

appears to me, and I look forward to the time when the Saints will be all they should be, as Saints. I hope and labor for it, and there is no feeling in my soul but what reaches forward with hopeful confidence to a time when the last dark cloud shall be moved from the minds, not of everybody, but of the Saints with whom our labors in this work begun, and with whom we have been associated the last thirty years of our lives; of the Saints with whom we have endured toil, with whom we have been driven, and in whose fate and fortunes we have shared. We expect it for them, we hope for it for them, and we labor for it for them. Will not you labor with us? We tell you that to know God is eternal life, which is simply repeating the truth declared by the Savior of the world; and while we impress this repeatedly, again and again on your minds, and bring it to your attention, will not you unite with us in struggling for the acquisition of that knowledge for yourselves. Why, says one, can't you get it for us? No, it is all I can do to get knowledge for myself. Well, but, says one, can't you impart to us? I can do what I am doing this morning—making the best effort in my power, within the compass of my ability, to awaken such trains of thought and reflection in your minds as will lead you to seek after the truth, and seeking, find it. If what I have learned, if the little knowledge I possess should have enlightened any other mind than mine, or could be possessed by any other individual than me, without his action being required for its attainment, things would be different from what they are. Our Father has fixed it so that we might live, and find the elements of happiness and joy for ourselves; and when they were acquired they would be ours to possess, fixed within, the treasure of our own souls, for ever ours, constituting our happiness with all its eternal increase and greatness.

Let us wake up and feel that we are the children of God, and that as God's children, the object of our being here is to find and realize within ourselves that development of our natures that we inherit from our Father and God, that will exalt us till we can be fit associates for Him, that between Him and ourselves there may exist all that wealth of harmony that will constitute the happiness of heaven, the bliss and glory of the saved and sanctified.

Well, now, to acquire this, what is the labor before us? What is necessary? That we turn from evil. Well how shall we know evil? Why our evils are pointed out continually, not only by the feeble dawns of light within us, but by the light of that inspiration that burns in the hearts of the servants of God, making their comprehensions of truth reach incomparably beyond those who have not in such a way devoted themselves to the acquirement of knowledge. In that light our weaknesses and follies are brought to our understanding, that we may see them, and that seeing and comprehending we may go to work and regulate our actions so that when God blesses, aids and strengthens us, we may acquire that knowledge that will exalt us above the influence of the ignorance that is around us.

Now, my brethren and sisters, having expressed these few thoughts, I hope that we may be able to go away from this Conference to our respective homes, to live and labor in the great work of our Father, and that when the half year shall have passed away, and we are again assembled in this capacity, that we may feel, and not only feel, but that it may be true, that we are a wiser and better people than to-day; and that we may entertain more truthful conceptions of God and the character of his work, and be acting in a manner better calculated to please Him and to secure His blessings upon us, than to-day.

That this may be our happy lot, and that God's blessings may attend our every exertion for the development of Zion on the earth, is my prayer, in the name of Jesus: Amen.

**SURRENDER OF APACHES.**—It has been reported by the San Francisco papers that 400 Apaches were captured by Colonel Pollock. We doubted the truth of this report; but intelligence has just been brought by Lieutenant Colonel Sawyer that about 175 of these Indians did surrender to Colonel Pollock. The Chief made a speech which surpassed in beauty and pathos the noted address of Logan. The speech will not be published until sent to headquarters. They are sincere in this surrender, for they brought their women and children, which was never done before; it is caused by the want of food. —[Wilmington Journal]

[Special to the DESERET NEWS.]

**By Telegraph.**

New York, 5.

Ecuador has joined alliance with Peru against Spain. The prospects are that the other Republics will follow. The Peruvian steam frigate Amazon, forty guns, iron clad, has been run ashore, and is a total wreck.

Richmond, Va., 4.

The Legislature adjourned last night. Lt. Gov. Cowper's parting speech declared that the people of the South are now more thoroughly loyal to the United States than are the citizens of the other parts of the Republic.

Nashville, 4.

The continued absence of the conservative members of the Legislature and the resignation of a large number, leave the House without a quorum; this bolt is in consequence of the radical programme, which the conservatives hoped to defeat. Gov. Brownlow has issued a proclamation for elections to fill vacancies. He condemns the course of the rebel disorganizers, and calls upon the people to rally to the support of loyalty, order and law.

New York, 5.

Notwithstanding the denunciation of Archbishop McClosky proclaimed from all the pulpits this morning, the Fenian mass meeting at Jones' Wood this afternoon was attended by over 15,000 people. The speeches from the four stands, by O'Mahoney Judge Connelly, George Francis Train and others, had all the same burden—money wanted.

Washington, 5.

The disbursements from the Treasury last month were \$47,927,000, the Comptroller having settled all the military and naval claims last month, and revised accounts involving to \$51,000,000.

Col. E. S. Parker, the well known Indian aid de camp, has returned from the South. He says that, while traveling in federal uniform, he heard only expressions of loyalty, but having assumed a garb as member of the Choctaw nation, he heard the most malignant disloyalty, the most vindictive hatred and the fiercest though suppressed determination to bide their time, and yet wreak vengeance.

New York, 5.

The cotton warehouse of Johnson on Bridge street, and extending through to Pearl, was burned this afternoon, including 2,000 bales of cotton; loss \$500,000.

Gold is opened at 132½, advanced to 134, and closed at 132½, being lower than it has been since the 23d of last May.

The bank statement shows a decrease in deposits of \$1,797,026; in loans of \$4,536,788; and in legal tenders of \$2,842,581. Specie has increased \$2,967,779. The banks now hold 38 per cent legal tenders and specie against their net liabilities.

Bonds of the Irish Republic are said to have been sold at the Fenian meeting in Jones' Wood to the amount of \$120,000; it is reported that O'Mahoney's treasury has received \$200,000 from sales of bonds, within a few days.

Wheeling Va., 5.

Alexander Campbell, the founder of the Campbellite sect, died at his residence near this city, last evening, aged 78.

New York, 6.

Col. Bower, Adj't Gen. on Grant's staff, enroute to West Point with Gen. Grant, was instantly killed this morning, by falling between the cars while attempting to get aboard, just as the train was starting from Morrison's station.

Washington, 6.

Gen. J. S. Fullerton, formerly on Gen. Howard's staff, has been appointed private Secretary to the President, and will enter upon his duties in about ten days.

Chicago, 7.

Moore, editor of the *Rural New Yorker*, and a radical Republican was yesterday elected Mayor of Rochester, by 1,081 majority. Richardson, Republican, is elected Mayor of Oswego. Col. McQuade, Republican, is elected Mayor of Utica.

The wife of John A. Kasson, a member of Congress, has obtained a divorce in the Warren County Court, Iowa, the defendant pleading guilty to the allegation of adultery.

The Tennessee Legislature is practically dissolved; on the 5th, when the Senate met, 6 members were present, and in the House 20 Representatives were present. Both branches will hereafter adjourn from day to day, until vacancies are filled by elections. By a tacit arrangement with the radicals, all but a few members go home, exchanging places at intervals with those at the Capitol. This state of affairs is expected to last five or six weeks.

Gov. Brownlow's proclamation, declaring vacant the seats of absconding members who did not resign, is a flank movement that troubles the disorganizers.

New York, 7.

On the 24th of January, both belligerents were engaged in preparations for an active campaign in Paraguay, which is expected to begin in about a month. The allied armies are still being reinforced; they have about 46,000 men at Paso De La Patria. The Brazilian government is firm in demanding the expulsion of Lopez, as the first basis of any peace negotiations. Lopez has put all, capable of bearing arms, in the field.

Gold is without any decided change, closing at 133½.

New Orleans, 6.

A quarantine of 25 days has been declared on all vessels arriving from the West India Islands, to prevent the introduction of cholera.

Liverpool, 21.

The suspension of the *habeas corpus* in Ireland is received with universal approbation; the vigor shown by the government had a favorable effect. The act authorizes the arrest and detention, until the 1st of March, 1867, of any person suspected of conspiracy. The police are making a large number of arrests, including American emissaries. The military is being strongly reinforced, and order continues to be maintained. P. J. O'Donnell, supposed Head Centre at Dublin, has been arrested. A bill passed the House of Lords authorizing the government to take possession of the telegraph wires in Ireland, if necessary.

A reform bill has been introduced in the House of Commons, extending franchise to all males over 21, fairly educated.

A message from the Queen has been presented to both Houses, asking provision to be made for the Princess Helena's approaching marriage, and for Prince Alfred on his coming of age. The bank of England has reduced the rate of discount to 7 per cent.

London, 22.

Consols, for money, 87½ @ 87½. United States five-twenties, 69½ @ 69½.

Chicago, 8.

The Pennsylvania Democratic convention, on the 5th, nominated Heister Clymer, of Berks county, for Governor, on the 4th ballot, over George W. Cass. The resolutions of the convention declare the States, whereof the people were lately in rebellion, are integral parts of the Union, and entitled to representation in Congress by men duly elected, who bear true faith to the constitution and laws, and such Representatives should be forthwith admitted. That the bold enunciation of his policy for restoration, contained in the recent annual message of President Johnson, and his veto of the Freedmen's Bureau bill, entitle him to the confidence and support of all who respect the constitution and love their country. That each State has an exclusive right to regulate the qualifications of its own electors. The white race alone are entitled to control the government, and we are unwilling to grant negroes the right to vote. Clymer accepted the nomination in a speech, saying that nation was in peril, and the Democracy must rally to support the President, who has appealed in terms of patriotic devotion to his whole country.

Washington, 7.

Both Houses of Congress have passed a resolution completing the transfer of Berkeley and Jefferson counties from Old Virginia to West Virginia; in the meanwhile the Richmond Legislature has appointed commissioners to visit the Wheeling Legislature, in behalf of re-union, or at least to endeavor to negotiate for their assumption of a part of the old State debt.

The House select committee on freedmen this morning reported a new Freedmen's Bureau bill. It continues the act, under which the present Bureau is organized, for three years, allows the appointment of two additional assistant commissioners, under the direction of the President, and, when the same shall be necessary, to divide the various districts into sub-districts and appoint agents for such. The bill retains that section vetoed, which restricted three million acres of public lands in Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Louisiana and Arkansas for sale to freedmen. The Sea Island sections have been redrafted, but provide that the present occupants shall not be disturbed for three years from the date of Gen. Sherman's field order; unless provision is made for them with their written consent and the approval of the Commissioner.

Chicago, 8.

On Woodbridge's resolution in the House on the 5th, that the United States guarantee a fifty million loan

to the Republic of Mexico, all the Pacific members voted aye, except McRuer, who was not present.

Garrett Davis lately made a splurge in the Senate, declaring that we might see in this land two Congressional bodies, one composed of southern Representatives and Senators and the Democratic and conservative members from the North, and the other of Representative members alone; each of these bodies would claim to be the Congress, and the President will be obliged to recognize one or the other, and, as the former body would be in the majority, why would not the President recognize them as the lawful and legitimate Congress of the United States? Davis said he believed that Jackson would do this, and he hoped Johnson would invite the southern members elect to the city and, uniting with them the men he has designated, recognize them as Congress.

Liverpool, 25.

Consols closed, on the 24th at 87½ @ 87½. Five-twenties left off at 69½ @ 69½, the highest price touched for some time.

The weekly return of the bank of England shows an increase in bullion of £702,821.

A revolution has broken out in Romania; Prince Couza has been forced to sign his abdication; Count Flanders is proclaimed Hospodar.

The cattle plague is increasing, the last weekly returns being 13,000 cases, the largest yet.

Toronto, 8.

The Provincial Government has called 10,000 volunteers to be stationed along the frontier, to guard against Fenian raids. The call creates a great excitement, and the rally to arms somewhat resembles an American furor.

Washington, 8.

The Tennessee question continues the leading topic in Congress. On the resolution reported on the 5th, a delegation of Congressmen, supporters of the President, waited on him last evening, and received definite assurance that the resolution should be combatted, and would be vetoed, if passed, the President saying that he could not sign away his own citizenship, by approving a resolution that declares Tennessee out of the Union and needing the action of the law-making power to get back. Lively times may be expected, when the ball fully opens, compensating for the quietness of the past ten days. All rumors of the possible healing of the breach between the President and Congress are fictitious; he may have sent private letters, as reported, to Sumner and Stevens, regretting personalities, but no olive branch appears on the political horizon.

Maynard and Stokes, of the Tennessee delegation, approve the congressional plan. Stokes lately made a speech in Nashville, declaring that Congress should not admit the southern Representatives without mature deliberation, and was right in demanding the test oath and taking time to examine the condition of the southern States. He said it seemed to be regarded a great outrage that Congress did not let members right in, regardless of question, to draw pay and begin to legislate, for the whole country, when half of these members elect have been in the rebel army. He said, if I was in Congress, I would vote against a repeal of the test oath, till I froze to my seat.

The union men in Tennessee are particularly stiff in this matter, because they are determined that none but original union men shall vote in that State; they have the power in their own hands, and mean to hold it, and to exclude from suffrage the rebels pardoned by the President.

If a division between the President and Congress should come on, pending the resolution, the Unionists now in power in Tennessee would be pretty sure against the President.

Both Houses have passed a resolution for paying Miss Clara Barton \$15,000, for money expended in her search for missing soldiers.

Chicago, 8.

The recommend, by the Comptroller of the currency, for an increase of \$100,000,000 to the national bank currency, was rejected in the House by 17 to 114, one of the most decisive votes during the session.

**A WORD TO THE BOYS.**—Boys, when night comes, go home. There is nothing more detrimental to your morals than to be running around the streets under cover of darkness, for then you can acquire little else than an education of rowdism, and before you know it you will become reckless and vicious. If you want to be good men see to it that nightfall finds you at home.