24 PAGES

THE DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

FIFTIETH YEAR. SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1899, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. NUMBER 193.

DISFRANCHISE ALL POLYGAMISTS

What Christian Endeavorers Want in the National Constitution.

TEXT OF RESOLUTIONS.

Polygamy and Polygamous Cohabitation Punishable by Severe Penalties.

TO BE A NATIONAL AFFAIR

Demand is Also Made that Congressman Roberts be Expelled—Chilly Day at Detroit.

Detroit, July 8.—The great outdoor international peace and arbitration gathering looked forward to as the crowning and perhaps the chief event of the Christian Endeavor convention week will be held at 4 o'clock this afternoon under weather conditions much more like those of October than of July. Overcoats and jackets are in demand. Days when were welcomed and a northwest breeze with an occasional whiff of rain blow freshly from Lake St. Clair across Belle Isle, where the crowds are to assemble this afternoon for the peace jubilee.

Speaking will be followed by presentation for adoption of the Christian Endeavor peace memorial, a copy of which will be sent to the international peace conference at The Hague. There will be no general meetings in the Christian Endeavor tents tonight or tomorrow, but there will be many Sunday gatherings in the churches, the chief feature being a Sunday afternoon Sabbath observance service.

In both state conventions which had been adopted by the board of trustees now read, calling upon all Endeavorers to do their utmost toward preventing Congressman Roberts of Utah from assuming his seat in Congress.

The Roberts resolutions were as follows:

"The Board of trustees of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, speaking in behalf of over 4,000,000 of Americans, solemnly declare their conviction that the seating of Brigham H. Roberts of Utah, as representative-at-large from that State in the Fifty-sixth Congress, would be, and would be generally understood to be, a confirmation of the crime of polygamy, a blow at the sanctity of the marriage relation, and a peril to the purity and integrity of the family, upon which our civil and political institutions rest. We therefore urge

"We, consequently, call upon our representatives in the national Congress to lay above all partisan and sectional and personal considerations and in the name of our religion and our character as a law-abiding people to deny Mr. Roberts a seat among our national law-makers."

Accompanying the resolutions was submitted a memorial to Congress to be signed by all of our Endeavorers, urging that "Congress endeavor to accomplishing Mr. Roberts's expulsion," in accordance with the provisions of the national Constitution, article 1, section 5, as follows:

"Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds expel a member."

The memorial also urges submission of a constitutional amendment to the legislatures of the States, defining legal marriage to be monogamic and making polygamy and polygamous cohabitation a crime punishable by severe penalties, including disfranchisement and disqualification from holding any Federal or State office.

PRESIDENT KRUGER YIELDS.

Crusaders to be Given the Franchise After Nine Years' Residence.

Pretoria, July 8.—After an all day and seven session the Volksraad today approved a committee of five to draft a Dutchman reform bill.

The government proposals comprise a revision of the registration act and provide for the naturalization obtaining the franchise by nine years' residence.

They are to be allowed to exercise the right immediately.

ALASKAN BOUNDARY QUESTION.

Failure of Negotiations Not Expected to Lead to Hostilities.

Washington, July 8.—Mr. Choate has not received any advice from the department regarding the result of any representations he has made to Lord Salisbury in London concerning the status viveudi under his instructions of yesterday.

Much it is believed, it is almost impossible to expect a successful outcome of the direct negotiations with London. It is not expected here as inevitable that a battle clash will follow the efforts to secure a modus.

Confidence is expressed in the sufficiency of the present arrangements for a peaceful solution. As a matter of fact the officials of the U. S. and Canada, and in the disputed territory in Alaska, have been in close touch for weeks. Not the slightest disposition has been shown by either side to precipitate a crisis. Nobody has been actually working under a mutual understanding to the effect that the status quo is to be maintained. The existence of an understanding on this point is implied in the steady acquiescence in the U. S. government in the expulsion of the British foreign office clerk a night ago to prevent trouble if he was detained longer in the process of sending a garrison of troops to Pyramid Harbor. On its part the British government showed its disposition to maintain the status quo by quietly but firmly restraining the Canadian customs officer and mounted police, who were greatly harassing American miners passing over the Klondike. If this spirit continues to be exhibited on both sides there is little reason to fear that the failure of the Choate negotiations will result in anything more serious than another long and dangerous postponement of the final settlement. The British embassy is similarly without advices from the foreign office as to the direction of the Canadian negotiations in London and the officials here profess doubt as to the

SCHURMAN MAKES REPORT.

All Philippine Southern Islands Waste Americans in Control.

Washington, July 8.—Dispatches have just been received at the state department from President Schurman, of the Philippine commission, giving some account of his journey in the southern islands of the archipelago. He finds the condition of affairs in those islands generally gratifying.

There is a disposition almost everywhere south of Luzon to accept American sovereignty. President Schurman expects to arrive at San Francisco on the 20th of August.

It is felt at the state department that the commission has done much to convey the impression to the people of the purpose of the government and, in that way has increased the strength of the Insurrectos.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

Oil City, Pa., July 8.—By the explosion of a boiler on the Mrvah Oil Tract today James Murray was killed and John Tack was seriously injured.

WRECKED BY A HORSE'S KICK.

Four Carloads of Horses Thrown from the C. P. Track, Many being Killed.

Elko, Nev., July 8.—A freight train carrying six cars of horses loaded here yesterday was wrecked at Moors, twelve miles east of Wells today. Four of the cars containing the horses left the track and nearly all the animals were killed.

The accident was caused by one of the horses kicked open a freight car door and the door falling on the track. A crowbar was then used to the room of the accident. No one was injured.

AT THE N. E. A. CONVENTION

The 2,000 Delegates Present Include Many Prominent Educators.

First Session This Afternoon—Council Continues Three Days—Program of Interesting Features.

Los Angeles, July 8.—E. Orem Lyle, president of the N. E. A., I. C. McNeill, treasurer, Albert G. Lane, chairman of the board of trustees, and William T. Harris, United States commissioner of education, arrived here today. They came in a private car and were accompanied by their families.

The arrival of teachers and visitors to the N. E. A. convention today numbered at least 1,000, among whom were many prominent educators. Special trains from Chicago, Peoria, Dubuque, Ia., Brooklyn, Kansas City, Mo., Indiana and Kentucky and a special made up of cars attached to the regular train came through from Albuquerque, N. M.

The first session of the National council of education began this afternoon. The session of the council will last through three days, two meetings being held each day.

The program contains many interesting features, including a paper by Hon. William Calvin Commissioner of Education Harris.

Gen. Wheeler Writes a Book.

Atlanta, Ga., July 8.—Gen. Joseph Wheeler has written a book on the campaign of his cavalry during the Civil War, and it will be published for the benefit of the Wheeler cavalry camp, Sons of Veterans.

At a meeting of Wheeler's cavalry, camp 3, a letter was read from the author in which he stated that he had completed a lot of notes after the war which had never been printed. He signified his intention of sending the work to the camp, and said he would accept no royalty. The manuscript will be here tomorrow and the book will be published at once by an Atlanta firm. A resolution was unanimously adopted, thanking "American Knoxville, of Columbus, Ohio for the care taken of Confederate graves in that city.

COLUMBIA AGAIN LEADS.

Opening Race Today with the Yacht Defender—A Close Run.

New York, July 8.—The conditions early today for the final races between the Sachem Columbia and Defender off Larchmont were most unpromising. A thick fog had prevailed here especially, but there were indications that Boston's sun would carry away the fog by the time set for the starting of the race. The contest today is for a cup offered by the Larchmont Yacht club.

The course planned was a triangular one of 15 miles, two miles each on two sides and three on the other.

Defender crossed the line at 11:40:41, Columbia 7 seconds later.

Both boats had a great match right after the start, Columbia getting the best of it.

The Defender had 11 seconds the best of it in the start, Columbia being the shade ahead a mile, which left them half a mile off the course. Passing Rye the Columbia was a little ahead of the Defender, both crafts speeding along with a fine breeze.

Columbia rounded the third mark, finishing the first round of the course at 2:37:10, and Defender at 2:42:20.

Both boats then started on the second round.

Time of first round, Columbia, Official Scale: Course, 2:24:40, Defender, 2:37:22.

Elapsed time, Columbia, 2:46:10; Defender, 2:46:25.

Laying in Made Ammunition.

New York, July 8.—A special dispatch to the Herald from Washington says:

Steps will soon be taken by Rear Admiral O'Neil, chief of ordnance, to establish a reserve supply of ammunition for the navy. He has not decided how many rounds will be needed, but it is understood that the entire appropriation of $500,000 will be used. Heretofore the ammunition purchased has been manufactured in the government factory being established at Indian Head. Congress will probably be asked at the next session to make another appropriation of $500,000 in order to obtain the necessary quantities for reserve.

Besides ammunition, the department has filed bids for the purchase of reserve guns for auxiliary cruisers, and contracts have been made for the

LONDON SOCIETY FOR THE WEEK.

Events of More Than Usual Interest to Aristocracy.

EFFECT OF WOMEN'S COUNCIL

Americans Given a Foremost Place—Mark Hanna's Views—In the Theatrical World.

London, July 8.—(Special cable letter, copyrighted, 1899, by the Associated Press.)—Although a few great balls are still to come, the London season is almost ready waning. People are flitting into the country much earlier than usual. Next week will be given over to Newmarket, where there are numerous house parties for the second July meeting. During the following week the season winds up with the dukes of Portland's ball.

There are still several fashionable weddings in prospect, the most notable being that of the earl of Stafford and Lady Constance Gresvenor, who will have fifteen bridesmaids, while many persons are looking forward with great interest to the reception to be given by the duke and duchess of Sutherland at Stafford House, July 24, to the members of the Anglo-American league and their friends, at which Mr. Joseph H. Choate, the United States ambassador, and Mrs. Choate and many prominent Americans and British will be in attendance.

After a long period of mourning, Mrs. John W. Mackay has reopened her beautiful home in Carlton House Terrace, she gave two big dinners during the week which were followed by a crushing number.

London has been much enlivened during the week by the visit of the officers and a large number of cadets belonging to the United States training ship, Monongahela, who have been spending five days off leave at the Metropole, energetically sight-seeing, riding in electric cars, and generally enjoying themselves.

The Fourth of July was never so universally observed in London as it was in the Fourth, on Tuesday last. In addition to the celebration at the Hotel Cecil, which United States embassy there were a large number of private luncheons, dinners and receptions. Among the latter Miss Bessie Keen, of Chicago, took a large party of Americans to a moonlight picnic, followed by a dance at Ditchley Hatchbend, while the employes of the Commercial cable company, with Mr. George Ward, of New York, general manager of the company, celebrated in similar manner on a big scale, the day by bedecked with American flags.

Thursday was speech day at Harrow, the first since the death of Lord Rosebery, Dr. Wood, and attracted a great crowd of distinguished people to the school.

Thursday afternoon the last meet of the Four-in-hand club took place, the hoyle guards parade. It was undoubtedly the smartest of the season. There were twenty-four coaches in all. The duke of Marlborough's team was greatly admired. He was accompanied by the duchess, Lady Cecil Manners and Lord Cairns. In the evening occurred the duchess of Devonshire's ball, which the beautiful grounds of Chiswick house, with illuminations and supper rooms exactly the same as on the occasion of the Queen's jubilee, proved drive hall. It proved to be the most brilliant of the season. The materials were for Mrs. Alfred Harmsworth's same evening attracted a crowd of fashionable people to the Grafton gallery, where spacious rooms were decorated with such a wealth of roses as never before was seen in London. The program, which was also in the same vein, included Paderewski, Ysaye, Lemmi Sonkey, David Bispham, Susanne Adams and Maurice Farkoa.

A representative of the Associated Press had interviewed the countess of Aberdeen and others regarding the practical results likely to accrue from the International council of women. Lady Aberdeen, who is an enthusiastic admirer of the American and Canadian delegates, said:

"Every one of them was a skilled speaker, and most of them were trained speakers. Show the congress was delighted to hear, which proved to be said in regard to many of the other speakers. The Americans, as a rule, were better informed than the British women and further advanced in thinking rather than any of the other delegates. They fully appreciate the English women, who however were better informed than the continental delegates in general knowledge of the subjects pertaining to women.

"Mrs. Sewell was the congress from the beginning. She has exceptional tact in dealing with such a large gathering.

"Miss Susan B. Anthony's powerful advocacy of woman's suffrage seemed to be already great reputation.

"Regarding the results, the grand organization of the council of women will undoubtedly be a cosmopolitan body of thoughtful women, prepared to educate and follow intelligently the lines of years hence the boards of labor will have invented for the whole world, and the irresistible force of public opinion will have called women to their proper sphere."

Miss Susan B. Anthony dwelt enthusiastically on the work of the council and said: "We have brought the best women of the world's thought."

Senator Mark Hanna says he regards the Congressional Library building as Washington's monument of fame, and whatever may be said in regard to many of the other buildings, Hanna's monument will be the Library building. Hanna's views are shared by a number of other Congressmen.

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Gaiety Star Manufactures.

San Francisco, July 10—The Chronicle says:

The report of Dr. Kingsford of the marine hospital service, regarding the possibility of the two bonded Japanese steamers, which are now in port being infected with the bubonic plague, proves conclusively that the San Francisco board of health should not allow the infected plague ships. Dr. Kingsford is positive that the opinion of eight Nippon doctors who have been in Hongkong during the last year, and who are skilled in the diagnosis of the Asiatic disease.

The specialized passengers of the Nippon Maru will be released next Tuesday.

British Pacific Cable.

San Francisco, July 8.—The British survey steamer Egeria has arrived in Honolulu, on her way to Fanning island, where the Australian and Canadian governments are to establish a cable between British Columbia and Australia, touching at Fanning, at Samoa and Hawaii. The Egeria is now engaged in the work of surveying the route. She will leave here for Honolulu, taking soundings on the way, and after coaling there will proceed to Samoa. From Samoa the soundings will be taken to the nearest point on the Australian continent.

Electrical Exhibition Fire.

Cuba, Italy, July 8.—The Vista rinascita exhibition building was completely destroyed by fire due to the defective electric wires. Many cases of Vista perished. There was no loss of life.

THOUSANDS OF TONS FALL

Extensive Cave of Earth at a South Africa Diamond Mine.

Several Men are Killed, Others are Injured, and Sixteen are Missing.

Capetown, July 8.—A disaster has occurred at the new Jagersfontein diamond mine, where the fall of thousands of tons of earth has killed several people including an Australian named Forsythe. Some other Australians were killed. Several persons were injured and sixteen are missing.

Gen. Wheeler Says Goodbye.

Washington, July 8.—Gen. Wheeler sails for Manila from San Francisco on the 20th. He was at the war department today and went out away at the usual gentle manner.

General Wheeler called upon the President today and took his good bye.

Faked by Newspaper Correspondents.

Frankfort, Ky., July 8.—Later developments from London Lord Commander Kitchener's report that the reports concerning the Gilg counter treaty have been greatly exaggerated by the London newspaper correspondents. Kitchener's report is clear as to that point, and on the strength of later information, the governor has consented to open the road from Jalalabad to Lakkamp, which was in readiness to receive the Gilg counter treaty. Robert Dick, editor A. B. Dyche and H. M. Jackson, of London, made a personal inquiry into the matter, and found that the reports were false. Dick, who has graduated the governor that James Stillman, of Chicago, and Mr. Dyche, who is a person who have been discontinued from the Baker-White feud. The feud has been carried on for years, and has lasted for a second time, and entails an expense of several thousand dollars on the state in the amount of calling out of troops.

Glowing Story from Klondike.

Tacoma, Wash., July 8.—Capt. L. E. Wilcoxson of Chicago, who has arrived from Dawson, brings with him news of an enormous clean-up that took place in the Klondike during June. During the month of June gold dust to the amount of $1,000,000 was taken from Bonanza, El Dorado, Hunker and Eldorado creeks. Hunker alone yielded $400,000 in dust. On the peak track, Bonanza, Wilcoxson says, Joseph Ladue's claim on El Dorado, which produced over two tons of gold dust.

Two nuggets weighing $1,000 each were discovered during the clean-up. One brain claim 4 miles on Bonanza, which produced $50,000 in dust, and a nugget weighing 30 ounces was valued at $16. A still larger one, but impregnated with quartz, was found in Eldorado, which produced 50 ounces and is valued at $1,000.

Prospectors were moving Dawson almost daily, the majority being bearing rich Klondike and their dust. The steamer Bonanza King, which left Dawson on June 20th, carried over $1,000,000. He thinks that $1,000,000 and their carcass were taken out on the first steamers from St. Michael.

Coming out Wilcoxson learned of two more gold strikes, one on Little Thirty-Mile river, where 40 per pan was found, and the other on the Salmon, where the white people averaged $10 per day per man. Wilcoxson goes back, but will return south in August.

Yellow Fever Patients at New York.

New York, July 8.—The health office of the port said today of the yellow fever patients from the U. S. transport McClellan, who are at Quarantine, board under treatment:

Miss Cuddeboom is really improving, and is able to talk with a cheerful smile. Mr. Lackey's condition has not changed, the temperature is about the same as last night, and he is still delirious. He is very weak, but still has a good chance for recovery. Mrs. Lackey's condition has not changed.

SHORTAGE OF UTAH COUNTIES

Weber County Leads the List of Those That Are Delinquent.

BEHIND NEARLY $1,000,000

Delinquents Asked to Show Why There Has Been a Falling off—May Raise Salt Lake.

Inquiry at the office of the state board of equalization into the shortage in the assessment roll made by the assessors of Salt Lake county, it was ascertained, however, that there was a big shortage in assessed valuation. But Salt Lake county has not and at the present time are compared with the valuations of last year. Weber has the distinction, if it is a distinction, of being the biggest delinquent. Its shortage over 1898 is nearly $1,000,000.

Just how many other counties are behind is not known. The returns from eighteen have been examined and compared. Under resolution adopted by the board all delinquent counties are notified that they must show cause for the falling off. For the reason that the State board does not desire to see the valuations reduced in any county except for good and sufficient reason.

In addition to the delinquency of Weber county, of nearly one million dollars Salt Lake county is behind $[illegible] Utah, Elmer Summit $[illegible], Morgan, $[illegible], some other counties are also short, the amounts, however, being smaller.

All of these will be expected to account for the falling off or else change in being raised. Notwithstanding the boost of the report that Salt Lake county is behind nearly nine hundred thousand, the commissioners of this county are fearful that the state board will raise the board on Monday afternoon and endeavor to show why it should not be done.

NEW BATTLE-FIRE GUNS

Description of the Weapon Which Have Passed Successful Tests.

New York, July 8.—A new rapid-fire gun, designed for the protection of the turret bulkheads against enemy's fire, has been tested at Sandy Hook with satisfactory results. The gun is a small quick-firing gun, carefully tested as the various vessels of the United States navy, and is a little heavier, at Derby, Conn. These guns were built for the navy and have been tested and found satisfactory. They are intended for use in the battle of the war with Spain, and will probably play an important part in the naval operations of national defense. The army gun is a six-pounder of the Bridge type and is mounted on a pedestal, carriage which is made of the same being built with the same rapidity as upon a naval mount. While the gun is a six-pounder, it is capable of being fired within its sizes of fire. The gun is of carriage type, the gun is part of the fort, and are held rigidly in position by means of a Vanadium steel carriage. This is a novel feature in the mount of the gun. Should it be desired to manipulate the fire upon any particular point, the carriage can be unbolted and the carriage rolled away to any point of the fort. A small space in the rear of the carriage is left unguarded and made fast to the ground. This is the weak point.

The experimental gun is not a six-pounder and is the first completed of a series of guns, which it is proposed to work a revolution in rapid fire guns for which is a stand of sixty shots in a minute, which is twice as fast as is now carried by the six-pounder when worked by hand. Another important feature is that it utilizes a cover of a quarter inch thick instead of two or two and one of which throws it five ammunition as a person throws and in the case of which the other fires in the bench block comes automatically.

Supposed Suicide.

Chicago, July 8.—Samuel S. Pugsley, who was stationed at Fort Sheridan as lieutenant of Company F, Fifth United States infantry, died there shortly after 2 o'clock today. He was discharged from the army on the finding of a court martial, that in the affair of a black man, which took place at Lincoln, Nebraska, which took place at the Sioux and early today entered the office and there himself mortally in a chair. A half hour later he was found his dead body, still seated in the chair and an empty chloral bottle in his pocket. He had left a letter which indicated that he had intended to commit suicide.

The court martial of Lieut. Pugsley attracted wide attention. Pugsley was prisoner of the Indians, alleging that the affair attributed to his friends were in possession. On October 26, 1898, Pugsley was found guilty of conspiracy to kill the colonel. Two battles were brought the latter's release, the last arriving at Pugsley's camp. Pugsley resolved to be insulted and refused to accept the sword.

Postmasters Appointed.

Washington, July 8.—The President has appointed the following postmasters:

Idaho—Mountain House, William J. Turner.

Montana—Philipsburg, Lawrence Hauck.

Oregon—Hood River, William M. Tilton.

Washington—Aberdeen, Charles R. Bell.

Amateur Golf Championship.

Onwentsia Golf Course, Lake Forest, Ills., July 8.—The struggle for the amateur golf championship of America between Findlay S. Douglas, the present champion, and Herbert H. Hoffman of the Meadowbrook club, of Hempstead, L. I., took place at Onwentsia today. The day was a beautiful one and the number of spectators was so great that it was necessary to stretch ropes some distance in the rear of the tees. Subject upon rules a small army of boxes of the ropes were moved slowly over the field.

Douglas was picked to win by a majority of the experts on account of his long experience. But Hoffman had many friends who had seen him play and before the game started that Douglas would have to be at his best to win. Douglas was a decided favorite in the start, but expected to win. Hoffman was supposed to be at a disadvantage in winning.

Promptly at 10 a. m. Douglas and Harrison started on the long drive.

Medal score morning play:

Douglas out	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	36
Douglas in	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	36
Total									36
Harrison out	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	36
Harrison in	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	36
Total									72

Tennis at Cowes.

Southampton, Hampshire, England, July 8.—The American doubles team from New York, May 11, for Cowes, one of the Lulworth islands, with Capt. Paul Beck, U. S. A., and Lieut. M. Cooper, Corbin, which met the Hill July 1.

HEAVY LOSSES IN COTTON

Not Less Than $1,000,000 Worth Destroyed by Floods.

Other Damages in Texas Will Raise the Property Losses to $10,000,000.

St. Louis, July 8.—A special to the Republic from Galveston, Texas, says:

Reliable news by computed cotton losses in Texas by the recent floods, in the cotton crop in the Brazos, Indianola the cotton of those not familiar with the local conditions. Not less than 20 square miles of cotton bearing land has been flooded. Every acre of it would have produced a bale. Taking the Lon on the low, figures the crop destroyed on those districts alone was worth about $1,000,000.

With the exception of the city of Galveston, it is the opinion that the aggregate losses in the Brazos has cost the people of Texas more than the Galveston disaster. Thousands of mules have been drowned, all of the domestic animals have perished, tested houses have been swept away, have been swept away, the city are tested all ruined, and hundreds of plantation houses carrying the crop of several thousand acres are under water. Not a living has escaped and not a tree has escaped. The cotton has ruined between Brenham and Milano for a week.

MURDER OF OFFICER STRONG

Frank Cussens Charged with Killing the Provo Policeman.

County Attorney Makes the Complaint this Afternoon—Time of Hearing Not Set Yet.

Special for Deseret Telegraph.

Provo, Utah, July 8.—County Attorney Jacob Evans this afternoon filed a complaint in Justice King's court charging Frank Cussens with the murder of Policeman William Strong, on the morning of June 11, 1899.

It has not been decided when the preliminary hearing will take place.

ELECTRIC FLASHES.

Percy McElroy, wanted in San Francisco for the theft of $1,000 worth of diamonds, was arrested in Chicago today.

It is claimed that Attorney General Taylor is one of the Republican nominees for governor of Kentucky. At the state convention last night.

Hermann Oelrichs, the age limit, Cal. Wagner of the Fourth cavalry, at San Francisco, has been married. His surgeon, Major Hays, of the Seventh cavalry.

The Olympic company of San Francisco has deposited a certified check for $10,000 with a bonding house in the action of good faith in its bid of $10,000 for the Jeffries-Sharkey fight.

Sam Thall, Jim Jeffries advisory agent, sailed for Liverpool today from New York for Europe on July 22. Jeffries will visit his home in Los Angeles before going abroad.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew and his son, Chauncey M. Depew, Jr., were among the passengers on board the Cunard steamship Umbria, which left port at New York today. The sort of Bohemianism and also a passenger.

The sixth annual congress of the Agricultural Wheel Laborers was held in the Bethany hall of the Agricultural hotel Monday afternoon and a large number from other states are arriving to attend. It is reported that between 50 and 60 wheel places will be represented.

The annual tennis tournament to decide the championship of the West is held in Chicago and Lake Forest, Ill., the Harvard and Yale crack tennis players. The tournament will continue for a week. In all the tennis world there are no better and among them are the best in the country.

In the racket match between the Chicago and Lake Forest clubs, which began Thursday at Hemingway club, London, the gentlemen were all out to-day and the ladies were all in. The ladies in their first tennis tournament made the gentlemen sit up.

Glenn Campbell, of St. Louis and Thomas Hale of Chicago, attempted to do 72 five-minute consecutive effort on the bicycle today in Chicago. Hale and Campbell have been a team for a long time, and in preparing for the attempt to Minneapolis, Campbell, Hale and Campbell made a record of 70 miles in 3 hours. The Chicago boy was to have ridden 72 miles in 3 hours, but he failed to do so. The reason that he did not succeed in so many hours and the completed had been first one hundred and seventy miles. The attempt to work would be placed in the hands of Harold Hamilton and served this morning.

It is not known yet which of the six horses Mr. Carnegie will be brought before. The custom of the county attorney's office has been to take them in turn.

A NEW RAID BEGUN TODAY.

Warrant Issued for the Arrest of President Angus M. Cannon.

C. M. OWEN COMPLAINANT.

Representative of New York Journal and Confidant of Salt Lake Tribune—Arrest This Evening.

Another raid, reminiscent of the olden days, was commenced today when a warrant was issued from County Attorney Pedigreb's office for the arrest of President Angus M. Cannon of the Salt Lake Stake, charging him with unlawful cohabitation. The complaint was sworn to by Charles M. Owen, the representative of the New York Journal and trusted confidant of the Salt Lake Tribune.

Owen is the individual who went through Cache valley recently in a commercial capacity and who made a secret information from the county records that would send him to the gaol he is now about to wage in the open. He moved very quietly most of the time but before he left Cache he had secured information which the Tribune felt that journal thoroughly sound on his intentions. So the portal was the Tribune in the case brought to bear to day that it published the morning paper the news of the complaint, even giving the names of the alleged witnesses. Owen made his affidavit this morning. It is as follows:

THE AFFIDAVIT.

State of Utah,
County of Salt Lake, ss.

C. M. Owen, being first duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is a citizen of the United States and of the State of Utah, and of the county and county of Salt Lake. That he is informed and verily believes that on or about the 15th day of April, 1899, one Martin D. Hughes, Cannon State Senator of the Legislature of Utah, did unlawfully and feloniously cohabit. That the aforesaid Martin D. Hughes claims to be married to one Ellen Hughes, and living, cohabiting, the great aide of Angus M. Cannon, president of the Salt Lake Stake of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, and the aforesaid Angus M. Cannon, is the father of the said child of the said Ellen Hughes, contrary to the form and the statutes of the United States of the State of Utah, 1898.

That he knows of no witnesses in support of the above charges. F. S. Hansen, Ralph J. Cannon, wife of Angus M. Cannon, Joseph F. Smith, President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints; Lorenzo Snow, President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints; Heber J. Grant, President of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints; Heber M. Wells, Governor of Utah; Frank Cook, George Q. Cannon, counsel of the First Presidency; Joseph F. Smith, Heber J. Grant, John W. Taylor, John Henry Smith, Charles Penrose, editor of the Deseret News; John M. Cannon, Brewer M. Cannon, Wilhelmina Cannon, William S. Preston, John H. Winder, Austin Nebeker, president of the Salt Lake Stake; John L. Dennis, Salt Lake Stake, secretary of state; Joseph E. Rawlins, county commissioner; M. W. Woolley, county commissioner; Mr. Alice Cannon, Clara C. Cannon, Mary E. Cannon and Mary M. Cannon.

C. M. OWEN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of July, 1899.

E. W. TAYLOR,
Notary Public.

WHO OWEN IS.

Owen is a civil engineer and resides at 112 south Third East. He came here from Oregon about twelve years ago. He is a native of South Wales and has been in America about twenty-two years. He is also said to be a correspondent of the New York Journal, and is reported to have furnished that paper yesterday with an account of President Cannon's arrest, etc.

OWEN MAKES A STATEMENT.

Owen was seen on leaving the county attorney's office and gave a description of the "News" and who asked concerning its connection with the affair said:

"I believe in making this a test case. No one has seemed to care about taking the initial step and I have done so because I felt it was my duty. Nothing. That's all I care to say."

Mr. Owen, however, afterwards said, "If Mr. Putnam won't have a warrant you may rest assured the matter won't end there. It will be taken elsewhere."

"Where? Inquiry was made.

"Well, we'd see," he replied, and walked away.

CONFERENCE WITH PUTNAM.

County Attorney Pedigreb and his associates, Ray Van Cott and W. T. Glasmann, held a long conference this morning, at which no other arrest was made, nor except the aforesaid Owen. When asked as to the result of the conference Mr. Putnam intimated that it was no one's business and then proceeded to give the news and the interviewers. He said that when approached by reporters he had been in Provo for had no chance to be interviewed, but he perform his own work. He said he had reported that his subpoenas had been given to the marshal and thought necessary could be done better than to be sworn in such cases. He said he made it a rule of his office not to make public or to announce in advance what he was going to do, or when he was going to do it, for the reason that he did not consider it a proper business and the complaint had been filed only two days ago and not before. The matter, he said, would be placed in the hands of Harold Hamilton and served this morning.

It is not known yet which of the six horses Mr. Carnegie will be brought before. The custom of the county attorney's office has been to take them in turn.