SUBJUGATION OF THE PHILIPPINES.

Will Take One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Men.

SO SAYS CAPTAIN M'QUESTEN

Manila Will Be In a State of Siege Again—Our Army Has Accomplished Wonders—Western Volunteers.

San Francisco, June 21.—Dr. Charles A. McQuesten, who was on the staff of Gen. R. S. Otis and who was health officer at Manila, has returned home, invalided by the climate.

Capt. McQuesten made a close study of the conditions of the Philippine situation. He is of the opinion that it will take from 100,000 to 150,000 soldiers to properly subdue and hold the islands. He also says that the peace commission was an absolute failure, and that its work from the start was without effect. He strongly supports the military government of the islands, except that he thinks more men will be necessary than have been suggested.

Dr. McQuesten knows that the commission is in Hawaii and is coming home in July, when Captain McQuesten says:

"Chinese troops, thousands of them, are sent to the aid of our men there, they will be driven back into Manila in the course of the next few months, during the rainy season. Our men simply cannot fight the climate. Fifty per cent of them will be incapacitated by sickness, and the territory overrun will have to be abandoned. Manila will be in a state of siege again.

"Our soldiers, and officers, have accomplished wonders. Gen. Otis served Genevieve the best soldiers in the world. But nothing decisive has come of it, because the men were not in great enough force.

"One of the great dangers that our men have face is the climate. The new recruits will be at a disadvantage, because the volunteers were acclimated before they went to the islands. This will make more men necessary than was would otherwise have to put in the field. As a result of the war the Filipino think they have the Americans licked already.

"The idea of the situation might be to arouse valorous troops from the East States, but this might settle some of the political questions for a while. There were many men who would be better able to stand the climatic conditions around Manila, and they are brave, true and good fighters.

"I want to say a word for the western volunteers. They make the finest soldiers in the world, and their fighting qualities are considered. But the volunteers do not want to return home, and I hardly think that the plan to enlist them for the regular army from the volunteers now in the Philippines will be a success. The men enlisted to fight for humanity's sake, and will not be the kind of men who want to stay and fight as mercenaries for money or the fun of fighting."

HYPHENATED AMERICANS.

Capt. Coghlan Has No Use for Them and Criticizes Them Severely.

Chicago, June 21.—A special to the Times-Herald from Pinehurst, North Carolina, says:

Capt. Coghlan of the Raleigh, who arrived last night on his way to Washington, has been entertained by many friends here. Capt. Coghlan is a close friend of Mrs. Cockrell and she in his city a handsome home here, and her daughter, Miss Nell, has been with her for a number of weeks. Capt. Coghlan's wife was a Miss Barlow, thirty years ago, a fellow townswoman and friend of the Cockrells, which fact may have brought him into prominence, especially as he is the author of the famous speech, with its refrain of "Both Sides Know."

Capt. Coghlan, he said, is a rabid Democrat. He said, apropos of a trunk full of letters received from all parts of the United States, only about 50 were criticisms, and of that fifteen, fourteen were written by very ignorant persons. He said he himself had no feeling against what he called "Hyphenated Americans." Said he: "If a man is an American citizen, and a good American citizen, pure and simple, I have no patience with this hyphenated business of calling him an Irish-American citizen, or a German-American citizen. I have no sympathy with the Irishmen who would rather see Cuba than the existence of their fractional land in our country. I have no use for them. I have got a foothold in the United States, our power will be on the wane."

When asked what he thought Admiral Dewey's program would be on his return to this country, he replied:

"I don't know. He will go at once to his home in Vermont. He will not make any big stir over his return. He is too modest to attend jubilee celebrations. He does not like that kind of glory. He is one of the most modest of officers. Admiral Dewey will probably attend the banquet to be given to his honor by New York, and Admiral Farragut, who is an intimate friend, will attend. Douglas Ono, he will attend as other celebrities are present."

Dair Going to Denver.

Denver, Col., June 21.—The Times special says: Adelina Patti, the Marchesa Cattanaro Cumbo, and Signor Nicolini, is coming to Colorado this summer with his own company. He has offered $10,000 or more to Denver if it is reasonably certain that he will make a success in Denver. He has an option on land for a stock ranch, and expects to engage in breeding cattle and horses as one of the American handling and feeding company.

Yellow Fever Serum a Success.

New York, June 20.—Dr. Alvah D. Doty, the health officer of the port, is quoted as saying to-day: "The results of the experiments with yellow fever produced at his laboratory for the prevention of that disease. For the past eighteen months Dr. Doty and his assistants have been developing the serum in a temporary laboratory, and have inoculated a number of guinea pigs previously left with yellow fever. For some time the experiments have been doubtful in their results, but for the past month or so the results have been decidedly in favor of the serum. The use of the serum for the prevention of yellow fever in the human system is now under consideration by the health officers of the port, and it is expected it will be used with success in the prevention of the loss of yellow fever patients."

TRIALS AT WALLACE.

Court Room was Filled when the Sisters' Case Assigned.

Wallace, Ida., June 21.—The court room was filled this afternoon when John Cobbs, Joe Eells, George Crabtree, Alexander Wills, Patrick A. Ashbeck, Joseph M. Dukes, James Donnelle and Paul Corcoran were arraigned.

Separate indictments against each were read, charging them with the murder of James Clayton, the Bunker Hill man killed during the visit of April 26 of Wardner miners.

Similar informations charging them with the murder of Joseph Schmidt, a miner, killed the same night, were also read. Next came the Bunker Hill indictment charging those eight with arson in burning the Bunker Hill boarding house, and another charging conspiracy to intimidate witnesses of the former indictments, and to obstruct justice in the trials. Pleas of not guilty were entered in each case by the defendants, and the indictments showed forty-seven witnesses were examined before the grand jury.

Counsel for defense asked for time in which to plead, but Judge Stewart would not grant it, and Monday, July 3, Thursday, although to wait if defense was not ready then, more time would be allowed.

Col. Reddy said it was his intention to move to quash the indictments, and that he would file his motion to-morrow morning. He also said he would file a petition for a change of venue. The latter motion will be argued on the 27th inst.

Court adjourned until tomorrow morning with the prospect of no business being done. Monday afternoon with a possibility of the impaneling of cases coming in tomorrow.

One hundred and fifteen men engaged in Monday's work in the mines arrested tonight.

Food Adulteration.

Washington, June 20.—Prof. H. Wiley, chief chemist of the agricultural department, has returned from New York where he in the past four days he exhibited a large number of food samples, principally prepared articles, which have been shipped to the department laboratory for analysis. Prof. Wiley made his purchases in the open market and no one connected with the trust knew him, he feels there is no question but that the samples secured will fully represent the commercial standards of the various food preparations in question.

The analyses of the samples will form the basis of a report to the senate committee of the congressional pure food committee, which will meet in New York in July. The committee's second session in Chicago brought to light a large amount of information which the agricultural administration over which the department is still working, and it is thought the New York session will be equally important.

Schley Has Nothing to Say.

Baltimore, Md., June 20.—Rear-Admiral Schley, who is visiting Gen. Felix Agnus at the home of the latter near this city, declined today to comment upon or discuss in any manner the evidence of Lieut. Hodgson or Lieut.-Commander Hoffstot.

Gen. Agnus said: "Admiral Schley had nothing to say. He is simply a witness between judge officers. History tells the rest."

Spanish Consul at Manila.

Washington, June 21.—The Spanish minister has been advised of the appointment by the Spanish government of Senor Luis Martinez as consul general at Manila. The conclusion of the negotiations between Spain and the United States for the withdrawal of Spanish troops in Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines. Senor Martinez, while acting as consul general, will have jurisdiction of all the Philippines. He has been Spanish consul at Baltimore, Savannah, Key West, and New Orleans.

1,000,000 GIVEN AWAY.

By special and particular arrangement with the manufacturers of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, from 500 bottles of this great medicine for the Kidneys, Liver Bladder and Blood, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Constipation, will be sent absolutely free, postpaid, to all persons suffering from any of the diseases mentioned above who will send their full name and post office address to the 19th DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout N. Y., providing they mention the "News" when they write.

As a matter of fact in determining whether your Kidneys or Bladder is diseased is to put some of your urine in a glass tumbler and let it stand for 24 hours. If it has a sediment or contains a stringy appearance, or if in passing it scalds or burns, or if there is pain across the back, you may know that you are in a serious condition, for Davis Kennedy's Favorite Remedy absolutely cures such serious troubles as are to be met with in the back, inability to hold urine, a burning scalding pain in passing it. Pain across the back, especially on rising, the shedding of tubes in your urine are all indications of the approach of Bright's disease, for which Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the only known cure. Don't neglect these symptoms, but get a bottle of this great remedy at once. Sold by druggists at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.

APPEAL TO NEW ENGLAND.

Ex-Minister Barrett Asks People to Unite With the Pacific States.

If We Fail to Hold the Philippines We Become a Secondary Power—Great Opportunities.

Boston, June 20.—Mr. John Barrett, United States minister to Siam, director of the Bureau of American Republics, spoke before the Boston chamber of commerce this afternoon regarding the Philippines and the duty of the people of the United States in the Far East. He said in part:

"If we are to hold the Philippines and to protect our rights of trade throughout the Far East, the United States will not only have to maintain and assert its rights on the great Pacific ocean by national position and force of our navy, but the people of the Atlantic and the Pacific coast States will appreciate the most demanding and determined duty to their new possessions. Whatever they must possibly be given them, I appeal to you as representatives of commercial bodies, as merchants and through you to the people of all New England to assist with all energies the Pacific coast and to support the policy which will not only insist upon our holding and mastering commerce, but will also insist upon the duty of the United States government to perform its part in the development of the Philippines, for upon our taking hold of the islands depends the commercial opportunity that rests from the occupation of those islands to their own protection and to the future of Luzon, Hongkong and Singapore, Commander Hoffstot.

Gen. Agnus said: "Admiral Schley had nothing to say. He is simply a witness between judge officers. History tells the rest."

"The full exploitation of those far eastern markets and opportunities depends upon the co-operation of New England to the Middle States, to the South and to the great Central West, in other words, the whole country, east and west, north and south, is vitally concerned in the expansion of American trade throughout the Pacific throughout the Pacific coast. If the Far East wants New England and manufactured products of the Pacific coast, it wants also the cotton goods of the Southland, the iron goods and the raw materials of the South, the manufacturing iron, steel and miscellaneous products as well as the provisions of Middle States, and it wants the similar products together possibly with the hides of Indian meat and flour of the great Central West."

PHILIPPINE AGRICULTURE.

Lieut. Harper Says Rice Culture is to Cut Direct Prevailing in Toledo.

Washington, June 20.—The agricultural department has secured an interesting report from Lieut. A. D. Harper, California heavy artillery, on "Agriculture in the Philippines," dated Manila, May 15. Lieut. Harper has been requested by the department to make personal observation to find the American flag, but in transmitting the report he says he has been unable to do so. He has, however, been requested by Major General Otis, chief of the agricultural experiment station, Manila.

The most remarkable feature of the report is the almost hopeless future which the natives have before them in the islands. The great fertility of the soil is proven not only in what it will produce when cultivated, but in the fact that there exist a few patches which have been cultivated for years and have never shown any signs of exhaustion. It is safe to say, Lieut. Harper says, that the natives, in their own interests, if they are supported through the next crop of conquered country, the financial instability of the islands will be greatly relieved. Should the natives be left to themselves, or in opposition of the government and government agents. The result is that the islands are almost at the worst possible time.

In addition to the present difficulty in securing reliable labor the agricultural is confronted at the start with the fact that the natives are averse to much of work in securing new land. When this is accomplished and a harvest has been raised, it is at the mercy of the next comer.

In regard to the tyrikon, there is to be found no certain provision, the "datu," or any land owner, which does not own a large tract. Disputes over land boundaries are frequent, and are usually settled by the strong hand. Disputes over land boundaries are frequent, and are usually settled by the strong hand. Disputes over land boundaries are frequent, and are usually settled by the strong hand.

In a sweeping investigation it was found that over 90 per cent of the people who went to the hospital in Manila were found to be sick from their own overindulgence in some kind of liquor, which in most cases would have been avoided by the use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, which is sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00.

COLORADO SWEETER TROCHE.

Visit of Fred Nash Postponed on Account of Fear of Rioters.

Denver, Colo., June 21.—The city was considerably boiling over the speech-making question in the Democratic ranks that the visit of President E. B. Nash of the American Sweetener Trust to Denver, at which he was expected to make a speech, has been postponed on account of the fear of rioters. Mr. Nash is now in Omaha. It is not known when he will come to Denver. It is the intention to have Mr. Nash make his speech in the open air, and on account of the fear that will not be safe to do so in the auditorium. The committee in charge of the meeting have decided to take such action as their judgment dictates.

The movement of Nash to the attention is thought to be the outcome of the opposition of the sugar trust to the full recognition of the Western Federation of Miners, and it is understood that the Western Federation of Miners will make no objection to the sort maintaining their full rights, and they will throw upon their opponents the responsibility of the law. The men have declared that they will support Nash's visit to the full extent, and the managers have repeatedly stated that they have no fear of violence, and that they will not allow it, and believe wages to be such.

The supreme court has decided to postpone the regular summer adjournment until after they have acted upon the petition for the writ of habeas corpus.

The evening news comes from rail, and northern of the State. All the coal mines in the district of the 9th which were closed last week are said to have opened today and the coke ovens which were closed last week are also said to be in operation.

So far as the report from mine inspectors is concerned, it is believed that they will be completed and completed in the supervision of the constitutional amendment on the constitutionality