EVENING NEWS.

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CHARLES W. PENROSE, EDITOR.

Monday, - May 18, 1885

THEN AND NOW.

EXISTING circumstances recall some of the incidents which led to the assassination of Joseph Smith the Prophet and his brother Hyrum. The former proposed to avoid the legal persecution with which he was pursued, but was persuaded by false friends to deliver himself up to the officers of the law. He was even accused of cowardice for seeking to evade falling into the hands of his enemies, numbers of whom thirsted for his blood. It was intimated by those false advisers that if he kept out of the way for a season the flock would thus be deserted by the shepherd. Although Joseph knew that he was going to his death by doing so, he listened to those suggestions, saying that if his friends did not care for his life, he did not. He gave himself into the hands of the officers.

The charge upon which he and his brother were arrested and conveyed to Carthage was for riot. They were taken before R. F. Smith, a Justice of the Peace, and gave bail for their appearance for trial. In the mean time a charge of treason against the State was hatched up against them, the complaint being signed by a couple of miscreants named Augustine Spencer and H. O. Norton. They were refused bail pending examination on this charge and kept in jail, a grossly illegal proceeding.

In the meantime the feeling against the prisoners, which had been very bitter, had become still more intensified, and it was openly threatened that, "the law cannot reach them but powder and ball can."

The cold blooded murder of the two men, on whom the law had no hold, is a matter of history which need not here be repeated. The tragedy, which occurred on the 27th of June, 1844, is indelibly written upon the memories of the Saints who were identified with the Church at that time, and the narrative of the bloody event is familiar to the community.

The following extract from a proclamation by Governor Ford "To the People of the State of Illinois," shows that every requisition that had been made of the martyrs and the Latter-day-Saints generally had been complied with, the demand for the people to give up their arms being endorsed by General Joseph Smith:

"I desire to make a brief but true statement of the recent disgraceful affair at Carthage, in regard to the Smiths, so far as circumstances have come to my knowledge. The Smiths, Joseph and Hyrum, have been assassinated in jail, by whom is not known, but will be ascertained. I pledged myself for their safety, and upon the assurance of that pledge, they surrendered as prisoners. The 'Mormons' surrendered the public arms in their possession, and the Nauvoo Legion submitted to the command of Captain Singleton, of Brown County, deputed for that purpose by me. All these things were required to satisfy the old citizens of Hancock, that the 'Mormons' were peaceably disposed, and to allay jealousy and excitement in their minds. It appears, however, that the compliance of the 'Mormons' with every requisition made upon them, failed of that purpose. The pledge of security to the Saints, was not given upon my individual responsibility. Before I gave it, I obtained a pledge of honor by a unanimous vote from the officers and men under my command, to sustain me in performing it. If the assassination of the Smiths was committed by any portion of these, they have added treachery to murder, and have done all they could to disgrace the State, and sully the public honor.

"On the morning of the day the deed was committed, we had proposed to march the army under my command into Nauvoo. I, however, discovered on the evening before, that nothing but the utter destruction of the city would satisfy a portion of the troops; and that if we marched into the city, pretexts would not be wanting for commencing hostilities. The Mormons had done everything required, or which ought to have been required of them."

While the circumstances of the present anti-"Mormon" raid are different to those which existed in the days of Nauvoo, the spirit and intent of the crusade are similar. There is the same purpose of destroying the leaders of the Church. District Attorney Dickson, who was lately sustained in the position he took by the court, openly declared that the full intent of the Edmunds act and its enforcement were to entrap the leaders of the Church. For this purpose judicial decisions are changed, to suit particular cases and conditions, while the rules of legal procedure are ignored.

Judge Zane who, as already said, coincided with Mr. Dickson's position in relation to the leaders of the Church, lately offered a bait to President Taylor to come into court, there being, the court asserted, no necessity for him going to jail. How much value could be placed upon a voluntary pledge of this character may be estimated by recent developments, which are not calculated to inspire confidence that any "Mormon," especially one of particular prominence, would receive any consideration at its hands. How can this be otherwise when, as with the troops of the State of Illinois, the utter destruction of the city of Nauvoo alone would satisfy them, so the absolute demolition of the "Mormon" religion will alone satisfy the cravings of the present crusaders. This annihilation, now as then, is sought by destroying the leaders of the Church. Governor Ford evidently thought that object could be attained in his time by that kind of policy, because although he was not willing to assume the responsibility of marching troops into Nauvoo, and of bringing about the certainty of a general massacre of the Saints, he disbanded that same soldiery in the vicinity of Carthage, so that they could, as a painted mob, massacre the inmates of the jail, left with a guard of but eight men to protect them.

Are the enemies of the Saints less blood-thirsty now than they were then? Threats and imprecations of the most diabolical character have been lately made. Black hearted scoundrels have been heard to state what pleasure they would take in having a hand in murderous work of a certain class.

Because the heads of the Church do not step forward and submit themselves to the will and pleasure of men who have declared that certain laws were passed especially to reach them and that their enforcement is to get them in a trap, some people are such fools or knaves as to question their courage. The bravery of these men has been tried in a thousand forms and never found wanting. What is the record of President Taylor in this respect? Two days after the murder of Joseph and Hyrum Smith, Dr. Willard Richards received a letter from General M. R. Deming, in reply to one from him, in which he said: "Your note by the return of the escort has been received, with the request for Mr. Taylor and lady; considerations of prudence should, I think, delay Mr. Taylor's return. I fear it would prove fatal to his recovery." President Taylor was then at the gates of death, with four bullets in his body, received at the hands of the mob, who assassinated the Prophet and his brother. Although he well knew that his life was momentarily in danger while he remained in jail with his friends, he would not be separated from them. Any man who will intimate that such a man is wanting in courage is purposely blind to the strongest evidence that can be given to the contrary. If he were to deliver himself over to the tender mercies of his enemies, all the circumstances considered, he would be open to the charge of lacking very ordinary discretion; especially with the scenes of Carthage and Nauvoo revived by the present raid. Those who advised Joseph to give himself up to his enemies, did so on the ground that he should not desert the flock. The result was that the sheep never again in life heard the voice of the shepherd.

THE "HOLDING OUT" BUSINESS AT BEAVER.

IT will be seen by advices from Beaver that the judicial tactics of the Third District Court are being duplicated in the Second District. Judge Boreman has never given any symptom of originality, and it is too late in the day for him to bring forth fruit of that kind now. Parrot-like he clings to the Dickson and Zane theory of "holding out" being cohabitation. One would have supposed that the suggestive household phrase would have been dropped so far as judicial use is concerned. But, no; the mental effort to find a synonymous term would probably have resulted in the Court at Beaver having a sick headache for a month, and the ludicrous phrase must be repeated. Since the absurdity of the "holding out" expression has been exhibited, it is observed that Judge Zane gives it a wide berth. His honor now falls back upon the more dignified definition of the "habit and repute of marriage."

Judge Boreman is very sweeping in his condemnation of "holding out" of more than one woman to the world as wives. He declares it to be an offense to all good persons. His honor being one of the "unco gude," it must harrow up his soul terribly. He asserts it also to be against good morals, civilization, and wrong in the sight of God. How this latter proposition can be determined is not clear, for the Judge does not believe in present revelation It is contrary to his religious proclivities. And yet one would suppose the little man was speaking as the mouthpiece or vicegerent of Omnipotence. How can he assert so positively that God has changed in his views regarding patriarchal marriage? Perhaps it is on the ground that the Judge is opposed to the system, and he may consider that in consequence of his position upon the question the Lord ought not to undertake to differ from him.

The fact is that Judge Boreman has never yet been able to avoid the introduction of his fanatical Methodism on the bench.

THE FOTHERINGHAM CASE.

BEAVER, May 14, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

The religious inquisition has again opened its doors and commenced operations, evidently with the determination to carry out all the laws enacted for the purpose of suppressing the *belief* in plural marriage, and in fact any belief in the Lord at all that does not correspond with the views entertained by his Honor Judge Boreman.

In the case of the United States vs. Wm. C. Fotheringham, indicted for unlawful cohabitation, the case was set for hearing on the 13th inst., at 10 a.m., but the defendant's attorneys, not being present at that hour, the trial was postponed until 2 p.m. of the same day, at which time the defendant's attorneys asked till Thursday morning to prepare themselves, having only just arrived in town. Thursday, at 10 a. m., the case was again called, and, all parties being present, together with their witnesses, the jury were called, numbering 21, nine of whom being non-Mormons, and expressing themselves as being in sympathy with the prosecution and in favor of convicting, were left in the box. The remaining twelve expressed themselves in favor of justice, and as being determined to uphold the laws of our country, and to render a verdict according to the evidence presented. They were accordingly excused by his Honor, Judge Boreman, for want of bias against this class of cases.

His Honor, not content with the examination of jurors by the prosecuting attorney, must needs examine them himself, in order to find out whether they believe in God and His commandments, and, bang answered in the affirmative, he invariably rules them out.

The attorneys for the defense, in comparing the various classes of crimes, said that plural marriage was only made so by the statutes, and that a man's belief regarding it being right before it was made a crime, could not prevent him from acting as a juror, and especially is this so in this case, where no one is injured, as all parties have willingly and voluntarily entered into the contract. They illustrated the case by citing the liquor law, which prohibits the sale of liquor in some States, and saying that whatever a man may have thought previous to that law being passed, he was not disqualified from acting as a juror after the law was passed, making the sale of liquor a crime.

In reply, his honor said, "There might be some force to their argument if the offense was not what it is—it being an offense against all good persons and good morals and wrong in and of itself and in the sight of God (according to his profound wisdom) and all civilization—but (said the judge) if I believed it right I would not *fight against* it for a moment" and he therefore sustained the challenge of the prosecuting attorney on the ground that the juror believed that the Lord had given such a revelation.

More anon, MOONSHEE.

THE CRUSADE AT OGDEN.

OGDEN CITY, May 16th, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

Another arrest to-day. Job Pingree was arrested on a charge of unlawful cohabitation, and brought before Commissioner McKay. The examination was brief, and the defendant was held to answer in the sum of $1,500. David A. Peery and H. S. Young were accepted as bondsmen.

The deputies have scattered, some having gone west and some north, to hunt up other victims, which no doubt they will find ere long. Thus the crusade goes on. WEBER.

BY TELEGRAPH.

VIA WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

The Grain Crop of Oregon.

PORTLAND, Oregon, 17.—The generous steady rains which fell throughout Oregon and Washington early last week, followed by cloudy and moderately warm weather have assured, as well as the past weather can, an extraordinarily large wheat crop. Winter wheat never looked better, but up to ten days ago some fears were expressed concerning spring grain. It is the settled judgment now that every field of spring sown grain will mature. Conservative estimates put the surplus for export for western Oregon at six million bushels, and of the "Inland Empire, comprising the grain fields of Eastern Oregon, and Washington, at six and a half million bushels. Total twelve and one half millions. This is an increase of thirty per cent over last year, and is based on the fact that the acreage is about nineteen per cent. greater, and the condition far better than at the corresponding date last year. The harvest will be about two weeks earlier than usual this year.

Forest Fires.

DETROIT, 17.—A Post special from East Saginaw says: Forest fires to the west and north are still raging with unabated fury, much destruction of property is feared. Specials from several points along the line of the Flint and Pere Marquette railroad to-day say that fire in many places along the line has reached the proximity of depots and wharves. At North Bradley this afternoon Morrison's shingle mill and the owner's house were destroyed. North Bradley railroad bridge caught twice, but the flames were extinguished. On the Brainard branch railroad a large tract of timber has been destroyed, and the fire is still sweeping onward. On the Harrison branch a large force of men with engines have been at work all day, and have succeeded in saving the railroad property. Similar reports are received from other points. Unless rain falls soon great damage will be caused.

No Change.

NEW YORK, 17.—Doctors Shrady, Douglas and Sands held the usual Sunday consultation on Gen. Grant's condition to-day. Shrady afterward made the following report: "We found the General's local condition neither better nor worse, in fact there has been no change during the last three days.

Death of Commodore Young.

NEW LONDON, Conn., 17.—Commodore Jonathan Young, commandant of the New London Navy Yard, died of remittent fever at the Crocker House, to-day, aged 58 years. He entered the navy as midshipman from Illinois in 1841, on the ship *Columbus*, and in 1849 forced an entrance into Yeddo, Japan, to deliver a letter from the President to the Emperor.

1,000,000 Rounds.

QUEBEC, 17.—The steamer *Corean*, from London, which arrived here Friday, brought 1,800 boxes containing 1,000,000 rounds of ball cartridges.

Serious Storm in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, 17.—One of the most severe rain storms that ever visited Southern Kansas, occured last Friday, flooding Elk and Verdigrass rivers, and drowning a great number of cattle. Six persons were drowned on Card Creek, seven miles west of this place, among whom were Mr. Ria, Mrs. Wood and two children. There is no telegraph connection with the west. On the line of the Southern Kansas route great damage was done to the railroad and bridges.

Boomers' Tents Blown Over.

A *Times* special states that ten tents at Couch's Oklahoma camp, near Caldwell, Kansas, were blown down during the wind storm on Friday night and a number of persons injured, though none were very dangerously hurt. Considerable of their property was destroyed. The reports were delayed by the prostration of the telegraph wires.

The Situation at Batouche.

BATOUCHE, 16, via Winnepeg, 17.—The camp is still excited over Riel's capture. He is very closely guarded. He has very little to say. He looks completely broken down and feels his position very keenly. Maj. Boulton and 200 men have been scouring the country in search of Dumont, but so far without success. Half breeds last seen Friday morning, ten miles south of Batouche. Everything is quiet around Batouche, white flags are flying from all the houses. One hundred and fifty rifles and guns have been handed over by the rebels. Most of the prisoners have been allowed to return to their homes. The ringleaders will be taken to Prince Albert on Monday.

A Terrific Tumble.

YALE, B. C., via Victoria, 17.—The regular mail and passenger train on the way down this morning at 4 o'clock went through a trestle 60 feet in height. The locomotive and all the cars except the passenger coaches went into a gully totally wrecking them and killing fireman Stanton and brakeman Peete instantly. The express agent, Coslenton, and mail clerk, Armstrong, were slightly injured. The cause of the accident was the late rains having caused the river to rise washing away two large vents in the trestle. Heavy damages were sustained. No regular mail or passenger trail will leave here today.

Double Murder and Suicide.

SAVANNAH, 17.—J. B. Russell, of Cuthbert, killed his two sons to-day and then shot himself three times. The trouble was caused by financial difficulties.

Fatal Waterspout.

OMAHA, 17.—A waterspout descended upon a ravine near Kearney, Neb., in daylight, washing a family of emigrants named Scott from their wagon and drowning two children.

Deadly Kansas Cyclone Hailstones Four Inches in Diameter.

KANSAS CITY, 17.—*Journal's* Kerwin, Kansas, special: A cyclone passed through Rooke County on the 15th about 4 p. m., starting near the line between Osborn and Rooke Counties, at the southeast corner of Madison Township and following a westerly course, dealing death and destruction throughout the pathway of its entire course. Nearly 50 persons were injured, among the fatally injured are, Rev. Mr. Grimes, wife and child, killed; a child, name unknown, fatally injured; George Campbell, missing, supposed to have been killed. S. J. Johnson, brother of M. H. Johnson, banker of this city, badly injured by falling timbers in a stable, where he had taken refuge. The loss at Bull City and Stockton, consists of chimneys blown down and window glass broken by hailstones measuring four inches in diameter. The damage in Rooke County will probably reach $50,000.

Mexican Battle with the Yaquis—Nearly 400 Reported Killed.

SAN FRANCISCO, 17.—Tucson, Arizona. Private advices from Hermosillo, Mexico, say Mexican troops attacked the Yaquis on Wednesday near Mesa. Three hundred Yaquis are reported killed. The Mexican loss is 80 killed and wounded. Four Americaqs were with the Mexicans, two of whom were killed. One named McKenzie was wounded. The report of the battle is not yet officially confirmed. Government prohibits reports being telegraphed.

Clearances.

BOSTON, 17.—The leading clearing houses of the United States report total clearances for the week ending May 16th, '85, were $737,819,626; a decrease of 35.4 per cent., compared with the corresponding week last year.

The Good Templars Visit President Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, 17.—Several days ago a delegation from the Order of Good Templars, of the District of Columbia, called on the President and left with him a written address urging him to make diligent inquiry as to the personal habits and associations of persons he should appoint to offices in the District. In reply to the address the President said:

"I read your address late last night, with great interest. The temperance people are a good people, and friends of law and order. Before I left New York, I determined to give the District a good government, yet there are so many conflicting claims, that I am sometimes at a loss to know what to do, but you come with clear statements of which I will take further notice."

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

A Loaey Dolphin.

NEW YORK, 18.—John Roach's dispatch boat *Dolphin*, which he built for the government, but which the government refused to accept unless it is able to make the speed required by the contract, left the city this morning on a third trial trip. The engineers appointed by Secretary Whitney to inspect the vessel were the only persons on board besides Mr. Roach. The *Dolphin* will probably not return before to-morrow.

Fifteen Years and Six Months.

NEW YORK, 18.—Sergeant David H. Crowley, who on Friday was found guilty of committing an assault on Maggie Morris at Standard Hall, was to-day sentenced by Recorder Smith, in the court of general sessions to imprisonment in the State penitentiary at Sing Sing at hard labor for 15 years and six months.

Murderer Lynched.

LYNCHBURG, V., 18.—Great excitement was caused by the unprovoked murder of T. A. Jetter by H. W. Terry, at Liberty, which occurred on Saturday. At 2 o'clock this morning, a party of twenty disguised men gained possession of the jail by force and hanged the murderer. Jetter was one of the most popular men in the county. Terry was the son of a prominent man in the state. The murderer is said to have been insane, but other cases, recently tried in the state in which murderers were cleared on claims of insanity, made the lynchers more determined to effect their purpose.

Stocks.

NEW YORK, 18.—6's, 3⅝; 4½'s, 12⅝; 4's, 21⅞; Pacific 6's, 19⅞; Central Pacific, 31; Burlington, 23⅝; Northern Pacific, 16⅝; preferred, 39; Northwestern, 95; New York Central, 84⅝; Oregon Navigation, 76; Transcontinental, 14⅝; Pacific Mail, 55⅝; Panama, 98; St. Louis and San Francisco, 20; Texas Pacific, 11⅝; Union Pacific, 43⅝; Fargo Express, 8; Western Union, 59⅞.

A Village Destroyed by Fire.

SOMERSET, Quebec, 18.—Somerset Village was destroyed by fire on Saturday night, about 100 houses being burned. Many persons are in a destitute condition. The buildings being mostly of wood, the fire spread rapidly. There being no fire apparatus in the village it was impossible to fight the flames.

FOREIGN.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

The Cholera Germ.

LONDON, 17.—Government will send a medical mission to Spain to test the results of the system of inoculation with the cholera microbes.

The New Minister

Lowell has introduced Phelps, the new American Minister, to Earl Granville. Lowell will present his letters of recall to the Queen to-morrow. Pendleton, American Minister to Germany, has arrived at Berlin.

Another Proposed Vote of Censure.

The final installment of the Granville-De Giers dispatches on the Afghan dispute will be issued during the Whitsun recess of Parliament. Conservatives will postpone parliamentary action until all the papers are presented. The publication of the first dispatches engrosses the attention of the political clubs. The dominant feeling among the liberals is that Earl Granville's conduct with respect to negotiations was weak, and that he failed to see M. De Giers' intentions until news was received of the seizure of Penjdeh by the Russians. The liberal paper, *Observer*, says: The dispatches chiefly show the cynical humor with which Russia persued her aggression. On Parliament resuming, the Right Honl Robert Bourke, in the House of Commons, and the Marquis of Salisbury, in the House of Lords, will propose a vote of censure against the government. The intention is to make the debate the last party demonstration before the close of Parliament.

Lord Chancellor of Ireland.

LONDON, 17.—Right Hon. John Naish has been appointed Lord Chancellor of Ireland. He will be succeeded as attorney-general by the Right Hon. Samuel Walker, present Solicitor-General, and the latter will be succeeded by Mr. McDermott.

Russian Fortification.

ODESSA, 17.—The work of increasing the strength of the forts and harbors on the Black Sea has been resumed. A number of artillerists from St. Petersburg have arrived to take part in this work.

More Trouble in Africa.

BERLIN, 17.—Three hundred Zanzibar troops under command of General Matthews, have occupied Koudwa, headquarters of the German possessions in Eastern Africa. The African Company have entered a protest against this forcible revolution, alleging that they obtained the territory by valid treaties with the native chiefs, who are independent of the Sultan of Zanzibar. The German government has ordered Consul Rohlsch to report on the subject.

Irish Nationalists.

LONDON, 17.—The Irish Nationalists continue to denounce government for its proposal to renew the crimes act, and have resolved to introduce a bill next year to reform the administration. The bill will establish the central control of the board of public works at Dublin and will supercede the present grand jury system by elective county boards. Messrs. Parnell and Healy will have charge of the new bill in the next House.

French Aggression.

MADRID, 17.—The *Imparcial* announces the hoisting of the French flag at several villages in Spanish territories on the Muni River. The journal is indignant at this violation of Spanish rights and urges the necessity of government's taking steps to protect Spanish interests in the Gulf of Guinea.

Gen. Wallace.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 17.—Gen. Lew Wallace, ex-United States Minister to Turkey, to-day had an interview of several hours' length with the Sultan, during which Gen. Wallace was asked his opinion in regard to the leading topics of the day. The Sultan offered him a high position in the Turkish service, but he declined. Gen. Wallace intended to leave Constantinople for home to-day, but postponed his departure until Tuesday, in order to accept an invitation to dine to-morrow with the Sultan and the Imperial Princess.

Terrific and Fatal Snow Storm.

VIENNA, 17.—A terrific snow storm is prevailing throughout Austria and Hungary. Numbers of persons have been frozen to death, and the crops generally have been destroyed.

The Russo-Afghan Frontier Question.

ST. PETERSBURG, 17.—The *Russkij Incalid* has received a correspondence between Gen. Komaroff and Saib Salar in Persia and that between Col. Bockrejenski and Capt. Yale, in French, from March 26th to April 6th, also a memorandum from Tairoff, Russian agent at Kochan, dated April 8th. These dispatches, which are all courteous in tone, treat mostly on events already known. Tairoff states that after the arrival of the Russians at Dashkapri, Capt. Yale requested the Sarik Turcomans to accept military service, promising them payment. He also says that before the Russians arrived the Afghans had occupied Aktepe, and that although they daily sent a company of troops across to protect the bridge, the Afghans held no fortified position on the left bank of the Kushk River. The Afghans numbered 3000 men.

A Cold Wave.

LONDON, 17.—Stormy, cold weather throughout Europe. Much damage to crops and property is reported from many places.

Ill.

BERLIN, 17.—Princess Bismarck is ill in bed with bronchitis.

Automatic Torpedoes.

It is reported that England has ordered two hundred automatic torpedoes, to cost $2,000 each from a firm in Schwarzkoff.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

Seriously Ill.

PARIS, 18.—Victor Hugo, the distinguished author, is reported dangerously ill with heart disease and congestion of the lungs.

Ashore.

LONDON, 18.—Advices have been received from Port Stanley, Falkland Island, that the British Bark *Perthshire*, from Portland, Oregon, for London, is ashore at Blindland, and that assistance has been sent her.

Both Dynamiters Guilty.

LONDON, 18.—Judge Hawkins this morning began summing up in the case of Cunningham and Burton, on trial for treason and felony, in connection with the recent dynamite explosions. The judge analyzed the evidence against Burton, and called attention to the fact that Burton's statement was not made under oath and therefore entitled to very little credence. If there was any truth in the statement, said the Judge, it was astounding that no witnesses were called to support it. Mr. Phelps, new United States Minister to England, was in the court room dressed in mourning, and listened closely to the Judge's charge. Mr. Phelps seemed very much impressed with the stern language of the Judge. The jury returned a verdict, finding both prisoners guilty. The prisoners were both sentenced to penal servitude for life.

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FIRST CLASS WORK AND REASONABLE CHARGES.
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The Comedy Sensation!
The world-renowned Comedienne,
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IN ENGLISH! IN ENGLISH!
Supported by the most complete Comedy Company, under the direction of MR. MAURICE GRAU, presenting,
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY EVENINGS,
MAY 20TH AND 21ST,
Jessop and Gill's Roaring-farcical Comedy,
MAM'ZELLE!
THE GREAT PLAY of SURPRISES.
The Mysterious Frenchman in the Balcony.
The Furious Wife in the Private Box.
The Jealous Lover in the Parquette.
M'lle Aimee will introduce many of her famous Songs, including
"PRETTY AS A PICTURE."
Friday Evening, May 22nd,
Aimee's Last and Greatest Triumph,
DIVORCONS!
By M. Victorien Sardou, Author of Fedora, Theodora, Etc.
This play is a satire, and treats of the Divorce question in France, and is declared the *masterpiece of the greatest author of the present day.*
☞ Regular Prices. No advance whatever.
Sale of Seats commences Tuesday, May 19th, at 10 a. m.

GEO. F. BROOKS
Has on hand and for sale a choice stock of
GROCERIES,
Flour and Provisions,
BALED HAY and FEED.

BROOKS' LEADER CIGAR!
Made expressly for our trade.

A CAR LOAD
— OF THE —
CELEBRATED WM. HUME
SALMON!
New Pack, Just Arrived!
GEO. F. BROOKS,
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FINE CATTLE!
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM Gerry Bros., Canada, one lot of POLLED ANGUS CATTLE, consisting of three young Cows, five pedigreed Bulls and ten head of first-class grade Bulls, one year old. These animals are now on exhibition at the Tithing Yards, where they will be sold. All Stockmen are invited to call and see them.
d1 s4 H. J. FAUST & SONS, Agents.

NOTICE.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Utah and Nevada Railway Company will be held at the Company's Office, No. 35 W. First South Street, (up stairs) Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, on Saturday, May 30th, 1885, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year.
C. E. WURTELE, Secretary.
Salt Lake City, May 5th, 1885. d td

ESTRAY NOTICE.
I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
One yellow MARE, 5 years old, white mane and tail, white spot in forehead, right hind foot white, branded 61 on right shoulder.
If not claimed, will be sold May 28th, 1885, at 3 p. m., at public auction at my corral.
S. M. ANDERSON,
District Poundkeeper.

ESTRAY NOTICE.
I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:
One bay GELDING, 5 or 6 years old; right front and left hind foot white, white dot in forehead, white strip on nose, broke to halter, branded on left shoulder, resembling MJHP combined, and 1 on left jaw.
If not claimed within 10 days will be sold at public auction at T. C. Callister's corral, May 26th, at 10 o'clock a. m.
J. H. MACE,
District Poundkeeper.
Fillmore City, May 16, 1885.

CORRECTION!
THE IMPRESSION HAVING GAINED publicity, that during the absence of Joseph E. Taylor, his Undertaking business is carried on, at a different place, this is to give notice that there has been no change, but his business is still carried on at the old stand, No. 253 East First South Street, one block and a half East of Theatre, where orders will be promptly attended to, day or night.
Telephone No. 70.
Sexton's Office in same building.
EDWARD T. TAYLOR,
d 1m Superintendent.

LEGAL NOTICE.
In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.
In the matter of the Estate of David Jeremy, deceased.
Notice of time and place for the hearing of Petition for admission to Probate of Will.
PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF SAID Court in said matter, notice is hereby given that Friday, the 29th day of May, A. D. 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House in Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, in the court room of said Court, has been appointed the time and place for the hearing of a petition of Mary Jeremy, praying for the admission to probate of a certain document therewith presented, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of David Jeremy, deceased, when and where all persons interested may appear and oppose the probate of said will, or the granting of letters testamentary to Mary Jeremy, as prayed for in said petition.
Dated at Salt Lake City, May 14, 1885.
JOHN C. CUTLER,
d10t Probate Clerk, Salt Lake Co.

Parents BUY Children's Shoes with
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A.S.T.Co
MARK
BLACK TIPS PROTECTING THE TOES.

FOX & SYMONS'
NEW
PHOTOGRAPHIC PARLOR,
322 MAIN STREET,
OPPOSITE ST. JAMES HOTEL.
OPEN MONDAY, OCT. 27th.

By Thy Merits Thou Art Known!
DR. HENLEY'S CELERY, BEEF AND IRON
Has earned its reputation through the purity of the compound and the virtues of which this tonic is possessed. Merit has paved the way for it into every household of California, where people have been rewarded with good results by its use. The people of Salt Lake City, Utah, and adjoining Territories, will find
DR. HENLEY'S CELERY, BEEF AND IRON
Of great value as a Tonic and Nervine. The assistance it gives to Weak Nerves and Poor Blood, as well as to enfeebled Kidneys, cannot be overestimated.
☞ For sale by all Dealers of Drugs and Liquors at One Dollar a bottle.
Be sure and see that the name of Tuthill, Cox & Co., or the Celery, Beef & Iron Extract Co., is on every bottle.

WEST'S NEW MAP
FOR SALE AT
PEMBROKE'S BOOK STORE,
72 Main Street.

FOR SALE.
ONE HALF INTEREST IN THE ROCK Mill, and eight acres of land upon which it is situated, at Farmington. This mill has the best water power in Davis County. Also 40 acres of meadow and pasture land, fenced with a good fence.
For further particulars and price apply to
F. COOMBS,
Farmington Co-op., Farmington, Davis Co.
d16 s&w3m

LINDSEY'S GARDENS
HAVE BEEN RE-FITTED AND ARE NOW OPEN DAILY.
Schools, Clubs and Pic-Nic Parties etc., will do well to consult the proprietor before making other arrangements.
The Gardens are well supplied with Swings, Whirligigs, Croquet Grounds, etc., etc. Also, good Spring Water.
☞ Special rates to Schools.
d FRANK SCOTT, Proprietor.

MRS. OWEN'S COOK BOOK
AND USEFUL HOUSEHOLD HINTS, of which I have the Sole Agency for the Territory, is the most complete and explicit companion in any family; the price is only $2.50, and the scores of receipts are each worth the price of the book. Orders promptly filled by mail or by calling at my residence, No. 34 E. Third South Street, Salt Lake City. DANIEL GREEN.
d&s 1we

MAMBRINO FLEET.
PEDIGREE—MAMBRINO FLEET WAS SIRED BY PORTION (STANDARD) DAM Lucy by Kentucky, second dam, Kitty by Brooklyn Jack, third dam, a fine mare, brought from New York to Minnesota and the property of Mr. Wheeler, Blackstone Mills, Illinois. Mambrino Fleet, the sire of Fleetwood (dead) is full brother of Mambrino Fleet, is on record in the third volume of "Wallace's American Trotting Register, page 666.
Will stand at the Tithing Stables, Salt Lake City, Thursday, Friday and till noon Saturday of each week.
$25 FOR THE SEASON.
GEO. W. RIGGS.

WEBER COAL!
Home Coal Company,
— DEALERS IN —
COAL from the Wasatch and Crismon Mines, Coalville, Utah,
Price, Delivered.....6.00 per ton.
" At yard.....5.50 "
LEAVE ORDERS WITH
HENRY DINWOODEY,
Nos. 37 to 41 W. First South Street,
SALT LAKE CITY.

Proposals for Street Signs.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACTION OF the City Council of April 28th, 1885, the undersigned gives notice that sealed proposals for furnishing the material, painting and putting up seventy-five (75) signs or placards designating names of streets; also estimates for painting names of streets upon one hundred and seventy-two (172) street lamps, will be received at office, No. 6, City Hall, Salt Lake City, at any time previous to 5 o'clock p. m., Saturday, May 16th, 1885.
The seventy-five placards are to contain the words "A Street," "B Street," etc. "First Street, Second Street," etc., "Centre Street," "Oak Street," etc., and are to be placed upon set posts about seven feet high; said posts to be supplied and erected at the expense of the city. The material, size and style of these placards will not be specified, the intention being to receive the designs therefor from persons bidding.
The words to be painted upon the glass of the street lamps are as follows: "East Temple Street, S." "First South Street, E," etc.
Any further information desired will be supplied on application.
WM. G. PHILLIPS,
City Marshal.
SALT LAKE CITY, May 6th, 1885.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE
— FOR —
Lumber, Grain, Flour, Produce,
Etc., Etc.

Piano	75 00
Grain Chopper	40 00
Saw Apparatus	40 00
Light Wagon	30 00
Baxter six horse power Engine and New Boiler	400 00
12 to 15 Acres of Land in Brighton	300 00
Heavy Wagon	40 00
Heavy Two-wheel Dray	25 00
Bullard Ride, new, cost $75, for	50 00

Car load or less Charcoal.
Car load Cedar Posts.
Car load Rock Salt, in lumps.
Large Billiard Table with pockets.
Buggy and Harness.
Counters, Shelves, Gas Fixtures and Tobacco Cutters.
3000 pounds Ground Cherries.
Baled and loose Lucern; Baled Straw.
Lumber.
Stove Polish, Wholesale.
Butter, Potatoes and Vinegar, Wholesale.
Scouring Sapolio.
Bone Ash for Assaying, Refining and Fertilizing.
Liquid Bluein, Wholesale.
4 Ton and all kinds of Scales.
Brannan's Knitter, best in the world.
Felloes and Spokes.
Neat Oil Manufacturer, and many articles of Merchandise, all for trade, cash, etc.
Wells Bored.
House in 11th Ward to dispose of.
☞ Call and See.
IDAHO STORE,
Half Block South of Theatre.
JOHN W. SNELL.

BANKS.
U. S. DEPOSITORY.
DESERET NATIONAL BANK
SALT LAKE CITY.
PAID UP CAPITAL, - - $200,000
SURPLUS, - - 200,000
O. S. ELDREDGE, President.
WM. JENNINGS, Vice Pres't.
FERDINAND LITTLE,
JOHN SHARP,
WM. W. RITER,
L. S. HILLS, Cashier.
JAS. T. LITTLE, Asst. Cashier.
DIRECTORS
RECEIVES DEPOSITS PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
Buys and Sells Exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, London, and principal Continental Cities.
☞ Makes Collections, remitting proceeds promptly

WATSON BROS.,
Stonecutters and Builders
Tombstones, Monuments, Mantels, Iron Mantels, Grates and Hearth Stones
1278 & 1280 SOUTH TEMPLE ST.,
Opposite Assembly Hall.

G. S. BLEEFER & CO., MANUFACturers of Marbleized Iron and Slate MANTELS and GRATES, dealers in FANCY GRATE TRIMMINGS, TILES, BRASS GOODS, etc., Cincinnati, O.
WATSON BROS.,
Manufacturers' Agents, keep a complete line of the above goods constantly on hand.

LEGAL NOTICE.
In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.
In the matter of the Estate of John Pack, Deceased.
Notice of time and place for the hearing of Petition for admission to Probate of Will.
PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF SAID Court in said matter, notice is hereby given that Saturday, the 23d day of May, A. D. 1885, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the County Court House in Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, in the court room of said Court, has been appointed the time place for the hearing of a petition of John Pack, jr., and Quince R. Pack, praying for the admission to probate of a certain document therewith presented, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of John Pack, deceased, when and where all persons interested may appear and oppose the probate of said will, or the granting of letters testamentary to John Pack, jr., and Quince R. Pack, as prayed for in said petition.
JOHN C. CUTLER,
Probate Clerk, Salt Lake County.
Dated at Salt Lake City, May 6, 1885.
d10 10t

PROFESSIONAL CARD
DR. EDWARD B. FOOTE, SR
AUTHOR AND PRACTITIONER,
Of New York City, a Specialist of Twenty years' experience may be consulted daily from 10 till 3, at the
Spencer House, 252 First East St.
Between Second and Third South,
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH
DR. FOOTE is the well known author "Plain Home Talk," embracing "Medical Common Sense," of "Science in Story," etc., and editor of "Dr. Foote's Health Monthly." DR. FOOTE, SR., is in Salt Lake City for the purpose of showing that the only Dr. Foote, Jr., of Dr. Foote, entitled to that designation, who has made himself conspicuous as a practitioner and writer, is his son, Dr. E. B. Foote, Jr., who has never visited Utah or the Great West, nor practiced medicine outside of New York City, where he has been associated with his father for 10 years. Anyone using this name must show some reason that entitles him to do so, or his pretensions will be challenged. Anyone who fraudulently, and with the intent to deceive, uses a name which does not belong to him, can hardly be depended upon as a safe counsel for when health and life are at stake. The readers of Dr. Foote's works, all patients who have consulted him by letter, and the sick generally are invited to call. No charge for consultation in person or by mail