DIVIDENDS.

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To the Stockholder and Patrons

We have now as good a rating as any one in the city, and are in a position to purchase goods and place them at your door, a little cheaper than anyone else in town, on account of our very low lease and general running expenses, therefore give us a trial, as we will surely please you, and in a few months you will receive a handsome dividend.

People's Equitable Co-op,

7-9 Main.

J. I. SHEPARD, Supt.

STOVES

STOVES

STOVES

Heating Stoves
Cooking Stoves
Base Burners
Parlor Cook Stoves
Oak Stoves

ALL KINDS FOR EVERYBODY

WE ARE OVERSTOCKED ON THEM AND WILL CLOSE THEM OUT AT STRICT COST.

Freed Furniture & Carpet Company,

80 to 40 East, Third South Street.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Monday, - - January 15, 1894.

FRAGMENTS.

Two milk vendors which set in motion day one had the effect of spoiling the price of a good article purely wholesome and nutritious at the instigation of a number of visiting parties having no nothing are 8.

The annual lecture of the chemical, mineral, philosophy and light science sections of the Utah Territorial Exposition drew the attendance of 1,500 people, giving a general idea of what may be in a Exhibition at the Utah University building for the Southern Utah.

The annual meeting of the City Council is looked forward to by the part of many citizens with considerable interest. Appointments by the Mayor are expected, however, the council may adjourn without any action, and the schedule will in all probability be presented for sanction.

Prince H. H. Chamberlain, Governor Dunn will address the members of the Utah Territorial on Friday evening next. The subject is one that is to be thoroughly familiar with and one that he knows intimately and also. It is "The Legal Profession, its Past Achievements and Future Duty." The prince is unusually learned in school.

Creamery at Deseret.

The question of a creamery, says the Milford county *Radio*, is getting into cute shape as to be nearly a certainty. A. J. Henry was appointed a committee of one to visit the Fillmore creamery and collect personal data, to be submitted next Monday evening, when it will be in order to organize a dairy company.

The young men are being awakened to the importance of the work, and all are invited to attend the meetings.

By special request of President Hay of the chamber of commerce a full attendance is desired matters of a today character, joined with the report that the committee on acquaintance will be present and prepared to report.

"Sal's" Will.

The will of "Sal" O'Keefe was filed in the probate court on Saturday evening. It names George W. Kirk and Patrick Finlan executors without bonds, and directs them first to pay the expenses of his last illness and any just debts that he might owe. He bequeaths to the St. Ann's Orphanage and school of this city all his real estate and personal property. The estimated value of the estate is $1,000. A petition for the probate of the will accompanies the instrument, and January 25th has been set for the hearing.

Blackhawk War Veterans.

The NEWS has received a copy of the invitation being circulated through Utah county for a grand reunion and camp fire of the men of that county who served in the Blackhawk Indian war in this Territory—1865-1868. The event will take place on Jan. 26th at Springville. All the veterans now living in Utah county are invited and will be the guests of their Springville comrades. The chairman of the committee writes: "We expect to form a society in the county for the purpose of having a reunion in one of the towns of Utah county once a year."

FARMERS AND STOCKMEN.

How the Latter Suffer at the Hands of the Others.

"E" Offers Certain Suggestions as to Needed Legislation on the Question—How Stockmen are Served.

Seeing these questions recently put you in regard to sheep and stock raising in Utah, and your answers thereto, I cannot see to make a few brief observations.

The question were thus: 1st. If there was no benefit to be derived from keeping of stock, could they not be declared a nuisance, running at large?

2nd. Is it right and just for one owner of animals to turn them loose to be annoyed and destroyed?

3rd.—Should they not be required to leave their own land if they wish to turn their animals on it, and should they not be responsible?

The only correct answer that can be given to the first question is yes. Now let us see what Webster's definition of the word nuisance is. It reads thus: which causes or gives trouble and vexation—that which is offensive or annoying; annoyed (law)—that which is unreasonably annoying to the extent that produces inconvenience or damage. Nuisances are public when they annoy citizens in general, private when they affect but a few persons.

According to this definition they cannot be called anything else but a nuisance. As we read history we find that the first settlers of Australia imported rabbits with them; sheep, cattle, horses (law)—that which is unreasonably annoying to the extent that produces inconvenience or damage. Nuisances are public when they annoy citizens in general, private when they affect but a few persons.

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