ESTABLISHED June 1850.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

The Oldest Newspaper IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 93. FRIDAY, MARCH 13, 1891, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY. VOL. XXIV.

PALMER'S ELECTION

Said to Have Caused a Division Among the Farmers of Illinois.

INAUGURATION OF THE BASIC STEEL PROCESS.

An ex-Member of the New Hampshire Legislature Killed by an Angry Bull.

By Telegraph to the News.

WAR AND DISSENSION.

Effects of the Election of Palmer on the Farmer's Associations.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 12.—War and dissension is rife among the agricultural organizations of the State. The election of General Palmer by the votes of Representative Moore and Cockrell has caused a division among the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association lodges of Illinois, and the breach will be widened by an address issued tonight by A. J. Streeter, recent unsuccessful candidate, and Representative Taubeneck, the single farmer member who remained true to the independent candidate. They argue at length to show the inconsistency of Moore and Cockrell's vote, relating how in a farmer's conference a short time ago, both men declared themselves perfectly satisfied with Streeter's promises to the republican steering committee, and asserted that they would never vote for Palmer.

Streeter told the republican committee that he would maintain the principles of the F. M. B. A. and other agricultural and labor organizations, and in consideration of the support of the republicans he should be at liberty to vote with the latter on other issues. His tariff views, he said, are the result of thought and investigation, and are nearly in harmony with those of the republican party. His experience has made it known that in some States there is need of a law to protect the people in their right to a fine labor and a fair count and he would be glad to support any reasonable measure to that end.

At the same conference Cockrell told of an interview he, Moore and Taubeneck had with Palmer. They talked over the hardships of the farmers and Palmer said he did not know a cowboy, but that the young man now coming to the stage of action would have to find it here on.

"That," added Cockrell, "is what this man for whom I had a grand opinion, who is held up before the people of this country as a senatorial candidate, and the man to support, was obliged to confess. This is the man when they are asking the three men representative of the agricultural classes of the country to support. The only remedy he has got is a little reduction of the tariff and free coinage of silver."

"After this talk, Taubeneck, Moore and myself," said Cockrell, "agreed that we could never support that man for United States Senator."

Streeter submits all this and the subsequent switch to Palmer without sufficient reason to the public, and asks them to draw their own conclusions.

A delegation of East St. Louis live stock men presented Palmer tonight with a handsome ball tree, composed principally of the horns of Texas cattle.

In a speech, Palmer, referring to his election, said the people will realize one result accomplished, if no more—that the rule of caucus is ended in this State. They will realize that in his case there was no trading or purchasing of votes. They will find that he has not pledged himself to act with either of the great parties of the country, having well-defined opinions of his own. He had stated those opinions to the people of the State, and asked them to support him if they agreed with him. Having been elected by the people of the State, he desires to do his utmost to carry out their wishes—not the representatives of a caucus steering committee, but responsible to no other body than the people of this great State of Illinois.

THE BASIC STEEL PROCESS.

Secretary Proctor and Guests Attend a Banquet in Its Honor.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., March 12.—Secretary Proctor and guests, including Generals Miller and Williams, went to Atlanta last night; but the congressional and other members of the visiting party remained visiting the famous battlefields around Chattanooga.

Tonight the party attended a banquet to celebrate the inauguration of the Basic steel process in the South. The distinguishing feature of the occasion was the table were much of which, including plates and knives and swords, consisted of ingots recently made in this country from Chattanooga steel.

Covers were laid for nearly two hundred guests, among which were Senators Manderson, Frye, Hawley, Butler, Sanders and Carey, Representatives McKinley, Cannon, Wheeler, Hooker, Post and Cockrell of Illinois. Letters of regret were read from a number of distinguished gentlemen, including ex-President Cleveland, Abram S. Hewitt and Chauncey M. Depew.

KILLED BY A BULL.

John E. Carr Attacked and Horribly Mutilated.

BOSTON, March 12.—John E. Carr, a member of the New Hampshire legislature, but latterly a resident of Haverhill, in this State, was killed by an angry bull in his pasture late morning. His body was horribly mutilated, the bull first goring him and then stamping on his prostrate form. Carr was armed with a pitchfork, but the attack was too sudden and violent for him. His body could not be removed until the bull was killed.

Bad Punctuation in the McKinley Law.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The United States Board of General Appraisers made a "grammatical decision" today, in which they declared there was a case of bad punctuation in the McKinley Tariff act. The paragraph referred to is No. 31, and reads as follows: "Chocolate (other than chocolate confectionery, and chocolate confectionery) known as sweet chocolate, two cents per pound." The board held that the parenthesis should embrace "other than chocolate confectionery" only.

Will Have a Hearing.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Counsel for Sutter and Slocum have been given until March 23rd to submit a brief on an appeal to the United States Supreme Court on application for habeas corpus.

A Vote for United States Senator.

SACRAMENTO, March 12.—An effort was made to secure quorum for a republican caucus this morning, but the required number were not secured, and the legislature met in joint session this afternoon to ballot for United States senator. The first ballot resulted: Fair, 37; Davis, 24; Felton, 24; Blanchard, 12; Johnson, four; Wasson, 1. The democrats cast 27 votes for Coleman.

General Moore Found Dead.

BALTIMORE, March 12.—General Isaac P. Moore was found dead today in his hotel with a frightful looking pistol shot wound in his head. The General had been feeling unwell for a few days and he is supposed to have killed himself in a fit of despondency.

The Monte Carlo Bank.

PARIS, March 12.—The Monte Carlo Bank had $260,000 today, the highest amount lost in twenty years. The winners were English players.

Steamer in a Disabled Condition.

LONDON, March 12.—The steamer Tacoma, from New York February 26th for Hamburg was in a disabled condition sixty miles off the Lizard, her machinery having collapsed. A number of tugs have been sent to her assistance.

General Foster Dead.

TOLEDO, March 12.—General John W. Foster died here today.

A Railroad Dividend.

NEW YORK, March 12.—The directors of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad today declared the semi-annual dividend of ½ per cent on preferred stock.

The statement of the St. Paul road for the six months ending December 31st, shows: Net earnings, $535,000, surplus, after paying dividends, $396,000.

Uplifting the Children.

The world, like individuals, grows wise as it grows older. In the middle ages the children were not considered. The institution of home as it now exists was unknown. Europe was infested with frightful diseases, caused by the transmissibility of the people. Levees for making children happy, good or cultivated were unknown. Indeed, children were only clothed to the limited extent. Later, every contrivance that parents, school teachers and religious instructors could think of to repress boisterous and frolicsome children was resorted to. Dickens has told us of the miseries of childhood of old England.

But the last fifty years has seen a marked change and a widespread one. It had its birth in America, which has recognized the fact that this could not be the home of the free unless the children also had their liberty. A few will always define "liberty" as "license," and therefore certain American children have been permitted to make themselves obnoxious. But the vast mass of children have expanded under this treatment like flowers under a June sun. In the public libraries has been created for them. The schools of America for the masses are the best in the world. The pictures for children are an art in themselves. Toys for children are as important as the greatest necessities used by man. And the societies for protecting, educating and giving pleasure to children are numerous, and are among the best institutions of the cities of the union.

Two legacies made public this week have brought all this forcibly to mind. Mrs. John Hunter Dix of Boston left $160,000, the interest of which is to be expended for the beneficial purpose of giving picnics and other out door recreations to the poor children of Boston. And Jonathan Scoville of Buffalo leaves his will $5,000 to the orphan asylum of that city and $5,000 to the society for the prevention of cruelty to children.—*Omaha World Herald.*

Remarkable Recess.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician for lung fever. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption, and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption; she bought a bottle, and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use, and after taking ten bottles found herself sound and well, now does her own housework and is as well as she ever was. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at A. H. Smith & Co's Drug Store. Large bottles 50c. and $1.00.

Ballard's Horehound Syrup.

We guarantee this to be the best Cough Syrup manufactured in the wide world. This is saying a great deal, but it is true. For Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sore Chest, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs we positively guarantee Ballard's Horehound Syrup to be without any equal on the whole face of the globe. In support of this statement we refer to every individual who has ever used it, and to every druggist who has ever sold it. Such evidence is indisputable.

Sold by Z. C. M. I. 4*

It is Good Work to Give Health.

The only remedy for blood disorder, is one that will expel the germs of disease, and make the blood pure and rich. That is best effected by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N.Y., a medicine of great value in the treatment of all blood disorders and diseases of the Kidneys. It tones the system and helps to do good work. 6d*

SIR CHARLES TUPPER

Is Hopeful About a Reciprocal Arrangement Between Canada and the United States.

SNOW DRIFTS FORTY FEET HIGH IN COLORADO.

Balfour Still Investigating the Condition of the Poor in Ireland.

Money Needed.

By Telegraph to the News.

TRADE RECIPROCITY.

Sir Charles Tupper Hopes for a Satisfactory Result.

OTTAWA, March 12.—Sir Charles Tupper said, in an interview: "I am very sanguine that a reciprocal trade arrangement on a broad and liberal basis between Canada and the United States will be very soon made, embracing all the articles, whether the product of the forest or of the farm, necessary to secure the mutual advantages of both countries. My confidence is that result arises from the fact that Mr. Blaine was known to be strongly opposed to the McKinley tariff bill and he has sought to relieve that measure of the natural consequences which must flow from it by proposals for reciprocal arrangements with other countries. So far from refusing to make anything but treaties of unrestricted reciprocity, the treaty he made with Brazil simply embodies the articles that both countries agreed could be exchanged to the mutual benefit of each, either free or reduced duty, leaving many other articles at the existing rate of duty. The treaty that Mr. Blaine has made with Newfoundland is precisely of the same character, and embraces the same principles exactly as would be included in the treaty that Canada would be prepared to make with the United States.

"Mr. Blaine is undoubtedly a very eminent and able statesman, and following no doubt the discussion of the question between the two parties in this country, has learned that the statement that the conservative government and party is unfriendly to the United States is a very easy cause of trouble. Mr. Blaine, finding how entirely he has been misled as to the real position of the two parties in this country, will, I have no doubt, be prepared to give the most friendly consideration to the wishes of the Government of Canada to have freer and more friendly trade relations between the Dominion and the United States.

"I shall be greatly surprised if Mr. Blaine does not crown his last efforts as a public man by accomplishing a settlement of all questions of friction between the United States and Canada on terms that will be mutually honorable and honorable to both countries."

IN COLORADO.

The Blockade on the Midland Railroad; Other Places Snowed Under.

DENVER, March 12.—The snow blockade on the Midland road near Trenton, where a passenger train has been under the snow was raised today.

Silverton and Telluride are still snowed under. The snow in many places are forty feet high. Provisions are carried into these towns on snow shoes, and all hopes of railway communication with them, during the month, is abandoned. The Rainbow route, between Silverton and Ironton, is paralyzed and no trains will attempt to go over the line for weeks. The fall of snow throughout the San Juan county and the southwestern portion of the State has been the greatest for many years, for the most bitter winter we have had for business. As yet, no fatalities are reported.

Information from Santa Fe, New Mexico, says the Rio Grande road was extremely fortunate to get snowed under for three days between Antonio and Trinidad.

BALFOUR AND IRELAND.

He Asks for Money for the Poor and Continues his Investigations.

LONDON, March 12.—In the Commons this evening, in Committee of Supply, Balfour asked a grant of $65,000 for the relief of distress in Ireland. He explained that the Government had adopted every possible means to expedite relief works, which otherwise could not have been begun before April or May. He spoke highly of the assistance the farmers, priests and landlords had rendered, which saved the Government much expense. There had been no case of starvation reported, but there was great risk of starvation on the islands, and therefore a special commissioner had been charged to investigate the condition of the islands and convey supplies to them. The number of persons engaged in relief work February 28th was 795, and the total amount of wages paid was $21,150. The Government was at present spending $2,000 weekly in wages. The crisis asked was adopted.

Waldersee and Bismarck.

BERLIN, March 12.—Waldersee is visiting Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe. Following the recent friendly meeting between Waldersee and Emperor William, the visit is regarded as confirming the reports that the Emperor was contemplating the readoption of Prince Bismarck's method of government, and that the Emperor had opened communications with the ex-chancellor.

The Fight Between Pritchard and Burke.

LONDON, March 12.—The glove fight between the English champion middleweight, Ted Pritchard and Jack Burke, for the Queensberry cup, came off today. The match was for the Hilliday stakes, $1000. The men were well matched in height and reach.

In the first round, Burke had the best of it, getting home repeatedly. In the second round, Pritchard woke up and landed with right and left in quick succession. Then they came to close quarters, Burke finally falling from a blow in the jaw.

In the third round Pritchard dashed in, taking Burke completely by surprise by the vigor of the onslaught, and getting in blows with terrible effect upon the latter's head. Burke was completely dazed and was finally floored by a tremendous blow on the jaw. He had hardly regained his feet when Pritchard downed him again. Burke failed to rise within ten seconds limit and Pritchard was declared winner of the fight.

Steamer Ashore.

RANGOON, March 12.—The Italian Steamer Parmigiano is ashore at Martaban. She has a number of passengers and troops aboard.

A Sensational Train Robbery.

MADRID, March 12.—The woman found murdered in a railway train at Berlin yesterday was a French dressmaker.

Last evening a robber entered the first-class carriage on the train at Hernanes and with a knife stabbed the sleeper occupant of the place. The latter overpowered the assassin and threw him off the train. The man was captured in a dying condition.

Failure of a Texas Firm.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, March 12.—August Heinke & Co., one of the oldest wholesale houses in the city, assigned today. The liabilities are estimated at $100,000. The assets are not yet ascertained.

A Chicago Preacher who Believes in the Devil.

The Rev. Dr. F. S. Henson believes there is a personal devil and in a sermon to a great congregation at the First Baptist church last night he gave his reasons for the belief.

The subject of the sermon was "The First Temptation; or, the Doctrine of the Devil." The speaker began with a short sketch of the temptation in the garden of Eden. Then he sketched the result of the fall of Adam and Eve. Were this story of the devil's origin he said: "I want to talk of the personality and power of the devil. Men have reached a point where they doubt whether there is any personality outside their own, either on earth, in heaven or in hell. They say they believe in law, they believe in nature, etc. Well, what did law ever do? A law is an attraction, a connexity, a formula. The laws are not doing much anywhere, certainly not in Chicago. It has been a long time since that the very mention of the devil brings a smile; men laugh when you talk of Satan, and I have to insist the devil himself enjoys seeing people regard him as a myth. Men say they don't believe in such a creature that has no body.

"What is a body? Is your body you? Are you your body? When the body is delivered over to be buried do you believe the vital, eternal spark will be extinguished in the clod-hoop of the land?

"No, no! Deep down in every man's soul is the conviction that the body is but our temporary building place. And we have the whole Christian revelation, moral agents, some good and some evil, some leaders and others doing their bidding.

"The testimony of experience, of observation, of history, confirms the belief in a great leader of evil. In all ages everywhere we the world has been in conflict with spirits. Whole dynasties have been coupled with those who believe in nothing else but the devil; as in Africa the native receptacles are other spirits.

"History shows an ordered sweep of evil, a strategy so wickedness that can be accounted for only on the supposition that there is a great strategist—the devil."

Dr. Henson then touched on the power of Satan. "The devil is not omnipotent nor omniscient, nor omnipotent, but he is always where the fight is hottest. I believe the world's great battle is to be fought in America. We are marshaling, and Chicago is to be the pivotal point. The critical struggle with the power of darkness may be right here in the next ten years, and I believe that the prince of devil himself will be the director-general of the world's fair, and I don't mean by that to confuse him with Mr. Davis."

The sermon closed with a picture of the devil's power in the press, in the pulpit and in public life.—*Ex.*

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmerman, manager of Ionville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine. Makes me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and cares not whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle, at A. C. Smith & Co's Drug Store.

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This wonderful Liniment is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Lakes to the Gulf. It is the most penetrating Liniment in the world. It will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Old Sores, Burns, Scalds, Sore Throat, Sore Chest and all inflammation, after all others have failed. It will cure Barbed Wire Cuts and heal all wounds where proud flesh has set in. It is equally efficient for animals as for man, and you will not be without it. Price 25 cents.

Sold by Z. C. M. I. 4**

A Good Looking Face

We like to see. Yet Erysipelas disfigures the features and the disease is so dangerous as it is repulsive. It is sometimes called "St. Anthony's fire," and often ends in sudden death. S. B. Carpenter, Grandville, N. Y., had it in both legs and was cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. This medicine excels all others for the blood. 6dw

There is no danger of a cold resulting in pneumonia when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used as directed "for a severe cold." It effectually counteracts and arrests any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. This fact was fully proved in thousands of cases during the epidemic of influenza last winter. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 6dw

DEMOCRATS AT WORK.

The Rhode Island State Convention Nominates Candidates and Adopts Resolutions.

THE VICE-CHAIRMAN OF THE FAIR COMMISSION SICK.

A Railroad to be Disposed of at Public Sale, to Satisfy a Creditor.

By Telegraph to the News.

A DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

Rhode Island Democrats Nominate the Old State Ticket.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 12.—The democratic state convention today nominated the old State ticket, as follows: John W. Lyman, lieutenant-governor, Hon. Wm. T. C. Wardell, governor and lieutenant-governor, respectively; E. D. McGuinness, secretary of State; John G. Perry, general treasury, and Zebdee Slocum attorney-general.

The resolutions adopted reiterate approval of the St. Louis platform of 1888, demand free raw materials for Rhode Island's manufacturing industries, reduction on the necessities of life and denounce the policy by means of which the Eastern States are reduced to the position of fiscal feudatories of Pennsylvania and Ohio. The Rhode Island democracy does not advocate the impossible theory of free trade, but believes in fair trade with all countries. It favors honest money, sufficient to answer the needs of the people. It congratulates the fellow-citizens on deliverance from the tyranny of Speaker Reed and the threatening danger of the Force bill. It congratulates the Rhode Island Congressional delegation who refused to join their party associates.

A paragraph is devoted to the sins of omission and commission of the Fifty-first Congress. It approves the action of the Rhode Island Legislature in designating a general ball holiday for the special Congressional election in the Second district. The platform favors election by plurality instead of majority vote, a more uniform franchise, revision of judges from legislative control and abolition in the executive power. Extension of ballot reform to other than State elections is demanded.

WORLD'S FAIR MATTERS.

The National Commission in a Crippled Condition.

CHICAGO, March 12.—Vice-Chairman McKenzie of the World's Fair National Commission has been compelled to return to his Kentucky home, his physician fearing that should he remain in Chicago his attack of grippe will prove fatal. Mr. McKenzie's illness, combined with other misfortunes, leaves the National Commission in a crippled condition. President Palmer is now on his way to Florida for his health, and Director-General Davis is sick at home.

The Board of Control has decided to issue a circular, stating the exact financial condition of things and explaining that if a sufficient number of the commissioners to constitute a quorum would pay their own and their expenses, including railroad fare to Chicago, a session would be held in April.

There is a project on foot to have the Fair opened by the only living descendant of Columbus, the Duke of Veragua of Madrid.

THE BOARD OF CONTROL.

Today defined the duties of lady managers. They are, among other things, to appoint members of the committee of examination and award prizes for exhibits produced, in whole or part by female labor, besides having exclusive charge of the women's building and general management of the interests of women in connection with the exposition.

Later this evening the prospects for a full meeting of the national commission, without the members having to pay expenses, seems brighter, and the meeting will undoubtedly be held. Secretary Dickinson telegraphed the secretary of the Treasury this afternoon asking if the Department would approve and pay the present salaries of director-general, chairman and secretary up to June 30th out of the balance for the fiscal year. Also if the expenses of the national commission meeting would be paid. The following answer was received:

Will approve the salaries of director-general, chairman and secretary, also such other officers as may be selected for retention by the board and approved by this office until June 30th, to be paid from the remainder of the $50,000 now appropriated for the fiscal year. Also the expenses of the national commission meeting would be paid. The following answer was received:

Whatever remains after the payment of said salaries and necessary expenses of the meeting will be at the disposal of transportation and [illegible] item in lieu of subsistence for a[illegible] the commission in April, but [illegible] deficiency bill.

RICHARD ELECTED SECRETARY.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—At a meeting of the managers of the government exhibits at the World's Fair today, E. T. Bickford was elected secretary at a salary of $3000. Bickford was in charge of one of the departments of the United States government exhibits at the last Paris Exposition.

RAILROAD AGAINST RAILROAD.

The Chicago, Kansas and Nebraska to Be Sold.

KANSAS CITY, March 12.—Judge Caldwell of the United States circuit court, signed a decree of foreclosure in the case of the Rock Island road against the Chicago, Kansas and Nebraska, and the road will be sold to the highest bidder at a public sale in satisfaction of the Rock Island's mortgage of $28,000,000. The case has been hotly contested for over a year. The controversy arose over the foreclosure of the mortgage on the Chicago, Kansas and Nebraska road. The counsel of Kansas and Nebraska, through which the road was built, voted $3,000,000 in aid of it and they sought the foreclosure. Judge Caldwell referred the case to Newman Erb as referee. Erb decided in favor of the Rock Island and Judge Caldwell sustained the decision. The Kansas and Nebraska counsel lost the value of their stock, which will become worthless upon the sale of the road.

It is rumored that a bondholders' committee will buy the road when it is put up at auction and thus kill active competition with the Union Pacific.

Confession of Train Thieves.

PITTSBURG, March 12.—For a year or more past freight trains on the Pittsburg & Western have been robbed of valuable goods. Four young men were arrested at Fairburg today and made a confession, implicating a number of Allegheny, Steubenville and adjacent towns in the thefts.

Notice to Telegraph Operators.

BOSTON, March 12.—By order of General Manager Clarke of the Union Pacific all the telegraph operators on that line in Colorado have been notified to sever connection with the Order of Railway Telegraphers or leave the service of the company.

The Bell Telephone Dividend.

BOSTON, March 12.—The American Bell Telephone Company has declared a dividend of $1 a share.

Cattle Thieves.

SUNLAND FALLS, Texas.—The settlers in Douglas and Lincoln counties are said to be greatly annoyed by raids of organized bands of cattle and horse thieves. A prominent stockman said that within the last month the head of cattle were stolen in the past year, besides several hundred head of horses.

Eight Hours in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, March 12.—A bill making eight hours a day's time in Pennsylvania on work under control of the State was passed finally in the senate today.

The Hennessy Case Goes to the Jury.

NEW ORLEANS, March 12.—The noted Hennessy murder case was given to the jury tonight.

It Pays to Become a State.

Washington, D. C., March 12.—"It pays to become a State," said Senator Warren, of Wyoming, yesterday, while discussing the appropriations which Congress at the last session gave to that commonwealth. The appropriations made to the new States aggregate $590,000, divided as follows: For building Fort McPherson, $50,000; State university, $50,000; Indian school, $50,000; for the commission to treat with the Indians, for their reservation, $5,000; to reimburse Wallace & Co. on their forest contract, $40,000; for the road roads to Yellowstone park, $15,000; State militia, $5,000; expenses of surveyor general's office and surveyors, including appropriation for survey and geological survey, from the fund allotted to Major Powell's division, $[illegible] $5,000 to $10,000 in each case.

"In addition to the above," said Senator Warren, "Wyoming is much benefitted by such general laws as the western bill-some has succeeded in having passed, such as the Indian depredation bill, the new public land, the court bill to increase the salary of judges, etc."

Governor Warren added further that this legislation showed the result of harmonious action on the part of the delegation. The two Senators and Representative Clark have worked for a common interest—that of the State they severally here to represent. There has been no bickering or squabbling among them as is the case with some of the other new State delegations. They pulled together on every new proposition and they gained every point they desired.—*Herald.*

Water Does Not Move with the Wave.

There is no necessary connection between the advance of a wave and the forward movement of the water composing it, as may be seen by running the fingers along the keys of a piano. An inverted wave travels along, but the keys merely go up and down. Similarly, a wave may often be observed running along the rim out of golden grain while the stalks are firmly rooted in the soil. The outward progress of a sea wave is easily perceptible, and by watching some light substance floating on the surface the fact is revealed that the water is not moving with the same velocity.—*Chambers' Journal.*

John Reading.

Flower and garden seeds.—The largest variety and purest seeds ever from Eastern prices, under the Utah National Bank, Clock corner, Salt Lake City. d&w

Several years ago Chamberlain & Co., of Des Moines, Iowa, commenced the manufacture of a cough syrup, believing it to be the most prompt and reliable remedy for coughs, colds, croup, colds and croup; that the public would state true merit, and in time it was certain to become popular. Thirty months ago there had been more than realized. Over three hundred thousand bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy are now sold each year, and its sales increase with leaps and bounds, where ever known. It will cure a severe cold in less time than any other treatment. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 6dw

Williams' Australian Herb Pills.

If you are Yellow, Bilious, constipated with headache, bad breath, dizzy, no appetite, feel tired, poor blood, Liver is out of order. One box of these Pills will clear all the trouble away and make a new better of you. Price 25 cents. Zion Co-op. Mer. Inst. Drug Dept., Agent. 6dw

Physicians Consent.

MR. EDWARD C. HAYES, manager for the Kennedy Medical Co., Rondout, N. Y., writes us that he has sold no medicine so far as he knows of, with such satisfactory results as Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. Sold by druggists, 50c. per bottle, or six bottles for $5, or sent by express on receipt of price. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is used by the best physicians, and recommended by them to their patients. 6d

Kidney Troubles,

Catarrh of the bladder, Stitch, Gravel, Cystitis, Inflammation and Pain in the Kidneys, Loins and Bladder, Kidney and Liver Complaints, one of the most fatal diseases, are speedily cured by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y. Sold by druggists, 50c. per bottle, or six bottles for $5, or sent by express on receipt of price.

Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.

Sold at wholesale by F. J. KIZER & CO., Agents for Salt Lake City. For sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Department. 6d

A NEW CRUISER.

All Material Used in Its Construction Must be of Domestic Manufacture.

SOLICITING HELP FOR DESTITUTE FARMERS.

How $77,500 Worth of Diamonds Were Recovered at an Uptown Hotel.

By Telegraph to the News.

CRUISER NO. THIRTEEN.

Proposals Advertised for Its Construction.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The Navy Department today advertised for proposals for the construction of the protected steel cruiser of 7500 tons displacement, specially provided for in the naval appropriation act, approved March 3, 1891. The time fixed for opening such proposals is June 1st next. The vessel is designated as cruiser No. 13. All material used in its construction, including the engines, boilers and machinery, are required to be of domestic manufacture. The Government will provide all armor, ammunition and their accessories, excepting such as may be required for protective decks, but the contractor will be required to put them in place. The vessel must also develop on a trial trip to the open sea a speed not less than 21 knots per hour for four consecutive hours or the contractor will be subject to a penalty of $25,000 for each quarter of a knot deficiency. A premium of $50,000, however, is provided for each quarter of a knot developed in excess of 23 knots. The proposals are invited under plans and specifications provided by the bidder.

THE NEW INSTALMENT LAW.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker was questioned today as to what action, if any, has been taken to carry into effect the new postal subsidy law. He said he was all ready engaged upon the preliminary work of the act. It is necessary, he said, to ascertain the full scope of the bill and what American steamships are ready for immediate service. He had an important interview with the president of the Inman line, the president of the United States and Brazil line and others, and he should fix upon the routes to be advertised for as speedily as possible, after ascertaining what other parts, not now reached, should be included in the routes.

THE ANNUAL CATCH OF SEALS.

The Treasury Department is considering a proposition to reduce the annual catch of fur seals in the Behring Sea, as fixed by the existing lease, in order to guard against the possible extinction of the species. As such a step would necessarily operate as a hardship on the lessees not contemplated when the lease was made, the Department will call on the Attorney-General for an opinion as to the power of the Secretary to reduce the annual rental of the seal islands below the minimum of $60,000.

THE DROUGH STRICKEN FARMERS.

Help for the Destitute Population of the Arid Districts.

CHICAGO, March 12.—A meeting of editors of agricultural papers was held here today to listen to Messrs Blackburn, of Nebraska, and Tupain, of Dakota, delegates to solicit help for the destitute population of the arid districts of South Dakota, Kansas and Nebraska. Another meeting will be held tomorrow.

This evening Milton George, who presided at the meeting, said the tales of suffering and privation are awful. All they ask for is food for stock and seed grain. Gangs said he had talked the matter over with Armour, the wealthy business man, including Messrs. Armour, Higginbotham, Carvey and others, and all have expressed a willingness to do something practical, provided they are assured that the delegates are acting for all and there will be no necessity for doing the work over again. The officials of the road running west will carry goods sent to the arid districts free of charge.

DIAMONDS RECOVERED.

The Thief had Left Them at a Hotel and Disappeared.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Inspector Byrnes recovered $77,500 worth of diamonds today. The stones were the property of Levi A. Co. of Maiden Lane, and are the greater part of $[illegible] worth of diamonds stolen from a jeweler in Toronto, Canada, W. C. Duncan, January 15th last. Duncan disappeared on that date and despite the efforts of detectives no trace was found of him. The stones had been in town hotel sent for the inspector and told him that on the 15th of January a young man registered at the hotel and gave his name as Duncan, of Toronto, Ont. He then went away and never returned. The package was opened and found to contain the diamonds stolen from Duncan. The loss to the manager of the firm declared $250 of the stones missing.

The Newfoundland Arbitration

LONDON, March 12.—In the Commons today Chancellor of the Exchequer Goschen admitted that there was a basis of truth in the report that the government of France and her Majesty's government had decided to offer the matter in dispute in connection with Newfoundland to arbitration.

Rebs Sacked by Rebels.

PARIS, March 12.—A dispatch from Tonquin says the rebels made an attack on Bac, overcame the garrison and sacked the town, killing the French officials.

The Argentine National Loan.

BUENOS AYRES, March 12.—The amount of subscriptions to the national loan is now sufficient for government purposes. Further subscriptions are expected now from London, Berlin and Paris. There will be no new forced currency.