

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

eastern article as any he has tried. It resembles in appearance and burning the Pennsylvania product very much, though somewhat inferior. The vein is about twenty inches wide, showing quite an increase in width from the surface vein. The discoverers expect to open up a wider vein of improved coal. If their expectations are realized, it will be a most important discovery.

NEWS NOTES.

A home for newspaper boys has been started in San Francisco by Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Stevenson.

Elder V. S. Halliday, of Provo, addressed the Mormon meeting in San Francisco on Sunday evening.

The California A. P. A. state convention began its session in San Francisco today, March 3.

P. P. Hunter, a Sonoma, Cal., carpenter, suicided on Saturday because of loss of all his means in unsuccessful mining adventures.

Robert Hooper, an employe of the Empire mine, Grass Valley, Cal., fell a distance of fifty feet with a car Saturday, and, strange to say, escaped with no more serious injury than a sprained ankle.

James Hewitt, the engineer of the Southern Pacific train which struck Louis Schoesser, and killed a seven-year-old boy, Wednesday night, at San Francisco, has been arrested on a charge of manslaughter.

It has been discovered that the assassin of Father Bergmeyer, the Franciscan monk killed at Santa Barbara, Cal., Friday, is Henry Wolf, who was discharged from the Stockton insane asylum last June as cured of insanity from which he had suffered several months.

A successful test of the Gerlach wave motor was made at Capitola, Cal., Friday night, sustaining the inventor's theory of harnessing the waves for power purposes. As soon as the paddles touched the water, which was unusually smooth, the big wheel began to revolve and for three hours it revolved with surprising regularity, going twenty revolutions a minute.

Claus Homelson, a seafaring man was drowned in Mission bay, Cal., Saturday. He was out in a small skiff with a couple of companions, and did not get out of the way of the boom when the craft was brought about. He received a terrible blow on the head and was knocked overboard. The craft was put about again, but Homelson went down before the boat reached him.

February 29 was a terrible day in Seattle, Wash., and old timers say they have seen nothing like it for over eight years. The streets were littered with sign boards, hats of pedestrians went scooting along the sidewalks at the rate of a mile a minute, windows were smashed to atoms, chimneys were cracked and the harbor presented a most furious appearance. The cause of this was a fierce north wind that had a full sweep of the harbor and the water front for about twelve hours. When the wind was the highest a blinding snowstorm set in, making a most remarkable contrast with the summer-like weather of the day before.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—A special to the Herald from Panama, says:

As predicted some time ago a formidable revolution has broken out in Nicaragua against the government of President Zelaya.

The present leaders are General Ruben Alonzo, ex-minister of war; Jose M. Chavarria, military governor of Leon; Francisco Baca, ex-minister of the interior; General Godoy and others. It is reported that the revolution has spread all over the western provinces. Including Chinandega and Chiriligalya. The port of Corinto has been closed and Mr. Zaverico, the general agent of the Pacific Mail company, has been notified to that effect. Steamers will not be allowed to touch at that port. The port of San Juan del Sur is still open. More than 500 tons of cargo for Corinto are now awaiting shipment here.

A private cable dispatch from Nicaragua reports that hard fighting has taken place between the rebels and the government forces near Momotombo, on Lake Managua. It is reported that the rebels have captured two lake steamers.

Telegraphic communication is interrupted at points between Corinto and Leon with Managua, the capital.

The Pacific Mail steamer Barracouta is unloading freight here which was destined for Corinto. It is believed here that Corinto is already in possession of the revolutionists.

HAVANA, Feb. 27.—Refugees from the towns of Punta Brava and Guatao, twelve miles away, have arrived at Havana, and say that a reign of terror exists in their locality in consequence of troops having massacred peaceable citizens at Guatao, already announced by correspondents of American newspapers.

The official government report issued Sunday states that a fight occurred near Punta Brava on the previous day between troops sent from Maricao and the insurgent bands of Villanueva and Acosta, resulting in a glorious victory for the Spanish arms, twenty insurgents having been killed and fifteen prisoners taken. Residents at Guatao have identified eighteen of the dead as Pacificos (peaceful citizens.) Only two were insurgents, and the prisoners are nearly all said to be peaceful. One of them, named Ladislao Quintero, claims American citizenship. He is wounded by a ball in the arm.

BOSTON, Feb. 27.—At the session of the Boston Scientific society, John Ritchie Jr. stated that the new comet passed its nearest point to the sun on January 8, two weeks before it was discovered, and that it is now moving away from both earth and sun and rapidly losing light, and about next week it will be about half as big as it was last week.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 27.—Enquiries here seem to establish the fact that there is no truth in the story from this city, published by the Daily News of London today, that on February 4, the first day of the Ramadan festival, the Turks surrounded the Armenian quarter in Marsovan, ordered the Armenians to accept Islam, and killed 150 who refused to do so.

Milo O. Jewett, United States consul at Sivas, passed through Marsovan recently and telegraphed that he was proceeding to his post, thus indicating that Marsovan is tranquil.

The ambassadors have made representations to the Porte regarding the precarious situation at Aintab, Asiatic Turkey.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 27.—The business portion of Florence in the center of the state, was wiped out by fire this morning. The loss is \$100,000; insurance \$50,000. George Williams, a printer, was burned to death.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Gen. Weyler, in an interview with Karl Bottscher, a German writer, declares that he expects to put down the Cuban revolution in a year and a half. Not long ago he told Cuban planters he thought they could begin grinding sugar by the middle of next month.

Herr Bottscher arrived here on the steamship Columbia, from a trip to the West Indies. He was accompanied by his wife, who acts as his secretary. They live in Berlin.

Said Herr Bottscher, "I interviewed Gen. Weyler Saturday. When I observed that I had read his proclamation, he said: 'Then you'll know that I adopt iron and, if necessary, bloody measures to give this country peace.'"

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—A case which presents a somewhat complicated state of facts was referred to the treasury this morning for determination.

The record shows that several years ago a Chinaman named Chung Lung Fat came to this country and opened a laundry in the city of Boston. He was successful and frugal, and in time accumulated approximately \$15,000. Joe Tye, another Chinaman and a merchant, it is alleged, stole \$14,500 of his countryman's money and sailed to China. Fat followed him, but before he could be apprehended Tye returned and was arrested and jailed.

The question brought to the attention of the treasury department is whether being a laborer, Fat, under the exclusion laws, can return to the country and give testimony against Tye, without which it is said he cannot be convicted of the larceny.

Judge Reeve, the solicitor of the treasury, in rendering his decision, states that he regrets that under the law he must hold that Fat is debarred from landing even for so laudable a purpose as giving evidence against a criminal, who, it is alleged, had robbed him of the results of many years hard labor. Tye will be released.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Judge Grosscup declined to change the sentence of Joseph Dunlap, editor of the Dispatch, convicted of sending obscene matter through the mails, fining him \$1,000 and giving him two years in the penitentiary. The court informed the attorney that an appeal was left to the President.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—United States Ambassador Bayard paid a hurried visit to the foreign office this afternoon. It is understood the call was connected with the Venezuela situation. The time allowed by the British government for Venezuela to comply with its