DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Monday, - - February 5, 1894.

FRAGMENTS.

THE Salt Lake bar showed up strongly in the Third district court today.

BOTH civil and criminal cases for trial at the present term of the Third district court are more than usually numerous.

AN animated scene has prevailed around the Doric building today. The opening of the new term of court attracted a large crowd.

THE February term of the Third district court was opened this morning and a big rush of legal business may be looked forward to from this time on.

CHIEF JUSTICE ZANEY delivered his first charge to the grand jury of the Third district court this morning. It was a model of brevity and yet covered all the necessary points.

WILLIAM SPEYCHER left for the East this morning to purchase the opening season's dry goods supplies for Z. C. M. I. The markets will be ransacked and culled for novelties and styles in dress goods, notions, summer wraps and gowns.

THE submission of Mayor Baskin's message to the City Council has been somewhat delayed, owing to no fault of his own, but the document will reach the city law makers at their meeting tomorrow night, unless something unforeseen shall occur.

ARTICLES of incorporation of the Bryson Mining company have been filed with the county clerk. The incorporators are A. F. Holden, P. S. Morse, E. B. Wedge, N. A. Parker and C. E. Allen. The capital stock is fixed at $100,000, divided into 100,000 shares of the par value of $10 each.

THE father of George Taylor, Harry Hammond's accomplice, was among the crowd in Judge Morris's court this morning. He is deeply anxious now as to the outcome of his boy's trial, which will begin in earnest tomorrow and probably last several days. Judge Powers will take a hand in the scenes with Messrs. Whitemore and Walsh.

THE Chinese new year is now on, and the holiday will be celebrated by the local Mongolians for some time to come. The observances commenced last night by the discharge of a variety of fireworks made mostly by the Orientals themselves. Evening and "run out" will be the order until the New Year is passed.

JAMES DICKENSON, a dangerous and quarrelsome darkey, was arrested by the police last evening on the charge of using abusive language and making threats of violence. This is the second time this particular negro has been taken into custody by the police officers recently. About two weeks ago he was lodged in jail for stabbing his wife. The latter, however, refused to appear against him and he was turned loose.

PATROLMAN HANDLEY yesterday afternoon arrested two small boy-lunchers—for stealing chickens. The lively work flew out and were stolen from the barn of a State street resident named Michelson. This gentleman in the kindness of his heart refused to prosecute the lads in court and they were allowed to go, but not until they had been severely reprimanded for their wrong doing.

Nelson's Arrest.

M. Marcellus Nelson, the Salt Lake attorney who is awaiting trial on three charges of embezzlement, was arrested Saturday night and landed in the penitentiary, his bondsmen having withdrawn. He will have a hearing during the ensuing term of the Third district court.

AGAIN THE UNION.

Caustic Reply to the Criticism of Professor Paul.

SALT LAKE FOR THE UNIVERSITY.

But the Removal of College and University to a New Site Should Not Be Done Hastily.

Editor Deseret News:

The tone of Professor Paul's reply to the criticism of his first letter carries both great fearless and regret; gratification at his recognition of the force of the criticism and regret that he has taken any personal offense. Patients do not usually take the trouble to reply to mere "cranks." If he will point out the school things to the criticism the amends honorable will be cheerfully made, because there is no desire to use such weapons. To be sure there was a little fun poked at the gentleman because of his amusing fond and elaborate arguments, but the public will appreciate the self-restraint employed in dealing with a subject so full of humor, even if he does not.

In his first letter he made or two distinct statements: "There will be no summer session in union of the Agricultural College with the University of Utah unless the union takes place at Logan," and "The expense of union will be comparatively nothing, if at Logan; and $200,000 if elsewhere."

With regard to the first of these statements, it was asserted that he summered institutions can be run most cheaply at one place as another, and the question was asked, "How can the society make any conceivable difference?" In his reply the gentleman has turn this question from its proper place and represents it as having inferred concerning the sound of his statements. An apology is due for such carelessness or misrepresentation.

In his reply there is no attempt to contradict or disprove what was stated to the criticism of the second statement, that if the four states were removed the extra building required for will is could be erected on the University square for a tenth of $200,000. The challenge of his gross exaggeration of the necessary expense of immediate union at Salt Lake City is not met. The suggestion was made simply to show the unreliability of the gentleman's statement, not as an opinion concerning the wisest thing to be done immediately.

I have since learned on excellent authority that considerable expense would be required to prepare the Logan building for the proper accommodation of the University work. This detracts still more from the value of the statement concerning the relative first cost of immediate union at Logan and Salt Lake City. Immediate union is not advocated, however. It is stated by an excellent authority that by taking a little time money can be effected on a site better than either institution now has, without any cost to the Territory. It certainly seems wise to take each advice. But the whole question is one of time. It should not and will be allow any time for the settlement of this long important question, the location of the state University. They seem to want to make a complishment, and then work out the details afterwards. Why should the $100,000 be saved during the next two years, without detriment to the University, by the immediate removal to Logan? The statement is true, warm and lously the moment away the financial advantage to be gained by keeping the University at Salt Lake City, but the statement seems to be labelled "exaggeration of truth" that it is a great exaggeration will soon be shown.

The gentleman is doubtless as well aware as any other reader of the criticism, that the question, "Should not the College in Logan be utilized for some other purpose, or closed?" has considerable force in such a way, will by be indeed the simply pleasure of saving the buildings and grounds.

The impossibility to consider the removal of the University to Logan so hastily as expedient, a reasonably matter of consideration and delay is a sufficient reason for the answer of a Weber for Logan is unreasonable.

In the matter of running for $10,000 per year for the combined institutions with an extra outlay generally as your responsible for, I will say to only that I believe that the College in Logan rather than the University. Hospitals and for government are their sources when considering this matter. A little more information would have prevented some of the errors.

The University has been obliged to use more than $10,000 per year instead of $10,000 as the gentleman states.

To allow $5,000 per year to the University's charges and to save $100,000 in two years by union at Logan, saves the College buildings, and other assets of $110,000 to the University by their union in one year. The saves year amounts to nothing.

Three years, or twenty months, from January 1, 1894. For six months following this year, until the end of the school year, July 1, 1894, the University is under no obligation to run about as it is now, at a cost of about $2,000 per month, and $20,000 from $110,000 leaves $90,000. The school for the year ending June 30, 1895, cost $14,000 for the remaining fourteen months, and $14,000 from $90,000 leaves $76,000. Allowing $800 per month as the cost of doing all the work of the University's work, normal school and all, we have $7,600 more for the College in Logan, and this amount leaves $69,000 leaves $19,000. Then, even with the gentleman's own estimate, of that of the trustees endorsed by him, we find that he has overestimated the savings by nearly 100 per cent.

I understand a reasonable estimate by those too qualified to judge is that about $20,000 per year would be required to carry on at Logan the University's present work, exclusive of the school of the Agricultural College, per month for fourteen months, deducted from $90,000 leaves $70,000. The cost of removing apparatus and equipment would reduce this amount considerably.

But it is not necessary to argue against the correctness of that $100 per year estimate, those acquainted with the present work of the University and well informed about the cost of each work need no argument; but it is well to repeat that such figuring means the wreck of the University and its work and is neither as wise nor economical as foolish.

The attempt to show that $200,000 yearly might be brought into or kept in Salt Lake City by the students of a University whose enrollment numbers from 1,000 to 1,200, such as may reasonably be predicted as to the future of the University of Utah if well sustained and developed, is not "playful exaggeration" but the gentleman's suppression of most of the remarks on this point, and his conveying the idea that the sum above mentioned was an estimate based on present conditions is the wilful misrepresentation.

How many high school students does the gentleman think Salt Lake needs? To give many cities of a hundred thousand or less having more than one high school can be point? How many such high school buildings cost more than from $60,000 to $75,000 as compared with those costing that sum per one?

Now "the anonymous writer affected" that the gentleman himself asserts that the University square is worth $400,000 and that by its abandonment the city would be enriched that amount. Who would be the loser? The anonymous writer would not have made so high an estimate but thought it proper to use the gentleman's own figures. For how much can the Logan plant be sold today? Would it bring $50,000? The University square has a potential value in excess that of the Logan plant, site included, and sites may be obtained in the vicinity of Salt Lake whose value is about five times that of the Logan site. The prospect of obtaining for the University these values is good enough to justify a little waiting and expense.

Whether a bird in the hand is worth ten in the bush depends upon the relative value of the birds and the prospects of bagging those in the bush. A prudent hunter does not fire into his prospective ish almost in range, by shooting at a rabbit already within range.

"Money talks" in the matter, does it? Whose money does Logan talk with? About a hundred acres of land, of rather indifferent quality to start with, a mile or more from a small town, is the value that Logan has a just claim to talk with.

Is not the gentleman mistaken in his assumption that the supplies for Salt Lake tables come exclusively from Logan farms? May not some products from Salt Lake, Davis, Utah and Weber counties occasionally furnish a square meal even in Salt Lake's unfortunate inhabitants?

The suggestion with regard to students' attendance is one that will keep for more few and does not demand immediate execution. Both buildings should be made to return a fair interest on the capital invested and become a source of revenue.

Arguments and opinions are worth exactly the value of the reasons upon which they are based. In the reasons presented in the argument for the advantages of a city as a location for a university connected formerly to the union more than those supporting the opinion for a village. If so, this is sufficient.

The opinion of some American authorities in such towns prefer settling against the advantages of a city location. If a city location has advantages, those authorities would be better off in a city.

With enough money, labor and talent, a university, worthy, though lacking some features, could be created in the midst of a desert; but the resources are with a far less expenditure a suitable one in a city.

Our Territory is not rich. The people are good or better souls have been founded in a city.

There are several isolated American institutions called colleges and universities, perhaps in the north or there are many of the kind. Doubtless a large part of the whole number, numbering at least good men, are located in small towns, but some institutions have built up very valuable towns surrounding and growing with them. Instances are not wanting in the history of the United States and the Territory of Utah. The old style classical and literary colleges tend to establishment of at as well in one place as another, the only institution being accessibility to students. But the modern university business, industrial, professional and technical has at least potential value in its most complete, efficient and economical development, and increase in size of population and industries is essential.

The gentleman's letter shows perhaps strongly, with a warning to the people of Salt Lake. When such arguments are accepted or assumed be good sense, it shows a very somewhat. It is the gentleman's duty to indicate that our Legislature will not be guided by reason in deciding the important educational questions before them, but will be controlled by local considerations and passion?

Will they believe that $100,000 can be saved within two years by union at Logan? Will they believe it wise to throw away the educational advantages for all the future and financial prospects in the immediate future for the University at Salt Lake? Will they think it wise to save the state university away from the seats of about one-fifth of the people or to place it near less than one-fourth of the people?

If they do not believe and think these things, will there be a disposition then to punish Salt Lake for opposing them?

When transplanting the war cloth, the gentlemen will of course remember that Salt Lake is not in the business of manufacture of the universities and will spare the city while demolishing the writer.

The gentleman will please notice that his same assertions close in the letter. It is hoped that the efforts to please him in this matter will be duly appreciated.

When a person writes for the public press concerning his private affairs or those of any one else, his name should be given. When he writes about public interests and gives opinions merely, he owes it to the readers to support the opinions; and there is no more charge when facts and reasons are given to support of the opinions expressed.

The writer wishes to present to the public certain considerations about important educational questions, and does not care to advertise himself. Until something is written at which he has reason to be ashamed, the writer will sid very from his custom, notwithstanding the gentleman's disapproval.

X.

New Suits.

Omer Poisson has begun suit in the Third district court against Salt Lake City to recover $10,000 for personal injuries. According to the complaint, on September 7 in last year the plaintiff was employed as a laborer by the city to gather dirt and refuse from the street sweeper, that he was supplied with a shovel which was insufficient and unfit for the purpose required, especially as as the street was not swept, and that in consequence he was thrown to the ground while using it, and severely injured, was sick for a long time and is permanently injured. He claims $5,000 damages. As a further cause of action plaintiff says that in February, 1893, he was employed as a laborer on Fort South street, working on an excavation for the city when a cave in took place. He sustained $3,000 worth of damages and was put to $500 expense for medical attendance.

A. S. Kendall, the Salt Lake enterprise of provisions, has entered suit in the same court against James G. McAllister, his successor, charging him with usurpation of office. The suit was brought in the name of the people of the Territory of Utah by Walter Maughan, county attorney, on the complaint of Alma S. Kendall vs James G. McAllister. The complaint alleges that Kendall was appointed to the office of inspector of provisions on November 14, 1892, and was commissioned for a period of two years, that the Mayor on November 24, 1893, removed him without cause, that the action of the Mayor was confirmed by the City Council and that McAllister was illegally appointed. Hence plaintiff prays that the latter be ousted.

SURPRISING ARRESTS.

A Sporting Man, a Hack Driver and a Well Known Saloon Keeper in a Mixed Up Case.

Some rather surprising arrests were made by Detectives Shields and Rhodes yesterday. They grew out of a burglary committed at the tailoring shop of Walker & Company on Second South street on Saturday night, when cloth and materials showing to the value of $[illegible] was stolen, taken by Harry Stephens, sporting man, and has a city

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

[illegible] a hundred miles Adams to the [illegible] of the well known saloon keeper. Fritz Hoppe, where they were seen in a shed, from which they were taken by the officers to the city hall.

Stephens was thrown before the bar with a charge of burglary preferred against him. Adams was arrested as an accomplice and Hoppe was taken into custody for receiving and concealing stolen property in his house. All others concerned in the affair are the most startling that late recently been made.

The name of the Colorado Irrigation company at Yuma, A. T., have started again. The farmers are said to be happy over the prospects for a copious rain season. Then, when cold winds are having well into the summer are due. Times and income are in blossom. The second crop was old injured by the recent cold snap. Grapefruit are tumbling.

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS!

"St. Charles."

All friends of St. Charles Cream—and they are Legion—will be pleased to know that this celebrated cream is again manufactured at St. Charles, Ill., by the St. Charles Evaporated Cream Co., whose plant, burned to the ground last September, has been rebuilt, and is now busy fully and completely equipped for the manufacture of unsweetened cream than any factory in the like character in this country. The "St. Charles" brand has proven its superiority, and it stands unrivaled as "the best unsweetened sterilized cream" manufactured.

Hoyt's Bills were Delivered.

[illegible]

Good Friend.

If friends of this paper and neighborhood will do well to remember that the *Deseret Evening* is located at 40 West, Fifth South street. Call there and be convinced that the management is not behind the times in a full line of Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Confectionery and Groceries. Cakes made to order. Genuine Buttercup Crackers a specialty. Boiled Ham, Sandwiches, etc. Mr. Sanford, who has charge of the establishment, will be pleased to receive a call from his numerous old friends.

In buying or selling Second-Hand Goods we recommend the I. X. L., 49 east, Second South. Buy Goods wanted.

Admission of Pupils to the City Schools.

In accordance with the rule of the Board of Education, which provides that beginning pupils may be admitted only during the first two weeks of each half year, it is hereby announced that children who have reached six years of age and have never attended school will be received in the public schools until, and not after Feb. 9th, 1894.

J. F. MILLIGANNON,
Supt. Public Schools.

Dr. G. S. Hewes & Son,
The leading Optician, Deseret Block. Strictly first-class work at one-half price charged elsewhere. Best west of Chicago.

Damaged Lumber.

All burned stock at special cash prices. Now is the time to buy. Morrison, Merrill & Co.

Removal.

E. W. Talbick has removed his law office from rooms 31, 32, Construction Building to rooms 211, 212, Harmon Building.

What is more attractive than a pretty face with a fresh, bright complexion? For it use Pozzoni's Powder. 2

Keep your deeds and other valuables, including jewels, in a safety deposit box at Zion's Savings Bank & Trust Co. Rental for year only amounts to a few cents per month. Ladies specially invited to call and see vaults.

Dr. Burrows, Oculist, Aurist and Optician. Spectacles fitted. Commercial Block.

A large consignment of Old Allen Coal just received at Moore & Co's. Call up telephone 567.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Catarrh in the Head.

It is unfortunately a disease of the blood, and as such only a reliable blood purifier can effect a perfect and permanent cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier; it has cured many very severe cases of catarrh. Catarrh oftentimes leads to consumption. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late.

Hood's Pills do not purge, pain nor gripe, but act promptly, easily and efficiently. 25c. 3

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

JOHN C. CARTER JR.
City Time Check, Watchmaker, tonight 8:00 p.m. St. Mark's.

Cheap—Building Material.

Will give 15 per cent discount from usual price list. Bennett & McCaughey.

Sash, duty, moulding, mouldings and sawed goods at Main street, Salt Lake City, Utah. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Get your Abstracts of Title at the County Recorder's office. They are more correct than the original records.

The Clifton House, corner of the European plan, rates $2.00 and $2.50 per day. Geneva Cafeteria. Antlerson.

Dress Goods.

Call on the Dress Goods. Our stock of Leaders, Silks, Trims, etc., is complete, and there is a great drop in prices. Morrison, Merrill & Co.

GOOD ADVICE

Fire Insurance in Hard Times.

[illegible]

THE NIAGARA,
THE HARTFORD,
THE PENNSYLVANIA,
THE AMERICAN.

Continental Assets Over $[illegible]

Heber J. Grant & Co., Gen'l Agents

The BERRY GROCERY CO.,

C. S. BERRY, Pres. [illegible] Staple and Fancy Groceries

Home Production Store. 207 STATE ST., BOLMES BLOCK, [illegible]

CANT FAIL TO Gold!! SANITARIUM HOT . . . . SPRINGS . . . BATHS. . . 52 WEST, THIRD SOUTH STREET. . .

It is good, but it does not compare for Health and Comfort with the Sanitarium Hot Springs Baths at 52 W. Third South Street. That these healthful baths cause marvelous improvement and cures in many cases, some appears good from day to day, endorsed by our physicians, ministers, business men and people of standing. A novel and fresh giving exposition is obtained by our saloon operating, exciting admiring persons of taste and confidence for the large front, which is now open, spacious and equipped by very many of our leading citizens.

TOWELS AND SUITS WASHED AT TROY LAUNDRY.

Don't Miss This Sale.. Commencing Monday, Jan. 29th and continuing for thirty days we will sell any Shoe in our mammoth store at . . . ACTUAL FACTORY COST. 57 South Main St. Dunford's

John Henry Smith, Pres.
O. H. Pratt, Sec'y & Treas.
Alonzo H. Parson, Vice-Pres.
W. N. Williams, Supt.

Co-op Furniture Co.

We have made a general reduction in prices. We do not claim to sell "at cost," nor do we employ any other method to deceive the public, but we do claim that our

PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

We have a complete line of

FURNITURE AND CARPETS, ETC.

And our goods are all new and stylish. Call and see us, and if you buy you will get honest treatment.

Don't Be Mistaken.

OUR WATERPROOF SHOES ARE NOT HEAVY
(but can be made so if desired). They are

LIGHT AND STYLISH.

And further we can sell you HOME MADE SHOES cheaper than you can buy the imported. THINK ABOUT IT. We do not pretend to give you

$5.00 FOR 50c.

But we do say that we give the BEST SHOES FOR THE MONEY "in Utah parts."

ROBINSON BROTHERS, 35 WEST FIRST SOUTH.

THE OLD RELIABLE GODBE—PITTS DRUG COMPANY

Are still at the Old Stand, Corner Main and First South Streets. The largest and best stock of DRUGS, Chemicals and Patent Medicines in the Territory. Prices very moderate. Everybody call and see us.

Browning Bros.

85 Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.
261 Washington Ave., Ogden, Utah.

Wholesale and Retail

Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Tents, Hammocks, Ete. Base Ball, Lawn Tennis, Crimes Supplies, Athletic Goods, Etc., Etc. Agents for Sporting, Blasting and Nitro Powders. Send for new Illustrated Catalogue.

HAIR RUGS AT A SACRIFICE.

OUR STOCK OF HAIR RUGS IS THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE CITY. WE OFFER YOU FOR A FEW DAYS SOME BARGAINS THAT YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS. REMEMBER, YOU HAVE OUR ENTIRE AND BEAUTIFUL STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

Beautiful Goat Skin, $2.85 was $4.50
Large Sized Goat Skin, $4.50 was $6.75
Bordered Goat Skin, $4.00 was $6.25

HOW'S THIS!

Extra Large Wolf Colors and Grizzly Border for $.95, was $12.50.

And many others. All hair rugs warranted colorfast. We have the most beautiful line of imported Angora Rugs to be found in the west. All go at a sacrifice.

Henry Dinwoodey Furniture Co.

STOVES
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Heating Stoves
Cooking Stoves
Base Burners
Parlor Cook Stoves
Oak Stoves

ALL KINDS FOR EVERYBODY

WE ARE OVERSTOCKED ON THEM AND WILL CLOSE THEM OUT AT STRICT COST.

Freed Furniture & Carpet Company,

80 to 40 East, Third South Street.