

the youngest thirteen months old; the defendant had lived with me for several years prior to February last; in February he went to the Snake River country, in Idaho; he returned from there on Tuesday of last week—Jan. 3rd; he came to see me and the children on Tuesday morning; he stayed till afternoon; he has not lived with me since he came back, but has taken meals with me; he called again next day; he was not in my house again that evening; I was not with him that night; I was home with my children; he was not there all night; he stayed there all day on Wednesday, and went away about 8 p. m., or perhaps a little later; he went away to avoid any trouble; I do not know there was a warrant out for his arrest last spring; he never stayed till 10 p. m.; came every day for his meals, but not before daylight; it was about 9 a. m.; I think he was at my house on Thursday evening and left about his usual time—eight or nine o'clock—somewhere along there; I expected him to come for his meals; my eldest boy, who is 13 years of age, goes away with his father each evening, and sleeps with him; Mr. Dover stays at my brother-in-law's, Charles Cushing; his first wife lives about a block and a half from Cushing's and mine is about half a block; they are on different streets; I was at Mrs. Dever's on New Year's day; Mr. Dover supports her but I do not know whether he recognizes her as his wife or not; I guess he does.

Mr. Moyle objected to the witness being compelled by Mr. Peters to guess. Objection sustained.

Witness, continuing—I do not know that he recognizes her as his wife; all I know of her is that she lived in his house, and rents a part of the house to others; she teaches school; I do not know how much, if any, money he gives her; I understand that she is his wife; that is, she was when I married him; I have not seen him at her house for four or five years; she has not been at my house since when I was there; Mr. Dover recognizes me as his wife, but does not live with me; he takes his meals at my house; I went to see Mrs. Dover last night; Mr. Dover was not there; he was not at my house at that time; I went over to tell Mrs. Dover that the defendant had been arrested.

To Mr. Moyle—I say Mrs. Dover is his wife because they have never been divorced; I do not know of his introducing her as such with the last three or four years.

Deputy Marshall Pratt testified—I arrested the defendant on Main Street last evening; I told him I was not disposed to put his family to any trouble, and if he would give a bond for his second wife I would not disturb her; he said he would give the bond; he said he had not lived with his first wife for fifteen years; he said he supposed he would have to suffer when I told him the charge was unlawful cohabitation; he told me of his having gone to Idaho last spring and returning a few days ago; both of his wives live in the same neighborhood.

Mr. Moyle asked that the defendant be discharged, and the evidence did not warrant holding him.

Mr. Peters insisted that the defendant should be held; he said there was no trouble in making out a case under this charge; he was supporting his first wife, and she was living in a house owned by him. This, Mr. Peters thought was sufficient to establish as a fact the claim that he recognized her as his wife.

Mr. Moyle suggested that the court would not sustain such cold-hearted villainy as Mr. Peters wanted to establish; even his noted predecessor did not go to such an extent.

Commissioner Norrell said he was in doubt, and as it was only his place to hold for the investigation of the grand jury, he would place the defendant under bonds in the sum of \$1500. There was some insinuation that he was supporting his first wife. The plural wife would also be required to give \$300 bail.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, JAN. 13, 1888.

THE LEGISLATURE.

COUNCIL.

January 12, 1888.

The Council met shortly after 2 p. m. Roll called—all present. Prayer by the chaplain.

Minutes of yesterday's session read and approved.

Woolley, of the judiciary committee, reported recommending that C. F. No. 3 be put upon its passage.

Marshall moved that the report be adopted. Carried. It was subsequently ordered that the bill be printed before further consideration by the Council.

Carlisle presented a report from the committee on printing recommending that G. C. Lambert be appointed public printer. The report was adopted.

Marshall presented a bill for the classification and government of municipal corporations and towns. Read first time by title and referred.

Young presented a bill for the registration of voters and the conduct of elections. Referred to committee on elections.

Carlisle presented a bill for an act amending an act for the incorporation of Smithfield City.

Woolley moved that the gentleman, in view of congressional action against special legislation, be permitted to withdraw it.

Marshall moved its reference to the committee on municipal corporations and towns, giving his reasons for so

doing. Mr. Carlisle seconded the motion and the bill was referred.

Shurtliff moved that when the Council adjourn it be till Monday at 2 p. m. Carried.

A communication was received from the House notifying the Council of the passage of C. F. 1 by the House, with amendments. Referred to the committee on judiciary.

Woolley presented a bill, C. F. 8, for the conduct and keeping of patients within the insane asylum. Referred to committee on insane asylums.

Marshall moved to adjourn till Monday, at 2 p. m.

Benediction by the chaplain.

HOUSE.

At 2 o'clock precisely the speaker called the House to order. The first business after roll call, etc., was the presentation of a memorial by Creer signed by J. T. Cobb and 150 others asking the Assembly to take action relative to nominations of public officers by different political parties.

Creer remarked that the same document had repeatedly been presented to former assemblies, and that he had no recommendations to make respecting its disposition.

On motion of King the memorial was tabled.

A message from the Council was read announcing that that body had adopted Council concurrent resolution No. 4, providing for furnishing chairmen of committees with registers for business referred to committees, and Council concurrent resolution No. 5, providing for a joint standing committee on memorials, to consist of three members of each house.

King moved non-concurrence, but withdrew in favor of Richards' motion to refer to the committee on rules.

A message from the Council was read announcing the rejection of the House resolution providing for the compilation of the laws and announcing the passage by that body of C. F. 1, providing for the same object.

Thurman presented a petition for an appropriation to the Orphan's Home and Day Nursery, and moved its reference to the committee on penitentiary and reform schools.

A communication from the Governor was read, announcing that he had been able to furnish certain session laws of Congress for the use of the Assembly. On motion of Mr. Thurman the books were received with thanks.

Jones, of the joint committee on printing, reported, recommending the election of George C. Lambert as public printer.

Allen asked if Mr. Lambert was the lowest responsible bidder.

Jones replied in the affirmative.

Allen then moved the adoption of the report.

Thurman moved that the report be so amended as to show that the committee's nominee was the lowest bidder but substituted for that motion, one to recommit the matter to the committee.

In answer to Hatch, Jones said that five printing houses in the city were invited to hand in bids by 10 a. m. today, and three of them did so.

Howell moved to reconsider the vote to recommit, as the House had elicited all needful information. Thurman favored recommitting. Howell stated that the committee on printing had filled the resolution directing their action. Thurman asked that the bids be stated to the House.

Thurman urged that recommitting a report to a committee to have further information is no disrespect to the committee. The matter was recommitting.

On Thurman's motion, permission was given the committee on printing to report at any time.

C. F. 1, to provide for the compilation of the laws, was read the first time.

Richards moved to amend the bill by substituting L. W. Shurtliff instead of A. O. Smoot, Jr., as one of the compiling committee. He showed that three of five members of the committee were chosen from places south of Salt Lake County, though the population and wealth of the northern portion of the Territory were much the greater.

Thurman announced that he would offer a substitute for the entire bill, at the proper time.

Richards' amendment was adopted.

Thurman moved to strike out all of the bill after the enacting clause, and substitute a bill which he read. His substitute does not name the men who are to make the compilation, nor their remuneration; it provides that the work shall be reported from time to time as it progresses, and that it must be completed by March 1st, 1888. He urged several objections to the Council bill, one of which was that it did not fix a time when the work should be done, nor that it should be subject to the approval of the Assembly.

Various members spoke upon the subject, making various suggestions, including a conference committee.

Moyle moved reference to the judiciary committee.

Hoge opposed reference and further delay, as did Thurman. The latter stated that a tacit understanding was had among a majority of the members of the Assembly in regard to a compilation of the laws, before the session opened. He thought members had a sufficient understanding of the whole matter to vote on it without delay.

The motion to refer was lost, and Thurman's amendment (substitute) became the pending question.

A UTAH Central freight train left the track at American Fork on Saturday, but was soon put right again.

BILL AGAINST POLYGAMY

Introduced into the Territorial Legislature this afternoon.

In the Legislative House this afternoon, Speaker Riter presented a bill providing for the punishment of bigamy and polygamy in Utah, and virtually re-enacting Congressionally legislation on those subjects. The Speaker failed to mention the name of the author of the measure.

SILENT PUPILS.

A School and Home for Deaf Mutes.

For several years Prof. Harry White has been laboring to establish in this city, upon a permanent basis, an educational institution for deaf mutes. He has met with varying success in the laudable effort, sometimes having under his instruction a very respectable number of pupils. At the present time the deaf mute classes under his charge are connected with the University of Deseret. Professor White is conducting a home for the pupils in the Hooper residence, near the University, and thus has a constant supervision of both the studies and domestic life of such of them as live at the home.

At the present time there are 13 deaf mutes in the home, 11 boys and 2 girls, and all seem to be making good progress in the direction of an education. One girl, 13 years old, has learned to talk well enough to be distinctly understood, though entirely deaf. The pupils are first taught words, then language, and the four principles of arithmetic, reading, writing, original composition, geography, mental arithmetic, etc., the methods of instruction being adapted to the unfortunate condition of the scholars.

In the home are THREE BROTHERS of one family, and two or another, indicating now the misfortune of deafness runs in families. Formerly there were two sisters in the home.

Without entering into an elaborate description of the present quarters of the home, it is sufficient to observe that they are singularly well adapted to the purpose. Indeed buildings might be erected from elaborate plans, and at great expense, and especially for the purpose of a deaf mute home, and still not be as well suited for it as is the Hooper residence.

Prof. White's system of DOMESTIC MANAGEMENT displays intelligent thought and good judgment. The girls, large boys and small boys respectively have their rooms apart, and the arrangements for eating, bathing, study, etc., are excellent. The pupils who have lived at the home have in most instances been poor, and the question of their expenses has been a grave problem. County courts, in a number of instances, have borne the whole or a part of the expense of pupils, private charity has helped others, and parents and relatives have assisted others.

A number of the boys now in the home display considerable mechanical skill, in the manufacture of articles of furniture, etc., and all of the pupils in it seem to be contented.

A BLIZZARD COMING.

The Cold Wave That Will Soon Sweep From the North.

The weather has moderated somewhat in this vicinity the last day or two, and resulted in a snowstorm at noon today. This morning Sergeant Kirtz, of the Signal Service Department, being asked as to the weather outlook, replied, "There will be a snowstorm in a few hours, and then look out for another cold wave. It is coming straight this way." As will be seen by the weather bulletin in another column, this wave has already struck Montana. At Fort Custer, where the thermometer registered six degrees above zero yesterday. It was today a 23 degrees below, making a drop of 34 degrees in twenty-four hours. At Helena the mercury reached 30 degrees below, this morning.

The immediate prospects in the line of cold are very discouraging, especially to stockmen, many of whom have already suffered severely, and it now looks as though the worst had not yet come. One gentleman in this city, who has 2,000 sheep on the Desert, Tooele County, was asked his latest information regarding them, and stated that it was very probable that he would lose the whole flock. Deputy Marshal Cannon returned from Tooele last night, and says that the four days he spent in that county have been the coldest he ever experienced. At Stockton the thermometer reached 28 degrees below zero. Along the northern line of the Territory the reports thus far received are exceedingly gloomy. Cattle, horses and sheep are dying by hundreds from the intense cold and the inability to get feed on the ranges, owing to the deep snow. Around Emery County and Eastern Utah the condition of things is not much better. Along the roads and in the hills there, the stock is being fairly slaughtered by the severe weather. L. B. Yersa, agent of the Pauly Jail Building Company in this city, returned this morning from Castle Dale, whither he has been to

close a contract with Emery County for a \$4,000 jail. On the trip made from Castle Dale to Huntington he was almost frozen to death. He and his companion were loaded with as much clothing as could be put in the sleigh, but the cold was so intense that they had serious doubts of being able to get through. At Pleasant Valley Junction it was found last night that the mercury stood at 28 degrees below.

Quite a number of Utah men have shipped in Western Wyoming. In that section there has yet been comparatively little damage, as there has been plenty of feed, though the cold is just as severe as in other parts, it being claimed that one day last week the mercury froze in the bulb. Whether the later storm will affect them seriously cannot, of course, be now determined.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, JANUARY 14.

Indicted.

Yesterday afternoon Thomas Pierpont, of the Fifteenth Ward, was arrested on an indictment charging him with unlawful cohabitation. He went before Commissioner Norrell today and gave \$1,000 bail for his appearance for trial.

Fire at the Jail.

About 10 o'clock last night the roof of the city jail was discovered to be on fire. The firemen were out promptly, and in a very short time had extinguished the blaze. The whole thing was done so quietly that all was over before a crowd began to gather. The roof had taken fire from the chimney, from which several bricks had been taken, evidently by some prisoner attempting to escape.

Arrest at Mill Creek.

Yesterday afternoon deputy marshals made an incursion into Mill Creek, and arrested George B. Bailey, who has already served one term in the penitentiary, on a new charge of unlawful cohabitation. He was brought to this city this morning, but as Mr. Peters was not ready to proceed, his examination before Commissioner Norrell was set for 10 a. m. on Thursday next. He was required to give \$1,500 bail.

Extensive Travels.

Elder Edwin Bodily, of Fairview, Onida County, Idaho, reached this city last evening on his return from a mission to the Northwestern States. He left Utah in October, 1885, and went to Wisconsin, where he labored about six months. His next field was Dakota, where he labored during the summer of 1886. He next went to Pennsylvania, where he labored from December, 1886, till June, 1887. He was next assigned to West Virginia, where he labored about five months, after which he went to Ohio, where he remained until he was released. Much of his time was occupied in opening new fields, in which he met with a fair degree of success.

Elders Wounded.

Word has reached this city of the shooting at and wounding of two "Mormon" Elders, which occurred on December 24th, in Rockbridge County, Virginia. An old enemy of the Latter-day Saints, Jack Ramsey, armed with a shotgun, waylaid Elders Milo A. Hendricks, of Richmond, Cache County, and John W. Tate, of Tooele, and shot at them. Both of the brethren were wounded in the legs. Brother Tate received sixteen shot and Brother Hendricks eight. The latter was the most severely injured, and is still confined to his room, though he is rapidly recovering and will soon be around again. Elder Tate is now able to be about. No permanent injury will result to either of the brethren, who are being kindly cared for by the Saints in that section.

Third District Court.

Proceedings before Judge Zane today:

Edward Roebt vs. A. N. Hamilton et al., and J. M. Goodwin vs. A. N. Hamilton et al.; time of defendants, Bank and Raynold, to answer extended to Jan. 21st.

Wm. Fuller vs. Salt Lake and For Douglas Railroad Company; settled and dismissed.

S. W. Darke et al. vs. Richard Gough; default of defendant entered, and judgment for plaintiffs.

Sarah J. Miller vs. Thomas R. Miller; decree of divorce granted to plaintiff.

Joseph Obendorfer vs. Frederick Joslyn; motion to strike out answer and for judgment on the pleadings; motion overruled.

Probate Court.

Proceedings in the Salt Lake County Probate Court yesterday.

In the matter of the estate of Sarah L. Bagley, deceased; order made confirming sale of real estate, proof of posting notices of time and place of hearing.

In the matter of the estate of W. C. Staines, deceased; proof of posting notices of time and place of hearing made; order made allowing and approving the executor's accounts as filed.

In the matter of the estate of Elizabeth T. Groesbeck, deceased; order made appointing Hyrum Groesbeck administrator, upon filing a bond in the sum of \$1,000, and stating the

outb prescribed by law; proof of posting notice of time and place of hearing made.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas S. Powell, deceased, bond of H. J. Richards in the sum of \$2,000 filed and approved.

In the matter of the estate of Anna K. Mallin, deceased; order made appointing time and place for settlement of administrator's final account, and to hear petition for distribution.

In the matter of the estate of Li Shun, deceased; J. H. Moyle appointed administrator of said estate, upon filing a bond of \$1,000.

Estate of John Mayhoe; order made of publication of notice to creditors.

In the matter of the guardianship of Hyrum M. Mortenson, minor; order made appointing time and place for settlement of guardian's account.

Estate of James Marsden, deceased; order made appointing time and place for settlement of final account, and for distribution.

Estate of R. C. Sharkey, deceased; order made appointing time and place for settlement of administrators, agents and guardian's accounts.

THE LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE.

After we went to press yesterday Thurman's substitute for C. F. 1, providing for a compilation of the laws, was unanimously adopted.

On motion of Richards, S. R. Thurman's name appeared in the bill; on motion of King, C. C. Richards' name appeared; on motion of King P. T. Farnsworth's name appeared; on motion of Richards, J. H. Moyle's name appeared. The bill, amended as above, was read the second time.

On motion of Thurman, the rules were suspended and the bill put on its third reading.

On motion of King the bill was put upon its passage. The bill passed by a vote of 22 to 1. Hatch was the solitary negative. The title was amended and passed.

A bill for the punishment of polygamy and other offenses was read the first time and referred to the committee on judiciary.

A bill to authorize municipal corporations to borrow money was introduced by Hoge and referred to the committee on municipal corporations.

Hoge introduced a bill to regulate marriages. Referred to committee on judiciary.

King moved that when the House adjourn it be till 2 p. m. next Monday. Carried.

Allen introduced a resolution providing that the Assembly request Hon. John T. Caine to use his influence in opposition to a reduction of the tariff on lead. Adopted.

The joint committee on printing submitted a report, recommending the election of George C. Lambert as public printer, and stating the bids that had been received by the committee.

The report was adopted, and on motion of Jones, George C. Lambert was elected public printer.

On motion of Hatch the House adjourned.

Manner of His Death.

The following, dated Deseret, Jan. 13th, corrects a rumor, published as such by the News:

Thinking that it is my duty to correct an inaccurate statement in your issue of the 10th inst., in relation to a man who was frozen to death in this place, I hereby give you the particulars in relation to the matter.

The name of the old gentleman was Jens Christanson, aged 87 years, who at intervals lived with each of his children. During the early portion of the winter and up to 4 weeks before his death, he had stopped with his daughter, Mrs. Swenson, and had slept in an out building, Mr. Swenson having a large family and a mill house. When the weather became very cold, he had made his son, Jack Christanson, take him home with him. The old gentleman soon after took sick, it being reported that his foot and leg were frozen; as a physician learned of the matter he instructed his wife to let the old gentleman have what he needed out of his store to nourish and comfort him.

Thus you will see that whoever has given the information has either not understood it, or has maliciously made a false statement. The old gentleman died peacefully in his bed in his son's house about four weeks after he had been removed.

Thinking that justice demanded this statement, I subscribe myself Yours truly,

JOSHUA BENNETT.

Child Burned to Death.

At about noon yesterday, in Anaconda, while Mr. and Mrs. James Clark were for a short time absent from home, their two children, a baby and a five-year-old girl, in playing with matches set the curtain on fire. The fire quickly communicated to other inflammable material in the room and in a very short time the whole structure was in a blaze. The eight-year-old boy of Mr. Cornelius, a near neighbor, managed to reach the older of the two babies out of the burning house and tried manfully to save the other, but unavailingly, and before other help reached the scene the little one was burned to death. The fire was with great difficulty prevented from spreading to other residences near at hand.—Butte Inter-Mountain, Jan. 14th.