law department. Scarcely a Republican of either branch of Congress has retained his position except through subservience to the dictates of the trusts.

TRUSTS AND PROSPERITY.

Beveridge says that the government ought to control the trusts, but, unfortunately, trusts are absolutely controlled by the government through their control of the leaders and organizers of the Republican party. Beveridge, however, announces that trusts and monopolies are the author through the Republican party, of all our modern happiness and prosperity, or if not this, that they are the necessary concomitant and outgrowth of such prosperity. Who should such beneficent institutions, therefore, be disturbed or interfered with? According to Beveridge, they give employment to labor at increased wages and furnish their products to the consumer at reduced prices and thus disseminate blessings on every hand. But can he induce the American people to believe this?

The wages of labor have not been advanced, but the cost of living to the laborer has in many cases been doubled. Ordinarily farm products have not increased in quantity or quality. The farmers know how much more the trusts require them to pay for the things consumed upon their farms than formerly.

Senator Beveridge says that trusts do not exist by reason of the tariff. It is certain, however, that the Dingley tariff law was framed largely in the interests of the trusts. High duties were placed upon all articles coming from abroad which might compete with the products of the trusts in this country. It has been clearly proved before this industrial commission that trusts so protected sell goods for export much cheaper than they sell to the American people. They meet foreign competition in foreign markets without the aid of protection, and foreign consumers derive the benefit, while, by reason of the tariff, they shut out foreign competitors from our own market and exact prices as high as the tariff duties permit, and the American consumer suffers this disadvantage. It is thus plain that these duties build up and strengthen the trusts, enable them more effectively to control prices, and shut out competition.

Senator Beveridge says: "How shall the prosperity of the last five years be continued is the real question of the campaign. New markets for American products. This is the only answer to this great question." How does the Republican party propose to obtain new markets and extend trade? Senator Beveridge says it is by reciprocity with Cuba and other countries and by the expansion of our territory. Raw sugar is produced by Cuba, it is refined by the sugar trust, refined, and the refined article sold to the American people. The administration wants the duty upon raw sugar from Cuba protected in the American market. It is a bill reducing the duty upon raw sugar coming from Cuba 20 per cent and repealing the differential duty upon refined sugar. The Democrats in the house, who will support the bill, have passed a bill reducing the duty upon raw sugar coming from Cuba 20 per cent and repealing the differential duty upon refined sugar. The former provision was to the advantage of the trust, the extent of 20 per cent and it might result in raising to the Cuban planter slightly the price of his raw sugar. The repeal of the differential duty was to the disadvantage of the sugar trust, tending to destroy its monopoly and to cheapen the price of refined sugar to the American people.

WHAT SUGAR TRUST WANTS.

It seems quite plain that the chief motive which inspires the administration to exert its influence for the reduction of the duty upon raw sugar coming from Cuba is the desire to secure for itself this advantage. It is rather their interest in monopoly than their desire for the relief of suffering Cuba that inspires their activity. The demand for expanded markets has behind it a similar purpose. It is not expanded markets for our agricultural products, because Great Britain and Europe must purchase for consumption whatever we have of those products to supply. It is expanded markets for the things which the trusts produce. The Republican party erects a tariff barrier giving these trusts a monopoly of the home market and invites them to exact of the American people prices from 50 to 100 per cent higher than to foreigners; then, while giving them this advantage and monopoly, invites them to sell like products to foreigners in competition with the rest of the world.

To thus enable the trusts to discriminate against the American and in favor of foreign consumers the Republican party would have the government engage in wars of aggression for the subjugation of unwilling peoples unfit for our citizenship, and cost upon the American people the burden of large and constantly increasing military and naval establishments.

OUR TRADE WITH PHILIPPINES.

For this reason it is demanded that we permanently retain the Philippine Islands in order to secure the trade of the Orient. These islands have cost us already more than \$600,000,000, to say nothing of the sacrifice of life resulting from this war of aggression. The imports from and exports to the islands for the fiscal year 1901 is shown in the following table:

Imports to the Philippine Islands:	
United States	\$ 1,357,675
United Kingdom	6,984,275
Germany	2,185,252
France	1,883,929
Spain	2,161,352
China	4,263,941
Hongkong	2,349,585
British East Indies	2,182,897
All other countries	5,623,635
Total	\$22,214,948
Exports from the Philippine Islands:	
United States	\$ 2,272,621
United Kingdom	10,794,741

Germany	\$1,520
France	1,834,256
Spain	1,655,255
China	73,701
Hongkong	2,897,276
British East Indies	238,381
All other countries	2,735,886
Total	\$23,214,948

We sent to the islands goods to the value of \$2,855,188. The total imports into the United States from the islands as given by the treasury department during the year 1901 were \$1,429,912. The total exports from the United States were \$4,927,004. Included in the exports are malt liquors, \$762,176, and spirituous liquors, \$218,024. The following shipment indicates another characteristic of the trade. One shipment during June by the troop ship Kilpatrick conveyed 4,600 coffins, valued at \$30,000.

PROFIT FOR TRUSTS ALONE.

Assuming that those engaged in this trade make a net profit, both on the exports and imports of 20 per cent their total annual profit will scarcely exceed \$2,000,000, or five years \$10,000,000. That is, during the five years of our operations in the Philippines, we have expended more than \$600,000,000 and have derived to the effect of it of \$10,000,000, or 1.66 per cent. The \$600,000,000 are paid by the people, tax payers of the United States, and the profits, however small they may be, mainly go to the coffers of the trusts. Republican legislation and policy pays little regard to the former, and every attention to the latter. And the period of outlay in the islands has not ended, but has hardly begun. They bankrupted and ruined Spain, as stated by her representatives in Paris, and they will surely tend to bring about the same result as to the United States if we retain them.

Senator Beveridge says that we instructed the Philippines in liberty, we gave them good roads, just institutions, equal laws, free education, general prosperity and happiness. How opposite this picture is to the reality! General Bell, in an interview, stated that since our occupation more than one-sixth of all the inhabitants of Luzon had perished. Last December an official report of the acting governor of the Philippines informed us that the population of that province in two years had been reduced from more than 300,000 to 200,000 inhabitants. Ninety per cent of their draft animals have perished, according to the testimony of Governor Taft. No road has been built by us, except for some military movement. Towns and villages of the inhabitants have been burned and destroyed. The prosperity we have given them is evidenced by the charred ruins of the homes of the people. Everywhere we have disseminated disease and death, and we have caused the death of us that we have caused death to live and life to die throughout the archipelago.

INQUIRY METHODS REVIVED.

As an example of liberty to those people we have forbidden them to read the Declaration of Independence. The Philippine commission has issued a law making it a penal offense to belong to any association or society for the promotion of any political principle or policy, or to instigate, aid, or further the same. These laws which preserve peace, good men, leaving home and acquiring a Philippine citizenship, on return advocate the adoption of the same means here which have been practiced there.

THE POLICY OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

The policy of the Republican party during the past five years, both domestic and foreign, has been in the concentration of the policy and traditions of the republic since the days of its establishment. If that policy is continued, the substance of our free institutions will be eaten out and the republic destroyed, and not even its form may remain as an example to console the lovers of freedom throughout the world in future generations.

KING AND CANNON.

At the conclusion of Senator Hawley's speech Chairman John T. Caine introduced Judge King, who made a bright and eloquent speech of acceptance, after which delegates were greatly surprised by the announcement of the part of Chairman Caine that the newly elected state committee had just come into the building with the statement that it had chosen Senator Cannon as its chairman and that he would conduct the party's campaign in Utah this year. Mr. Cannon was received amid prolonged cheers and spoke as follows:

"What will be the outcome of this save the political life of the state? If you will give as much for the party as you will give for your own life, you will save the state. The state can and will be run by the people, and not by a single individual. Don't think it belongs to your neighbor to do if you don't do it, you are the failure. We will show them whether the Democrats of the state are scared. We will show them whether the party is dead. It is not dead, it is only sleeping."

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

Where Delegates to County Convention Will Be Chosen.

Republican primaries for the election of delegates to the county convention, will be held as follows tomorrow evening:

District No. 1—Lochman's store, Eleventh East, between Tenth and Eleventh South.

District No. 2—Residence of Will White, 830 south Ninth East.

District No. 3—834 Eighth East.

District No. 4—Residence of A. H. Little, 728 south Fourth East.

District No. 5—Hewlett Bros. factory, 774 south State.

Summer Safeguards



It is the duty of the head of every household to protect against the health crisis which is so common. Promptness in the treatment of these maladies would often prevent serious illness, perhaps death.—MUNYON.

Munyon's Homeopathic Home Remedy is the surest safeguard against disease. If they are not in the house they should be bought and kept on hand. In case of sudden development of the symptoms of any of the troubles the proper cure for that trouble should immediately be obtained at the druggist's.

For indigestion and dyspepsia take Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure. For headache from heat, or caused by nervousness or prostration, take Munyon's Headache Cure—it will cure in three minutes. For biliousness, jaundice and liver troubles Munyon's Liver Cure affords quick and permanent relief. For disorders of the blood, and eruptions that are chiefly annoying in summer, take Munyon's Blood Cure. Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is almost usually in one to three hours and in a few days cures entirely.

Munyon's Pile Ointment speedily and positively cures all forms of piles and is especially efficacious in alleviating the pain intensified during hot weather. If you are subject to colics, cramps and diarrhoea always keep on hand Munyon's D. D. and C. Cure. Munyon's Constipation Cure has relieved thousands of the most obstinate cases where everything else has failed.

A separate cure for each disease; at all druggists, 25c a vial.

District No. 6—City courtroom, basement city and county building.

District No. 7—Office of board of public works, city and county building.

District No. 8—Ninth ward meeting house.

District No. 9—Wright Pickering's store, 469 Seventh East.

District No. 10—Residence of J. H. Wells, 745 west Fourth South.

District No. 11—Res. Jacob Moritz, corner Fourth South and Tenth East.

District No. 12—J. H. Preese's store, 659 south West.

District No. 13—Cottrell's store, 178 Mead street.

District No. 14—Annex Fifth ward meeting house.

District No. 15—Residence of D. F. Woods, one block north of Burlington church.

District No. 16—Residence of R. B. Wells, 745 west Fourth South.

District No. 17—Sixth ward meeting house.

District No. 18—Residence of Joseph A. Anderson, 254 south Fifth South.

District No. 19—Residence of George Newlands, 125 west Sixth South.

District No. 20—Basement of Seventh ward meeting house.

District No. 21—22 west Second South.

District No. 22—Sidney house, 242 west First South.

District No. 23—315 west Second South.

District No. 24—Residence of Thomas Hull, 135 south Third West.

District No. 25—Residence of D. R. Parry, 606 west First South.

District No. 26—Residence of Fred W. Price, 723 west First South.

District No. 27—Seventeenth ward meeting house.

District No. 28—Seventeenth ward Relief society's hall, corner First North and Second West.

District No. 29—Residence of John Jones, Pear and Wall streets.

District No. 30—Residence of W. T. Edwards, 129 Center street.

District No. 31—Old Sixteenth ward meeting house.

District No. 32—Jeremy Salt Works, corner Sixth West and North Temple.

District No. 33—Residence of Heber Anderson, 345 west North Temple.

District No. 34—Residence of Nephi Matthews, 626 west Second North.

District No. 35—Residence of C. M. Rice, 604 north Third East.

District No. 36—Twenty-third ward meeting house.

District No. 37—Eighteenth ward schoolhouse, corner 18 and Second.

District No. 38—Residence of J. O. Nystrom, 180 C street.

District No. 39—Residence of Joseph T. Sharp, 359 Fourth street.

District No. 40—Res. H. C. McMillan, 619 east, South Temple.

District No. 41—Taggart's hall on First street.

District No. 42—161 south Tenth East.

District No. 43—454 east Second South.

District No. 44—Annex Eleventh ward meeting house.

District No. 45—Res. Black, 247 Sixth East.

District No. 46—Residence of Joseph Cottle, 421 east First South.

District No. 47—Res. Fannie Naylor, 333 east, Third South.

District No. 48—Courtroom of old city hall.

District No. 49—Harmon block, 26 east, Second South.

District No. 50—Waterloo schoolhouse, Thirtieth East between Tenth and Eleventh South.

District No. 51—Central schoolhouse, State street between Eleventh and Twelfth South.

District No. 52—77 and 78—Goff's hall, West Jordan.

IN MOURNING.

Mutual Life Honors the Memory of a Departed Trustee.

A Lenox, Mass., Associated Press dispatch, under date of Sept. 14, says: "Samuel D. Babcock, 81 years old, a wealthy New Yorker and stockbroker in the Commercial Cable company, dropped dead here this evening while walking from the Lenox club to his home. The cause was heart failure."

Mr. Babcock was one of the leading lights in the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York, whose Utah agents are under the management of Rulon S. Wells of this city. The company feels keenly the loss of this member of its board of trustees, and the local branch expresses its sympathy to-day by dropping its offices in crepe in honor of Mr. Babcock's memory.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.

Half a Dozen Members of the Union League Club Here.

Hon. Joseph Darlington, president of the Exclusive Union League club of Philadelphia, accompanied by half a dozen other members of the club, arrived over the Short Line from Yellowstone Park this morning. During the day the visitors were accorded the privileges of the Alta club and Mr. Darlington was taken in hand by General Passenger Agent B. E. Burley of the Oregon Short Line, who proved equal to the task of answering the numerous questions that were asked. This morning's recreation and sight-seeing consisted of a drive around the city and a special organ recital in the Tabernacle, which was greatly appreciated. After resting up here the party will return home over the Union Pacific.

GOMPERS TAKES HOPEFUL VIEW

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 17.—President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, in a statement issued today, takes a hopeful view of the strike situation. The statement is as follows:

"At this time it is impossible to say exactly when the strike will terminate, but, after careful inquiry into the situation at the mines, I am convinced that the struggle will end by agreement."

"The wage earners and the general public are generously contributing to the aid of the miners. It is essential that this aid be extended and continued."

"If the manhood of the miners is to be maintained they must at least have bread for their wives and little ones as well as for themselves. The declared attitude of the presidents of the anthracite railroads has not apparently changed. Despite this fact, I am fully convinced that the strike will end through agreement with improved interest for the miners and union maintained."

(Signed.) "SAMUEL GOMPERS," President of the American Federation of Labor.

SPEAKER HENDERSON WILL NOT RECONSIDER.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 17.—Speaker Henderson refused to reconsider his withdrawal from the congressional race in the Third district. This morning the following telegraphic reply was received in response to a request to reconsider his action:

"Dubuque, Ia., Sept. 16. 'Messrs. Lefe Young and S. W. Rathbun, Des Moines, Ia. 'Your joint telegram sincerely appreciated, but cannot reconsider, for after an age spent in fighting for my country, state and district, I cannot acquiesce in administering free trade poison to cure the trust evil which I abhor. (Signed.) "D. R. HENDERSON."

Investigating Fish's Death.

New York, Sept. 17.—Investigation into the facts surrounding the death of Nicholas Fish, the banker, which followed an altercation in a saloon Monday evening, is being pushed with great vigor today with a view to having all possible light thrown on the case at the inquest Friday.

According to Asst. Atty. General, Mrs. Margaret Pickens, a sister of Mr. Casey, who is said to have been in the company of Mrs. Casey and Mr. Fish when Fish was struck by Sharkey, has been located in Boston, where arrangements are being made to have the woman in this city during the inquest. Mr. Garrison said he believed her evidence would be of long value in clearing up the mystery.

At the home of Mr. Fish it was said today that Mrs. Fish had recovered from the first shock which her husband's untimely death caused her, and was now getting quiet. Mrs. Fish has been confined to her bed since yesterday morning.

Throat Cut from Ear to Ear. Missoula, Mont., Sept. 17.—Mrs. Presley and his wife, whose home is near Superior, are at Parsons' hospital in this city, both near death and unable to tell what happened. Presley's throat is cut from ear to ear and the woman is unconscious from a blow on the head that caused confusion of the skull. The man is conscious and says he was in bed when his throat was cut, but says he does not know who did the cutting. How Presley was continued to live during the past 24 hours is a wonder. His condition is completely severed and the asphyxiated cut clear through to the back and the head is almost half severed. By pressing the chin down toward the chest in such a manner as to bring the severed windpipe together, the man can speak in a barely audible voice and in this manner was able to answer a few questions. He denies having any trouble with his wife.

Smoke from an Ohio Mountain. Bainbridge, O., Sept. 17.—People living in the Paint Creek valley are a wonder. His condition is completely severed and the asphyxiated cut clear through to the back and the head is almost half severed. By pressing the chin down toward the chest in such a manner as to bring the severed windpipe together, the man can speak in a barely audible voice and in this manner was able to answer a few questions. He denies having any trouble with his wife.

Exodus of Anthracite Miners. Pottsville, Pa., Sept. 17.—The exodus of anthracite mine workers continues from the Schuylkill region because the strikers have given up hope of an early settlement.

It is estimated that 2,600 mine workers have gone to the north. Madison Latrobe and Greensburg bituminous coal fields and upward of 7,000 are said to have secured employment in the Pittsburgh district.

A Girl Shoots Her Aunt. Roanoke, Va., Sept. 17.—Mabel Carroll, aged 15, shot and instantly killed her aunt, Mrs. William Emerick, in the Emerick home here last night. Mrs. Emerick was standing at a bureau dressing when the girl snapped a revolver, which she claims she did not know was loaded. A coroner's jury exonerated Miss Carroll.

Connecticut Republicans. Hartford, Conn., Sept. 17.—The Republican state convention reassembled today to nominate candidates for state offices and for congressmen at large.

Take Care of the Stomach. The man or woman who does digestion is perfect and whose stomach performs its every function is never sick. Food cleanses, purifies and sweetens the stomach and causes positively and permanently all stomach troubles, indigestion and dyspepsia. It is the wonderful reconstructive tonic that is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by conveying to their bodies all of the nourishment in the food they eat. Rev. J. H. Holliday of Holliday, Miss., writes: "Kodol has cured me. I consider it the best remedy I ever used for dyspepsia and stomach troubles. I was given up by physicians. Kodol saved my life. Take it after meals. Goble Pitts Drug Co., corner First South and Main streets."

Miss Florence La Due and Huzh Ward were married this afternoon, by Rev. Dr. Moorhead of the First Methodist church, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. R. J. Evans, 29 east Fourth South street. Mr. and Mrs. Ward will take a trip to Glenwood Springs.

Travelers from Chicago report it so cold there last week that overcoats were necessary, to say nothing of furs.

Frank Kimball left Mercer yesterday with the last of the office effects of W. S. McCormick & Co. for Eureka, where the firm have a long established branch.

Fish Commissioner Sharp has shipped 100,000 young trout to the Weber near Devil's Gate, and on the 23rd inst. will ship to Carbon and Emery counties 30,000 young trout for distribution in the streams of those counties.

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TO TURN BEETS INTO SWEET SUGAR

Campaign in Utah Has Commenced in Earnest.

LOGAN FACTORY RUNNING.

Indications are That the Coming Season Will Be a Banner One in This Direction.

The beet sugar campaign has started and before another week every plant in which Utah people are interested will be grinding beets. The Ogden factory has been running more than a week. A dispatch from Logan states that the run there began yesterday, and Lehi advises to the "News" are to the effect that the campaign there will be inaugurated Monday next, the 22nd. The factory at La Grande, Oregon, will begin crushing about the same date.

From all indications the coming season will be the banner year for the beet sugar industry in Utah. Last season the Utah Sugar company turned out over 18,000,000 pounds, the Ogden Sugar company over 8,000,000 and the Logan