DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. XIX. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 10, 1886 NO. 117.

EVENING NEWS:
Published every Evening, except Sunday.
One Copy, one year, with Postage, $10 00
" " six months " 5 00
" " three months, " 2 50

DESERET NEWS:
SEMI-WEEKLY,
PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND SATURDAY
One Copy, one year, with Postage, $3 00
" " six months, " 1 75
" " three months, " 1 00

DESERET NEWS:
WEEKLY,
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
One Copy, one year, with Postage, $2 50
" " six months, " 1 50
" " three months, " .50

PUBLISHED BY
THE DESERET NEWS CO.,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

CHICAGO TRADE.

SIX MEDALS
of the First Class
AWARDED
Established 1839.
Soapmakers, Perfumers, Chemists,
BY THE
World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition, New Orleans, 1884 and 1885.
(Extracts from Jurors' Reports to the Board of Awards.)
For Collective Display of Toilet Soaps and Perfumery.
For Fancy and Ordinary Toilet Soaps.
For Excellence of Material, Delicacy of Perfume, and Neatness of Style.
For Zenithia Shaving Soaps.
For Laundry Soap Specialties.
For Excellence and Superiority of Laundry, Harness, and Medicinal Toilet Soaps.
Highest and only Award for Chemically Pure Glycerine.
JAS. S. KIRK & COMP'Y,
CHICAGO.

R. E. POHLE,
Manufacturer of Center, Library & Pillar Extension, Kitchen, Breakfast & Common Extension
TABLES,
Hat Racks and Whatnots,
313 to 321 South Clinton Street, Chicago.
Goods can be found at the Co-operative Furniture Co. and other Dealers at Salt Lake City. dly

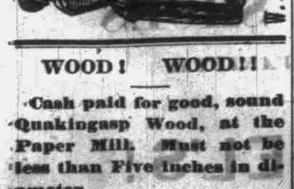
F. MAYER & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CHAMBER SUITES, SIDEBOARDS & BOOK CASES,
In Walnut, Cherry and American Mohogany,
CHICAGO.
Our Goods are on Sale in all the Principal Stores in the country. dly

AUGUST HEUER. H. BROCKSCHMIDT.
HEUER & BROCKSCHMIDT,
Wholesale Dealers in
Cabinet Hardware,
AND
Upholsterers' Goods.
NO. 173 RANDOLPH STREET,
CHICAGO, ILL.
d115 6m

STAR HORSE NAILS,
POLISHED OR BLUED.
Will hold a shoe on Longer than any other. We guarantee our Nails to be Equal in Quality and Durability to any made.
Made from the Best Norway Iron, Finished Already to drive, by the
UNION HORSE NAIL CO.,
CHICAGO.
For Sale by Z. C. M. I. and its Branch Stores. d105 1y

USE THE
PAN HANDLE CARPET WARP
WHITE AND COLORED.
THE BEST in USE.
Z. C. M. I. SOLE AGENTS. Can be obtained at all their branch stores throughout the Territory. d&s alt

SAPONIFIER
Is the Old Reliable Concentrated Lye for FAMILY SOAP MAKING. Directions in each can for making **Hard, Soft,** and **Toilet Soap** quickly. It is full weight and strength. Ask your grocer for **SAPONIFIER**, and take no other.
PENN'A SALT MANUF'G CO., Philadelphia



GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.
Warranted *absolutely pure* Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health. Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

WOOD! WOOD!!
Cash paid for good, sound Quakingasp Wood, at the Paper Mill. Must not be less than Five inches in diameter.
THE DESERET NEWS CO.
d alw

NEW YORK TRADE.

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitudes of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders.
Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & CO.,
109 Duane St., New York.
Manufacturers of and Dealers in COTTON SAIL DUCK, "Woodberry," Druid Mills "POLARIS" and other favorite brands, all numbers—Hard, Medium and Soft.
DUCK FOR OVERALLS, BLUE, BROWN, OR IN THE GRAY
COTTON CANVASS or all numbers—14 to 120 inches wide, for Deck, Car, Trunk and Wagon Coverings, Machine Aprons and for other purposes, constantly in store and made to order.
Agents for U. S. Bunting Co., "Standard" and "Eagle," by the Case or less quantity These Goods can be obtained at Z. C. M. I.

HAZARD POWDER
Office, 63, Pine St., New York.
Constantly on hand a complete stock of this well known and justly celebrated
GUNPOWDER!
Blasting, Kentucky Rifle, Fair Lawn, Duck, Electric Fuse.
For sale at wholesale and retail by all the leading dealers in the Territory, and at wholesale only by J. W. Sanders & Co., Agents, Salt Lake City.

BEST
SIX-CORD
Spool Cotton
FOR SALE
AT WHOLESALE
BY
Z. C. M. I.

Wolfe, Patton & Co.,
LIMITED.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in
BRUSHES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Represented by JOHN RAE.
For sale at Z. C. M. I., Godbe, Pitts & Co., Barnes & Davis, Moore, Allen & Co., R. Alf. S. F. Teasdel, Dunnington & Co., Clark, Eldredge & Co., Sears & Liddle. 41dtf &

☞ Ask for the Corrugated Stove Pipe Elbow. It gives the Best Satisfaction and meets with Quick Sales.
For sale by Z. C. M. I. branch stores.

GOOD FOR ALL!
GRAEFENBERG
PILLS.
For more than Forty Years these valuable Pills have been known and used. They act mildly but thoroughly. Bilious Disorders, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Headache, Constipation and Malarial Diseases are cured by using these Pills.

GRAEFENBERG
CATHOLICON.
A Great Remedy for all Female Complaints. This Medicine cures Female Weakness and Nervous Disorders. Physicians use this Catholicon in their practice.

GRAEFENBERG
Children's Panacea.
A safe and pleasant remedy for all Children's Diseases. Acting as a tonic it is positively beneficial to every child that takes it.
☞ Send stamp for book to Graefenberg Co., New York.
Z. C. M. I. DRUG STORE, AGENTS,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. 4&

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address.
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

XLIX CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, D.—Senator Ingalls (by request) introduced a bill to provide for a board of arbitration to examine and settle the differences between railroad companies and their employes.

Frye took the floor and addressed the Senate in support of the resolution heretofore submitted by him in relation to fisheries. The resolution declares it the sense of the Senate that congress ought not to provide for the appointment of a commission in which the governments of the United States and great Britain should be represented charged with the consideration and settlement of the fishing rights of two governments on the coasts of the United States and British America. He contended that Great Britain always had the best of the United States in negotiating treaties, and that this government had never derived any benefit from the treaty of Washington.

Our fishermen, he said, heard with amazement and indignation, that Secretary Bayard was making, without the interposition of the Senate, a new treaty recommending a joint commission. The fault of the Secretary was that he should take counsel only of an enemy; that he should have consulted Mr. George Steele, President of the American Fishery Union, who was very desirous of presenting the case of American fishermen. If this hearing had been granted, neither the President nor Mr. Bayard would have fallen into the diplomatic traps West set for them.

The Washington Territory admission bill was then placed before the Senate, the pending question being on Eustis's proposed amendment limiting the right of suffrage in the proposed new State to qualified male electors only.

Butler said he would vote against the amendment.

Beck favored the amendment, and spoke in its support.

Teller hardly expected that the Senator from Kentucky would have thrown any obstacles in the way of people becoming citizens of the United States. If the Senator were now in his own country, Teller doubted very much whether he would be a "home ruler." He doubted whether Beck would be in sympathy with the struggling people of Ireland, or with the great statesman who had just made the world ring with his noble utterances in behalf of self-government. Teller characterized Mr. Gladstone's speech as the greatest ever made on the subject to which it related, and was made by probably the greatest man of the age. Reading one of its sentences, which proclaimed the necessity for sympathy with law on the part of the people, Teller said, Gladstone's words would live as long as the English language lived. Referring to woman suffrage, Teller believed it would be one of the greatest blessings to civilization.

After a long debate on the merits and demerits of woman suffrage the Eustice amendment was rejected—yeas 12, nays 25. The yeas were Messrs. Beck, Berry, Coke, Goodman, Gray, Ingalls, Jackson, Maxey, Pugh, Sanlsbury and Walthall. A number of pairs were announced, Morgan among them. Among the Senators voting against Eustis' amendment was Edmunds.

The Senate then adjourned till to-morrow.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON 9.—Forney of Alabama, asked unanimous consent for the presentation of a joint resolution making an appropriation for the relief of sufferers from floods in Alabama. Beach of New York objected.

On motion of Reagan, of Texas, a resolution was adopted calling on the Secretary of the Interior for information relative to discrimination against the Denver & New Orleans Railroad Company by the land grant roads.

After a call of committees for reports of a private character, the House went into committee of the whole on the private calendar.

O'Neill asked unanimous consent for the present consideration of a resolution which set firth that the House of Representatives of the United States sympathizes with Gladstone and his associates in their efforts to secure a free Parliament for the people of Ireland, and congratulates the people of that hitherto unhappy country on their prospects; that the Speaker of the House communicate a copy to Gladstone.

Cox objected and the resolutions were not read.

The House, at its evening session, passed 25 pension bills and adjourned till to-morrow.

AMERICAN.

Wired from Washington.

WASHINGTON, 9.—The Acting Secretary of the Treasury has received the following telegrams in regard to the alleged discourteous treatment of the Chinese Minister:

SAN FRANCISCO, 8.

To the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington:

The Department letter of the 23rd ultimo was promptly communicated to the Surveyor with instructions to accord all facilities to the Chinese embassy. No discourtesy has been shown them, on the contrary unusual indulgence was extended. They were speedily landed without identification or evidence of their official character, and without credentials as required by section 13 of the restriction act. The Chinese Consul at this port neither gave to this office notice of their arrival nor made application for facilities. The complaints that the proper courtesy was withheld has not come to my knowledge.

(Signed) JOHN S. HAGER, Collector.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.

Fairchild, Acting Secretary of the Treasury:

The Chinese Embassy arrived in advance of time. Every facility to land was extended. No discourtesy was shown. They made no complaint. They landed by direction of the Collector. Before leaving the ship the Envoy expressed his thanks to the Surveyor in charge for the courtesy shown him at his hotel. The comments of the Eastern papers are not warranted by the facts.

(Signed) JNO. L. HAGAR, Collector.

ISRAEL LAWTON, Superintendent of the Mint.
W. J. TENNEY, Surveyor.

The President has appointed Wm. H. Waldy of Adrian, Michigan, to be a member of the Board of Indian Commissioners.

Following is the vote on the silver question in the House on Thursday. The first question was on Mr. Dibble's proposition to suspend the silver coinage July 1st, 1889, unless in the meantime the nations of Europe have joined with the United States in the remonetization of silver.

The question then recurred on the engrossment and third reading of the bill, and it was decided in the negative, yeas 126, nays 163; so the bill was killed.

Another Account of the Slaughter in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, 9.—Ever since the railroad employes in East St. Louis ceased work in support of the striking Knights on Gould's Southwestern system, rumors of riots and bloodshed have daily gained circulation; but until to-day no serious conflict has occurred. To-day opened with but little prospect of serious trouble, although some of the strikers intimated that the roads would find it less easy to run trains than they had anticipated, and early in the morning the yards presented an animated scene. Switch engines were running up trains, platform men were busy loading and unloading freight, and trains were arriving and departing without any interference. This condition of affairs continued until noon, and it was thought the day would pass without any demonstration by the strikers. At that hour, however, the trouble which afterward grew to such alarming proportions, began. A number of strikers, without apparently having formed any preconcerted plan, congregated at the relay depot and began a discussion on the general situation. As the time passed their number was augmented, until the original knot of men increased to fully 200. The discussion became animated and the crowd more demonstrative until some one proposed they should go to Louisville & Nashville yards and drive out the men employed there. The cry of "On to the Nashville yards" was caught up, and the crowd advanced. As they proceeded their number was again increased, some joining the mob simply as spectators, while others were in full sympathy with the movement, until 300 or 400 were advancing toward the yards. Arriving there they swarmed into the yards and persuaded the men at work to desert their posts. The crowd remained in the yard for some time, and although considerable excitement prevailed, no violence was resorted to. Just at this time, however, the Louisville & Nashville freight train was slowly passing, guarded by eight deputy sheriffs armed with Winchester rifles. In the meantime, crowds of men, women and children had congregated on Broadway where the L. & N. tracks cross the street, and also upon the Broadway bridge which spans Cahokia Creek, and in the open space to the east. Just as the train reached the Broadway crossing the trouble began. The crowd on the bridge began to yell and jeer at the officers, and it is asserted that stones were thrown which struck two or three of them, and it is also said that a pistol was discharged. The deputies immediately levelled their rifles and fired two volleys into the crowd on the bridge with fatal effect, four men being killed and one woman mortally wounded. The dead are Patrick Driscoll, a Wabash section hand, not a striker; Oscar Washington, a painter, not a striker; John Bonner, a coal miner, not a striker, and Major Rychman, a mill employe, not a striker. Mrs. Pfeffer, said to be the wife of a striker, was shot in the back and mortally wounded.

The greatest excitement immediately prevailed and pandemonium reigned. The crowd fled in every direction and when the deputies realized how fearful was the result of their fire they sought means of escape by rushing for the bridge with a view of fleeing to the city. At the approach to and just at the bridge tower on the east side they were met by Mayor Joyce, City Clerk Canty and a third man, who seized the deputies' guns and endeavored to turn them back. One of the deputies, in his terror, fired upon the trio, killing a man named C. E. Thompson, who stood between Joyce and Canty. Some shots were fired by the remaining deputies at the approaching strikers, and all started over the bridge. The scene on the bridge was one of the wildest confusion and excitement. Coal teams and other teams with wagons were galloping westward and their drivers shouting to all the pedestrians and loiterers to run back. Women and men on foot were running toward the city and waving back all they met, while immediately behind came the deputies pursued by a vanguard of the crowd from East St. Louis. One of the frightened guards threw his gun into the river, while another hid his weapon in a wagon that was in full retreat. On arriving in this city, the deputies went at once to the Chestnut Street police station where, after stating the facts, they surrendered to the sergeant in charge, and were taken to the Four Courts, where they were placed in custody, after giving the following names: P. G. Hewlett, John Hague, Sam Jones, John P. Williams, C. Luster, Stewart Martin, Geo. Marneli and W. F. Laird.

Gov. Oglesby has ordered out eight companies of militia and placed them under orders to move at once. Some of them are on the way and will be in East St. Louis to-night. Adjutant General Vance will also arrive to-night, and every means to allay the excitement and restore order will be used.

THE GRAND JURY REPORT.

WHAT THEY DID, AND WHAT THEY WOULD LIKE TO HAVE DONE.

Yesterday afternoon the grand jury came into the Third District Court, and through the foreman, M. H. Walker, presented the following report:

To the Honorable the Third District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Utah:

Your grand jury empaneled for the February term of 1886, respectfully report that they have investigated and reported thirty-two indictments under the United States statutes, and eight under the Territorial statutes.

The following cases under the Territorial statutes have been ignored: People of Utah vs. Hyrum P. Trim, charge, maliciously administering poison to an animal; Fred. Newell, charge, burglary; Charles Peacock, charge, enticing a female of previously chaste character to a house of ill-fame, for the purpose of prostitution; J. C. Roundy and Wm. Agood, charge, larceny; M. P. Germo, charge, embezzlement; Frank Benedict and Walt Dinwood, charge, battery.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO EXAMINE THE COUNTY JAIL.

To the Foreman and Members of the Grand Jury of the Third District Court, for the February term, 1886.

Gentlemen—Your committee appointed to investigate and report on the condition of the County Jail of Salt Lake County, beg leave to report that agreeable to your instructions, we have made a careful examination of the basement of the County Court House, which is used as a county jail. There is one large cell which is used for a general room, and it is well ventilated and warm, but is very filthy. The other four cells are not in use at present but with proper care in ventilating and warming all of the apartments, could be used for the purposes for which they are intended. At present some of them are damp. We found one prisoner confined in the jail, Frank McDonald, from Bingham, charged with burglary. There are two other prisoners at the jail, one W. L. Crane, who is doing duty as cook for himself; Frank McDonald and B. Y. Hampton, who has an apartment on the second floor. These two prisoners were in the yard in the rear of the jail. B. Y. Hampton is practicing in the jailer, keeping his key on the inside and getting his meals at Jailer Burt's. All of which is respectfully submitted.

I. M. BARRATT,
A. R. CARTER,
E. W. RUFF,
A. J. GUNNELL,
C. H. PARSONS,
Committee.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON NUISANCES.

To M. H. Walker, Foreman of the Grand Jury.—We beg leave to present for your consideration the following report, the result of personal investigation made by your committee, regarding the many evils in this city in the form of nuisances prejudicial to the health of the community, which investigations have been confined to a limited area within the corporate limits of the city.

We find the following which should, in our opinion, be eradicated either by action of your honorable body, or were still, by appeal to the City Council, whose exertions in the past towards abolishing such nuisances have been confined heretofore exclusively to verbal promises;

1st. Mrs. Blythe's, in rear of City Stables; composed of manure to an untried and unknown depth.

2d. In rear of Brischer's Palace Hotel, restaurant, or alley way partially filled with garbage and slops, highly odoriferous.

3d. Springlow and Barrows' property near the rear of Thompson's livery stables, being water closets, filled and exposed, demonstrating most satisfactorily, extreme laxativeness in vicinity.

4th. 255 Fine Street, filthy hog pen, very bad, constituting a base for the medical fraternity and undertaker on the approach of warm weather.

5th. Mr. Noble, 69 Brigham Street, a yard where animals run loose, manure and filth about 18 inches deep, adjoining front yard of the Wilcox property.

6th. Mrs. Bernhisel's, corner Brigham Wilder's premises, Fourth South and Fifth East, dirty privy exposed, and hog pen adjoining, from which diphtheritic odors are disseminated. (Note.—Mrs. B. declares she will keep all the hogs she wants.)

7th. Gaynford's, corner of Fourth South and Seventh East, a very filthy hog pen and stagnant water slightly impregnated with a greenish tinge that gives body and tone to it.

8th. O. F. Due's place in the Fifteenth Ward.

9th. McDonald's block, Eighth Ward.

10th. Colorado Stables, where a large number of cows and horses are, requires attention, being a very dirty place, with a bright prospect of becoming worse.

11th. Don Tatts and Eldridge's cow pen.

12th. Rear of Jennings' butcher shop.

13th. Several filthy places in rear of Commercial Street, among the number and most disgusting being a very large and open cesspool.

14th. Smith's cow corral, corner of South and Seventh East Streets, where from sixty to eighty cows are kept, from which the infiltration and seepage pass into the adjacent wells, thus giving body with a suspicious flavor and aroma to the water.

The above enumerated list has come under our immediate observation, and demands attention before the summer months appear, if we take into consideration the welfare of the community, for in this heterogeneous mass of filth, as represented, are the seeds of disease whose germinating principles will be fully developed by the approaching hot weather.

Your committee are of the opinion that if the City Council would by ordinance prohibit the keeping of hogs within a radius of one and a quarter miles, say from the southeast corner of the Union National Bank, as an initial point, to take immediate effect, a vast amount of sickness emanating from and carried by such filth, would be prevented, and our mortality bills be greatly diminished, especially as regards the juvenile portion of the community.

We would therefore respectfully suggest that if no active steps are taken by the city authorities toward effecting a "revolution" of these nuisances, by adopting such measures as will tend to give to the citizens a good sanitary "regimen," before the final adjournment of the present Grand Jury, that bills of indictment be found against the within enumerated parties, and others that countenance by their dilatory movements such nuisances as are herein complained of, all of which is respectfully submitted.

E. B. WILDER, Chairman.

E. W. RUFF,
JOSEPH FOREMAN,
JOHN S. RAMES,
R. D. MCDONALD,
Committee.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON PENITENTIARY AND PRIVATE INSANE ASYLUM.

Your committee appointed to visit the Territorial Penitentiary and private Insane Asylum under the charge of Dr. S. B. Young, beg to submit the following report: We find the Penitentiary with a capacity of 122, contains at present 146 prisoners, dressed in prison garb, with the exception of a few who have recently been incarcerated and whose suits are being made for them. The prison yard within the adobe walls is kept scrupulously clean, and the same will apply to the sleeping apartments and bath room of the prisoners. The food furnished is substantial, well-prepared, wholesome and sufficient. The prisoners affirm that they are well treated and have no complaints to make, and, with two or three exceptions, are in good health. There being little employment for the prisoners, they are generally idle, which, to say the least, is a bad feature of the system; but with no facilities for employing them within the walls, their idleness is unavoidable. However, there has recently been established in one of the cells or sleeping rooms a school under a competent teacher (one of the prisoners), which is well attended, and with good results.

The prison guards, in our opinion, are not as well provided for as they should be. Their quarters, when off duty, might and should be very much improved, being close, poorly ventilated, and with only low ceilings, forming the roof of the building they occupy, and must, during warm weather, be exceedingly uncomfortable. Their hours on duty being, as we believe, unusually long, they should be provided with comfortable sleeping quarters when off duty.

The private insane asylum, under the charge of Dr. S. B. Young, contains at present one private and fifteen county patients —there being nine males and seven females —all harmless. We found them poorly clothed and apparently poorly fed, and their accommodations indeed meagerly furnished. In our opinion, we find this establishment inadequate for the purpose as at present supplied and would suggest that steps be taken through the proper channel for the transfer of the county patients to the Territorial Asylum. We wish to call special attention to the case of one Nicholas Crane, a bed ridden inmate of this institution, who has been confined there paralyzed and helpless for several years. We cannot say whether or not he would be benefitted by proper medical aid, but think his case well worth investigating, as he is a man in the prime of life. We understand, however, he has been an inmate of different hospitals in the city, prior to his removal to the asylum. With this exception, the patients are all able to be about, and have spacious grounds for exercise. The above report, in brief, we respectfully submit.

R. D. MCDONALD, Chairman.

SIMON WOOLF,
I. M. BARRATT,
A. R. CARTER,
E. W. RUFF,
A. J. GUNNELL,
C. H. PARSONS,
Committee.

CORRESPONDENCE.

ENCOURAGING WORDS FROM TENNESSEE.

LEE VALLEY, Hawkins Co., Tenn., March 29th, 1886.

Editor Deseret News:

Since my last there has nothing occurred in this vicinity of special interest, of a gossipy nature. Of course there are some malcontents both *vaporous* and *viporous*; but their "bloriations" cause us little concern beyond a humorous contempt. The people west, say in Utah, Idaho, etc., have but a meagre conception, at best, as to the character, disposition, etc., of the people here. It is but natural that, judging from the past events, you should have apprehensions, and the tone of our newspapers more or less augments the same. It is not always the case, however, that the newspapers reflect the honest sentiment of the locality. This, I believe, is happily the case here. There are only a few Saints here, but we *know* that there are several ready to embrace the Gospel, and are conscientious, but, from early training, are afraid of the popular prejudice. This prejudice, as indicated in a former communication, is being overcome.

Elder B. W. Brown, of Lehi, and S. H. Head, of Preston, Idaho, returned here (this place being the headquarters for the Elders and of the Branch recently established;) on Saturday the 27th inst. Their reports were the most quite favorable, of course, they met with some opposition, that is to be always expected. But their recent round was productive of most satisfactory results. Verily, the seeds are being sown; and right here I will observe that much of the seed sown by elder John A. Gleason, has fallen on good ground. I have in my mind's eye at this moment, some work for the Elders in a short time.

I hope the families of the Elders will not unnecessarily borrow trouble. The Elders, somehow or other "take" with the people right away. I believe this was particularly the case with Brother Brown, while Brother Head expresses himself as being a "daisy" at enjoying himself upon the homely fare (hog and hominy) of our mountain people. If we could only hear the "fool killer" wake up and attend to his legitimate business (but then he might "take in" Zane and Dickson) we would surely be a happy people.

I have not heard from Elder Rockelly for some time. I think, however, all is right with both him and his co-laborer, else President Tanner would have informed us. They have a good field and I believe they are working it faithfully.

I feel to congratulate Elder John Nicholson and others on their release from the "pen.!" I mention him more particularly because of our familiarity with his works. We watch with a great deal of interest the machinations of the enemy, our hearts bleed for those who suffer for the kingdom, and our prayers go up constantly in their behalf. Let them sacrifice no principle, and endure to the end, when life's fitful dream is o'er, verily they shall have their reward.

OCCASIONAL.

ANOTHER TESTIMONY.

ON THE REVELATION AND PRACTICE OF THE DOCTRINE OF PATRIARCHAL MARRIAGE.

SALT LAKE CITY, April 10, 1886.

Editor Deseret News:

By some oversight the accompanying statement by Brother Howard Coray on the absorbing question of Celestial Marriage being preached and practiced by the illustrious patrons Joseph and Hyrum Smith, has been kept from the public.

Please give it a place in the NEWS and oblige all concerned, including
A. M. M.

HOWARD CORAY'S AFFIDAVIT.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, County of Salt Lake. } ss.

As many false statements have been made in relation to the authorship of the revelation on Celestial Marriage, I deem it but justice to all lovers of truth for me to express what I know concerning this very important matter:

On the 22d day of July, A. D. 1843, Hyrum Smith, the martyred patriarch, came in a carriage to my house in Nauvoo; he invited me and my wife to take a ride with him; accordingly, as soon as we could make ourselves ready, we got into his carriage and he set off in the direction of Carthage. Having gone a short distance, he observed to us that his brother, Joseph Smith, the Prophet, had received a revelation on marriage, that was not for the public yet, which he would rehearse to us, as he had taken pains to commit it to memory. He then commenced rehearsing the revelation on celestial marriage, not stopping till he had gone quite through with the matter. After which he reviewed that part pertaining to plurality of wives, dwelling at some length upon the same in order that we might clearly understand the principle. And on the same day (July 22d, 1843) he sealed my wife, formerly Martha Jane Knowlton, to me; and when I heard the revelation on celestial marriage read on the stand in Salt Lake City in 1852, I recognized it, as the same that revealed to me by Brother Hyrum Smith. Not long after this I was present when Brother David Fullmer and wife were sealed by Brother Hyrum Smith, the martyred Patriarch, according to the law of celestial marriage. And, besides the foregoing, there was quite enough came within the compass of my observation to have fully satisfied my mind that plural marriage was practiced in the city of Nauvoo.

HOWARD CORAY.

SEAL. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of June, A. D., 1882.

JAMES JACK,
Notary Public for Salt Lake County, U. T.

A VICTIM OF RABIES.

A BALTIMORE PHYSICIAN DIES OF HYDROPHOBIA.

A Baltimore special of April 6th, says: Dr. Brinton H. Warner, a young Baltimore physician, on last Christmas Day, saw a street car run over a little white dog. He picked the bruised and bleeding animal up, when it bit him severely on the right hand. He had the dog killed and the wound cauterized. The doctor worried about it and talked of going to Paris to see Pasteur, but other physicians laughed at him. Last Thursday he commenced to his wife that he felt queer and later in the day he fell to the floor in a spasm. When the spasm was off he told his wife and Dr. Arnold that he had hydrophobia and he warned them against coming too near him when in a spasm. On Friday morning he began a series of paroxysms, and Dr. R. H. Goldsmith and other physicians were summoned. The sufferer man panted in thirst and begged for water. When a glass of it was brought him he turned from it in horror. He would, however, allow his wife and the doctors to wipe his face and hands with wet sponges or a towel. On Saturday the most acute symptoms of rabies were developed. During the paroxysms he would howl and bark like a dog. The paroxysms continued on Monday and Sunday. The sufferer, in his moments of consciousness would prescribe remedies for himself, but all were useless. About 5 o'clock this morning he was seized with a terrible convulsion, during which the physicians and attendants could not hold him. It lasted about half an hour, when he fell over dead. Dr. Warner was a son of Dr. J. E. Warner of Hartford County, Md., a former surgeon in the army.

Old time preparations for coughs are superseded by Red Star Cough Cure. 25 cents.

"SAXE, reliable and pleasant to take," that excellent preparation, Dr. Henley's Celery, Beef and Iron.
For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, and all Druggists. 3

Men Think
they know all about Mustang Liniment. Few do. Not to know is not to have.

CHERRY TREES.
I HAVE 30 VARIETIES OF THE CHOICEST Cherry Trees, which I offer at reasonable figures.
Also the finest varieties of the Plum, Peach, Plum and Apricot.
Also the most desirable varieties of small fruits.
Also Shade and Evergreen Trees, Ornamental Shrubbery and the rarest Climbers, Vines and Tree Roses.
Also a superb collection of Greenhouse and Bedding Plants, Cut Flowers, Decorations, Cosmos, Immortelles, etc. Floral designs, Wreaths, Anchors, Crosses, etc., made to order on short notice.
E. LAKER,
Nurseryman and Florist,
Eastern Nurseries, No. 83 E. Third South Street, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Orders filled with promptness and dispatch

OLD GLASS WANTED.
THE SALT LAKE GLASS WORKS will pay $5.00 per ton for clean old bottle and window glass, delivered at their factory, two blocks west of Warm Spring Bath House. d&s

FOR SALE.
A SPLENDID PIECE OF BUILDING Land, situated at No. 833 E., First South St. A double row of shade trees in front, fruit trees and lawn on the lot. Apply on premises. J. M. LARSEN.

BOARDERS WANTED.
PARTIES DESIRING COMFORTABLE Board and Rooms, can be accommodated by applying at No. 236 w., 2d North Street.

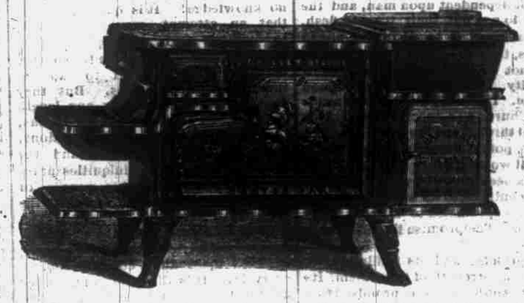
A CARD.
THE DESERET HOSPITAL, UNDER the most favorable auspices, is now open for the reception of patients, having removed to that large and commodious building lately occupied by the Deseret University. The upper and lower end of the drug store. The halls and rooms are thoroughly ventilated, and warmed by a furnace and steam heating apparatus extending through the whole building. Good and reliable nurses are supplied, and every attention paid to the comfort and welfare of its inmates. The medical department comprises a fine stock of drugs, and a line of medical instruments and appliances ever imported into the Territory. Arrangements have been made to secure the first medical talent the city affords for the benefit of patients. A specialty is made of the diseases of women, and correspondence is solicited from the afflicted.
H. B. CLAWSON, President.
W. W. ANDERSON, Medical Supt.
M. F. HUGHES, House Surgeon.
E. B. WELLS, Secretary.
A limited number of students will be taken, who will board in the Institution, receive instruction preparatory for future studies, and will be expected in return to devote a certain portion of their time and labor to attendance on the sick and other requirements connected with the Hospital. Correspondence on this subject is solicited from Bishops and other authorities in the settlements. d&tw

BULLS FOR SALE!
SEVENTY-FIVE HEAD OF HIGH GRADE
DURHAM YEARLING BULLS,
AND THIRTY-FIVE HEAD OF HIGH GRADE
Durham and Hereford Cross Yearling Bulls
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
The most of these Bulls are at American Fork, in care of Mr. John Hindley, and part at the yards in the rear of Mr. Isaac Jennings' residence, Sixteenth Ward. For further particulars enquire of
ISAAC JENNINGS or T. W. JENNINGS,
25 W. First South St., Salt Lake City.

SPRING AND SUMMER, 1886.
ESTABLISHED 1870.

BUCKLE & SON.
STOCK REPLETE WITH ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON.
STYLES, WORKMANSHIP AND PRICES GUARANTEED.
CLOTH AND TRIMMINGS BY THE YARD—THE TRADE SUPPLIED.
Samples Fashion Plate and Rules for Self-Measurement mailed to any address on application. Correspondence solicited.
BUCKLE & SON,
TAILORS AND WOOLEN DRAPERS,
P. O. Box 682. 286 s. MAIN STREET, Opposite Walker House, SALT LAKE CITY.

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.,
CHARTER OAK



STOVES,
TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, STAMPED WARE & TINNERS' TOOLS,
612-18 N. Main Street, St. Louis, Missouri.
FOR SALE BY Z. C. M. I.,
Sole Agents in Salt Lake City.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
WE ARE NOW SELLING THE CELEBRATED
Pleasant Valley and Anthracite Coals!
ALSO
CHARCOAL, COKE, PIG IRON, WOOD, Etc.
145 MAIN STREET
TELEPHONE
SELLS, BURTON & CO.
YARD, foot of 2nd South and 5th West, near D. & R. G. Depot.
SEND YOUR ORDERS TO
Next door South of Barrit Bros.

SIERRA NEVADA LUMBER ASS'N.
— DEALERS IN —
LUMBER,
LATH, Shingles, Mouldings, Frames, Doors, Windows, Blinds, Wood Pumps, Packing Boxes, Builders' Hardware, Sash Weights, GLASS, Etc., Etc.
WOOD TANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS MADE TO ORDER.
STAIR BUILDING A SPECIALTY.
Half Block South U. C. R. R. Depot.
S. J. LYNN, Supt.
S. J. Lynn, Salt Lake. LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL. E. J. Bruckell, W. H. Krueger, Truckee, Cal.