

# ANGLO-RUSSIAN WAR IMPOSSIBLE.

Threat to Assist the Boers Would  
Bring England Down.

SAYS A FRENCH DIPLOMAT.

German Official Circles the Opinion  
Is that a Satisfactory Adjustment  
Will be Reached.

St. Petersburg, March 20.—The Russian press is not alarmed about the Tien Tsin affair. There is no mention of it in the official agency's dispatches, but the London correspondent of the Novoe Vremya characterizes the dispatch as unimportant. Another London correspondent quotes a French diplomat as saying that an Anglo-Russian war is impossible, and that Russia need only threaten to support the Boers to bring Great Britain to her knees.

The Novosty advocates a Russo-Japanese alliance, which will assure Japan her present possessions and a large market for her industrial products in Russian territory, where they will be protected against Anglo-German competition. In conclusion, the article declares this alliance is as important to the Orient as the Franco-Russian alliance is in the Occident.

The Novosty appears to regard the Russo-American understanding as permanent, as the paper does not mention American competition in Russian territory, which is stronger than the Anglo-German competition.

GERMAN OFFICIAL OPINION.  
Berlin, March 20.—In German official circles it is asserted that British and Japanese guards will occupy the land in controversy in Tien Tsin, and that a satisfactory adjustment of the matter may be expected. The press does not consider the Tien Tsin incident vital, and the German press express a belief that Great Britain will yield.

The Vossische Zeitung says that England cannot afford to engage in a serious conflict with Russia. The same paper, which takes a similar view, adds: "It would be indeed deplorable if from a mere local controversy there should grow up serious differences, because that would increase the Chinese to show greater powers of resistance."

In an able weekly review the Kreuzzeitung mentions a series of Russian advances in the far east, including the acquisition of territory at Hankow, by means of which Russia invaded the Yangtze district, adding: "All this England has had to endure because the South African war paralyzes her aggressive powers."

The writer of the review asserts that Count von Bulow, when complaining last Friday about the intrigues of private companies in China, meant to say that the Belgians, who are now trying to secure the concession for the railway from Peking to Hankow. After expressing a hope that the Belgians would fail, because their success would be at the general expense of the writer, says the powers will probably be able and willing to squeeze this tiny "jack-in-a-box" into a corner.

Commenting upon President McKinley's proposal that the powers should demand joint damages from China, each of them taking a share in the same, the Berliner Tageblatt points out that Count von Bulow, speaking in the Reichstag March 16, had previously declared this to be the best method of adding to their interests consequently a complete agreement between the German and American points of view.

RUSSIA OPENLY AGGRESSIVE.  
London, March 21.—Russia's proceedings in Korea, says the Kobe correspondent of the Daily Mail, "are now openly aggressive, and it is believed that she is about to make further demands in connection with Ma Shan Tiao."

RUSSIAN INTERNAL DISTURBANCES.  
New York, March 21.—A special to the Times from Washington says: "An interesting suggestion, connecting the latest developments of the Chinese revolution with the riots in St. Petersburg and other Russian cities, has been made by a public man of diplomatic experience who is well qualified to discuss European affairs. His theory is that Russia's bellicose attitude at Tien Tsin and her apparent disposition to provoke Great Britain are directly connected with the conditions at home."

France, he declares, is not at present in position to risk a war over Manchuria or southern China. She is undoubtedly in a better position than Great Britain, but she has not completed the Trans-Siberian railway, and it is a means ready for a contest in the north. It is the general understanding of her policy that she does not wish a war until her preparations in the north are completed. This applies at the present time not so much because of Great Britain's capacity for resistance, but because of possible complications with other powers.

A motive for Russia's warlike attitude must therefore be sought, and a person state of things at St. Petersburg and elsewhere. It is a well known source of state disturbance that when domestic disturbances are becoming dangerous a foreign war will distract a nation's favor of the government, and it is quite evident that the present disturbances in Russia are more serious than any since the death of Alexander II. It is believed that the Russian rioters may be forced the hand of the government, and compelled it to court war which it is unable to carry for the sake of weakening a domestic danger.

RUNDS UP SITUATION.  
New York, March 21.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: "The China situation is well summed up in Linley Sambourne's cartoon in Punch representing a Russian warrior in an oriental boudoir armed to the teeth, while John Bull and Germany are looking over the red path and anxiously asking the man in possession what he is doing. The moral applies equally to the small affair of the large matter at Tien Tsin and the Russia in complete possession and has no doubt knows how many secret treaties in her well stocked pocket, and she prepared to turn them into cash by the railway siding dispute in Manchuria. The Russian is excited in diplomatic circles, but the crisis has been brought on diverting attention from Manchuria. It is this theory that the Tien Tsin dispute will be settled by the disposition at St. Petersburg and England's land and Germany will be allowed the satisfaction of claiming diplomatic success in due time. Meanwhile Manchuria will become irretrievably Russian, and nothing will be said about settling or loss of prestige."

Jamaicans to Appeal to England.  
Kingston, Jamaica, March 21.—The Jamaican Press, belonging to Elder & Co., and the second

# SORES AND ULCERS.

Sores and Ulcers never become chronic unless the blood is in poor condition—is sluggish, weak and unable to throw off the poisons that accumulate in it. The system must be relieved of the unhealthy matter through the skin, and great danger to life would follow should it heal before the blood has been made pure and healthy and all impurities eliminated from the system. S.S.S. begins the cure by first cleansing and invigorating the blood, building up the general health and removing from the system a constant drain upon the system.

When this has been accomplished the discharge gradually ceases, and the sore or ulcer heals. It is the tendency of these old indolent sores to grow worse and worse, and eventually to destroy the bones. Local applications, while soothing and to some extent alleviate pain, cannot reach the seat of the trouble. S.S.S. does, and no matter how apparently hopeless your condition, even though your constitution has broken down, it will bring relief when nothing else can. It supplies the rich, pure blood necessary to heal the sore and nourish the debilitated, diseased body.

Mr. J. B. Talbot, Lock Box 40, Winona, Miss., says: "I was once afflicted with a sore on the foot was one solid sore. Several physicians treated me and I made two trips to Hot Springs, but found no relief. I finally used S.S.S. and it made a complete cure. I have been a perfectly well man ever since."

S.S.S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known—it contains no poisonous minerals to ruin the digestion and add to, rather than relieve your sufferings. If your flesh does not heal readily when scratched, bruised or cut, your blood is in bad condition, and any ordinary sore is apt to become chronic.

Send for our free book and write our physicians about your case. We make no charge for this service.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

to sell from Jamaica direct to England last here with a full cargo of fruit yesterday for Bristol.

Among her numerous passengers were two elected members of the legislature who are empowered to make an appeal to the British government for the restoration of constitutional rights by Mr. Jos. Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies.

The government's projected tax on banana land is receiving considerable attention. The bulk of this tax will fall upon the United Fruit company. It is feared they will protest against being called upon to support the opposition company trading with England. Owing to the abrogation of the constitution the measure will probably be notwithstanding the popular opposition to it.

SOLDIERS SENT TO MARSEILLES.

Two Thousand Go to Assist Authorities to Suppress Disturbances.

Marseilles, March 21.—Two thousand soldiers have gone to assist the authorities in the suppression of the troubles incident upon the strike at Marseilles.

STRIKERS ARE AGGRESSIVE.

Marseilles, France, March 20.—The situation here is very disagreeable owing to the increasingly aggressive attitude of the strikers. During the disorders today the panic spread to the townspeople, and stores, restaurants and cafes were hurriedly closed. It was feared that the mob, which was charged by mounted gendarmes and hussars, would attempt to pillage.

A crowd of 2,000 burst through a cordon of infantry along the dock side. A volley of stones was then thrown in the direction of the mob, which was charged by mounted gendarmes and hussars, would attempt to pillage. A crowd of 2,000 burst through a cordon of infantry along the dock side. A volley of stones was then thrown in the direction of the mob, which was charged by mounted gendarmes and hussars, would attempt to pillage.

Two hundred women, several with babies in arms, took part in today's demonstration in spite of the rain.

With the exception of the socialist organs, the press shows little sympathy with the strikers. The public generally recognizes that the strike has already done much to bring about injury, and may completely ruin the port.

The government is in an extremely embarrassing position, especially M. Millerand, the minister of commerce, who has been demanding that the government should intervene in favor of the strikers, and are disgruntled at the employment of troops. On the other hand, the government is urged to take vigorous measures to secure the freedom of labor, especially in view of the fact that the foreign element, chiefly Italian, which preponderates among the striking dock laborers, is utterly indifferent to the fate of Marseilles.

Mayor Van Wyck to Mr. Carnegie.

New York, March 20.—Mayor Van Wyck today sent the following telegram to Andrew Carnegie, addressed to Southampton:

"The people of New York heartily thank you for your noble offer to give five million dollars for the establishment of free circulating libraries in their city. They extend to you their best wishes, with a full appreciation of the magnitude of your gift to them and the splendid generosity that prompted it."

ROBERT A. VAN WYCK,  
Mayor.

HE SAID IT.

And Every Word Was Worth a Gold Piece.

When an old, experienced druggist advises a man to throw medicine to the winds, and to eat, drink and be merry, the right kind of food the advice is wise heading.

"An old friend of mine whom I knew to be not only a first class druggist, but a honest man as well, advised me, in order to cure my dyspepsia which I had suffered for twelve long years, and spent hundreds of dollars in, to get well, to quit meat of all kinds and make my meals of Grape Nuts Food and cream, with cooked fruit and Postum Cereal Food Coffee."

"I took his advice and in a few days a great change had taken place. I was no longer troubled with pain in the side, smothering spells, palpitation, and pains about the heart, and when night came I looked forward to a good night's rest. I was also free from headaches and my stomach that had been with me for years before. In fact I was a new man, and improved so rapidly in health that I went up to 229 pounds."

"I am enjoying as good health as I ever did in my life, and no healthier man can be found I firmly believe."

"During the past winter I was out of doors every day, and we had some very severe weather. Those who worked with me and used coffee and tea, and other kinds of liquid beverages were constantly complaining of the cold. I did not suffer in the least, nor did I contract a bad cold during the entire winter."

"I know a lady in Pittsburgh who suffered from dyspepsia as much as I did. She was a terrible sufferer. She had a deathly color, but she went on Grape Nuts Food and Postum Cereal Food Coffee and gained 23 pounds in less than three months. She lost the greenish color of her complexion, and now her cheeks are as rosy as a school girl's and her eyes bright as a dollar."

"I am a stick

# RUSSIA WANTS AN APOLOGY

For the Removal of a Flag by the British.

GENERAL BARROW REFUSES

English Under Arms to Prevent Settlement Being Rushed—Von Waldere's Mission Ends in Failure.

London, March 21.—"Gen. Wogack has refused to accept Count von Waldere's arbitration at Tien Tsin," says the Peking correspondent of the Daily Mail, wiring yesterday, "and demands that the British not only withdraw but apologize for removing the Russian flag. Gen. Barrow refuses to do either, and in so refusing has the support of the British government. British reinforcements are being sent."

A dispatch from Peking says: "The British reinforcements, consisting of ninety marines, which arrived at Tien Tsin last night from the Taku forts to replace the Indian guards on the disputed land, are explained as due to a fear lest any incident arising out of the Russo-British land question should cause the French troops, whose conduct has given much trouble, to precipitate a collision. The British commanders desire to have enough troops in Tien Tsin to preserve order in the event of a riot. Dulland left here this morning to inquire into the conduct of the French troops at Tien Tsin."

In addition to the Australians, outposts from the lines of communication are coming into Tien Tsin. The British are under arms to prevent the settlement being rushed, but they do not anticipate such extremes.

WALDERSEE'S EFFORTS FAIL.

New York, March 20.—A dispatch to the Herald from Tien Tsin says: Count von Waldere, while here yesterday, had long conversations with the Russian commandant general. He orally renounced the proposition which had been made by telegram and which the Russians had declined to entertain.

Count von Waldere is visibly depressed at the failure to arrange the settlement, the seriousness of which seemed fully realized. After an hour he returned to Peking.

There has been much fighting during the day between French and British soldiers, but up to the present there have been no serious results. Gen. Voinoff has been out of gendarmes, who, together with the Australians, are now guarding the settlement and preventing the French soldiers from entering.

Gen. Campbell has received the approval of the government in his view of the dispute with the Russian commandant here, and is holding his ground under orders from London.

W. T. Sapp, Ossified Man, Dead.

Albuquerque, N. M., March 21.—W. T. Sapp, the famous ossified man of Lebanon, Ky., is dead in this city. While still a child, Sapp's muscular tissue entirely wasted away and every joint in the body except those of the left shoulder and of the hands became solidified. For thirty-six years the helpless statue of a man has been on exhibition.

Big Fire in Chicago.

Chicago, March 21.—Crossed electric wires started a fire early today that almost completely destroyed the five-story building at 215 East Randolph street. The building was occupied by R. Williamson & Co., gas fixtures. The adjoining building occupied by Albert Pick & Co., fancy grocery and mirrors, was also partially burned. The loss on both buildings and contents will amount to \$150,000.

High Russian Official Shot at.

New York, March 21.—Commenting on the Associated Press dispatch from St. Petersburg that another high official had been shot at, the Herald says: "In view of the fact that the Russian authorities upon telegraphic dispatches, the fact that a dispatch worded like the foregoing has been permitted to leave the country suggests many possibilities."

First and foremost, attention centers on the chief personality in the dominions of the czar himself, the more especially because of the rumors which were current in Berlin on Tuesday last that an attempt had been made upon the life of his imperial majesty.

A Great Hotel for New York.

New York, March 21.—The Herald says: John W. Gates and his friends intend to erect a hotel which will rival anything of the kind in New York in magnificence, if not in size. It will cost \$2,000,000, and will be built upon a corner that is valued at something less than \$1,000,000. This hotel will be erected on the southeast corner of Fifth street and Fifty-second street. It is fronting 125 feet on the avenue and 100 feet on the street.

Federalist Paper for Porto Rico.

San Juan, Porto Rico, March 21.—Senator Abell, editor of La Democracia, has gone to New York to purchase a plant with which to start the new paper of the federal party. Senator Mules Rivera, who will sail May 1, will edit the paper, the object of which will be to create a more intelligent interest in Porto Rican affairs.

Another part of the test and without question the most interesting from a spectacular point of view and thus to the public, will be that portion wherein

WAR MATERIAL TEST.

Interesting Experiments to be Conducted in New York Harbor.

New York, March 21.—Within the past few days the war department has taken the first steps toward carrying out what will be a most interesting test of war material, to take place in New York harbor during the coming summer. The experiments will constitute a thorough and practical test of the adopted system of fire control as it is technically called; in other words, the direction of the fire of the guns of a modern fortification from the large 12-inch guns down to the 5-inch rapid fire guns.

One of the most interesting points to be determined is the relative merits of the vertical and horizontal range finders. A portion of the test will consist of firing at targets, and this will naturally be done with service projectiles and powder. The object of this part of the work will be to determine how closely the range and position finders have located the targets.

Another part of the test and without question the most interesting from a spectacular point of view and thus to the public, will be that portion wherein

will be asked to co-operate.

This will consist in an attempt on the part of one or more war vessels to enter the upper harbor of New York unmolested by the fire from the formidable forts on each side of the Narrows. In this case the fire from both contestants will be with blank cartridges, though the powerful search lights of the forts and vessels will add realism to the night attacks. This part of the coming test will be quite similar to the maneuvers conducted last fall in Narragansett bay, in which the value of the searchlight was so well demonstrated that Congress at its last session appropriated the sum of \$100,000 to supply them for New York harbor alone.

It is anticipated that quite a distinguished party of officials will be present during the tests, including the secretary of war and possibly the secretary of the navy. The tests will be conducted under the general direction of the board of ordnance and fortification.

DEPORTATION OF SHEPHERDS.

Treasury Department Holds up Order to Send Them Out of Country.

New York, March 21.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: "The treasury department has decided to hold up the order issued on Monday providing for the deportation of fifteen Spanish shepherds who arrived at New York on March 18th. Assistant Secretary Taylor decided that these immigrants had come to the United States in violation of the contract law. Heretofore the department has held that aliens induced to emigrate to this country by promises of employment or that work could be obtained upon arrival, were not entitled to admission. The justice of this precedent has puzzled the department for some time, and it has been determined to refer the case of the fifteen Spaniards to Attorney General Griggs for an opinion. Assistant Secretary Taylor said: 'The vital question is whether a man who comes to America on information from relatives or friends that he can get work easily is entitled to admission. Attorney General Griggs' decision will interest every laboring man in the country. If it is held that these Spaniards have a right to enter, it will be difficult to prevent undesirable foreign laborers from crowding out Americans.'

One dollar a bottle.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us \$1.00 and we will express a bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Send for our handsome book on The Hair.

from Alvin Bateman, the bookkeeper, who was killed in the raid. The Perry militia has been called out to guard the jail as it is feared that an attempt will be made to lynch the prisoner by enraged citizens of Red Rock who may come here on learning of the capture.

After the Red Rock murder the Sheriff traced the bandits to the home of a man named Cunningham near Pawnee and the house was surrounded. A demand was made for the surrender of the men, and for reply a volley of bullets was fired into the place. Deputy Sheriff Johnson was mortally wounded in the melee. The bandits again escaped to the timber and made for the reservation.

Diplomats in Washington are not inclined to believe that war will result from the Tien Tsin dispute. If trouble comes one diplomat said, it would be because of the Manchurian situation. Another diplomat said that the world was not prepared for war, that Russia's financial condition as well as that of

the conditions are similar to those attached to the New York City.

New York, March 20.—The World will say tomorrow: Another magnificent gift from Andrew Carnegie will be announced yesterday that Mr. Carnegie had offered \$500,000 to another American city also, it is said, for the purpose of building libraries. Philadelphia it is understood, will be the recipient.

It is said that Mr. Carnegie has offered to build libraries aggregating \$5,000,000 in value on conditions similar to those which accompany the offer to New York. It is also understood that the official announcement of the proposition will be made within a few days.

The World yesterday interviewed several of Mr. Carnegie's closest friends, and they all agreed in that the \$5,000,000 donation is soon to be made public. "I am not positive that Philadelphia is to be the beneficiary," said one of the gentlemen, "but from the trend of Mr. Carnegie's conversations during the last few months, I know that he is contemplating doing something handsome for that city."

"You are safe in saying that very soon a gift of \$500,000 to another American city will be announced; that the money is to be used for building libraries, and that the city will probably be Philadelphia; Mr. Carnegie has had a great deal of business with Philadelphia. The kind and the kindliest feelings for the people of that city."

Britain Wants Better Explosives.

London, March 20.—The committee recently appointed by the admiralty and war office to discover the best explosive for guns and small arms and the best high explosive for shells has just issued an invitation to manufacturers to submit explosives on trial under a guarantee that their secrets will not be probred by the government officials. Sir Henry Brackenbury, director-general of ordnance at the war office, who issued the invitation on behalf of the committee, suggests also that the manufacturers should initiate the German explosive firms, who combined a few years ago and endowed a scientific experimental bureau at great cost for research into questions of arms and explosives. The action of the committee is regarded as an admission that both cordite and lyddite have proved unsatisfactory.

Diaz Back in City of Mexico.

Mexico City, March 20.—President Diaz arrived in this city tonight at 6:15 after an absence of nearly three months at Cuernavaca. An immense crowd of people awaited him on the platform of the railroad station. When the presidential train pulled up the president appeared on the rear platform of a car and was greeted with cheers.

The president drove in an open carriage from the depot to his house. The carriage was escorted by the mounted presidential guards. The streets were lined with people, who cheered and waved handkerchiefs as the president passed. The house fronts were gay with bunting and tonight the illuminations give the main thoroughfares a holiday appearance. The president appears in excellent health.

MILITIA CALLED OUT.

Protecting a Supposed Robber from an Oklahoma Mob.

Perry, Okla., March 21.—Sheriff Foster and deputies returned today from eighteen miles east of Perry, having in their custody a wounded man giving his name as Charles Johnson, and three boys. From all indications, the man was Ben Craven's companion in the Red Rock murder and robbery last Monday night, in which Alvin Bateman, the bookkeeper of Swartz & Co., was killed.

Mr. Leary has a bullet hole in his wrist, the ball lodging in the upper arm under the shoulder and another wound in the head. He says he was held up Monday night in the Otter reservation and with a mob of 22 men, of which two men who robbed him, taking his coat and horse.

It is the general opinion here that Johnson is the robber that was dressed in women's clothes at the killing at Red Rock and received the wounds

DISPEPS A

Few diseases inflict upon their victims greater suffering than does dyspepsia. If you have dyspepsia or indigestion in any form do not ruin your stomach with drugs, use

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

it will cure any form of indigestion and will restore the stomach to its normal condition.

NOTE.—If you are sick and run down, weak and feel that you are not getting anything to learn how to regain health, I will send you a bottle of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey free of charge.

Dear Sir: I have already used two bottles of your Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey and I feel like a new man every morning. I had been afflicted with a burning heart and a headache for a long time, but was completely cured.

ISAAC T. GREENE, D.D., Tuxedo, Pa.

The only whiskey used by the Government as medicine. This is a guarantee. Be sure you get the genuine. Return addresses. All druggists and grocers, or direct, \$1.00 a bottle.

DUFFY MALT WHISKY CO., Rochester, N.Y.

Neiden-Judson Drug Co., Salt Lake City, Wholesale Agents

# Talk About It

That's always the way with our Hair Vigor. When persons use it they are always so highly pleased with it that they tell their friends about it.

If your hair is short, too thin, splits at the ends, is rough, or is falling out, our Hair Vigor will perfectly satisfy you.

If your hair is just a little gray, or perfectly white, Ayer's Hair Vigor will bring back to it all the dark, rich color it had years and years ago.

One dollar a bottle.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us \$1.00 and we will express a bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office.

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# UNITED STATES WILL MEDIATE.

If Great Britain and Russia Desire Her to.

NO RIGHT OF INTERVENTION

This Country Not Interested in Dispute Between the Soldiers of the Two Governments