

The office of the DESERET NEWS was liberally draped, and a large streamer bore the following inscription: "Deseret News. Pioneer Paper. Established 1850. Welcome to the President. Truth and Liberty."

On the front of the *Juvenile Instructor* building were the mottoes: "Welcome to the grandson of Tippecanoe" and "Under Harrison, Freedom dawned on Utah."

On the Z. C. M. I. shoe factory, above a large crayon picture of President Harrison, was the following appropriate inscription: "The Wealth of Nations—Home Manufacture."

The Beehive and Lion houses were almost hidden from view under the profuse and elaborate decorations in the national colors. The Gardo House adornments were especially tasteful and handsome.

The Hotel Templeton was bedecked with hundreds of small flags and adorned with longstreamers.

Z. C. M. I. was without doubt the most gorgeously decorated building in the city. Across the front of the upper story was the loyal motto: "Welcome to the President."

A streamer nearly two hundred feet long, bearing a similar inscription, was stretched across the street from Z. C. M. I. to the Constitution building. The Constitution and Hooper and Eldredge blocks were worthy objects of admiration.

The Deseret National bank building, the Hooper, Progress, S. P. Teasdel, Scott-Auerbach, F. Auerbach and Cohn Brothers' buildings were all artistically draped.

The Chamber of Commerce, Post Office and Federal court buildings all presented a gala day aspect.

In addition to those mentioned, there were hundreds of other structures that cannot be enumerated, time and space preventing. They all manifested a disposition on the part of their inmates and owners to do honor to the occasion, in the direction of causing the city of Salt Lake to assume a holiday appearance.

ARRIVAL OF THE PRESIDENT.

The Presidential party arrived in Salt Lake City at 4 o'clock Saturday, May 9. The special train was composed of four Pullman sleeping and drawing room cars, and a dining car. It was switched on a side track and arrangements made not to disturb the distinguished occupants until a little later in the morning. About 6 o'clock people began to assemble at the depot. Half an hour later a platoon of police arrived, then came the members of the reception committee, the marshal and his aids, and a post of the G. A. R.

Governor Thomas and Geo. M. Scott, the Mayor, boarded the car which the President occupied. A few minutes later Governor Thomas and Mrs. Harrison appeared on the platform of the coach, accompanied by Mayor Scott and President Harrison. The party then moved toward the carriages in waiting. The Governor, and Mrs. Harrison led the way, followed by Mayor Scott and the President. Then came Marshal Ramsdall of the District of Columbia, who conducts the Presidential party; Russell B. Harrison and wife, Secretary Rusk and Mrs. Dimmick, Mr. Wanamaker and Mrs. McKee, C. W. Boyd and wife and Mr.

Horsburg. They proceeded a few yards to where the reception committee, consisting of the Hon. John T. Caine, J. E. Dooley, Henry W. Lawrence, R. C. Chambers and a number of others, were in waiting. Mayor Scott presented the President and party to the committee and then the cheering and shouts of welcome commenced. A procession was formed, Grand Marshal Page and twenty-two aids at its head. Then followed the First Brigade band, U. S. N. G., 35 pieces. Next came the veterans of the Southern army of the rebellion, about fifty strong, followed by the G. A. R. numbering one hundred. The first carriage contained Governor Thomas, Mayor Scott, President Harrison and wife. The second was occupied by Marshal Ramsdall, John Wanamaker, the postmaster-general, and Mrs. Dimmick. The third was occupied by Russell B. Harrison and wife, Jeremiah Rusk, the secretary of agriculture and wife. Then followed several carriages containing the members of the reception committee and the remainder of the Presidential party.

The procession moved along West Brigham to Second West, thence to Second South and east to Main street, thence to the Walker House. Along the line of route immense crowds of people assembled. Several hearty cheers were given. The party was greeted along the whole line by the people with marked respect, gentlemen waving their hats, and ladies their handkerchiefs in honor of the distinguished visitors. The President returned the salutations very cordially, and for part of the route his head was uncovered. On Second South a huge banner was stretched across the street. On the side facing the west was painted a sketch entitled Salt Lake by sunrise, and on the obverse side Salt Lake by sunset, with the inscription welcome to Salt Lake county. The President did not see the sunrise painting because he sat in the carriage facing west, but when he passed under the banner he noticed the sunset, and the inscription underneath. He smiled and waved his hat in recognition of the lettered greeting.

At Main and Second South the Mandolin and Guitar Club joined the procession.

The President arrived

AT THE WALKER HOUSE

at 7:45 and being ushered into one of the up-stairs parlors, an informal reception took place lasting about 15 minutes.

At 8 o'clock precisely breakfast was commenced. Fourteen couples sat down to the repast, in the following order: Mayor Scott and Mrs. Harrison, President Harrison and Mrs. Salisbury, Governor Thomas and Mrs. McKee, Gen. Wanamaker and Mrs. R. B. Harrison, Gen. Rusk and Mrs. Zane, Russell B. Harrison and Miss Thomas, Judge Zane and Mrs. Dimmick, Major Sanger and Miss Robertson, Col. Sells and Mrs. Boyd, Col. Godfrey and Mrs. Blunt, Gov. Robertson and Mrs. Sells, Col. Blunt, Marshal Ramsdall, Charles Saunders, Mr. Boyd and ladies. The meal occupied one hour, and at 9 o'clock a reception in a general way took place for a few minutes.

Governor Thomas, on behalf of the people of Utah, presented President

Harrison with a silver tray made from bullion taken from the Ontario mine. The tray is quite a piece of artistic work. On its face it bears a map of Utah, and in the upper right hand corner the names of several prominent merchants and business men.

Hon. John T. Caine presented Mr. Wanamaker to several of his Salt Lake friends. The President and Mrs. Harrison, and others of the party mingled with the members of the reception committee in the parlors, and an all-round social greeting went on.

It was decided that the President and party go direct from the Walker House to Liberty Park, and the procession moved at 9:20.

THE PROCESSION

was preceded by a line of policemen on foot, commanded by Captain Parker. The great mass of people who thronged the streets along the line of march had left an opening in the centre too narrow for the column to pass through conveniently. The duty of Captain Parker's men was to march along the streets in advance and induce the people to retire closer to the footpaths. This was accomplished without difficulty.

The published programme which defined the order of procession was not entirely followed, this being evidently impracticable. A body of mounted police headed the column, the next in order being Col. Page, Grand Marshal, and his staff, with the Sixteenth Infantry band and Col. Matthew M. Blount and staff following closely. The United States troops, who occupied a conspicuous place, presented a fine appearance. A better looking body of soldiers have never been stationed in this part of the country than the Sixteenth Infantry. They are also exceptionally well behaved. The Denhalter and Dyer rifles also formed a part of the military division.

The interest was, of course, centered in President Harrison, who was accompanied by Governor Thomas, Mayor Scott and Col. Sanger. As the carriage containing the Chief Executive passed along the latter was greeted with hearty cheers from the spectators, Mr. Harrison responding by bowing gracefully, hat in hand, to the people on either side. Immediately following the President were the members of his party, then came Delegate John T. Caine and federal, city and county officials, and committees.

The next division consisted of the Liberal Drum Corps, the Patriotic Sons of America, and Hoosiers who voted for William Henry Harrison in 1840. The Veteran Firemen were sandwiched between the second and third divisions named in the programme. They were led by Ex-chief Engineer Ottinger, and showed up in excellent shape.

The Tenth Ward Band led the Typographical and Stone Cutters' unions, those organizations being out in force.

The fourth division was of special interest. It was headed by Lieut. Richard W. Young, grandson of Brigham Young, the great pioneer of the Rocky Mountain Region. After Held's Band and the Mandolin Club were some of the earliest Pioneers, headed by President Wilford Woodruff and President George Q. Cannon. The names of the other heroes in the procession who led