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AMERICAN.

WIRED FROM WASHINGTON.

The Cutting Case Considered by the Cabinet—Bond Call, etc.

WASHINGTON, 12.—Acting Secretary Fairchild this afternoon issued the 140th call for the redemption of bonds. The call is for $10,000,000 three per cent. loan of 1882, and notice was given that the principal and accrued interest on the bonds herein below designated will be paid at the treasurer's office on the 15th day of September, 1886, and that the interest on said bonds will cease on that day, namely: Three per cent. bonds issued under the act of Congress approved July 12, 1882, and numbered as follows: $50, original number 124 to original number 133, both inclusive, and original No. 1,382 to original No. 1 385, both inclusive; $100, original No. 1,678 to original No. 1,729, both inclusive, and original Nos. 9,927 to original No. 9,939, both inclusive; $500, original No. 729 to original No. 786, both inclusive, and original No 4,225; $1000, original No. 4,997 to original No. 5 523, both inclusive, and original No. 23,748; $10,000, original No. 11,604 to original No. 12,611, both inclusive; total, $10,000,000. The bonds described above are either bonds of the "original" issue, which have but one serial number at each end or "substitute" bonds which may be distinguished by the double set of numbers which are marked plainly "original numbers" and "substitute numbers." All of the bonds of this loan will be called by original numbers only. Many of the bonds originally included in the above numbers have been transferred or exchanged into other denominations on "waiver" or original numbers being cancelled and leaving outstanding the apparent amount above stated.

The President this afternoon appointed Lewis Gebhard Reed to be United States Consul at Barbadoes, and Otto Reiyar at Santiago de Cuba.

The receipts of the government since July 1st has been nearly $4,000,000 in excess of the receipts during the same period last year. The increase was about $2,000,000 from customs and about $1,800,000 from internal revenue. These figures are said to be indicative of a good state of business throughout the country.

All the Executive Departments were represented at the Cabinet meeting to-day. Solicitor General Jones represented at the Cabinet meeting the Department of Justice, and occupied the seat of Attorney General Garland. The session was mainly devoted to the consideration of the Mexican question, and the financial policy of the administration.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office to-day approved for patent about 3,000 pre-emption and commuted homestead entries, 2,000 of which were sent away. I knew who he was, but of course did not say anything about it. He worked at the carpenter's trade on the house adjoining his shop, and was a good workman.

The Democratic Convention.

GALVESTON, 12.—The third day's session of the Democratic Convention was a stormy one.

The committee on permanent organization reported Hon. R. M. Wynne of Tarrent County for permanent chairman, and Wm. Lambert of Travers County for secretary. The report of the committee on credentials was then adopted after a sharp debate in which the Farmers' alliance and the Knights of Labor succeeded in seating their delegate from Cook County. The committee on platform and resolutions reported a platform, which, after an exciting discussion between the Free Grass and Lease Land elements, was adopted.

The platform upholds the administration of the President; gives pledges that expenditures shall be confined within the revenue; favors an amendment to the judiciary article of the State Constitution; favors the best system of education for white and colored children separately, but by State, not national aid; favors the internal improvement and development of the manufacturing interests; denounces unlawful interference with corporate property; protests against the acquisition of railroad property by foreign companies; opposes the consolidation of competing or parallel lines of railway; favors the making of a comprehensive mechanic's lien law; denounces the convict labor system; declares that members of a party may have what views they choose on local option without forfeiting their right to be known as democrats, and lastly declares it to be the duty of the government to protect the humblest American citizen against the unlawful acts of any or all nations.

The balloting for Governor resulted in the election of Gen. L. C. Ross, whose nomination was unanimous. The convention then took a recess.

Taylor for Governor.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., 12.—Robert L. Taylor was nominated as the Democratic candidate for governor upon the 15th ballot.

Base Ball.

CHICAGO, 12.—Chicago 11, St. Louis 2.
Detroit, 12.—Kansas City 2, Detroit 6.
Philadelphia, 12.—Washington 1, Philadelphia 6.

Drowned.

BOSTON, 12.—The schooner *Arizona* capsized in the harbor to-night and four of the five men composing the crew were drowned.

Killed for the Insurance Money.

It is understood that the Somerville police have information of the suspicious death of at least 11 persons directly or indirectly related to Mrs. Sarah Jane Robinson, who is under arrest. The victims were insured in a benefit organization, where the money in most cases fell into the woman's hands.

Mexican News.

CITY OF MEXICO, 12.—The resignation of General Jackson, United States Minister, is said to be positive, and general regret is expressed by the resident Americans. The Minister has won the warm approval of all classes by his dignified and prudent course.

The silver question is attracting much attention here. The suggestion has been made that Mexican dollars be exported directly to China. The Chamber of Commerce is taking an active part in the general discussion of the question.

The Bankers' Convention.

BOSTON, 12.—The Executive Council submitted the following report:

WHEREAS, The American Bankers' Association embraces in its membership men of every political party, as well as those who acknowledge no party obligations; and

WHEREAS, It has in all its conventions carefully avoided all mere party and political questions, representing, as it does, the business public as well as the customers and stockholders of banks, it again emphatically gives warning of the impending danger to the whole country in the continued coinage of silver dollars under the act of 1878. While we fully recognize that both silver and gold are required as money of the land, we believe that neither should be coined in such rate that the other shall be driven out of general use. We repudiate the idea so often maintained that the banker and bankers oppose the continued coinage of silver dollars on account of self-interest, but on the contrary we assert that we have no special interest in one kind of coin more than another, as long as each discharges its legitimate purposes as money. We believe all persons having limited means, and particularly the earners of wages, will most largely suffer when the threatened evils shall come.

We therefore earnestly appeal to all Boards of Trade, Chambers of Commerce, and civil and political associations of every kind, to make persistent efforts to secure the repeal of the law or the suspension of coinage of such silver dollars.

The report was unanimously adopted.

An additional resolution was adopted reaffirming the resolutions adopted by the convention last year, and further providing that it be strongly urged that the coinage of silver be suspended and that continued efforts be made to secure an international uniform basis of value between gold and silver.

The resolutions offered yesterday in behalf of Horton of Ohio, were adopted, and a committee appointed to take the matter in coarge.

Dying Out.

MILWAUKEE, 12.—The forest fires in Northern Wisconsin are dying out, the material on which to feed having become exhausted. The vicinity of Green Bay is alone subject to danger, but only in the event of high winds. There is much suffering in the devastated region. The people are sleeping on the ground with scarcely any covering. Many people barely escaped with their lives and are wandering around with insufficient clothing. Public meetings are being called in various parts of the State to provide immediate relief for the sufferers in the way of food and clothing.

General Johnston.

OMAHA, 12.—General Jos. E. Johnston, Government Railroad Commissioner, arrived here this morning, and will remain until Saturday evening, when he will start out on a general inspection tour of the Union and Central Pacific lines. To-day he went through the Union Pacific shops, and to-morrow he will examine the affairs at the Union Pacific headquarters.

Crushed to Death.

DENVER, 12.—A Silverton special to the *News* says: George Collins, a well known miner, was killed in the Humboldt Lode near Chattanooga afternoon. He and Dennis O'Leary were developing the property for the owners, and while working in the drift the sides and roof caved in, crushing Collins to death. O'Leary escaped uninjured and was removed. The deceased was born in St. Louis where his parents yet reside.

Sensational Reports.

DENVER, 12.—Some Eastern papers have recently published sensational reports from special correspondents which have caused a wide-spread impression that the grain fields and cattle ranges of Colorado have been devastated by drouth and herds of cattle driven from the State. The Chamber of Commerce this evening at its regular meeting, after discussing the subject, adopted the following:

Resolved, That the Chamber of Commerce, through its president and secretary, request that the Associated Press make a statement to the effect that the viciously sensational reports which have been published in the Eastern and Southern press that this season has been disastrous to the agricultural and stock interests of Colorado are unqualifiedly false, and are calculated to work inestimable damage to the State.

FOREIGN.

The Field-Bennett Libel Suit.

LONDON, 12.—The arguments in the cases of the appeal of James Gordon Bennett from the awards against him of $25,000 in favor of Cyrus W. Field, for libel, were concluded to-day. Judgment was reserved, and pending its pronouncement the execution of award was stayed.

The Situation at Belfast—Stealing Ammunition, etc.

DUBLIN, 12.—While the police in the towns in the vicinity of Kilcrgin were engaged in keeping the peace at a fair in that town yesterday, a gang of men scoured Midkerry county for arms. They were successful in their search and made away with large numbers of weapons, including rifles. They also seized a quantity of ammunition.

NEW YORK, 12.—The *Herald's* Belfast correspondent says: "To-day I had an interview with a Protestant magistrate of many years' service at Belfast. In spite of his religion and social position he said: 'I regard the Protestants as entirely in the wrong in this rioting. The Catholics have done their utmost to keep the peace and prevent exasperation of Orangemen. The priests at great personal risk and by much exertion kept the people from resenting insults. Night after night the priests have watched until daylight the dangerous points, using the full influence of the church to prevent outbreaks and even resisting the rioters themselves when necessary. The Protestant clergy have not done this and have made no effort to keep the Protestants quiet. On the contrary the clergy walked in the processions and funerals, thus leading up the bad feeling. The whole trouble has been caused by our system of borough magistrates, which permits men saturated with local prejudices to try criminals, and also impedes the action of police when quick and sharp action is necessary. There are only 11 Catholic magistrates as against 35 Protestants. As the majority of the board decides the punishment awarded, the Catholics have been outvoted. I have seen magistrates frequently deal out punishment according to the street on which the criminal lives, ten shillings to one and six months to another."

A boy named Gillan is among the cases of persons severely beaten on their way home from a brickyard where they worked. He is now recovering. Gillan has a brother named Daly at 328 Third Street, San Francisco.

Local Self-Government.

DUBLIN, 12.—The *Irish Times* (conservative) states that it is reliably informed that Lord Randolph Churchill is engaged in drafting a bill intended to solve the Irish question. The skeleton of the measure is already done, the paper says, and it provides for universal self-government throughout Great Britain and Ireland, giving Ireland, England, Scotland and Wales control each of its own immediate affairs, securing the supreme power in the Imperial Parliament undiminished. The bill is described as a measure which opens the door to an Imperial Federation. The full text of the bill the paper says, will not be completed before next February; "but," adds the paper, "so far as it has gone it has been submitted to the Marquis of Salisbury, the Marquis of Hartington and others, and is broad enough to satisfy all moderate Irishmen."

Russian Riots.

LONDON, August 12.—Anti-Jewish riots have occurred in the Province of Kieff, Russia. The houses of many Jews were wrecked.

The Queen's Speech.

LONDON, August 12.—The Queen will present the Royal speech to the Council of Ministers at Osborne on Tuesday.

A Thousand Idle.

LONDON, August 12.—The Kinnersly Iron Works at Kidsgrove, county of Stafford, have been closed on account of the depression in the iron trade. One thousand workmen are idle.

Hungarian Town Burned.

VIENNA, August 12.—The Hungarian town of Lillen has been destroyed by fire. The property burned includes 600 houses, churches, nunnery and schools. The loss is $250,000.

THE CUTTING CASE.

False Report—Prospects of a Revolution in Mexico.

DENVER, 12.—An El Paso special this evening says: Cutting was again taken from his prison and dragged before Judge Castaneda's court. He was merely told that the appeal taken in his case by the lawyer who had been appointed for him would be tried by the supreme Court of the State of Chihuahua in a few days, and he was asked if he was willing to have an attorney to take care of his interests before that court. He replied, as he has always done before, that he did not recognize the jurisdiction of any Chihuahua court, and that he left his case entirely in the hands of the American Government. He was thereupon taken back to prison. The Chihuahua authorities continue to ignore entirely the diplomatic entanglement resulting from his case.

St. Louis, 12.—A dispatch from New Laredo, Mexico, says: The report sent out from there several days ago, stating that four hundred fresh Mexican troops had arrived there, and that an artillery company had planted guns so as to bear on Fort McIntosh on the Texas side of the river was false. The dispatch states that no troops have arrived there within a month. That there are only 200 soldiers there, and that there has not been a cannon of any description in New Laredo in three years.

City of Mexico, 12.—The discussion of the Cutting case goes on in the press and among the lawyers, whom it interests because of the important question raised, but there is no heat in the discussion. The better class of people hope that the two governments will settle the matter either by mutually friendly adjustment, or through equally friendly arbitration. An interesting question is propounded by learned lawyers here who ask, if Cutting be guilty of libel on both sides of the river, why cannot the Appellate Court of Chihuahua locate the judgment for the crime on the Mexican and not on the American side, thus relieving the case of its international character.

St. Louis, 12.—The *Globe Democrat's* correspondent at Brownsville, Texas, says: "In an interview to-day General Ignacio Martinez, director of the *Mundo*, a revolutionary organ published here, said there is much dissatisfaction in Mexico, especially in Nuevo Leon and other border States, and that he expects that within two months the country will be in arms against Diaz, as every day the Government grows more unpopular among the masses, and as an early day there must be a new regime in Mexico."

Private advices from up the country state that the revolutionists have captured and hold Morlies. The dispatch also says that a prominent lawyer from the City of Mexico is in Brownsville to secure the extradition of Martinez, in view of the attitude of the United States in the Cutting affair, and that Martinez expresses the opinion that he may succeed.

THE ANARCHISTS.

"If the Anarchists are Guilty, So is Mayor Harrison."

CHICAGO, 12.—At the opening of the Anarchist trial to-day, Assistant State's Attorney Walker occupied sixty minutes. In closing he said: "The law violated, appeals to you. You stand for the first time in the history of the country between anarchy and law. Do not forget the weight of your responsibility, the awful magnitude of it. The foundation stone of the great republican edifice of Justice has been attacked. Shall it stand erect gentlemen? That rests with you. The police have done their duty. They gave their best blood for the law. They stood as men upon command and they never swerved. Let the jury have the same courage, the same spirit and the same calm fortitude under responsibility. Seven of the policemen are dead, but the outraged and violated law shall be redeemed for in their martyrdom, anarchy was buried forever."

Walker was followed by Zeisler who occupied the remainder of the day.

Theodore Zeisler resumed his address in the afternoon. There was a perceptible decrease in the size of the audience. The atmosphere of the court room was as oppressive as on any day since the opening of the trial. Zeisler took considerable pains to impress upon the jury that the calls to arms referred to by the State, were only intended to signify that if the employers protected their interests by recourse to arms, the workingmen had a right to protect themselves in the same manner. The social revolution that Spies referred to, said the speaker, is not a revolution to be suddenly consummated by force, but that social revolution which is inevitable. The eight-hour movement was part of the general plan of revolution, and no one had intimated that this movement was in defiance to law and order. The order to "arm yourselves," Zeisler explained to signify; "Stand by your union. In union there is strength, and the time will come when your strength will right your wrongs. Arm yourselves! Organize and stand together, and you will get recognition which will come to you in no other way." What alternative was there when the employers said, we will use force, and the the papers advocated the use of hand grenades upon the refractory wage workers. This was why they were advised to keep their powder dry.

Zeisler belittled the attempt to turn the *Arbeiter Zeitung* office into an arsenal.

The reporters who testified for the State, he said, had been openly shown a couple of empty shells, a bit of fuse and a few fulminating caps and a couple of dynamite cartridges, and when he returned with the two detectives the exhibition was again made, and Parsons took pains to explain the manner of using the articles. As to the package of dynamite found in the *Arbeiter Zeitung* office by the State the victims had proved that no such package was there prior to the 5th of May, and it afterwards transpired that it had been found on another floor of the building. Zeisler maintained that conspiracy implied secrecy, and there had been no secrecy about the speeches of defendants, nor regarding the specimen bombs, fuses and caps found in Spies's office. The speaker created a small sensation when in thundering tones he pointed to the seats of the defendants and said: "If the Haymarket riot is the result of a conspiracy, then Grinnell, the State Attorney, is the first man who should be placed there, and next Mayor Harrison and the municipal authorities of Chicago, who have allowed these things to go on, should be tried on the only charge which has any possible hold on the defendants. If the State attorney, gentlemen of the jury, is not guilty of conspiracy, then you must acquit these defendants of that charge."

Zeisler said to-night he would finish his speech in about an hour to-morrow morning. He will be followed by Ingham for the State.

Chicago, 12.—The *Daily News'* Waukesha, Wisconsin, special says: It has leaked out that A. R. Parsons, the Anarchist, made Waukesha his hiding place from the time he left the Haymarket massacre until he returned to Chicago to appear in court. While here he lived with Daniel Horan, a pump dealer and a recognized leader in the Congregational Church.

Horan said to-day to an interviewer: "Parsons gave his name as A. R. Jackson of Nebraska. He was reticent and did not talk a great deal. He was a mild, kind-hearted man and would not hurt a cricket. He was smart and appeared deep. From a letter received from his wife while here which I saw, it was evident he was innocent for she said she was sorry for the trouble brought about by the fools." A week before he went away I knew who he was, but of course did not say anything about it. He worked at the carpenter's trade on the house adjoining his shop, and was a good workman.

THE LIST OF CARICATURISTS.

ALL AT WORK UPON PAPER EXCEPT MATT MORGAN, WHO IS PAINTING PANORAMAS.

Said W. J. Arkell, of *The Judge*, in conversation the other day: "I do not care how many new caricature sheets are started. It is one thing to start such papers and quite another to get the necessary brains to run them. There is not a single good caricaturist in this country that is unengaged to-day. The only good caricaturist who is not at work upon any paper is Matt Morgan, who is drawing a salary of $15,000 for painting war scenes for panoramic shows. The artists who have demonstrated their ability in this line are all under engagement at the present time. If there is any good artist anywhere he can get employment at good figures by applying at once to Mr. Keppler or to myself."

Looking over the list of caricaturists, I find that Mr. Arkell's statement is strictly accurate. Of the men who have won wide reputation in this field Thomas Nast is tied up with the *Harpers*; Keppler and Schwarzman and partners in *Puck*; Gillam, Zimmerman and Hamilton have an interest in the profits of *The Judge*, and Baron De Grimm, who draws the Frenchy cartoons for *The Evening Telegram*, I am told gets $10,000 a year from Mr. Bennett for that work.

French artists in this line are said to be extremely quick to catch the idea in every field except politics. As the political cartoon is the great feature in the United States, few French artists have been successful in their ventures here. Mr. Keppler some time ago brought two artists from Paris to work on Puck. Both proved failures, and that has been the result of the attempts of many other Frenchmen who bring their pencils to bear on American subjects.—*Cor. New York Tribune.*

Sobering Off.

"It is a fact," said Dr. Jewell, of the Home of the Inebriate, "that this institution is patronized by a cosmopolitan class of people, and aside from a decidedly mixed lot of customers, we have had some of the best people on the coast here."

"The best, you say?"

"Yes, the best in one way; the worst in another way."

The above predatory remarks were elicited from the doctor by a reporter. The conversation was carried on in the doctor's snug front parlor at the Home, and with a bright fire blazing in the grate it was not a difficult task for the reporter to learn much of the workings of an institutions which to the general public has always had about it a touch of mystery not unmixed with terror.

"Yes," said the doctor, as he settled himself more comfortably in a large easy chair, "we have had quite a number of distinguished patients within these walls during the four years that I have had charge. Among them have been doctors, lawyers, and judges—must I confess it—(judges both of law and whisky), men of brains, ability, and insatiate thirst from all professions. I am aware that the common belief is, that the Home is a receptacle for the low down inebriate, who has become so infuriated with liquor that it takes four men and a straight jacket to restrain him. That is a wrong impression. I admit that there is an occasional case of that kind, but the greater number of our patrons are from the upper circles of society. They either come here in a close carriage voluntarily, or are brought here by friends. When a man is drunk he usually cares but little where he goes or what becomes of him; consequently when they arrive here they are generally tractable enough, and take the medicine I prepare for them without a murmur and are put to bed."

"How long does it take you doctor, to straighten out one of these confirmed guzzlers?"

"It depends altogether on how long the spree has been kept up. A young man who has not been drunk more than two weeks can usually be brought around in a week or ten days. It takes at least that length of time for the fumes of alcohol to be thoroughly eradicated from the brain."

"How is it when the newly arrived patient yearns for his morning cocktail; does he get it?"

"No, sir; decidedly not. When that front door closes on an entering drunk, he leaves all hope behind as far as morning cocktails are concerned. I never, even in the most desperate cases, administer intoxicants, but use in their stead chloral hydrate and bromide of potassium in mixed doses. The chloral acts as a stimulant for an hour, followed by drowsiness and profound sleep. When an unusually severe case of nervous prostration presents itself it may require two or three doses to bring about the desired result; but sleep I insist upon, and in no instance have I ever failed in producing it. Out of 1,000 cases that I have treated here within the past eight months there has only been one death, and that was poor Sam Wetherill, who was virtually dead before he was brought here.—*S. F. Call.*

The farmers never make any complaint of short crops or failures; that always comes from the stray reporter, who, by accident, drops down on the browning fields. The drought just passed, seemed to presage great evil, imperiling crops, and I spoke to a farmer about it. "Yes," said he, "'tis somethin' of a dry spell, and things look rayther spindlin', but I guess it'll come out all right, after we get a little rain." "Well," said I, "in the meantime your crops may all perish from this dry heat." "Oh," replied he, with a quiet laugh, "I guess not. I've seen it wuss than this. One year our corn leaves shrivelled up like whip lashes, and everybody cal'lated there'd be no corn. But Lor' bless you, you should have seen the huskin' we had in the fall. Depend upon it, stranger; things'll come out pretty nearly as God intends, even though the newspapers be put a little out. Perhaps you're one of 'em?" —*Shillaber in Hartford Post.*

The seat of rheumatism is at once reached by an external application of St. Jacobs Oil.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have purchased of Horace Rockwell, and am the owner of the following Brands and the stock branded therewith, viz.: O. O. and O. P. upon the right thigh, and F. L. upon the left shoulder; said stock ranging in Tooele County, Utah, and the public are hereby cautioned against purchasing any stock branded with any of the above brands, except from the undersigned. Any information desired concerning the above brands, can be obtained from Hall & Marshall, Attorneys, Salt Lake City.
J. TROWBRIDGE BAILEY.
July 26th, 1886.

REX.
PITTS' BROTHERS IMPORTED
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