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BALT LAKE CITY, - JUNE 10, 1901.

SUNDAY LIQOUR SELLING.

The enforcement of the law against the selling of intoxicants on Sunday, is no sudden spurt on the part of the county authoritles. It is evidently meant to be a continuous effort. The county commissioners have taken the matter In hand, and the sheriff and his deputies are carrying out instructions with a steady vigor that is commendable. A round was made on Sunday by the officers, which demonstrated the fact that the saloons outside of the city had taken the hint and all were closed with the exception of the bar at Calder's Park. No liquor, wine or beer wag sold at Saltair. A vigilant watch stage. That means a closer inspection by the sheriff and his deputy failed to show the slightest indication of any traffic of the kind at that resort. The bar proprietors and two tenders at Calder's Park were arrested, after the officers had purchased both liquor and question of the right of the nation to beer at that place.

Laws are worse than useless when permitted to remain a dead letter. They should be either enforced or repealed. The majority of the people in this State of all nations, but persons suffering are opposed to the liquor traffic in all from consumption are not properly its forms. But they appreciate the im- qualified for the work of breaking new possibility of practical prohibition in ground, or building up a country. They a community where any considerable number of persons create a demand for | isolation hospitals. intoxicating drinks. They also have regard for the rights and desires of people who do not entertain the same gation has been undertaken which dishold themselves; therefore most of them tempts at prohibition which do not actually prohibit.

Our State laws and city ordinances | South Dakota 2, Chicago 5, and New have been framed with this understand. | York 6. Nearly all of these cases are ing. High licenses are required for the said to be among people of foreign sale of intoxicants, the revenues thus birth. The Louisiana cases arise

true that the restriction will be measurably beneficial, because few, comparatively will purchase supplies in this city before taking their trip, while the open and general sale of intoxicants at those places would make drinking more common and disorder more probable. But it is evidently unfair to the county saloons and resorts to shut down the traffic there on Sundays, while the saloons in the city are permitted to run in a steady uninter-

rupted flow of business, The Descret News, in touching on this subject, but volces the sentiments of many people in this city and county. Great credit is due to the commissioners, the sheriff and his deputies for their determination to carry out the law within their field of jurisdiction. And does not the fact that they are able to do this, speak loudly to the authoritles and officials of Salt Lake City and cry, "Go thou and do likewise ?" If the ordi-

nance regulating this matter is right, let it be enforced. If it is wrong or impracticable, knock it out. While it stands it should be put into use. Under present conditions it appears to thinking people as a sham and a fraud. If we are to have open sale of intoxicants on Sunday in this city let it be so understood. If not, let the same vig-Hance exercised by the county officers be exhibited by the city officers, and let the ordinances as well as the statutes be honored by their observance.

GUARD AGAINST MICROBES.

Tuberculosis is now included among the diseases that bar immigrants from coming into this country, instructions have been issued to the commissioner of immigration at the port of New York that the disease is to be regarded as dangerous and contagious. Hitherto many persons known to suffer from that trouble have been admitted, but now they will be returned, even if the disease has not reached an advanced of all immigrants.

The measure is just. There is no doubt among the authorities that consumption is contagious under certain conditions. And there should be no protect itself, as far as practicable against the further spread of a deadly disease. The country should be open to home-seekers, and to the oppressed need care in congenial climates and

Another disease that needs special attention is leprosy. Recently an investiviews in regard to stimulants as they closes the fact that there is in this country, in all probability, about one agree that regulation and restriction of thousand persons suffering from that the liquor traffic are preferable to at- most terrible malady. It has been found that the state of Louisiana has 74, Minnesota 23, North Dakota 15,

educational advantages within iny power. The bride's pledge contains the fol-

lowing provision among others: "'Should I discover that we are uncongenial or mismated. I hereby pledge my sacred word of honor that I will not bring children into the world

not born of affection, and I hereby furhave exhausted every effort to make it otherwise, that we are uncongenial or mismated, I will not insist upon our living together.""

Those that exchange these pledges do not necessarily oppose the sanction of the state to their marriage covenant, for it is expressly provided that these promises shall be "sworn" to, "before the nuptial knot is tled by a magiatrate," but as the signing of the pledge seems to be the main point in the ceremony, the services of a magistrate may perhaps be dispensed with in a number of cases, as a matter of

form only. According to the "signs of the time." there is much work ahead for the champions of the pure American home and the sanctity of the marriage relation. If they are honest in their work, they may well feel alarmed at a tendency to enter upon home life with an understanding that the home can be broken up, as soon as an "affinity" appears more attractive than the previous one. Here is an abomination that must be checked, before it is hoisted to the very pinnacles of civilization and made to wave there, as a sign of coming desolation and ruin.

AN IMPROBABLE RUMOR.

A rumor has been circulated to the effect that the Emperor of China intends visiting Europe next year. In all probability that rumor has been started as a suggestion as to what the emperor ought to do, when the Chinese tangle has been straightened out. That such a trip has actually been decided on may be regarded as doubtful.

A trip round the world by the nominal sovereign of the Chinese people would be made the occasion of the grandest demonstrations and pageants the world ever saw, at the various courts and capitals. There would be military and naval maneuvers, fetes and processions. Each government would endeavor to outshine the other in display. For the Asiatic mind is best impressed by show. The emperor would judge of a nation's power and influence by the splendor of the reception received. And the favorable impression would mean influence at the Pekin court, to such extent as this could be secured by the young ruler. The United States with her democratic ways would stand little chance to impress its greatness and power, in comparison with a country

with monarchical institutions. Whether the emperor would return home impressed with the magnificence of western civilization, as compared to that of his own country is doubtful. The experiment of civilizing pagans by means of placing them in the midst of civilized life has been tried before, and failed. The emperor would in all probability return with the con-

It is evident to its readers that "the school master is abroad," or in other words that it has lost its head for a season. "When the cat's away the mice will play," and the mice appear to have been let loose on the Tribune editorial page.

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SALT PALACE,

M. E. MULVEY, Manager.

The report that comes from South Africa concerning the treatment of captive Boers, is not cred-Itable to Great Britain, The outery against Butcher Weller, the Spanish military tyrant in Cuba, whose cruelties were the culmination of oppression in that island, is likely to be repeated against England's treatment of the unfortunate people in the former South African republics. Is it not time that some of the great powers that profess to be Christian nations, lifted up their voice in favor of some speedy conclusion of the conflict.

Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, addressed the students at Baker university, Kansas, the other day. He gave them this very excellent advice: "Do not avoid the caucus lest it contaminate you. Attend it lest it contaminate the state." In the caucus must come reform of political evils. If carkers and critics would do this instead of staying at home fault finding, they would find things much better than they are. Men should first try to reform things when they have a chance to if they desire before criticising them.

Congressman Grosvenor of Ohlo has declared himself in favor of a third term for President Mckinley. It is to be presumed, and certainly to be hoped, that he speaks for himself and not for another. A quarter of a century has passed since the friends and admirers of Gen. Grant undertook to run him for a third time and failed. The sentiment of the American people is against a third term for President for any man. But Gen. Grosvenor's advocacy is offensive in the extreme. He attempts to belittle Washington's refusal of a third term, saying he declined the nonination because he knew he could not get it. It will take a greater authority than Gen. Grosvenor to convince the people of that fact. It seems to be a growing habit with some people to try and belittle Washington, the greatest man ever produced by the United States of America.

THE CHINESE SETTLEMENT.

Springfield Republican. The hopefullest moment that has ap-peared for China the past year has come now that the Germans are beginning to withdraw troops from Pekin and send them to Kiao Chou.

The New York Evening Post. Germany adopts tardily the policy of withdrawal from Pekin, and falls in tacitly with what history will probably Dome. call the American leadership. German diplomacy was committed to the other policy. The contingent was to hold Pekin with the other powers until the court should return the interior and negotiate with the conquerors face to This was to deal with the imface. perial yamen a little as if it were not Tonight, Tuesday, Wednesday matinee and night, DON'T MISS IT. The best only fugitive but captured. There talk of the pusillanimity of withdrawing, and the German attitude secured ut as became clearer that the Chinese court was better practiced in the waiting game, the attitude of the Germans besame uncomfortable and a little ridiculous.



For Summer Outlings, need to be of the universe tostan interest to the mean of for a trip of weeks to the mountains. You are guaranteed the very best and thegreatest variety at Z. C. M. I. Grocery to the mountains. You are guaranteed the us once become regular patrons for our Grocery Department. Those who have dealt with us once become regular patrons for our Groceries Department. Those who have dealt with the guarantee the quality of our supplies, and have on hand are the best and our prices the lowest. We guarantee the quality of our supplies, and have on hand are the best and our prices the lowest. We are specially prepared at this time for in season, everything that is needed for family use. We are specially prepared at this time for

EXCURSION PARTIES.

and can fit you up quickly and well. Here are just a few of the first class articles to choose from.

Fancy Crackers in great variety. Cakes. Wafers, German Zweiback, Saratoga Chips, Canned Fruits, complete assortment, Sliced and Grated Pineapple. Pure Jams, Jellies and Preserves, in glass jars and tins, Guava Jelly, Calf's Foot Jelly, Marmalade, California and Imported. Brandy Cherries, Peaches, Figs, etc. Canned Corn, Peas, Beans, String and Lima Beans, Kidney Beans, Succotash, Tomatoes, Pumpkins, etc. French Peas, Mushrooms, Canned Meats, Corned Beef, Chip Beef. unch Tongue, Ham and Vienna Sausage, Devilled and Potted Hams Tongue, Turkey and Chicken,

Frankfurters, Veal Loaf, Ham Loaf, Chicken Loaf,

Cottage Loaf, Sardines in Oll, Sardines in Mustard, Sardines in Mayonaise,

Z. C. M.

Kippered and Boneless Herring, Mackerel in Spice, Mackerel in To-mato, Mackerel in Mustard, Tork and Beans, Salmon, Lobsters, Oysters, Shrimps, Clams, Clam Chowder, Brook Trout, Fancy Pickles, all kinds, both imported and domestic, in bottles and in bulk, PickledaWalnuts, Waldorf Relish, Anchovy Sauce, Walnut Catsup, Mushroom Catsup, Tomato Catsup, Capers and Table Sauce, Olives, bottled, and in bulk Capers and Table Sauce, Olives, bottled and in bulk, Pim Olas, French Mustard, Olive Oils, Salad Dressings, Imported Raspberry and Malt Vinegars, Lime Juice, Jamaica Ginger, Lime Julce, Jamaica Ginger, Komee (for Lemonade), Cream Cheese, Swiss Cheese, Roque-fort Cheese, Imperial Cheese in Jars, Hams, Breakfast Racon, Lard, Ko-nut, Pancake Flour, Twin Bros.' Mush, Chocolate and Cocoas, Condensed Milk, Maple Syrups, Etc. 25 26 26

T. G. WEBBER, Supt.

SHEEPMEN .. TAKE NOTICE ...

That the Home Fire Insurance Company of Utah Insures wool in storage for any length of time desired. Call on our local agent, or write us.

derived being used for the public benefit, and other regulations are imposed for the preservation of public order. Among these is the forbidding of the Sabbath day commonly called Sunday. This is not a religious regulation. While it conforms to the sentiment of religious people of all sects and denominations, it is also in consonance with public opinion apart from anything theological. Sunday is a day of rest which is beneficial to humanity. It should be a day of peace and quietness. Anything that tends to its disturbance may be and should be repressed by law. The sale of intoxicants causes a disturbing element in society and is therefore prohibited on that day of rest.

The question arises, however, why should the law be enforced in the county precincts and the city ordinances be non-enforced within the city limits? We are credibly informed that saloons in this city, with but few honorable exceptions, are permitted to run "wide open" on Sunday, and no attempt appears to he made to compel compliance with the ordinances relating to this traffic. It is stated, on what we regard as good authority, that not only are all kinds of intoxicants sold in this city on Sundays, but gambling also goes on in saloons at the same time, and nothing is done to prevent these infractions of law nor to punish its violators.

In Ogden city, recently, an organization was effected for the purpose of putting a stop to this practice in that city. The principal agitators in behalf of law and morality found it necessary to walt upon the Mayor, in order to obtain that enforcement of the law which was desirable. That functionary responded, and the police under his instructions soon brought an influence to bear upon the keepers of saloons, and their places of resort were closed on the Sabbath day. Are we to understand that a similar movement will have to be inaugurated in Salt Lake City and similar steps will have to be taken here?

We are of the opinion that the police of this city will, to the very best of their ability, carry out instructions from the Mayor and other city authoritles. It is hinted in some quarters that the revenue derived from liquor licenses and other sources, that are closely related to the traffic in the intoxicants which come under city reguinflons, is regarded by the city aus thorities as so valuable and necessary that there is a reluctance to interference with the traffic in any way. But even giving this consideration, the license demanded for the carrying on of this business would not be diminished by the closing of saloons on Sunday. The licenses issued do not include permission for Sunday liquor selling or gambling. The returns would not be affected by the enforcement of the city ordinances concerning Sunday observances.

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It will not be of very great benefit to the public to have the statutes of the State carried out rigidly at the places of resort within the county, if people who frequent them on Sunday can go to almost any saloon in Salt Lake City on that day, and lay in a people of location in Salt between the salout of the salout of

chiefly among foreigners. The number of cases in Louisiana is increasing. Minnesota's and the Dakota's are in remote country districts, and every one the cale of any intoxicating drink on of them is thought to be of foreign origin

> Congress, it is thought, will be asked to take some measure for the prevention of the further spread of this disease. Two large leper hospitals will be asked for, one in the North and one in the South.

With all precautions it is not probable that the country can be closed against all the infectious diseases that are bred in the contaminated atmosphere of some parts of the globe, nor be freed from all the afflictions that have come and gained a foothold. As long as international communication must exist, one nation must share with others the evils that are the common lot of mankind, as well as the

benefits of such communication. The warfare against disease should be unit-All civilized nations should enlist in It. It is a war in which the 'concert'' of the powers should be more effective than it has been in China. Only so can success be achieved.

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How disease is communicated is illustrated in the recent spread of smallpox throughout the country. Some cases were traced, It is claimed, to the use of old army tents from the Phillppines, sold to people here. Other cases were traced to souvenirs and personal articles sent home from soldiers.

If these statements are based on facts, it is evident that the watchmen against disease germs must be on the alert all the time. Not only must the strictest rules be applied to immigrants, but to every branch of International communication.

AGNOSTIC MARRIAGES.

It is not at all improbable that the example set by Prof. Herron and Miss Rand will find numerous imitators. They commenced living together with a declaration that neither would oppose separation, whenever one of the parties should become opposed to the union. And this seems to have been the special feature of the so-called marriage, that appears quite charming to not a few. Now the papers tell about "agnostic" marriages in different parts of the country. In Cincinnati, according to reports, agnostics have formed a soclety with a ritual for agnostic marriage coremonies, for the dedication of infanta to agnosticism and the confirmation of children in "the belief of the non-existence of God." A Cincin-

spirit in this movement. The ritual for marriage is of special interest. The bridegroom gives this pledge;

nati lawyer is said to be the leading

'I do hereby solemnly promise that I will do all in my power to make my wife happy, and that when I find that she is irritated from any cause I will not cross or quarrel with her, but will endeavor by tender and loving meth-ods and kind words to soothe and re-store her peace of mind; that I will abstain from drunkenness; that within three months, if possible, I will have my life insured, making my wife the beneficiary; and that should our marriage

viction strengthened that our institutions may be good enough for us, but that they in the main, are unsultable for Chinese conditions. He would return satisfied that the western world has much to learn from the orient. That, at least, seems to be the impression of many thoughtful Mon-

golians who have lived in civilized countries for a number of years. But there is no probability that the emperor is coming. The views of his august mother are so pronounced against foreign influences, that she cannot be supposed to give her consent to such a radical violation of Chinese traditions. And the exploits of the foreign soldiers in China have not been such as to invite a nearer acquaintance with the nations those soldiers represent.

There is an eternal fitness of things. Thus the town council of Smith Center. Kansas, has appointed a Middleof-the-road Populist street sprinkler,

The Mail and Exjress accuses Mr. Bryan of Bourbon incapacity. What more natural. He is not a Kentuckian and from birth has been a total abstainer.

The Wesleyan University of Kansas students have decided to stand by Prof. Tubbs. This is all right, but it is a common expectation that all tubs will stand on their own bottoms. And now it is said the Cubans will

accept the Platt anmendment clean cut and without any trimmings. At last, then, they realize that there is a divinity that shapes our ends, rough hew them how we may. Some New York physicians think that

the order of the commissioner general of immigration debarring consumptives from entering this country may result in the adoption of retallatory measures. It is possible for there is reciprocity in retaliation as well as trade.

The United States is feeding several thousand Filipino prisoners and it is said they thrive better on American food than on native food. Nothing surprising about that. Even in the United States people seem to thrive better on government "pap" than anything else.

The Davis county authorities are inrited to take a pattern from the Salt Lake county officials, and thus help to preserve that decorum and social order that should prevail on the Sabbath day. A hint to the wise is said to be sufficient. Is this enough for our neighbors on the north, or will it be necessary to shout a little louder?

"There never was a more cruel injustice done a race in this world than when we gave the negro the freedom he wasn't fit for, and a franchise that he didn't know how to use." says F. Hopkinson Smith, May be so and may be not so, but in any event the American people will never undo the

great "injustice" of giving freedom to the slaves-one of the noblest deeds in their history.

Our muddled morning contemporary is still in a maze and does not appear to be able to find a "key" to its lasupply of intoxicants to carry with them to the gane of recreation. It is day-school and to give to them all the Dowie, it may work its way to release. Phillips & Co., New York.

Seven Lat Fait

New York Mail and Express. The kaiser's squadron is to be with-

drawn and the German quarter in Pe-kin is to be turned over for a fortnight to the Chinese to see what they can do with it. Events are moving with the othet forces. The Americans are embarking for Manila, the French and British are reducing their quotas, the Chinese court is preparing to return to Pekin, and Prince Ching has been de signated as provisional governor of the apital. Incidentally the season is approaching when the imperial city is too not for Occidental comfort and when the foreign colony in less parlous times has been wont to retire to the hills. Maybe that circumstance has exercised its persuasion on the inertia of the generals and diplomats.

Sacramento Record-Union. China will, it is now evident, close up and agree to the indemnity demands, since after a given hour she will forfeit \$1,000,000 a day for all delay. The indemnity demands have been very materially reduced and will probably b agreed to in a sum considerably below \$350,000,000, and this the Chinese government will pay, but how, is another question. It is probable that an issue of bonds with guarantees yet to be agreed upon will be the basis of the settlement. Whatever it is, the United States comes out of the whole business with distinct honor, with the respect if the Chinese and at least the formal if cold compliments of the European

Kansas City Star.

powers.

If Count von Waldersee returns from hirs to Germany by way of the United States he will certainly receive a grand reception. This would be a good time for him to come, for there is no political campaign on and the country would be spared the spectacle of politi. cians gushing over him in their anxiety to compliment the German vote. There are plenty of legitimate reasons for meeting this distinguished German with a warm welcome, which would tend, at this time, to allay the idea of American hostility to Germany, which seems to be held by a section of the press in the Fatherland.

New York Evening Post. It seems that in addition to the glory of leading the military forces of the allies in the person of Von Wallersee. Germany has obtained from England e joint rights of guardianship of the Yangtse valley, and that she has ob-tained this without offending Russia, eeing that England had no right of guardianship of the Yangtse valley from anybody competent to give it, but nerely an understanding with Russia that the latter should not call it in question, the concession to Germany oes not seem to be great, nor does the promise of Russia not to be offended by it seem self-denying. What Germany has gained in the public opinion of Europe by her course in China, we do not know, but on this side of the water she has added nothing to her reputa-





