DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 304. FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 18, 1887. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XX.

EVENING NEWS:
Published every Evening, except Sunday.
One Copy, one year, with Postage, $10 00
" " six months " 5 00
" " three months, " 2 50

DESERET NEWS:
SEMI-WEEKLY,
PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND SATURDAY
One Copy, one year, with Postage, $3 00
" " six months, " 1 75
" " three months, " 1 00

DESERET NEWS:
WEEKLY,
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
One Copy, one year, with Postage, $2 50
" " six months, 1 50
" " three months, .80

Papers sent to subscribers by mail have the names stamped upon them, with figures opposite to indicate when the subscriptions will expire. For instance, *John Smith, 4-11-7*, means that John Smith's subscription will expire on the 4th day of the 11th month of this year, or November 4th, 1887. Subscribers will please notice the figures on their papers, to see that they have their proper credits, and also to know when to renew their subscriptions, the rule being to stop the paper when the subscription expires.

PUBLISHED BY
THE DESERET NEWS CO.,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

USE THE
PAN HANDLE CARPET WARP
WHITE AND COLORED.
THE BEST in USE.
Z. C. M. I. SOLE AGENTS. Can be obtained at all their branch stores throughout the Territory. d&s alt

SAPONIFIER
is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY USE. Unlike other Lyes, it is PURELY VEGETABLE, and for making Hard and Toilet Soap quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for SAPONIFIER, and take no other.
PENN'A SALT MANUF'G CO., Philadelphia.

WATSON BROS.,
Stonecutters and Builders,
Tombstones, Monuments, Mantels, Iron Mantels, Grates and Hearth Stones.
1278 & 1280 SOUTH TEMPLE ST.
Opposite Assembly Hall.

CENTENNIAL
ARCADE RESTAURANT,
127 MAIN STREET,
JOHN GALLICHER, PROPRIETOR
OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE, 25C. PER PLATE.
Canned Oysters as Cheap as Cheapest.

DR. REED.
50 E. SECOND SOUTH ST.
THE EYE, CHRONIC AND SPECIAL Diseases. Spectacles and Eye Glasses fitted to order. Consultation Free!

ESTABLISHED 1854
JOSEPH E. TAYLOR,
Pioneer Undertaker of Utah

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of
STELLIG, WOOD AND CLOTH COVER COFFINS AND CASKETS.
A full line of COFFIN FURNISHINGS kept constantly on hand.
Telephone and Telegraph Orders promptly Attended.
Bodies preserved in their natural condition, without extra charge.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
Factory and Ware Rooms, No. 242 First South Street,
One and a half blocks East of Theatre
Telephone No. 70.
Saxon's Office in same building.

DENVER AND
Rio Grande Western
RAILWAY.
THE POPULAR
PASSENGER ROUTE
BETWEEN THE
EAST AND WEST!
THE ONLY LINE
— BETWEEN —
OGDEN, SALT LAKE AND DENVER,
WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS
PULLMAN BUFFET
— AND —
SLEEPING CARS
On all Through Passenger Trains.
☞ *The Only Line from Salt Lake City Running SLEEPING CARS FREE for the use of Passengers holding Second-class and Emigrant Tickets.* ☜
THE ATLANTIC EXPRESS
Leaves Ogden Daily at 9:40 a.m.; Leaves Salt Lake City Daily at 11:15 a.m. Direct connection is made at Pueblo and Denver or Omaha, Kansas City and all points East.
THE PACIFIC EXPRESS
Arrives at Salt Lake City from the East at 4:35 p.m., and leaves for Ogden at 4:40 p.m, arrives at 6 p.m., making connection with the Central Pacific for the West.
LOCAL TRAINS
Leave Salt Lake City for Bingham and Alta at 7.30 a. m., for Ogden, 8.15 a. m. and 4.40 p. m., for Springville, 6.20 p. m.
Arrive at Salt Lake City from Bingham and Alta, 4.25 p. m., from Ogden, 11.05 a. m. and 6.30 p. m., from Springville, 8.15 a. m.
Tickets for all points East and West can be purchased at the Depot Office and City Ticket Office, White House corner, Salt Lake City.
W. H. RIDEWOOD, D. C. DODGE, J. H. BENNETT
Gen. Supt. Gen. Passenger. Gen. Pass. Agt.

ROYAL

BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

NEW YORK TRADE.
BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & CO.,
109 Duane St., New York.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON SAIL DUCK," "Woodberry," Druid Mills, "POLREMUS" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft.
DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, OR IN THE GREY
COTTON CANVASS of all numbers—14 to 15 inches wide, for Deck, Car, Trunk and Wagon Coverings, Machine Aprons and for other purposes, constantly in store and made to order.
Agents for U. S. Bunting Co., "Standard and "Eagle," by the Case or less quantity. These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I.

HAZARD POWDER
Office, 63, Pine St., New York.
Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated
GUNPOWDER!
Blasting, Kentucky Rifle, Fair Lawn, Duck, Electric Fuse
For sale at wholesale and retail by all the leading stores in the Territory, and by wholesale only by J. W. Sanders & Co., Agents, Salt Lake City.

KIRK'S WHITE

RUSSIAN
The only brand of Laundry Soap awarded a first class medal at the New Orleans Exposition. Guaranteed absolutely pure, and for general household purposes is the very best
SOAP.

C. HAMILTON,
DENTIST.
Rooms at Palace Hotel.

J. B. KEYSOR, DENTIST,
Office in "Herald" Building.
GUARANTEES FIRST CLASS WORK AND A PERFECT FIT.
BEST SET OF TEETH

ONLY $20.00
☞ Teeth extracted without pain by the Vegetable Anæsthetic. This New Anæsthetic produces absolute insensibility to pain, is safe and leaves no ill effect.
Operations done on short notice. d&s

PHYSICIANS,
MINISTERS, VOCALISTS, PUBLIC Speakers and the professions generally recommend SANTA ABIE as the best of all medicines for all diseases of the THROAT, CHEST, LUNGS.
☞ BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
See that the trade mark SANTA ABIE is on every bottle. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded by all druggists.

Make no Mistake.
By dispelling the symptoms so often mistaken for Consumption. Santa Abie has brought gladness to many a household and by promptly breaking up the cough and Cold that too often develops into that fatal disease will yet save thousands from an untimely grave. You make no mistake by keeping a bottle of this pleasant remedy always in the house,

CAT-R-CURE,
THE ONLY GUARANTEED CURE
FOR CATARRH, COLD IN THE HEAD Hay Fever, Rose Cold, Catarrhal Deafness and Sore Eyes. Restores the sense of taste and smell, removes bad taste and unpleasant breath, resulting from Catarrh. Easy and pleasant to use. Follow directions and a cure is warranted by all druggists. ABIETINE MEDICAL COMPANY, Oroville, Cal. Six months' treatment for $1; sent by mail for $1.10. For sale by all druggists. Send for circular.
MOORE, ALLEN & CO., Wholesale Depot for Santa Abie and Cat-R-Cure.

LAST NIGHT'S NEWS

Complete Break Down of the Prosecution in the Saunders Case in London.

The Crown Prince and William O'Brien are in a Very Critical Condition.

The Report of Treasurer Wyatt.—The Fisheries Commission's Powers Discussed.

A Gold Mine in Arizona with Ore Assaying $100,000 per Ton.

The Anarchist Case Shown to be Neither Dead nor Seriously Crippled.

Resignation of President Grevy, of France.—Other Important News Matters.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.]

Irish Incidents.

DUBLIN, Nov. 17.—Visitors to Tullamore jail declare that O'Brien is greatly changed and that he refuses to take nourishing food.

During an eviction near Dungarven today four policemen and several bailiffs and twenty spectators were injured. Members of the evicted family escaped from the house by an underground passage.

Car Strikers.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 17.—The strike of the Consolidated Street Car Railway conductors and drivers began tonight. The conductors and drivers' committee demanded that the Consolidated Street Railway dismiss John Harris, their superintendent. The company answered at 6 o'clock, declining firmly to grant the request. By 8 o'clock not a horse car of the consolidated lines was running.

LATER.—The strikers receded from their position at midnight, after a protracted meeting.

Dismissed Against His Will.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—William Saunders, the ex-member of Parliament who was arrested last week, was arraigned in court today. He was charged with disorderly conduct in speaking at Trafalgar Square, and thereby causing a disorderly assemblage. He was also charged with obstructing the police. The crown counsel admitted the charges were unstatutory, and requested they be dismissed. Saunders insisted on a conviction. The magistrate, however, dismissed the charges. The radicals are jubilant, and may possibly revoke the decision not to meet in Trafalgar Square Sunday.

National Grange.

LANSING, Mich., Nov. 17.—The National Grange held a closed session this morning. The secretary and treasurer made their reports. The former showed a satisfactory progress of the order. Resolutions were introduced and referred, favoring the establishment of a postal telegraph, changing section 4 in the inter-state commerce law, asking for a law prohibiting the adulteration of food, and dealing in futures, and asking for a representation in the Cabinet.

The Crown Prince.

LONDON, Nov. 17. — Dispatches received here to-day from San Remo say there has been a discharge of green matter from the Crown Prince's throat which proved to be cancerous. In view of this fact, the case is considered much worse, as this kind of soft cancer is the most malignant type and regarded as incurable. The German doctors, the reports say, are trying to deny the serious and almost critical development.

WASHINGTON.

Report of Treasurer Hyatt. — The Fisheries Commission, Etc.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The annual report of Treasurer Hyatt shows the revenues of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1887, were $371,432,770, and the ordinary expenditures $267,932,179, the surplus receipts available for the reduction of the public debt being $103,471,097. As compared with the previous year the receipts increased $34,963,559; the expenditures $25,449,041, and the surplus revenues $9,515,509.

There was an increase in every item of revenue, the largest being in the receipts from customs. The largest increase in expenditures was on account of Indians and pensions, and the largest decrease on account of interest on the public debt.

THE RECEIPTS

of the Post Office Department amounted to $38,752,357, and the expenditures to $53,383,389. The revenues, exclusive of deficiency appropriations, increased $3,500,495, and the expenditures, $2,901,495. The amount drawn from the treasury to make good the deficiencies in the postal revenues was $6,909,138, against $6,714,422 in 1886.

The statement of United States notes outstanding shows that between June 30th, 1886, and Sept. 30th, 1887, the circulation of one and two dollar notes ran down from $61,500,000 to $15,400,000; this decrease has been made up by changes in other denominations, the volume of fives, tens and twenties increasing about $43,000,000.

Shipments of legal tenders and silver certificates of small denominations together with the increase in the circulation of

SILVER COINS

during the fifteen months ended Sept. 30th, amounted to upwards of $149,000,000, while in addition several million dollars in small coins had been drawn into circulation.

Under the provisions of the act of June 8, 1872, certificates of deposit amounting to $54,900,000 were issued during the fiscal year for United States notes lodged in the treasury. Redemptions in the same period were $43,990,000. There remained outstanding June 30th, only $9,020,000, which is the least amount shown at the end of any fiscal year since the issue began. There were no gold certificates issued during the year. Redemptions amounted to $9,437,428. Of a total of $11,735,548.80 issued from November 1865, there were outstanding at the close of the year $1,214,868.17, of which $302,613.80 were in the treasury and $912,254 37 in circulation.

THE HOLDINGS

of the treasury decreased nearly $25,000,000 in the year. The amount outstanding October 31st was $132,542 931, of which the treasury had $32,858,158. Silver certificates outstanding at the close of the fiscal year amounted to $145,543,150, an increase of nearly $30,000,000 in 12 months. The amount in the treasury fell off in the same period from nearly $38,000,000 to $3,425,133, while the increase in the actual circulation was a little more than $54,000,000. This increase is due in part to the demand for small notes, arising from the discontinuance of the issue of legal tender ones and twos.

The treasurer believes all the trade dollars have been redeemed.

THE COINAGE

of standard silver dollars for the fiscal year was $33,216,831, an increase of $3,377,926 over 1886.

On October 31, the treasury held $214,175,532 and there were $82,540,625 in circulation. Between June 30, 1886, and October 13, 1887, the fractional silver coin in the treasury decreased from $28,904,681 to $24,468,135, and the minor coin from $377,814 to $51,400. The one and five cent pieces on hand are not more than sufficient for payments over the counter.

The treasurer calls attention to the decrease in the redemptions of fractional currency, and shows by comparison with other paper issues that a larger amount than has been estimated is probably lost or destroyed. The amount outstanding June 30th, as shown by the books, was $15,322,932 while the redemptions for the year were only $7 123.

Between the end of the fiscal year and October 31st, the number of

DEPOSITORY BANKS

was increased from 200 to 229. The receipts of public funds by the banks during the year were $128,482,769, making the aggregate from the beginning of the system a little short of $4,500,000.

There was a decrease of $34,008,100 during the year in the bonds held to secure circulation of national banks, leaving on deposit $191,966,700, against which there was outstanding $166,625,650 in nationa bank notes

Some confusion exists as to the functions of the Fisheries Commission which is about to meet here. The present commission comes together with no other power than that of a free conference upon questions which practically have been open ones as long as this country has had an existence.

BRIEFLY STATED,

it has been from the beginning the claim of the United States that whatever privileges the treaties with Great Britain recognized to Americans were original rights, and were not in any sense grants or concessions for which something could be demanded in return. In other words, when the territory once under the control of Great Britain was divided the partition related to the land alone; rights upon the water were common to vessels of both nations. This the Britons have always denied. The treaties and arrangements heretofore here have been make-shifts, securing the recognition of our rights in one way or another, but merely for the time being, while postponing the main question indefinitely. The present commission may arrive at an interpretation of the existing treaties, exactly defining the rights of Americans, or, finding that impossible, it may agree upon

SOME MODIFICATIONS

to be recommended to the treaty-making branch of the two governments; in either of which cases, the commission will have accomplished the purpose of its creation.

The commission can not deal, under its present powers, with the question of a commercial union with Canada, though it is not impossible that the subject may be referred to it by the two governments before its labors are ended.

The annual report of T. A. Nash, general superintendent of the railway mail service, shows that at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1887, mail service has been authorized upon 180,959 miles of railroad, postal clerks being employed distributing mail on 166,666 miles, the service on the remaining 14,360 miles being performed with

CLOSED POUCHES.

At the same date there were in operation 41 inland steamboat routes aggregating 5,864 miles, on which postal clerks were employed to handle mails while in transit. There were employed on railroad routes 4,403; on the steamboat routes 57 railway postal clerks. During the year 7,213 miles of new railroad service has been added. The lines on which service was performed by the clerks show an increase of 5,936 miles. The lines supplied by closed pouches increased 8.30 per cent. The inland steamboat routes uecreased from 43 to 41; in length of route from 595,153 miles to 586,489.

In 1886 there were handled by the clerks in the railway mail service of letters, ordinary mail matter, registered packages, through registered pouches and inner registered sacks, 5,845,846,044; in 1887, 5,851,394,057, being

AN INCREASE

of 505,848,013. During the year 1,134,617 errors in distribution were found, making one error for each 373 pieces handled.

Expenditures for this service during the year aggregated $1,713,401, leaving $93,608 of the appropriation unexpended. For the next fiscal year $2,031,288 is asked.

Joseph Chamberlain and Sir Charles Tupper, with Minister West, constitute the commission on the part of Great Britain to endeavor to secure the settlement of the vexed fisheries question, arrived in this city with the other attaches of their party this afternoon.

United Labor Party.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 17.—At the state convention of the united labor party today, a resolution favoring the adoption of the Syracuse platform was offered and strongly opposed, several delegates advocating the adoption of the Cincinnati platform of the union labor party. The debate resulted in the adoption of a series of resolutions endorsing the free-soil platform of 1852, favoring a single tax on land values and declaring that "all such monopolies as have been built up by the assistance of the government through the grant of special privileges and all necessary enterprises exceeding the power of individual ability should be owned and controlled by the government as the postal system now is." The resolutions also declare in favor of the Australian system of voting. Resolutions were also adopted providing for a conference between the state executive committee of Missouri and that of New York and such other states as are organized for the purpose of arranging for a call for a national conference of the united labor party. St. Louis was recommended as the best location for the national convention.

Rich Strikes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17.—Telegraphed reports from Prescott, Arizona, are uniform in a statement that an apparently wonderful discovery of a gold ledge has been made on the Hassayampa River, ten miles from Prescott. The strike was made on the side hill, two hundred feet above the level of the creek. The product of the mine thus far is declared to be the richest ever known on the coast, and has naturally provoked great excitement throughout Arizona. The ledge is twenty inches wide, runs north and south and can be traced for nearly two miles. Quartz rock, taken from the ledge is said to average $100,000 of gold a ton.

Casualties.

CENTRAL CITY, Colo., Nov. 17.—A fire started in Nevadaville, a mile west of here at 2 o'clock this morning, and nearly destroyed the business portion of the town. The Central City and Blackhawk fire departments were telegraphed for but arrived too late to be of much assistance. About forty buildings were burned. Loss $30,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.—Fourteen men were seriously, and, it was feared some of them fatally, burned by an explosion of gasoline at 908 Sansome Street tonight.

Not Dead nor Sleeping.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Tomorrow the *Alarm*, of which Parsons, the executed anarchist, was editor, will be issued for the first time since the execution. The leading article, written by Dyer D. Lum, successor to Parsons, says:

"The former editor of the *Alarm* has been strangled to death by the state. The seal of legal disapproval has been placed upon free speech. Henceforth the workingmen and women must keep silent or clamor for relief through the lines laid down for them. Relief may be asked, parties may be organized, but opposition to the source of justice, by which relief becomes ever necessary, changes are frustrated and parties handicapped, is henceforth throttled. Even the 'Marseillaise' is forbidden to be sung at festivals. Law, the father of all crimes, source of all injustice, barrier to all voluntary co-operation, stands grim and red-handed over us. The duty of the hour is now to wage battle for

A FREE PRESS."

One feature of the issue is a poem dedicated to Lucy E. Parsons, concluding as follows:

"Freedom mourns, but weeps not long,
While yet it writhes beneath the wrong;
The battle was by them begun,
And we must see the victory won."

CRIMINAL CASES.

A Long List of Various Kinds.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, Nov. 17.—The testimony given in the Arensdorf trial today brought out no new features from that adduced from the same witnesses in the former trial. Deputy Sheriff Davenport, Chief of Police Nilson, Dr. Conniff, Anthony Lazzer, Wesley Hitchner, Thomas Jarvis and Rev. C. C. Turner appeared in the order of their former calling by the state.

GIRL MURDERED.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 17.—A Mexico, Mo., special to the *Journal* says: Six masked men broke into the house of Harrison Scott, a colored farmer living four miles north of here, last night, and tried to drag him out of the house. He resisted desperately, but they overcame him, and after beating him into insensibility left. Before their departure a quarrel arose between some of the assailants and Scott's children. After the former got out of the house they fired a volley. One shot took effect in the abdomen of a 20-year-old step-daughter of Scott's. She will probably die. The only cause known for the brutal outrage is that there have been a number of small fires and some petty thieving going on, and there was a report that Scott was responsible for it.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

DETROIT, Nov. 17.—Captain A. H. Mills, an old citizen and prominent vessel man owner of a line of harbor tugs of this city, shot and killed Mrs. Austin Rising, wife of his manager, at her residence on Congress Street, tonight. Mills then went home and shot himself through the head, death resulting almost instantly. Capt. Mills, who was a widower, is said to have been infatuated with the woman.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 17.—The most disastrous fire that ever visited this city occurred tonight and resulted in the complete destruction of 13,200 bales of cotton, compressors Nos. 4 and 5 of the Merchants' Cotton Compress and Storage Company, and forty cars belonging to the Chesapeake, Ohio & Southwestern Railroad. The

COTTON DESTROYED

was principally for export. It was valued at $630,000. The insurance cannot be ascertained tonight. The amount of insurance in all probability will not exceed 60 per cent of the loss.

The presses and buildings of the Cotton Press Company were valued at $125,000, which were also partially insured. The flames covered an area of three blocks and lighted up the entire city. The fire is supposed to be incendiary and Walter Mendenhall, a railroad employe, has been arrested on suspicion.

GLASGOW, Ky., Nov. 17.—Tompkinsville, the county seat of Monroe County, was almost entirely destroyed by fire last night. It was discovered today that Nelson Bros.' safe had been robbed of a large amount of greenbacks and silver, and it is supposed the burglar started the fire to

ATTRACT ATTENTION.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 17.—A *Times* special from St. Joseph says: Two dynamite bombs were found here today, one under the steps of the City Hall. The police took them to the river bank to test them and both exploded with terrific force.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—*Daily News* special from Joliet: In the arson case, today, more testimony was given tending to corroborate the statements of Superintendent Whyte. His testimony was also contradicted in some features by statements made by the defense. Plaintiff's case closed today.

A GENUINE CRISIS.

President Grevy Resigns. — Great Excitement.

PARIS, Nov. 17.—After brief debates on the report of the committee, a division was taken, and the chamber by a vote of 527 to 3, approved the demand for the prosecution of Wilson. The ministers after the meeting at the Palais du Bourbon to consider the situation, went in a body to Elysee Palace and informed President Grevy of the decision of the chamber. M. Mazeau then placed

HIS RESIGNATION

in the hands of M. Grevy, and the President entrusted Minister Falleires temporarily with the duties of minister of justice. A plenary meeting of the republican group of the senate and chamber is summoned for tomorrow to arrange the terms of an interpellation with reference to President Grevy, which will be moved in the chamber on Saturday.

A rumor was current after the ministerial meeting at the Elysee that President Grevy summoned the presidents of the senate and chamber of deputies and informed them that he had resolved to resign, and would send an explanatory message to Parliament on Saturday. Later it was said President Grevy and Wilson declared they will resign only after the proceedings against the latter have been quashed.

AN EXCITED DISCUSSION

is going on with reference to the successor of President Grevy. Ferry, De Freycinet, Floquet, Flourens, Leon Say and Jules Simon each has his list of supporters, and absolute confusion prevails.

Later—The nominee of the Moderates is General Saussier, governor of Paris, who will command the votes of the sections of the Right.

Cigar Makers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—At the Cigar Manufacturers' convention today, it was resolved to appoint a committee to draw up and present to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, a set of resolutions asking Congress to appoint a committee to determine on legislation for the protection of manufacturers and the tobacco interests generally. The resolution asking Congress to extend the weight limit on tobacco cigarettes from three pounds per thousand to six, was rejected.

A resolution to petition Congress to abolish all internal taxes on tobacco was adopted after a hot debate.

After a long debate Mr. Gumbert's proposition to abolish the tax on all manufactured tobacco was lost, and a committee was appointed to go to Washington to urge the retention of taxation as at present on all manufactured goods. Adjourned.

Don't Want Music.

DAYTON, Ohio, Nov. 17.—The United Presbyterian Anti-Music Convention at Xenia adjourned after a lengthy discussion on the question of instrumental music in churches. The resolutions reported were adopted unanimously. The preamble carried a complaint against the general assembly for refusing relief. The third resolution reads:

That, should the assembly further refuse to grant any relief, we shall feel at liberty and even constrained to adopt such measures as may be necessary to maintain the purity and integrity of the United Presbyterian Church, even to the extent of separation from the majority purposing the course of defection.

The executive committee was directed to arrange, through the Presbyterian societies and by other means, to arouse the people to secure the enforcement of discipline against the known violations of any of the principles of the church.

Our New Treaty.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17.—The steamer *Belgic*, which arrived from China and Japan today, touched at Honolulu, and brings advices in regard to the opening of the Hawaiian Legislature. King Kalakaua made a brief address in the opening session, in which he referred to the needed reforms, and concluded as follows: I take great pleasure in informing you that the treaty of reciprocity with the United States has been definitely extended for seven years upon such terms as those in the original treaty, with the addition of a clause granting to the national vessels of the United States the

EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE

of entering Pearl River harbor, and establishing there a coaling and repairing station. This has been done after mature deliberation and interchange between my government and that of the United States of the interpretation of said clause, whereby it is agreed and understood it does not cede any territory or part with or impair any right of sovereignty or jurisdiction on the part of the Hawaiian Kingdom, and that such privilege is coterminous with the treaty. I regard this as one of the most important events of my reign, and I sincerely believe it will re-establish the commercial progress and prosperity which began with the reciprocity treaty."

The Baseballists

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The National League was in secret session all day long. President Young tonight announces the following results of the session:

Section 6 is amended as follows: "Each club shall have the exclusive control of its own grounds, but the home club shall pay the visiting club for each championship game played on said grounds, twenty-five per cent of the receipts for general admission; provided, however, that when such per cent shall be less that $150, the home club shall pay the visiting club that sum."

N. E. YOUNG

was elected president; W. A. Nimick, of Pittsburg, E. K. Stearns, of Detroit; A. H. Sowden, of Boston and W. F. Hewitt, of Washington, directors.

A resolution, introduced by Spaulding of Chicago, was adopted as follows:

Resolved, That League members of the board of arbitration be instructed to vote in favor of permitting minor leagues to protect their clubs and reserve their players, under such rules and conditions as said board may deem proper.

During the afternoon notice was sent to President Ward of the brotherhood that the league would meet him and his associates this evening. Ward, Brouthers and Hanlon were on hand at 9 o'clock with their counsel. In a brief speech Ward referred to the fact that the

INVITATION EXTENDED

to the committee on organization of the brotherhood had not been recognized. The committee represented that organization, and it was necessary that as such it be recognized if the league wished to hear the committee Rogers thought that so new an organization should not prescribe terms The league were not aware of the purposes of it. Ward claimed that the league stood in the same position after recognition as before, but without recognition the committee were individuals. It was a matter of life and death with the players. Its purpose was to protect the rights of members, and benefit the needy members. The league seemed prejudiced against it.

The question was made whether the brotherhood would interfere with the reserve rules or

SALARY CONTRACT,

and what modification was asked for. Ward continued as spokesman for the brotherhood. Spaulding thought the league should recognize the brotherhood, and made a motion, which was adopted, that a committee be appointed to confer with them. The result of the conference will be presented tomorrow.

Mr. Billings, of Boston, offered Mr. Stearns $12,000 for Richardson and Thompson today but was told that $20,000 would not buy them.

A Poor Figure.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The *Daily News*, commenting on the Saunders case, says: "The government has cut a poor figure. Their advisers have landed them in a most ignominious plight. They refuse to prosecute Saunders in a peaceful test case, alleging that the point can be better raised in the prosecution of Graham If this is not a direct discouragement to constitutional methods and a discount on incitement to violence, we should be glad to know what it is. Sir Charles Warren's proclamation is a waste of papor."

The Wool Interest.

MIDDLEBURY, Vt., Nov. 17. — The following has been sent out from the office of the secretary of the National Wool Growers' Association here:

Presidents of state wool growers' associations who are ex-officio vice-presidents of the national association, are earnestly requested to be present and see that their several associations are fully represented at the meeting of the officers of the National Wool Growers' Association at Washington the first Monday in December next.

Assignment.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 17.—Cohen, Finn & Co., dry goods merchants at Ashland, Wisconsin, made an assignment this evening. Assets about $65,000.

A. FISHER BREWING CO.,
Brewery near U.C.R.R. & D. & R.G. Depots.
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
☞ Telephone to Brewery, No. 265. ☜
P. O. Box, 356.
We are now prepared to promptly supply the public with Keg and Bottled Beer of a superior quality, at popular prices.
City Depot 100 s. Main St. Telephone 139.
A. FISHER BREWING CO.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of the County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah.

In the Matter of the Estate of Dimick B. Huntington, deceased.

Order to show cause why Order of Sale of Real Estate should not be made.

JULIA HUNTINGTON MELLEN, THE Administratrix of the estate of D. B. Huntington, deceased, having filed her petition herein, duly verified, praying for an order of sale of the real estate of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth, it is therefore ordered by the Judge of said Court, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before the said Probate Court, on Monday, the 19th day of December, 1887, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the Court Room of said Probate Court, at the County Court House, in the City and County of Salt Lake, Utah Territory, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said administratrix, to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased at private sale as shall be necessary, and that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, a newspaper printed and published in said City and County.

Dated November 12th, 1887.

ELIAS A. SMITH,
Probate Judge.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } ss.
County of Salt Lake. }

I, John C. Cutler, Clerk of the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, in the Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of Order to show cause why an Order of Sale of Real Estate should not be made in the matter of the Estate of D. B. Huntington, deceased, as appears of record in my office.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court, this 12th day of November, A. D. 1887.

[SEAL] JOHN C. CUTLER,
Probate Clerk.
d 4w

Utah Central Railway.
New Time Card, November 13th, 1887.
PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE SALT LAKE DAILY, AS FOLLOWS:

Going North.		Going South.	
Pacific Express at	6.30 a.m.	Milford Express at	4.00 p.m.
Atlantic Express at	8.35 a.m.	Juab Express at	7.20 a.m.
Park City Express and Local at	3.00 p.m.		
Atlantic and U. & N. at	7.21 p.m.		

☞ Passenger Trains Arrive in Salt Lake daily, as follows:

From North.		From South.	
Atlantic Express at	9.45 a.m.	Milford Express at	10.00 a.m.
Park City and Local at	11.10 a.m.	Juab Express at	6.40 p.m.
Utah & Northern at	5.20 p.m.		
Pacific Express at	10.40 p.m.		

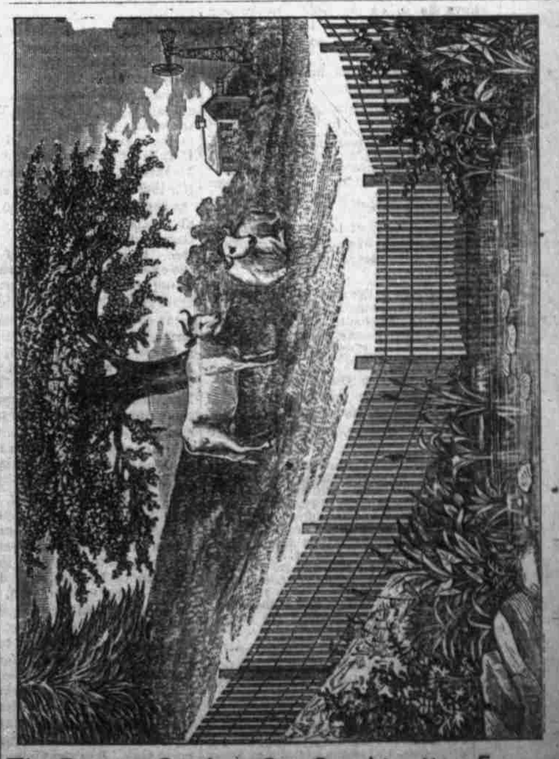
FRANCIS COPE, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.
JOHN SHARP, General Superintendent.

David James & Co.
TINNERS,
PLUMBERS, GAS and STEAM FITTERS,
DEALERS IN
Plumbing Material, Pumps, Pipe and Fittings, Steam Heating Supplies, Tin and Iron Roofing, Galvanized Iron Cornice, Guttering, Etc.
GARDEN HOSE AND LAWN SPRINKLERS.
NO. 67 S. MAIN STREET.

P. W. MADSEN,
Importer and Manufacturer of
FURNITURE.
A FULL STOCK OF
Parlor Sets
I MAKE A
Specialty
OF
CARPETS
AND
WALL PAPER.
Satisfaction in
GOODS and PRICES
Guaranteed.
51 AND 53 E. FIRST SOUTH STREET,
Between Deseret Bank and Theatre.
Carpets & Wall Paper.

"EARLY BREAKFAST"

FOR COAL OR WOOD.
Above cut represents our "EARLY BREAKFAST" with Six Holes and Portable Enameled Copper Reservoir.
☞ Heavier Than the Heaviest. Better Than the Best ☜
☞ THE MOST COMPLETE STOVE OF THE AGE. ☜
☞ FAULTLESS IN EVERY RESPECT. ☜
P.W. MADSEN & CO., 39 & 41 e. FIRST SOUTH ST.


The Burton-Gardner Co. Combination Fence.